

ONTARIO
SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE
COMMERCIAL LIST

IN THE MATTER OF THE *COMPANIES' CREDITORS ARRANGEMENT ACT*, R.S.C.
1985, c. C-36, AS AMENDED

AND IN THE MATTER OF A PLAN OF COMPROMISE OR ARRANGEMENT OF
UNIVERSAL SETTLEMENTS INTERNATIONAL INC.

TWELFTH REPORT OF THE MONITOR
January 7, 2011

INTRODUCTION

1. On December 2, 2008, Universal Settlements International Inc. ("**USI**" or the "**Company**") filed for and obtained protection from its creditors under the *Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act* R.S.C. 1985 c. C-36, as amended (the "**CCAA**") pursuant to provisions of an Order of this Honourable Court dated December 2, 2008 (the "**Initial Order**"). Pursuant to the Initial Order, Ernst & Young Inc. was appointed as monitor (the "**Monitor**") of the Company during these CCAA proceedings ("**CCAA Proceedings**").
2. On June 22, 2009, the Amended Plan of Compromise and Arrangement dated June 16, 2009 (the "**Plan**") was approved by this Honourable Court pursuant to the CCAA following approval by the requisite majorities of Creditors at the Meetings of Creditors held on June 17, 2009. Attached as **Appendix "A"** is a copy of the Plan.
3. On July 21, 2009, USI implemented the Plan ("**Plan Implementation Date**") and the Monitored Account Agreement ("**Monitored Account Agreement**") came into effect to facilitate the implementation and administration of the Plan by the Company. In accordance with the Monitored Account Agreement, effective on the Plan Implementation Date, the Company and its escrow agent, Mills, Potoczak and Company ("**Mills**" and collectively with the Company, the "**Trustees**") began holding in trust the cash, insurance policies and other assets outlined in the Plan ("**Plan Assets**") for the

benefit of the stakeholders of the Plan (“**Plan Beneficiaries**”) to ensure that the Plan Assets are dealt with in the manner provided for in the Plan. As a result, the Monitor does not have possession or control of the Plan Assets or the Company’s records. The Monitor is responsible solely for monitoring the administration of the Plan Assets by the Company and Mills in accordance with the terms of the Plan and the Monitored Account Agreement.

4. To date, the Monitor has filed the following reports with this Honourable Court, which are available on the Monitor’s website (www.ey.com/ca/universalsettlements):

Report	Date
First Report	December 17, 2008
Second Report	December 22, 2008
Third Report	January 8, 2009
Fourth Report	January 20, 2009
Fifth Report	February 23, 2009
Sixth Report	April 21, 2009
Seventh Report and Supplement to Seventh Report	May 7, 2009 and May 15, 2009
Eighth Report	June 10, 2009
Ninth Report	June 19, 2009
Tenth Report	July 14, 2009
Eleventh Report	December 9, 2009

5. The purpose of this twelfth report (the “**Twelfth Report**” or “**Report**”) is to report to this Honourable Court on:
- i) cash flow in the Monitored Trust Account (“**Monitored Trust Account**”) from the Plan Implementation Date to September 30, 2010 (the “**Reporting Period**”) and its comparison to the forecasted receipts and disbursements prepared by USI in support of the Plan (the “**Financial Model**”);
 - ii) USI’s updated cash flow forecast for the two year period from October 1, 2010 to September 30, 2012;
 - iii) timing of a distribution to Creditors;

- iv) update on 2010 verifications of policy coverage by USI to verify whether the data in its records associated with its policy portfolio is accurate;
- v) a policy for which a maturity cannot be collected as the policy was erroneously included by USI in its records as an asset of the Company;
- vi) the status of USI's outstanding litigations and the Escrow Funds (as defined in the Plan); and
- vii) information on payments to shareholders prior to the CCAA Proceedings.

TERMS OF REFERENCE

6. In preparing this Report, the Monitor has relied upon unaudited financial information, USI's books and records, financial information prepared by USI and Mills, the Financial Model prepared by USI in support of the Plan and discussions with USI's management and legal counsel. The Monitor has not audited, reviewed, or otherwise attempted to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information and, accordingly, the Monitor expresses no opinion or other form of assurance on the information contained in this Report. An examination of the Financial Model, cash flow forecast or any other future-oriented financial information as outlined in the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants Handbook has not been performed. Future-oriented financial information relied upon in this Report is based on the assumptions of USI's management regarding future events, and actual results achieved will vary from this information and the variations may be material.
7. Unless otherwise stated, all monetary amounts contained herein are expressed in Canadian dollars.
8. Capitalized terms not defined in this Report are as defined in the Initial Order, the Monitor's previous reports to this Honourable Court and the Plan.

THE MONITORED TRUST ACCOUNT

9. The Plan provides that all policies and cash, including Premium Reserves, proceeds from the maturity of policies and corporate cash, are held in trust for the benefit of distributions to Creditors under the Plan, pursuant to declarations of trust executed by USI and Mills. Pursuant to the Plan, USI established the Monitored Trust Account, into which these funds were and continue to be deposited and held in trust by USI. Once sufficient funds are available in the Monitored Trust Account, as calculated in accordance with the Plan, a distribution may be made to Creditors, as they are defined in the Plan (the “**Creditors**”). Creditors are divided into two classes for purposes of distribution: Ordinary Creditors, and Purchasers.
10. In accordance with the Plan, the funds in the Monitored Trust Account may be used to pay the following costs of maintaining the assets for the benefit of Creditors: (i) Premiums on the Policies as and when due, (ii) Professional Costs, (iii) the Administration Fee, (iv) Borrowing Costs, if any, (v) the Litigation Contribution and (vi) Unaffected Claims, (the “**Costs**”).
11. Before any distributions may be made out of the Monitored Trust Account, the Monitor must be satisfied that there will be sufficient funds remaining in the Monitored Trust Account to pay Costs for the following two year period (the “**Reserve for Costs**”). The amount of the Reserve for Costs is determined based upon a rolling two year cash flow forecast prepared by USI quarterly (the “**USI Forecast**”). The amount of the Reserve for Costs is calculated conservatively, on the assumption that there are no policy maturities realized during the Forecast Period.
12. The Plan also requires any loans made against any Policies to be repaid prior to any distributions to Creditors.
13. Once any policy loans are repaid, and the Monitored Trust Account contains funds equal to the amount calculated for the Reserve for Costs plus \$5.0 million, a distribution may be made to Purchasers and Ordinary Creditors by payment out of the Monitored Trust Account into the Purchaser Pool and the Ordinary Creditor Pool of all amounts in excess of the Reserve for Costs, in the proportions as set out in the Plan.

CASH FLOW

Cash Flow in the Monitored Trust Account During the Reporting Period

14. The Monitor has reviewed with USI the history of policy maturities and transactions carried out in the Monitored Trust Account for the Reporting Period. The Reporting Period encompasses the period from the Plan Implementation Date to September 30, 2010¹.
15. As at September 30, 2010, the Trustees were holding cash in trust totalling approximately \$10.6 million as reflected in the Statement of Receipts and Disbursements for the Reporting Period (approximately fourteen months) attached as **Appendix “B”**.
16. During the Reporting Period:
 - i) there were six (6) policies that matured totalling approximately \$10.2 million in death benefits which have been collected, and one (1) policy that matured totalling approximately \$25,000 in death benefits which was not collected as it was included in the records of USI’s holdings in error, as discussed in further detail below²;
 - ii) annuities, and other receipts, totalling approximately \$1.7 million were collected from insurance companies with respect to USI’s policies;
 - iii) policy premiums totalling approximately \$7.9 million were paid to insurance companies for policies that have not yet matured;
 - iv) Administrative Fees totalling approximately \$1.5 million were paid to USI and fees totalling approximately \$68,000 were paid to Mills;
 - v) Unaffected Claims totalling approximately \$782,000 were paid, which relate

¹ The September 30, 2010 date for the end of the Reporting Period coincides with the end of the most recent USI Forecast prepared by USI for purposes of calculating the Reserve for Costs, which is prepared on a quarterly basis.

² The total policies reported in the Monitor’s Seventh Report was 155, of which four policies totalling approximately US\$39,000 matured during the period between the Seventh Report and the start of the Reporting Period. These proceeds were transferred into the Monitored Trust Account on the Plan Implementation Date. In addition, there were three policies which were sold by USI prior to the CCAA Proceedings which could not be transferred to the Purchaser and were added to the pool of policies during the Reporting Period. There were seven additional policies which matured during the Reporting Period, resulting in the remaining 147 policies which have not matured totalling approximately \$174 million in forecasted death benefits.

mainly to costs of administration and restructuring incurred in the period between the Initial Order and the Plan Implementation Date;

- vi) Professional fees and disbursements totalling approximately \$557,000 were paid to the professionals named in the Plan, including the Monitor, legal counsel to the Monitor, and legal counsels to USI, in connection with allowable Plan services carried out after Plan Implementation;
- vii) Litigation Contributions totalling approximately \$518,000 (US \$492,000) were paid to USI's legal counsel in Canada and the United States as Litigation Contribution for their fees and disbursements which they incurred to pursue the Actions on behalf of USI; and
- viii) the Plan Assets experienced net positive cash flow of approximately \$582,000 which was primarily the result of policy maturities collected which exceeded the premiums and costs to administer the Plan.

Comparison of Cash Flow in the Monitored Trust Account to the Financial Model

- 17. As described in the Seventh Report to Court filed in respect of the Plan, in order to assist USI in estimating when distributions might be made under the Plan, USI prepared the Financial Model which was based on a number of facts and assumptions including USI's historical experience with regards to prior policy maturities in its portfolio ("**Facts and Assumptions**") which were described in the notes to the Financial Model. The Seventh Report noted that if the actual events, in particular the timing of maturities, deviated from the Facts and Assumptions reflected in the Financial Model then USI's estimates of the amount and timing of distributions to Creditors as outlined in the Plan would change and those changes could be material.
- 18. The Financial Model prepared by USI and filed in support of the Plan was for a six year period commencing in April, 2009. The Financial Model was prepared based on a Monte Carlo simulation that was based on USI's historical maturities data, and was described more fully in the Seventh Report.

19. The Financial Model was updated by USI in July 2009 subsequent to Plan Implementation, to reflect maturities realized from April to July 2009 and the corresponding adjustments to the premium costs. The Monitor has conducted a variance analysis comparing actual receipts and disbursements in the Monitored Trust Account to the updated Financial Model for the period from Plan Implementation to September 30, 2010 (the “**Variance Period**”). Attached as **Appendix “C”** is a copy of the variance analysis for the Variance Period.
20. The updated Financial Model forecasted positive net cash flow of \$23.7 million during the Variance Period. However, actual net cash flow was only \$582,000 during the Variance Period, resulting in a negative variance of \$23.1 million (“**Negative Variance**”) during the Variance Period. The Negative Variance is due to fewer policies maturing during the Variance Period than was forecast in the Financial Model.
21. The Seventh Report identified a number of risks to the Plan. One of the more apparent risks identified was that it might take significantly longer than anticipated in USI’s Financial Model for Policies to mature, which might delay and/or reduce distributions to Creditors. During the Reporting Period there have been fewer Policy Maturities than forecasted by the Financial Model, which has had and will continue to have the effect of delaying a distribution to Creditors. Whether the reduction in Policy Maturities during the Reporting Period will also translate into a reduction in future distributions to Creditors will depend on whether policy maturities accelerate in the future and reverse the trend experienced during the Reporting Period. Should the trend not reverse, and there are no maturities during the USI Forecast, there will be sufficient cash on hand to pay forecasted premiums and expenses to March 2012, after which time USI will be required to raise additional funding in order to pay policy premiums and administration costs by borrowing from policies with available cash value and/or from a third party lender which specialises in loans in such situations. The Plan permits such borrowings, with the Monitor’s prior written consent, if it is found to be necessary for the preservation of the Policy portfolio. Prior to Plan Implementation, USI met with several lenders to assess the cost of such financing. USI will continue to consider such options as well as other means of cash conservation in the event that it appears such steps will be necessary.

22. As at September 30, 2010, 44% of the insureds are at least 80 years old and represent policies which have death benefits totalling approximately \$146 million, or 83% of the portfolio. The following table provides a stratification of the policies' by age of insureds:

Age of Insured	Death Benefits	% of Total Death Benefits	Number of Policies	% of Total Number of Insureds
90-95	\$ 19,755,427	11%	15	10%
85-89	102,827,519	59%	38	26%
80-84	23,243,635	13%	12	8%
Under 80	28,861,565	17%	82	56%
Total	\$ 174,688,145	100%	147	100%

STATUS OF DISTRIBUTION TO CREDITORS

Conditions for a Distribution to Creditors

23. Payment of a distribution to Creditors is subject to the conditions outlined in the Plan, which are:
- i) There must be sufficient funds available for distribution, as described more fully herein;
 - ii) outstanding tax obligations payable from the Monitored Trust Account must be paid, or reserved, prior to a distribution made to Creditors;
 - iii) outstanding issues in dispute may be considered prior to allowing a distribution to be made to Creditors; and
 - iv) the Monitor must agree that all conditions have been met prior to approving a distribution to Creditors.

As described in further detail below, to date, the conditions described above have not been met and, as a result, a distribution to Creditors cannot be made at this time.

Calculation of Reserve for Costs

24. As described above, the Reserve for Costs is an amount which is calculated to determine whether sufficient funds are available in the Monitored Trust Account in order to make a distribution to Creditors. The calculation of the Reserve for Costs is based on the USI Forecast, which estimates the Costs that are forecasted to be payable out of the Monitored Trust Account during the subsequent two year period. Attached as **Appendix “D”** is the USI Forecast for the period of October 1, 2010 to September 30, 2012 (“**Forecast Period**”).
25. The USI Forecast shows policy premiums, administrative expenses and restructuring expenses totalling approximately \$16.8 million for the Forecast Period, which represents the amount of the Reserve for Costs required as at September 30, 2010, assuming no maturities occur during the Forecast Period.

Outstanding Policy Loans

26. As well, as described in previous reports to this Honourable Court, USI drew on policy loans (the “**Policy Loans**”) to fund policy premiums and operating costs prior to Plan Implementation. Before any distribution may be made to Creditors, all outstanding Policy Loans must be repaid. Currently, there exist approximately US \$2.0 million of outstanding Policy Loans, including accrued interest of approximately US \$187,000 calculated at interest rates ranging from approximately 5% to 8%. The accrued interest is offset against the Policies' death benefits and is therefore not paid from the Monitored Trust Account. USI has advised the Monitor that it does not intend to repay the Policy Loans until such time as there exist sufficient funds in the Monitored Trust Account over the amount of the Reserve for Costs to justify repayment, so as to preserve funds for the continued payment of premiums and other Costs.

Calculation of Whether Funds are Available for Distribution

27. As noted above, no distribution may be made to Creditors until the amount in the Monitored Trust Account is equal to or more than the total amount calculated for the Reserve for Costs (\$16.8 million at September 30, 2010), plus \$5.0 million, and may only be made once any outstanding Policy Loans are repaid. Pursuant to the Plan, once these

conditions, and any others listed above at paragraph 23 are satisfied, those funds in excess of the amount calculated as the Reserve for Costs may be distributed to Creditors.

28. As stated above, on September 30, 2010 there existed \$10.5 million on deposit in the Monitored Trust Account. The USI Forecast calculates an amount of \$16.8 million as the Reserve for Costs for the Forecast Period. There are currently \$2.0 million of Policy Loans outstanding.
29. At September 30, 2010, there needed to be a minimum of \$23.8 million (\$16.8 million + \$2.0 million + \$5.0 million) in the Monitored Trust Account in order that a distribution could be made to the Creditors. There was only \$10.5 million on deposit as of that date. Since September 30, 2010, the last Forecast Period, two additional policies have matured, for a total of approximately \$125,000 in death benefits. These amounts are currently in the process of being collected by the Trustees. However, even upon the collection of these maturities, there will be insufficient funds on deposit to enable USI to make a distribution to Creditors, pursuant to the terms of the Plan.
30. While USI has not yet been able to make a distribution to Creditors, the Monitor and USI will continue to monitor the realizations in the Monitored Trust Account so as to determine the appropriate time for a distribution in accordance with the Plan. As noted above, USI is also considering options available in the event that it appears necessary to raise additional funds and conserve cash in order to be able to maintain ongoing premium expenses after March, 2012.

UPDATE ON 2010 VERIFICATIONS OF POLICY COVERAGE

31. As described in the Second and Seventh Reports, in order for USI to verify whether the data in its records associated with its policy portfolio was accurate, it had undertaken a review of its policies, which review included requesting verifications of the Policies from insurers and reviewing annual statements from insurers (collectively, “**Verifications**”). Paragraphs 37 to 62 of the Seventh Report provided a detailed analysis of USI’s policies and their status based on the 2009 Verifications obtained by USI.

32. The Monitored Account Agreement requires that USI apply for Verifications from insurance companies annually. During 2010, USI has requested Verifications from insurers for all of the remaining 147 Policies which have not yet matured and are included in the Plan. USI began receiving Verifications from insurers in January 2010, which included verified information as at January, 2010 or later. As at September 30, 2010, USI has received 144 Verifications from insurers. USI has continued its efforts to obtain Verifications from the remaining three insurers from which it has not received Verifications. However, as described in the Seventh Report, in certain cases USI is not the owner of the policy and, therefore, must rely on the cooperation of the policy owner to request the Verification on its behalf. In certain cases it may not be possible to obtain the owner's cooperation. To date, USI has not received three Verifications which relate to group policies managed by Page & Associates on behalf of USI which totals approximately \$549,000 in death benefits. Page & Associates has requested Verifications of these three policies on behalf of USI.

Policy Incorrectly Included In Assets

33. In July 2010 while carrying out its monthly process of tracking policies to determine whether any have matured, USI identified policy M.E. 294, with a death benefit of \$25,000, as having matured. USI has advised the Monitor that Policy M.E. 294 was originally part of the Priority Pharmacy, Inc. ("**Priority**") portfolio of policies purchased by USI for its corporate portfolio (not held by investors) in 2002. The purchase of the Priority portfolio is described in the Monitor's Second Report to Court. USI proceeded to file the death claim with the insurer as beneficiary of the policy. On August 20, 2010, USI received a letter from the insurer rejecting its death claim and indicating that USI was not the beneficiary of policy M.E. 294.
34. USI proceeded to investigate the matter and found that:
- i) the insurer confirmed on November 15, 2002 in a letter to USI that the beneficial interest in the basic life insurance policy had been assigned to USI, but not the optional life insurance policy which was in effect at the date of the insured's death, and as a result it made payment pursuant to the most recent beneficiary designation

in the optional life insurance policy only, as there is no value in the basic life insurance policy;

- ii) at the time of the purchase of the Priority portfolio, USI's escrow agent Mills conducted due diligence with respect to each policy prior to releasing the payment price for that policy to the seller of the Priority portfolio on behalf of USI. In the case of policy M.E. 294 Mills was unable to complete its due diligence since the policy was a group policy and required the consent of the employer to the assignment which was never received and, in addition, Mills could not confirm that the policy was still active;
- iii) no policy premiums were paid in respect of this policy since Mills never confirmed the ownership transfer to USI. However, USI erroneously included this policy in its list of owned policies; and
- iv) the purchase price held in escrow by Mills with respect to the purchase of this policy was never released to the seller and was deposited into the Monitored Trust Account at the time of Plan Implementation along with the other funds held by Mills on behalf of USI.

As a result, it appears that policy M.E. 294 was never transferred to USI, no amounts were paid by USI for this policy, and no premiums were paid by USI or out of the Monitored Trust Account in respect of this policy. There was therefore no cost to the stakeholders of USI for this policy.

Continuing Review

- 35. The Monitor has requested that USI conduct a detailed review of the status of all the Policies, the 2010 Verifications received, and follow up on the 2010 Verifications which have not as of yet been received, in order to ensure that all Policies remain in good standing. USI has completed its review of the 2010 Verifications and has indicated that

the remaining Policies are in good standing, and are awaiting Verifications from the three remaining policies to confirm same.

STATUS OF LITIGATION AND LITIGATION CONTRIBUTION

36. As described during the course of the CCAA proceedings, as of the date of commencement of the CCAA proceedings, USI was involved in litigation in two actions: (1) *Universal Settlements International Inc. v. Antonio Duscio*, (the “**Duscio Claim**”); and (2) a claim issued in the United States titled *Universal Settlements International Inc. v. James Torchia, Marc Celello, and National Viatical Inc.* (the “**National Viatical Claim**”).

Duscio Claim

37. The Duscio Claim raised various claims of fraud and misappropriation relating to the period during which he was formerly a shareholder and director of USI, for which damages were sought. It also included a claim to entitlement of the amount of \$1.0 million which was paid into escrow by the shareholders of USI on the exercise of a shotgun provision of a shareholders agreement in respect of USI (defined as the “**Escrow Fund**” in the Plan). The matters arising in the Duscio Claim were referred to arbitration prior to the CCAA proceedings.
38. As a result of the failure of Mr. Duscio to comply with certain payment orders issued by the arbitrator through the course of the proceedings, Mr. Duscio was found to be in default of the arbitration proceedings, and on August 23, 2010, the arbitrator issued a final award in favour of USI and its shareholders in the Duscio Claim (the “**Final Award**”). The arbitrator ordered the release of the Escrow Funds to USI, and awarded damages to USI and the shareholders in the amount of approximately \$5.5 million, plus interest and costs. A copy of the Final Award is attached hereto as **Appendix “E”**.
39. In accordance with the decision released by the arbitrator, USI sought and obtained the release of the Escrow Funds from Gowlings LLP, which was holding the Escrow Funds in trust, and the funds were transferred to the trust account of Ogilvy Renault LLP, counsel for USI.

40. Upon learning of the release of the Escrow Fund, Mr. Duscio sought to set aside the arbitrator's award. The proceedings for such relief came before the Ontario Superior Court of Justice in November, 2010. The release of the Escrow Fund was stayed pending that hearing. At the hearing in November the Court referred the matter to the Divisional Court. On January 4, 2011, the Divisional Court quashed a request by Duscio for judicial review of the arbitrator's decisions, and referred the matter of review under certain provisions of the Arbitration Act back to the Superior Court of Justice. A hearing has been scheduled for January 18, 2011.
41. Mr. Duscio has sought to set aside the arbitrator's award on the grounds, among others, that he ought not to have been found in default by the arbitrator, as the amounts that he was required to pay by the arbitrator had been stayed and/or discharged by his bankruptcy. USI opposes this position of Mr. Duscio.
42. In the event that USI is successful in opposing the relief sought by Mr. Duscio and upholding the arbitrator's decisions, USI is obliged to contribute the Escrow Fund to the Monitored Trust Account. The Plan provides that the amount so contributed is thereafter available to fund the legal fees and disbursements incurred by USI in respect of the Duscio Claim and the National Viatical Claim. Any amounts not so used are to be shared 50/50 between the shareholders of USI and the Monitored Trust Account.
43. Furthermore, any amounts recovered from Mr. Duscio on account of the damages award of \$5.5 million would be considered to be Litigation Recovery, and in accordance with the Plan, are to be contributed to the Monitored Trust Account and allocated in accordance with section 4.5 of the Plan.

National Viatical Claim

44. The National Viatical Claim relates to damages arising from a transaction that took place with USI prior to the CCAA proceedings. The claim raised a variety of causes of action, including fraud and misappropriation, and sought injunctive and equitable remedies. The claim also sought damages in the amount of U.S. \$5.0 million, plus punitive damages in the amount of U.S. \$15.0 million.

45. The National Viatical Claim has proceeded through pleadings and discovery, and numerous depositions have been completed.
46. The Monitor has been advised by counsel for USI that as of October 27, 2010, the National Viatical Claim has been settled for the total amount of \$1,242,000, payable over a period of one year, to be completed in October, 2011. In accordance with the Plan, the amount recovered in respect of the settlement must be deposited to the Monitored Trust Account as Litigation Recovery, to be applied in accordance with section 4.5 of the Plan, first to reimburse the Monitored Trust Account for any amounts advanced as Litigation Contribution, second to pay Borden Ladner Gervais LLP in respect of its secured claim, and thereafter as provided at section 4.5 of the Plan. USI's litigation committee has approved the settlement. The terms of settlement are in the process of being finalized and documented. The Monitor has been provided with a copy of the draft settlement agreement, which is subject to confidentiality obligations, and therefore cannot be generally disclosed. However, USI has given notice of a motion on January 11, 2011 to present the terms of the settlement to the Court. Details of the settlement will be filed with the Court in connection with that motion.
47. An issue has arisen as to whether, upon reimbursement of the Monitored Trust Account for the Litigation Contribution, USI is entitled to re-advance amounts out of the Monitored Trust Account as Litigation Contribution in respect of additional legal costs incurred in respect of the National Viatical Claim and the Duscio Claim, to a maximum of \$500,000. The effect of this interpretation of the Plan is that the Litigation Contribution is a revolving fund. The Monitor's Tenth Report to the Court dated July 14, 2009 identified this as a potential issue that would require Court direction as to the interpretation of the Plan. The Tenth Report advised the Court that if this issue emerged, a motion for directions from the Court would be brought. The Monitor has requested, and USI has agreed, that the settlement funds received in respect of the National Viatical Claim will be retained in escrow and not applied until directions from the Court can be obtained with respect to this issue.

SHAREHOLDER PAYMENTS

48. At the commencement of the CCAA Proceedings, USI advised the Monitor that, as a result of alleged irregularities that took place prior to the appointment of the Monitor as described in further detail in Chris Halas' affidavit dated December 2, 2008, USI was of the view that the historical financial records of the Company could not be relied on. The Monitor requested that USI prepare at least a current unaudited balance sheet ("**Balance Sheet**"). USI management provided an unaudited balance sheet to the Monitor as at September 30, 2008, which is attached hereto as **Appendix "F"**, and which was filed in the CCAA Proceedings as an exhibit to the Seventh Report of the Monitor. Management advised the Monitor that the Balance Sheet reflected the state of affairs of the Company to the best of Management's knowledge and belief. The Balance Sheet was referred to by the Monitor and the Court throughout the CCAA Proceedings in order to identify and quantify the value of certain Plan Assets.
49. On July 19, 2010, the Monitor received a letter from a party who submitted a claim in the estate and that is currently in dispute. The letter identified certain matters of complaint regarding the actions of USI including, among other things, approximately \$250,000 in shareholder loans ("**Shareholder Loans**") and \$300,000 in cash payments, totalling \$550,000 (together with Shareholder Loans, the "**Shareholder Payments**") made to the shareholders of USI by USI several years prior to the commencement of the CCAA Proceedings. As support for these allegations, the creditor included with his letter excerpts from depositions made by the shareholders of USI in April 2010 in the National Viatical Claim in which the shareholders confirmed the existence of the Shareholder Payments.
50. The Monitor reviewed the correspondence from the Creditor, and made inquiries of the management of USI regarding the matters raised therein, including with respect to the Shareholder Payments, and whether the Shareholder Payments remained owing to USI at the commencement of the CCAA Proceedings. By letter dated August 27, 2010, counsel to the Monitor wrote to counsel to USI requesting additional information relating to the Shareholder Payments and certain other questions raised regarding the allocation of certain policies.

51. By letter dated August 27, 2010, the Monitor provided responses to most questions raised by the Creditor, and advised that a response regarding the issue of the Shareholder Payments and the policies had been referred to USI for reply.
52. By letter dated November 1, 2010, counsel for USI provided a response to the Monitor with respect to these issues. A copy of the letter is attached hereto as **Appendix "G"**. The Monitor has forwarded a copy of the response to the Creditor. Subject to the direction of this Honourable Court, the Monitor does not intend to take any further steps at this time regarding these issues as in its view these are matters for consideration by the Creditors.

ALL OF WHICH is respectfully submitted this 7th day of January, 2011.

**ERNST & YOUNG INC.,
Court-appointed Monitor of Universal
Settlements International Inc. and not in
its personal or corporate capacity.**

Per:



Brian Denega
Senior Vice-President

Per:



Rahn Dodick
Vice-President

Appendix “A”

UNIVERSAL SETTLEMENTS INTERNATIONAL INC.

AMENDED PLAN OF COMPROMISE AND ARRANGEMENT

PURSUANT TO THE

COMPANIES' CREDITORS ARRANGEMENT ACT (CANADA)

June 16, 2009

This Plan has not been approved or sanctioned in any way by the Ontario Superior Court of Justice (the "Court") pursuant to the proceeding brought by the Applicant under the *Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act*, R.S.C. 1985, c. c-36, as amended, and bearing Court File No. 08-CL-7878. Rather, the Court has only authorized that this Plan be sent to creditors of the Applicant for the purposes of allowing the Applicant to hold a meeting of creditors wherein its creditors may vote on whether or not to approve the Plan. Nothing in this Plan is to be taken as the Court having passed on the merits of this Plan.

AMENDED PLAN OF COMPROMISE AND ARRANGEMENT

This is the amended plan of compromise and arrangement of Universal Settlements International Inc. (the “Plan”).

ARTICLE 1 INTERPRETATIONS

1.1 Definitions

In this Plan, unless otherwise stated or the context otherwise requires:

“**Actions**” has the meaning given to that term in Section 2.3 of this Plan.

“**Administrative Fee**” means the administrative fee set out in Schedule A to this Plan, for the performance of the services also set out in Schedule A to this Plan, payable to the Applicant monthly in advance from the Monitored Trust Account for each month (or part thereof) starting on Plan Implementation and continuing until the earlier of (i) the date on which one hundred percent (100%) of the Original Investment of Purchasers has been paid, (ii) six years from the Plan Implementation Date, and (iii) the Court otherwise directs.

“**Agent**” means any Person who acted to facilitate a purchase of a Life Settlement by a Purchaser, and for the purposes of this Plan shall include Universal Settlements Vermögensberatung GmbH.

“**Annuities**” means annuities payable to the Applicant or Mills under the Policies.

“**Applicant**” means Universal Settlements International Inc.

“**Borrowings**” means any borrowings for the payment of Premiums, the Professional Costs, the Administrative Fee and/or Mills’ fees, as permitted by Section 4.4 of this Plan.

“**Borrowing Costs**” means any borrowing costs incurred with respect to Borrowings.

“**Business Day**” means a day other than a Saturday or Sunday, on which banks are generally open for business in Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

“**Cash on Hand**” has the meaning given to that term in Section 2.4 of this Plan.

“**CCAA**” means the *Companies’ Creditors Arrangement Act*, R.S.C. 1985, c. C-36, as amended.

“**CCAA Proceedings**” means the proceedings under the CCAA commenced by the Applicant in the Ontario Superior Court of Justice, Toronto (Commercial List) under Court File No. 08-CL-7878.

“Charges” means the Administration Charge and Directors’ Charge, as those terms are defined in the Initial Order.

“Claim” means (i) any right of any Person against the Applicant in connection with any indebtedness, liability or obligation of any kind of the Applicant, whether liquidated, unliquidated, fixed, contingent, matured, unmatured, disputed, undisputed, legal, equitable, secured, unsecured, present, future, known, or unknown, by guarantee, surety or otherwise and whether or not such right is executory in nature, including the right or ability of any Person to advance a claim for contribution or indemnity or otherwise with respect to any matter, action, cause or chose in action, whether existing at present or commenced in the future, which indebtedness, liability or obligation is based in whole or in part on facts existing on or prior to the Valuation Date or which would have been claims provable in bankruptcy had the Applicant become bankrupt on the Valuation Date (each a “Claim”, and collectively, the “Claims”), and (ii) any right of any Person against the Directors of the Applicant that relates to the Claims for which the Directors of the Applicant are by law liable to pay in their capacity as directors, provided however that the terms “Claim” and “Claims” shall not include (i) Unaffected Claims, (ii) any claims made in the Actions.

“Claims Procedure Order” means the Order of the Court made on January 23, 2009 in the CCAA Proceedings.

“Classes” means the classes of Creditors for the purposes of considering and voting upon this Plan in accordance with the provisions of this Plan, and receiving Distributions hereunder.

“Corporate Policies” means the interests in life insurance policies that are not identified on the records of the Applicant or Mills as allocated to a Purchaser as of the Valuation Date, and in which the Applicant had retained such interest for its sole benefit, including any interest of the Applicant in policies held in the USII Trust.

“Costs” has the meaning given to that term in Section 4.2 of this Plan.

“Court” means the Ontario Superior Court of Justice (Commercial List) in Canada.

“Creditor” means any Purchaser, Ordinary Creditor, or any other Person having a Claim, and **“Creditors”** means all of such Persons.

“Creditor Approval” means the approval of this Plan by each Class of Creditors.

“Crown” means Her Majesty the Queen in the Right of Canada or any province thereof.

“Death Benefit Maturity Funds” means all monies that have been or are received by the Applicant prior to the Plan Implementation Date from matured Policies, and which monies continue to be held by the Applicant on the Plan Implementation Date.

“Director” means any director of the Applicant as of the date of this Plan, and **“Directors”** means all of such directors.

“Distributions” are the amounts available for distribution to Purchasers and to Ordinary Creditors, from the Purchaser Pool, ROI Pool and the Ordinary Creditor Pool, respectively.

“Effective Time” means noon (Eastern Standard/Daylight Time) on the Plan Implementation Date.

“Escrow Fund” means those monies paid into escrow pursuant to an interim award of the arbitrator dated January 16, 2007, in Re In the Matter of an Arbitration between The Brokerwise Group Inc. and 1508211 Ontario Inc., claimants, vs. Antonio Duscio and Martina Capital Corporation, respondents, and the term “Escrow Fund” shall include (i) any amounts previously paid out of the Escrow Fund to Antonio Duscio and which are subsequently repaid by him to the Escrow Fund, and (ii) any interest or gains on the Escrow Fund, net of applicable taxes, but for the purposes of this definition, Escrow Fund shall be net of any legal costs or disbursements incurred to recover the Escrow Fund.

“Initial Order” means the Order of the Court dated December 2, 2008, made in the CCAA Proceedings.

“Initial Order Date” means December 2, 2008.

“Insurance Proceeds” means death benefits in respect of matured Policies together with any Annuities, interest and dividends, any return or refund of Premiums, and any other amounts paid by insurance companies with respect to the matured Policies.

“Life Settlement” means a financial transaction whereby owners of life insurance policies sell their legal title and beneficial interest in such policies to a third party at a discount from the face value of such policies.

“Litigation Contribution” means an amount not to exceed the aggregate of (i) U.S. \$500,000 to be contributed, pursuant to Section 4.5 of this Plan, from the Monitored Trust Account toward payment of the legal fees and disbursements incurred by the Applicant in the Actions, and (ii) the Escrow Funds to be paid to the Monitored Trust Account pursuant to Section 2.5 of this Plan and to be applied toward payment of any additional legal fees and disbursements incurred by the Applicant in the Actions.

“Litigation Recovery” means any proceeds received by the Applicant from the determination or settlement of either or both of the Actions, and shall include any costs recovered by the Applicant in the Actions, but shall exclude the Escrow Funds payable to the Monitored Trust Account in accordance with Section 2.5 of this Plan.

“M-Series Trust” means the trust created pursuant to a Master Declaration of Trust dated March 21, 2008 between Universal Settlements International Inc. and Mills (as defined below).

“mature”: a Policy matures when the individual whose life is insured under that Policy dies, and **“maturity”** and **“Matured Policy”** shall have a corresponding meaning.

“Meeting Order” means the Order of the Court made on May 11, 2009 in the CCAA Proceedings.

“Meeting” and **“Meetings”** means the meeting or meetings of Creditors called for the purpose of considering and voting in respect of this Plan pursuant to the CCAA.

“Mills” means Mills, Potoczak & Company, in its capacity as the United States of America service agent for the Policies on behalf of the Applicant.

“Monitor” means Ernst & Young Inc., solely in its capacity as the Monitor appointed pursuant to the Initial Order, and not in its personal capacity.

“Monitored Trust Account” means a bank account established by the Applicant and held at a Canadian chartered bank, into which (from and after Plan Implementation) shall be deposited the Cash on Hand, all Insurance Proceeds, all Litigation Recovery and any TPI Proceeds.

“Monitored Account Agreement” means the agreement to be executed by the Monitor and the Applicant as provided for under Section 4.2 of this Plan.

“Order” means any order of the Court in the CCAA Proceedings.

“Ordinary Creditors” means all Creditors other than Purchasers.

“Original Investment” means the initial investment made by a Purchaser, as determined pursuant to the Claims Procedure Order or any subsequent Order, without interest or any other return on such initial investment.

“Ordinary Creditor Pool” means a pool of funds created for payment of Distributions to Ordinary Creditors, as described in Section 4.8 of this Plan.

“Person” means any individual, partnership, joint venture, trust, corporation, unincorporated organization, government or agency or instrumentality thereof, or any other juridical entity howsoever designated or constituted.

“Plan” means this plan of compromise and arrangement filed by the Applicant pursuant to the Initial Order and the CCAA, as such Plan may be further amended, varied or supplemented from time to time.

“Plan Circular” means a circular dated May 5, 2009 wherein this Plan is summarized and discussed.

“Plan Implementation Date” means the date that is one (1) Business Day after the satisfaction of all conditions precedent in section 6.2 of this Plan, or such later date as the Applicant and the Monitor may agree in writing, and **“Plan Implementation”** shall have a corresponding meaning.

“Policies” means Purchaser Policies and Corporate Policies.

“Pools” means, collectively, the Purchaser Pool, the ROI Pool and the Ordinary Creditor Pool.

“Premiums” mean the amounts payable by the Applicant to keep the Policies in good standing, as determined by the Applicant and Mills.

“Premium Reserves” means the funds that were previously segregated for the purposes of paying Premiums for specific Policies.

“Professional Costs” has the meaning given to that term in Section 2.6 of this Plan.

“Proven Claim” means the Claims of Creditors which are Proven Claims within the meaning given to that term in the Claims Procedure Order.

“Purchaser” means a person who, pursuant to a purchase agreement with the Applicant or an Agent, purchased an interest in a Life Settlement, and from whom the Applicant received monies for this purpose.

“Purchaser Policies” means the interests in life insurance policies that are identified on the records of the Applicant or Mills as allocated to a Purchaser as of the Valuation Date, but not including those Purchasers’ interests in policies held in the M-Series Trust or in the USII Trust.

“Purchaser Pool” means a pool of funds created to provide Purchasers with a return of their Original Investments, as described in Section 4.6 of this Plan.

“Reserve for Costs” has the meaning given to that term in Section 4.3 of this Plan.

“ROI Pool” means a pool of funds created to provide Purchasers with an amount over and above their Original Investments, as described in Section 4.7 of this Plan.

“Sale Process” means a sale process that may be conducted by the Monitor in accordance with and upon fulfillment of the conditions set out in Section 4.9 of this Plan.

“Sanction Order” means an Order on terms satisfactory to the Applicant and the Monitor approving and sanctioning this Plan.

“Secured Claim” means any Claim or portion thereof that is secured by a security interest, pledge, mortgage, lien, hypothec or charge on any property of the Applicant, but only to the extent of the value of the security in respect of the Claim, and for greater certainty, the Charges each constitute a Secured Claim.

“Shareholders” means the current shareholders of the Applicant, being The Brokerwise Group Inc. and 1508211 Ontario Inc.

“Success Fee” means the success fee, if any, payable to the Applicant pursuant to Section 4.10 and Schedule B of this Plan.

“Tax Refunds” means all tax refunds, including sales tax refunds, received by the Applicant at any time and relating to the period prior to the Initial Order Date.

“TPI Proceeds” means the net proceeds from the sale of the TPI Portfolio, approved by the Court by Order dated December 23, 2008.

“Unaffected Claims” has the meaning given to such term in section 2.6 of this Plan and **“Unaffected Claim”** means any one of such Unaffected Claims.

“Undistributed Distributions” has the meaning given to such term in Section 5.5 of this Plan.

“USII Trust” means the trust created pursuant to a Trust Agreement dated June 30, 2008 between Universal Settlements International Inc. and Valenzano & Pillo LLP.

“Valuation Date” means January 23, 2009.

1.2 Construction

In this Plan, unless otherwise stated or the context otherwise requires:

- (a) the division of the Plan into articles and sections and the use of headings are for convenience of reference only and do not affect the construction or interpretation of the Plan;
- (b) the words “hereunder”, “hereof” and similar expressions refer to this Plan and not to any particular article, section or schedule and references to “Articles”, “Sections”, and “Schedules” are to articles and sections of and schedules to this Plan;
- (c) words importing the singular include the plural and vice versa and words importing any gender include all genders;
- (d) the word “including” means “including without limiting the generality of the foregoing”;
- (e) a reference to any statute is to that statute as now enacted or as the statute may from time to time be amended, re-enacted or replaced and includes any regulation made thereunder;
- (f) a reference to any agreement, indenture or other document is to that document as amended, supplemented, restated or replaced from time to time;

- (g) references to dollar amounts are to Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated;
- (h) Undistributed Distributions shall be deemed to be paid as of the date of the payment of the Distributions to which they relate, for the purposes of (A) determining when contributions to the Purchaser Pool cease, and contributions to the ROI Pool begin, (B) determining when a transfer from the Purchaser Pool to the ROI Pool should occur, pursuant to Section 4.10(a) of this Plan, (C) determining if and when the initial Success Fee (of U.S. \$1,000,000) should be paid, (D) determining the date on which payment of the Administrative Fee ceases; and
- (i) references to times are to local time in Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

1.3 Conversion

The Claims of Purchasers are in U.S. dollars, and may be dealt with entirely in U.S. dollars. All payments hereunder to Purchasers shall be in U.S. dollars. The Claims of Ordinary Creditors that are denominated in a currency other than lawful money of Canada are to be converted to the equivalent thereof in lawful money of Canada at the noon rate of exchange as quoted by the Bank of Canada on the Valuation Date.

1.4 Deeming Provisions

In the Plan, the deeming provisions are not rebuttable and are conclusive and irrevocable.

1.5 Date for any Action

If any date on which any action required to be taken hereunder by a Person is not a Business Day, such action must be taken on the next succeeding day which is a Business Day.

1.6 Schedules

The following are the Schedules to this Plan:

- | | |
|------------|--|
| Schedule A | Administrative services to be provided |
| Schedule B | Methodology for payment of Distributions from the ROI Pool |

ARTICLE 2 PURPOSE AND EFFECT OF THE PLAN

2.1 Purpose

The purpose of the Plan is to effect a compromise and arrangement of all Claims.

2.2 Overview

This overview is provided to assist the reader in understanding the Plan. Reference is also made to the Plan Circular, wherein further information with respect to the Plan is provided. In the event of an inconsistency between the overview in this Section 2.2 and the other provisions of the Plan, such other provisions shall govern. In the event of an inconsistency between the Plan Circular and the provisions of this Plan, this Plan shall govern.

The structure of the Plan and the flow of monies thereunder may be summarized as follows:

- (a) Commencing on Plan Implementation, all Cash on Hand, Litigation Recovery, and remaining TPI Proceeds will be paid into the Monitored Trust Account. All Insurance Proceeds will continue to be received from the respective insurance companies by the Applicant, or Mills, each of whom shall receive such funds in trust for the benefit of this Plan, and each of whom will immediately pay and deposit the Insurance Proceeds into the Monitored Trust Account.
- (b) Pursuant to the declaration of trust referred to in Section 6.2(e) of the Plan, effective on the Plan Implementation Date the Applicant will declare that it holds all Policies, Insurance Proceeds, Cash on Hand, Litigation Recovery, Tax Refunds, remaining TPI Proceeds and any other amounts to be deposited into the Monitored Trust Account in trust for the beneficiaries of the Plan, and that the Policies, Insurance Proceeds, Cash on Hand, Litigation Recovery, remaining TPI Proceeds and any other amounts shall be dealt with only in the manner provided for in the Plan. Pursuant to the trust declaration, no alteration in the Plan will affect the fact that the Policies are held in trust for the beneficiaries of the Plan.
- (c) The Monitor and the Applicant shall enter into the Monitored Account Agreement.
- (d) The majority of funds in the Monitored Trust Account will be available to pay Distributions to Purchasers and Ordinary Creditors in accordance with this Plan. However, the funds in the Monitored Trust Account will also be used to pay certain limited costs, being (i) Premiums on the Policies as and when due, (ii) Borrowing Costs, (iii) Professional Costs, (iv) the Administrative Fee and Mills' fees, (v) the Litigation Contribution, and (vi) Unaffected Claims, as provided for at Section 4.2 of the Plan.
- (e) A Reserve for Costs will be maintained in the Monitored Trust Account, in accordance with Section 4.3 of the Plan. Once the funds available in the Monitored Trust Account exceed the Reserve for Costs amount by U.S. \$5 million or more, 96.15% of such excess will be transferred into the Purchaser Pool (or the ROI Pool, as the case may be), which shall be used to pay Distributions to Purchasers, and 3.85% of such excess will be transferred into the Ordinary Creditor Pool, which shall be used to pay Distributions to Ordinary Creditors.

- (f) Due to the costs of making a Distribution, it is anticipated that Distributions will be paid annually, and in any event not more frequently than semi-annually, in each case subject to availability of funds for the payment of Distributions.
- (g) Distributions will be paid out of the Purchaser Pool until such time as Purchasers have been paid one hundred percent (100%) of their Original Investments, in aggregate. Distributions out of the Purchaser Pool will be calculated and paid based on the Original Investments, without interest or any other return. The Applicant anticipates that over approximately a six-year period the Purchaser Pool will pay sufficient Distributions to pay to Purchasers one hundred percent (100%) of their Original Investments.
- (h) After Purchasers have been paid one hundred percent (100%) of their Original Investments, the ROI Pool shall be funded from the Monitored Trust Account, if additional monies are available. In addition, the Applicant is entitled to a Success Fee if one hundred and ten percent (110%) of Purchasers' Original Investments are paid, as described in Section 4.10 of this Plan.
- (i) Distributions out of the ROI Pool will enable Purchasers to obtain a return on their investments, over and above their Original Investments; such Distributions will be paid based on the methodology found in Schedule B to this Plan.
- (j) Distributions to Ordinary Creditors will be paid out of the Ordinary Creditor Pool, based on the Proven Claims of those Ordinary Creditors.
- (k) A Sale Process relating to the Policies may in appropriate circumstances be conducted, as set out in Section 4.9 of this Plan.

2.3 Benefits of the Plan

It is the Applicant's view that the Plan offers several benefits to the Creditors, and will result in a maximization of the Distributions available to Creditors. The Applicant has identified the following benefits of a successful Plan implementation:

- (a) This Plan will prevent a liquidation sale of the Applicant's portfolio of Policies. The Applicant believes that such a liquidation sale would generate net proceeds well below what this Plan will return to Creditors, and well below the Original Investments of Purchasers.
- (b) The Applicant and Mills are very familiar with the portfolio of Policies and have been managing and administering this portfolio since inception. As such, there are existing processes and procedures in place, including databases, document management capabilities, insured monitoring protocols and other technological systems, all of which provide for the efficient maintenance of the portfolio. In addition, the Applicant and Mills have qualified administration staff who have relationships with insurance carriers, agents and the insured persons, and who routinely process premiums, track insured lives, and process death claims.

- (c) This Plan will also permit the Applicant to utilize the Litigation Contribution to continue with two actions (the “**Actions**”) currently outstanding, being *Universal Settlements International Inc. v. James Torchia, Marc Celello and National Viaticals Inc.* (United States District Court, Western District of Michigan, Court file no. 1:07-cv-1243) and in *Universal Settlements International Inc. v. Antonio Duscio et al.* (Ontario Superior Court of Justice, Court file no. 06-CV-323645 PD3), from which the Applicant expects to receive a net recovery. The potential benefit of the Actions may be lost if the Applicant does not continue to operate. As described in Section 4.5 of this Plan, all Litigation Recovery will be paid into the Monitored Trust Account.
- (d) A typical Life Settlement transaction between the Applicant and a Purchaser commenced with the execution of a purchase agreement. The terms of the Applicant’s purchase agreements evolved slightly over time as programs changed. The terms of many purchase agreements are ambiguous in some respects, and there is some doubt as to whether some Purchasers have (i) a claim only as a creditor of the Applicant, and no direct claim to the Policies purchased by the Applicant on their behalf, or (ii) a direct claim in the Policies purchased by the Applicant on their behalf. Except with respect to the life insurance policies held in the M-Series Trust or the USII Trust, since such policies are held in trust for the Purchasers of such policies, for the purposes of the Plan, all Purchasers will be treated as Creditors. The Applicant is strongly of the view that the approval and implementation of the Plan will return to Purchasers, in aggregate, more than the Purchasers would realize if they were to assert a direct ownership or beneficial interest in the Policies previously allocated to the Purchasers.

2.4 Cash on Hand to be paid into Monitored Trust Account

As of the close of business on June 25, 2009, the estimated Plan Implementation Date, the Applicant anticipates that the aggregate of approximately U.S. \$8.7 million will be available for contribution into the Monitored Trust Account, such aggregate amount consisting of (i) cash in possession of the Applicant as of Plan Implementation Date, (ii) Premium Reserves, and (iii) Death Benefit Maturity Funds (collectively, “**Cash on Hand**”).

2.5 Escrow Fund

The Shareholders have agreed that any and all portions of the Escrow Fund that are released to the Shareholders, or the Applicant, shall be paid into the Monitored Trust Account. Upon any release of all or any part of the Escrow Fund, it shall be deposited directly to the Monitored Trust Account, pursuant to a direction to be executed by the Applicant and the Shareholders. If all or any part of such amount is needed for the payment of the Applicant’s legal fees and disbursements in the Actions, the Applicant shall be entitled to the release of all or part of such amount, upon presentation to the Monitor of a copy of an invoice or other similar documentary record of the amount to be paid, to the Applicant for such purpose. If not needed for payment of the Applicant’s legal fees and disbursements in the Actions, 50% of the remaining balance of the Escrow Fund shall be paid directly to the Shareholders and the remaining 50% shall remain in the Monitored Trust Account to be distributed as otherwise provided for in this Plan. The

Monitor shall not be obliged to consider the reasonableness of the request for payment of any amount for the payment of legal fees equal to the amount of the Escrow Fund deposited to the Monitored Trust Account.

2.6 Unaffected Claims

This Plan does not affect the following claims, liabilities or other obligations of the Applicant, except as may expressly provided under the terms of any Order:

- (a) *Post Filing Goods and Services* – the claims arising in respect of goods or services supplied after the Initial Order Date and prior to Plan Implementation;
- (b) *Professional Advisors* - the claims of the Monitor and of the legal advisors to the Applicant and the Monitor for fees and disbursements (the “**Professional Costs**”) incurred or to be incurred in connection with and incidental to (i) the CCAA Proceedings, (ii) the preparation, approval and administration of this Plan, and (iii) the recovery of Insurance Proceeds and the protection of the Policies, in each case other than fees and disbursements incurred with respect to the Actions.
- (c) *Directors and Officers* – the Claims of individuals who are current officers or Directors of the Applicant for indemnity pursuant to indemnities provided by the Applicant.
- (d) *Secured Creditors* – the Secured Claim of any Person.
- (e) *Insured Claims* – the Claims arising in the ordinary course of business against the Applicant which are covered by insurance held by the Applicant (“Insured Claims”), including the Claims or portions of Claims which are below the deductible amounts in such insurance policies, provided, however, that the Applicant shall not be obliged to pay any obligations in respect of deductibles arising on or before the Initial Order Date. For greater certainty, Insured Claims shall have recourse solely against the applicable insurers, and neither the Person having an Insured Claim, nor the insurer itself (whether by subrogation or otherwise) shall have any recourse with respect to the Insured Claim as against the Applicant, or any Proven Claim for the purpose of the Plan.
- (f) *Claims of the Crown* – Claims of the Crown referred to in paragraph 18.2(1) of the CCAA.

2.7 Affected Persons

On Plan Implementation, the Plan will become effective and be binding on the Applicant and the Creditors and all other Persons affected by the provisions of this Plan.

Other than the Corporate Policies, this Plan does not affect any policies held in the M-Series Trust or the USII Trust, since such policies are held in trust for the Purchasers of such policies. For greater certainty, however, this Plan does affect, compromise and release any Claim that any Purchaser of such policies may have against the Applicant or other Persons.

2.8 Persons not affected by this Plan

Except to the extent that they may be generally affected by the declarations of trust herein, (i) Persons holding Unaffected Claims shall not be affected by the compromise and arrangements set out in this Plan, and (ii) Persons with claims in the Actions shall not be affected by the compromise and arrangements set out in this Plan.

ARTICLE 3 CLASSIFICATION OF CREDITORS

3.1 Classification of Creditors

The classification of Creditors for the purpose of considering and voting on this Plan and receiving Distributions hereunder are:

- (a) Purchasers; and
- (b) Ordinary Creditors.

ARTICLE 4 TREATMENT OF CREDITORS

4.1 Compromise of Claims of Creditors

For the purposes of this Plan, the Creditors shall receive the treatment as provided in Article 4 of the Plan and on the Plan Implementation Date, Claims will be settled in accordance with the terms hereof.

Creditor Approval of this Plan shall be deemed to occur if each Class of Creditors (being Purchasers and Ordinary Creditors) approves this Plan in accordance with the CCAA at duly constituted Meetings of such Creditors, in which case this Plan and its terms shall bind all Creditors.

4.2 The Monitored Trust Account

The Monitored Trust Account shall be a segregated bank account or bank accounts in a Canadian chartered bank, established by the Applicant and, subject to the terms of this Plan, shall be held in trust for the Purchasers and the Ordinary Creditors, pursuant to a Declaration of Trust to be executed by the Applicant. As trustee for the Monitored Trust Account, the Applicant will enter into an agreement (the "Monitored Account Agreement") with the Monitor which will provide for the mechanics of operation of the Monitored Trust Account and the terms of oversight of the Monitored Trust Account to be provided by the Monitor.

The Monitored Trust Account may be held in Canadian or U.S. dollars, or in such other currencies as the Monitor may deem appropriate.

All Policies, Insurance Proceeds, Litigation Recovery, Cash on Hand, Tax Refunds, and remaining TPI Proceeds in possession of or received by the Applicant or Mills on or after Plan Implementation shall be held in trust by the Applicant, or Mills, as the case may be, pursuant to Declarations of Trust to be executed by the Applicant and Mills in favour of the Purchasers and the Ordinary Creditors. All Insurance Proceeds, Litigation Recovery, Cash on Hand, and remaining TPI Proceeds shall be paid forthwith after Plan Implementation by the Applicant, or Mills, as the case may be, for deposit into the Monitored Trust Account.

The funds may be disbursed out of the Monitored Trust Account in accordance with the Monitored Account Agreement and this Plan, to pay the following (collectively, the “Costs”):

1. Premiums;
2. Professional Costs;
3. Administrative Fees and Mills’ fees;
4. Borrowing Costs ;
5. the Litigation Contribution; and
6. Unaffected Claims;

In addition, any bank charges related to the Monitored Trust Account may be deducted by the bank from the account.

Payment of such amounts are subject to:

- confirming that the Costs are due and are a permitted disbursement pursuant to the Plan;
- there being sufficient funds in the Monitored Trust Account to make such payments;
- the Monitor’s review of the Costs for reasonableness;
- the Court’s approval of fees and disbursements, where applicable; and
- the Monitor’s ability to apply for direction from the Court, if necessary, prior to paying any Cost.

Payments out of the Monitored Trust Account on account of any Canadian taxes or withholdings as required by law shall also be permitted.

There shall be no obligation to pay Costs pro rata, in the event that sufficient funds are not available from time to time to pay all Cost, and the timing of the payment of all Costs shall be at the discretion of the Monitor, or as the Court may direct. The Monitor shall not incur any

liability for the payment or non-payment of any Costs, or the timing or manner of such payments.

Subject to the Reserve for Costs described at Section 4.3 below, and the payment of Costs, funds may be made available to the Purchaser Pool, the ROI Pool and the Ordinary Creditor Pool in accordance with this Plan, to allow for the payment of Distributions from those Pools to Creditors. No payments shall be made directly to Creditors out of the Monitored Trust Account and Creditors shall not be entitled to assert any direct claim to the funds in the Monitored Trust Account, without Order of the Court.

4.3 Reserve for Costs

A reserve (the “**Reserve for Costs**”) shall be established in the Monitored Trust Account in order to fund the Costs. As of Plan Implementation Date, the opening balance of the Reserve for Costs shall be the amount of the Cash on Hand. Thereafter, the Reserve For Costs shall be maintained in an amount sufficient, in the Monitor’s sole discretion, to pay the anticipated Costs for the following two years. In determining the Reserve for Costs, the Monitor shall be entitled to rely on the information provided by the Applicant, Mills and the insurance companies, relating to projected Premium liabilities, Borrowing Costs, Professional Costs, Litigation Costs, the amount of any Unaffected Claims, and any other amounts or issues affecting the amount of Reserve for Costs.

Upon the maturity of all Policies and receipt of all Insurance Proceeds, or upon the completion of the Sale Process and the closing of all transactions for the sale of all remaining Policies, the remaining balance of the Reserve For Costs shall be available to pay any remaining Costs and to make transfers to the Pools for the payment of Distributions to Creditors.

4.4 Power to Borrow

The Applicant, with the Monitor’s prior written consent, shall be entitled to borrow money against the Policies, and to grant security interests in the Policies to secure such loans, where such borrowings are necessary in the Monitor’s opinion to provide funds for the payment of Premiums, the Professional Costs, the Administrative Fee and/or Mills’ fees. Any such funds borrowed shall be deposited directly into the Monitored Trust Account to be used to pay the Premiums, Professional Costs, the Administration Fee, and Mills’ fees. Other than borrowings for these purposes, the Applicant shall not borrow money against the Policies nor grant security interests in the Policies to secure any indebtedness or other obligations.

4.5 Litigation Contribution and Litigation Recovery

The Applicant shall have the power to continue the Actions, and the Litigation Contribution (including any portion of the Escrow Fund deposited into the Monitored Trust Account in accordance with Section 2.5 of this Plan) shall be made available to the Applicant and its counsel for the payment of the Applicant’s legal fees and disbursements with respect to the Actions. As noted in the definition of “Litigation Contribution”, U.S. \$500,000 of the Litigation Contribution shall be made available from the Monitored Trust Account. In this Section 4.5, this is referred to

as the "Litigation Contribution sourced from cash". In addition, any portion of the Escrow Fund paid into the Monitored Trust Account shall also be available as part of the Litigation Contribution. In this Section 4.5, this is referred to as the "Litigation Contribution sourced from the Escrow Fund".

No amount in excess of the Litigation Contribution shall be paid out of the Monitored Trust Account toward payment of the Applicant's legal fees and disbursements with respect to the Actions.

To the extent that the Litigation Contribution sourced from the Escrow Fund is not needed to pay the Applicant's legal fees and disbursements with respect to the Actions, the Escrow Fund shall be distributed from the Monitored Trust Account in accordance with Section 2.5 of this Plan.

The amount of the Litigation Contribution actually used to pay the Applicant's legal fees and disbursements related to the Actions shall be considered a deduction from the monies otherwise transferable from the Monitored Trust Account to the Ordinary Creditor Pool. The Litigation Contribution may be paid out of the Monitored Trust Account at any time, and from time to time, provided that sufficient funds are available in the Monitored Trust Account, and regardless of whether the funds at that time available for transfer to the Ordinary Creditor Pool are greater than or less than the amount of the Litigation Contribution sought by the Applicant at that time. However, no transfer from the Monitored Trust Account to the Ordinary Creditor Pool shall take place until the funds available for transfer to the Ordinary Creditor Pool in accordance with Section 4.8 of this Plan exceed the Litigation Contribution previously paid out of the Monitored Trust Account and then outstanding.

All Litigation Recovery will be deposited into the Monitored Trust Account, and shall be applied as follows (in each case without interest or deduction):

- (a) first, to reimburse the Monitored Trust Account for the full amount of any Litigation Contribution sourced from cash and previously paid out to fund the Applicant's legal fees and disbursements with respect to the Actions;
- (b) next, to pay to Borden Ladner Gervais LLP the amount of its Claim secured by a solicitor's lien, to the maximum amount of \$840,000, in accordance with a settlement agreement approved by the Court on June 12, 2009;
- (c) next, on a *pari passu* basis, to (i) reimburse the Monitored Trust Account for fifty percent (50%) of any Litigation Contribution sourced from the Escrow Fund and previously paid out to fund the Applicant's legal fees and disbursements with respect to the Actions, and (ii) pay to the Shareholders an equal amount;
- (d) if payment of any portion of the Litigation Contribution previously resulted in a lower amount being transferred from the Monitored Trust Account to the Ordinary Creditor Pool, then the reimbursements in paragraphs (a) and (c)(i) of this Section 4.5, together with such additional funds as are available in the Monitored Trust Account from the Litigation Recovery, shall be paid into the Ordinary Creditor Pool to restore it to the position that it would have been in, had the Litigation Contribution not been paid out;

- (e) next, an additional amount of the Litigation Recovery, equal to the total amount of the Litigation Contribution paid out to fund the Applicant's legal fees and disbursements, shall be transferred from the Monitored Trust Account into the Ordinary Creditor Pool, without regard to the formulae set out in Sections 4.6 and 4.8 of this Plan; and
- (f) any remaining Litigation Recovery shall remain in the Monitored Trust Account for disbursement in accordance with this Plan.

The Applicant has agreed to establish a committee of three Creditors to consult with the Applicant with respect to the conduct of the Actions and the fees and disbursements incurred in prosecuting the Actions.

4.6 Purchaser Pool

The Applicant shall establish a segregated bank account into which funds from the Monitored Trust Account, for payment of Distributions to Purchasers, will be deposited and held in trust by the Applicant, pursuant to a Declaration of Trust to be executed by the Applicant. The payment of all amounts to be paid out of the Purchaser Pool will be subject to the provisions of the Monitored Account Agreement.

Upon declaring a Distribution, the Purchaser Pool shall be funded out of the proceeds held in the Monitored Trust Account based upon the following formula (all amounts in the following formula are in U.S. dollars):

$$\frac{(\text{Purchaser Policies' face values and Premium Reserves at Plan Implementation Date})}{(\text{Purchaser Policies' and Corporate Policies' face values}^1 \text{ and Premium Reserves at Plan Implementation Date})} = \text{Purchaser Pool allocation}$$

$$= (\$185,040,918 + \$2,709,072) / (\$185,040,918 + \$7,473,456 + \$2,744,944)$$

$$= 96.15\%$$

The Purchaser Pool shall be funded based upon the above formula until such time as (i) the Purchaser Pool is in an amount sufficient to pay Distributions to Purchasers equal to one hundred percent (100%) of their Original Investments, or (ii) there are no funds available in the Monitored Trust Account for such purpose.

4.7 ROI Pool

The Applicant shall establish a segregated bank account for purposes of establishing the ROI Pool, which shall be held in trust by the Applicant pursuant to a Declaration of Trust to be executed by the Applicant for purposes of paying Distributions to Purchasers. The payment of

¹ Excluding the Applicant's interest in policies in the USII Trust, which the Applicant believes have negligible value.

all amounts to be paid out of the ROI Pool will be subject to the provisions of the Monitored Account Agreement.

Upon the payment into the Purchaser Pool of sufficient funds to pay to Purchasers amounts equal to one hundred percent (100%) of their Original Investments, funds shall be transferred to the ROI Pool from the Monitored Trust Account based upon the same formula used by the Monitor for transfers to the Purchaser Pool, as described in Section 4.6 above (that is, 96.15%).

4.8 Ordinary Creditor Pool

The Applicant shall establish a segregated bank account into which funds from the Monitored Trust Account, for payment of Distributions to Ordinary Creditors, will be deposited and held in trust by the Applicant, pursuant to a Declaration of Trust to be executed by the Applicant. The payment of all amounts to be paid out of the Ordinary Creditor Pool will be subject to the provisions of the Monitored Account Agreement.

Upon declaring a Distribution, the Monitor shall fund the Ordinary Creditor Pool out of the proceeds held in the Monitored Trust Account based upon the following formula (all amounts in the following formula are in U.S. dollars):

$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{Corporate Policies' face values}^2 + \text{Premium Reserves at Plan Implementation Date}) / \\ & (\text{Purchaser Policies' and Corporate Policies' face values}^3 + \text{all Premium Reserves at Plan} \\ & \text{Implementation Date}) = \text{Ordinary Creditor Pool allocation} \\ & = (\$7,473,456 + \$35,872) / (\$185,040,918 + \$7,473,456 + \$2,744,944) \\ & = 3.85\% \end{aligned}$$

The Ordinary Creditor Pool shall be funded based upon the above formula until such time as (i) the Ordinary Creditor Pool is in an amount sufficient to pay Distributions to Ordinary Creditors equal to one hundred percent (100%) of their Proven Claims, or (ii) there are no funds available in the Monitored Trust Account for such purpose.

4.9 Sale Process

The Applicant may request that the Monitor commence a Sale Process with respect to some or all Policies that have not matured under the following circumstances:

- (a) After sufficient funds are available in the Purchaser Pool to pay to Purchasers Distributions equal to one hundred percent (100%) of their Original Investments; or

² See footnote 1, above.

³ See footnote 1, above.

- (b) Prior to there being sufficient funds in the Purchaser Pool to pay to Purchasers Distributions equal to one hundred percent (100%) of their Original Investments if the proceeds from the Sale Process would be sufficient to pay to Purchasers Distributions equal to one hundred percent (100%) of their Original Investments.

Such a Sale Process shall be commenced only if market conditions are such that the financial recovery from the sale of the Policies is determined by the Applicant, in consultation with the Monitor, to be more advantageous to Purchasers and Ordinary Creditors than the continued payment of the Costs and the continued collection of death benefits in respect of the Policies under the terms of this Plan. Such Sale Process shall not be held without further Order.

The net proceeds from the sale of any Policies shall be deposited into the Monitored Trust Account and distributed in accordance with this Plan.

4.10 Disbursements from Pools

Funds shall be transferred to the Purchaser Pool (or the ROI Pool, as the case may be) and to the Ordinary Creditor Pool from the Monitored Trust Account as frequently as the Monitor deems prudent, or as directed by the Court, taking into account the amount contained in the Monitored Trust Account from time to time, the required amount of Reserve for Costs, timing, any disputed issues outstanding, and any other issues that may then exist, subject to the Reserve for Costs remaining in the Monitored Trust Account at all times and subject to all applicable tax payment or withholding obligations, and provided that a decision by the Monitor or the Court as to the frequency of Distributions is final and binding for all purposes. Distributions shall be paid from the Pools, in accordance with this Plan. The payment of the first Distribution, subject to the above conditions, will be made as soon as practicable after June 1, 2010.

Distributions will be paid from the Pools as follows:

- (a) *Purchaser Pool*: Distributions from the Purchaser Pool shall be paid to Purchasers *pro rata* calculated on the basis of the amount of Purchasers' Original Investment, and without regard to (i) the date of that Original Investment, or (ii) any Claim based on interest or other return on the Original Investments of Purchasers. If at any time there are more monies in the Purchaser Pool than are necessary to pay to Purchasers one hundred percent (100%) of the Original Investments made by Purchasers, then the excess monies shall be transferred from the Purchaser Pool to the ROI Pool. Other than Distributions to Purchasers and the transfer of excess monies from the Purchaser Pool to the ROI Pool, no payments shall be made out of the Purchaser Pool.
- (b) *ROI Pool*: Distributions from the ROI Pool shall be paid to Purchasers based on the methodology set out in Schedule B to this Plan, which includes the payment of the Success Fee to the Applicant. Payment of the Success Fee is aligned with the interests of the Purchasers since it shall only be paid to the Applicant after Distributions totalling 110% of Purchasers' Original Investments have been distributed to Purchasers. The Success Fee is calculated as follows:

U.S. \$1 million Success Fee paid when 110% of Original Investments is paid to Purchasers; and

After payment of U.S. \$1 million Success Fee, proceeds shared 75% / 25% (Purchasers / Applicant) for that portion of the ROI Pool in excess of 110% of Original Investments paid to Purchasers.

- (c) *Ordinary Creditor Pool*: Distributions from the Ordinary Creditor Pool shall first be used to pay to Ordinary Creditors on a *pro rata* basis 100% of the lesser of \$250,000 or the total of each Proven Claim, and thereafter *pro rata* based on the remaining unpaid balance of each Proven Claim, at the same times as from the Purchaser Pool (or the ROI Pool, as the case may be). If the funds available in the Ordinary Creditor Pool exceed the aggregate amount of all Claims of Ordinary Creditors as of the Valuation Date, the Applicant shall transfer any remaining funds in the Ordinary Creditor Pool to the ROI Pool.

Notwithstanding the foregoing restrictions on disbursements from the Pools, disbursements may also be made on account of any clearance certificates or other legal or regulatory pre-conditions to payment of Distributions.

In making Distributions, the Applicant and the Monitor shall take into account the most cost-effective means of doing this, from both the Applicant's / Monitor's perspective, and also from the recipient's perspective.

4.11 Right to Vote and Receive Distributions

Only Creditors with a Proven Claim shall be entitled to vote or receive any Distribution under the Plan or in respect of a Claim, unless otherwise ordered by the Court. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if any Claims have not been finally determined pursuant to the Claims Procedure Order by the date of the Meeting, then a vote with respect to these unresolved Claims shall be recorded by the Monitor in accordance with Section 28 of the Claims Procedure Order. Purchasers shall not be entitled to recovery of any Claims out of any funds other than the Purchaser Pool and ROI Pool, and Ordinary Creditors shall not be entitled to recovery of any Claims out of any funds other than the Ordinary Creditor Pool.

4.12 Crown Priority Claims

Within six months after the date of the Sanction Order, the Applicant will pay in full all Claims pursuant to Section 18.2(1) of the CCAA.

4.13 Effect of Plan Generally

Save and except as otherwise provided herein, on the Plan Implementation Date the treatment of Claims under this Plan shall be final and binding on the Applicant and all Creditors (and their respective heirs, executors, administrators, legal or personal representatives, successors and assigns), and the Plan shall constitute (i) full, final and absolute settlement of all rights of the

holders of all Claims; and (ii) an absolute release and discharge of all indebtedness, liabilities and obligations of the Applicant, any Director, and any Agent in respect of any Claim.

From and after the Plan Implementation Date, no Creditor shall have any right to assert any claim against the Applicant, the Directors, the Monitor, or any Agent based, without limitation, on an assertion of a beneficial interest, ownership interest, trust interest, or any other proprietary interest against the Applicant or in any of its assets (including the Policies, the Premium Reserves and any Death Benefit Maturity Funds).

Further, on the Plan Implementation Date, all Creditors release and shall be deemed to release the Applicant, the Directors, the Monitor, and all Agents, of and from all obligations, liabilities, claims and causes of action, as set out more fully in Section 7.4 of this Plan.

4.14 Events of Default

If in the Monitor's opinion, acting reasonably, the Applicant has defaulted in the performance of this Plan, the Monitor shall promptly provide written notice to the Applicant of such default. If within thirty (30) days of written notice of default the Applicant has not remedied the default identified by the Monitor, and if the Monitor has not withdrawn its written notice of default, then the Monitor shall apply to the Court for such directions or Orders as it deems appropriate in the circumstances. As provided in Section 7.8 of this Plan, the Applicant and the Monitor may also, at any time, seek directions from the Court. If the urgency of the default is such that the Monitor, acting reasonably, cannot give the notice required herein, then the Monitor may apply to the Court for directions, on such notice as the Court may direct.

ARTICLE 5 MONITOR'S ROLE AND OTHER MATTERS

5.1 Monitor's Role

In addition to any role that it may have under any Order, the Monitor shall supervise this Plan and monitor the Applicant's compliance with this Plan. The Monitor shall have access to the Applicant's books and records for the purposes of such supervision and monitoring, but shall not assume management or control of the Applicant or its business. The Applicant shall at the Monitor's request compile and make commercially reasonable efforts to obtain information relating to verifications of coverage of Policies, annual reports from insurance companies, tracking reports of maturities, Premium illustrations, correspondence with insurance companies, Unaffected Claims, due diligence of Policy portfolio for purposes of the Sale Process, and previously transferred Policies, and shall provide all such information to the Monitor at the Monitor's request. The Monitor may report to the Court and/or Creditors and seek directions from the Court from time to time as to the status of the Plan, the Monitored Trust Account, the Reserve for Costs, Borrowings, or any other matter.

5.2 Protections relating to the Monitor

Ernst & Young Inc. is acting as Monitor in the CCAA Proceedings with respect to the Applicant and not in its personal or corporate capacity and will not be responsible or liable for any obligations of the Applicant. The Monitor shall be entitled to rely on information provided by the Applicant, subject only to the Monitor's review of such information for reasonableness. Ernst & Young Inc. in its capacity as Monitor will have the powers and protections granted to it by this Plan, the CCAA, the Initial Order, the Meeting Order, the Sanction Order and any other Order. When in the Monitor's view (i) all or substantially all of the obligations under the Plan have been performed, or (ii) a material adverse change with respect to the Plan has occurred, it may apply to the Court for directions with respect to the performance of any remaining obligations under the Plan or any other matter, and may seek its discharge as Monitor.

5.3 Role of Mills

As the United States of America service agent for the Policies on behalf of the Applicant, Mills will continue to service 138 of the 155 open Policies for the Applicant. Mills will execute a declaration of trust pursuant to the terms of the Plan. Pursuant to direction from the Applicant, Mills will perform limited policy administration services, including the payment of Premiums and Premium Reserves and the collection of death benefits. Further, Mills will correspond with insurance companies as required and directed by the Applicant, and assist the Applicant in managing any issues which arise with respect to Policies. For its services, Mills will charge a transaction based fee. Mills fee will not be paid from the Administrative Fee set out in Schedule A to this Plan.

5.4 Risks related to the Plan

The implementation and funding of the Plan is subject to a number of risks, which include without limitation:

- (a) it may take significantly longer than anticipated for Policies to mature, resulting in additional costs incurred by the Monitored Trust Account to pay the Premiums and Costs necessary to maintain the Policies;
- (b) if funds are not available (in the Reserve for Costs, or by way of Borrowings) to pay Premiums at any time, Policies may lapse;
- (c) if there is a dispute with the insurance company issuing any of the Policies, payment of Insurance Proceeds with respect to such Policies may be delayed or may not be received;
- (d) if the insured Person under any Policy cannot be located by the Applicant, or if a death certificate for that Person cannot be obtained on maturity of the Policy, the death benefit payable under the Policy may be delayed or may not be received;

- (e) certain Policies do not record the Applicant as the owner of such Policies, and such Policies could in some circumstances be revoked by the Person recorded as the owner of such Policies;
- (f) certain Policies are term life insurance policies, and may not be convertible to whole life policies, or may be subject to renewal at higher premiums;
- (g) the insolvency of any life insurance company would jeopardize the Policies insured by that insurer;
- (h) the Applicant's ability to retain its operations and perform the services outlined in Schedule A may in the future be adversely affected by changes in its business environment, by staff departures, or by other factors affecting its business, including without limitation any claims against it in the Actions.

5.5 Unpaid or Unclaimed Distributions

It is the Creditor's responsibility to ensure that the Creditor's current address is provided to the Applicant and the Monitor, and to advise the Applicant and the Monitor in writing if that address changes.

If the Monitor does not have the correct address for any Creditor entitled to a Distribution pursuant to this Plan, then such Distribution to that Creditor shall not be paid, and the amount of such Distribution shall remain in the applicable Pool. If such Creditor later provides a current address, the Distribution shall then be paid to the Creditor, without interest. Nothing contained in this Plan shall require the Applicant or the Monitor to locate such Creditor.

If prior to the time of the final payment of Distributions to Creditors from any Pool (i) any prior Distribution has not been paid to a Creditor, (ii) any cheque with respect to a prior Distribution has not been cashed, or (iii) the Monitor does not have any Creditor's then-current address for payment of any Distribution, then the Monitor shall deal with such Distributions ("**Undistributed Distributions**") in the manner then required by the CCAA, or as the Court may direct.

5.6 Effect of Sanction Order

The Applicant will seek a Sanction Order that will, in addition to sanctioning the Plan, and without limitation to any other terms that it may contain:

- (a) declare that the compromises effected hereby are approved, binding and effective as herein set out upon all Creditors;
- (b) approve all steps and transactions contemplated by the Plan, including, without limitation, those taken in connection with the completion of the restructuring;

- (c) stay any and all steps or proceedings commenced, taken or proceeded with or that may be commenced, taken or proceeded with against any or all Directors or Agents in respect of any Claim compromised or released hereby; and
- (d) be in form and substance satisfactory to the Applicant and to the Monitor, acting reasonably.

ARTICLE 6

CONDITIONS PRECEDENT

6.1 Application for Sanction Order

The Applicant will apply to the Court for the Sanction Order within 10 days following the date upon which Creditor Approval is obtained. On the Plan Implementation Date, subject to the satisfaction or waiver of the conditions contained in section 6.2, the Plan shall be implemented by the Applicant and shall be binding upon all Creditors and all other Persons affected by the provisions of this Plan.

6.2 Conditions Precedent to the Implementation of the Plan

The implementation of this Plan will be conditional on the satisfaction of the following conditions:

- (a) *Creditor Approval* - The Plan has been approved pursuant to the CCAA by each Class of Creditors;
- (b) *Approval* - The Applicant shall have taken all corporate actions and proceedings which, in their reasonable opinion, are necessary to approve this Plan, and to enable them to execute, deliver and perform their obligations under this Plan;
- (c) *Sanction Order* - The Sanction Order has been issued by the Court on or before June 22, 2009, or such later date as the Applicant and the Monitor deems reasonable, and any other order deemed necessary or desirable by the Applicant or the Monitor has been obtained;
- (d) *Payment of Unaffected Claims* - all of the Unaffected Claims accrued to the Plan Implementation Date shall have been paid, or provision for payment of the Unaffected Claims shall have been made (in the opinion of both the Applicant and the Monitor, each acting reasonably);
- (e) *Declaration of Trust* - the Applicant shall have delivered to the Monitor a declaration of trust, wherein the Applicant declares that effective on the Plan Implementation Date the Applicant holds all Policies and all funds deposited into the Monitored Trust Account in trust for the beneficiaries of this Plan, and that the Policies and Insurance Proceeds and all other funds held in the Monitored Trust Account shall be dealt with only in the manner provided for in this Plan;

- (f) *Deliveries of Instruments* – The Applicant shall have executed and delivered all such other agreements, indentures, documents and other instruments which, in its opinion, and the Monitor’s opinion, acting reasonably, are necessary to be executed and delivered by the Applicant in order to implement the Plan and perform its obligations hereunder;
- (g) *Directions and declarations of trust, generally* – all directions and declarations of trust to be delivered pursuant to this Plan shall have been delivered in a form satisfactory to the Applicant and the Monitor, each acting reasonably; and
- (h) *Deliveries of Documents* - all relevant Persons have executed, delivered and filed all documents and other instruments that, in the opinion of the Applicant and the Monitor, acting reasonably, are necessary to implement the provisions of the Plan or the Sanction Order.

ARTICLE 7 GENERAL

7.1 **Binding Effect**

At the Effective Time on the Plan Implementation Date, the Plan will become effective and be binding on and enure to the benefit of the Applicant, the Creditors and all other Persons named or referred to in, or subject to, this Plan and their respective heirs, executors, administrators and other legal representatives, successors and assigns.

7.2 **Amendments**

- (a) The Applicant reserves the right, at any time and from time to time, to amend modify and/or supplement this Plan, provided that any such amendment, modification or supplement must be contained in a written document which is filed with the Court and (i) if made prior to any meeting of Creditors called for the purpose of considering and voting in respect of the Plan pursuant to the CCAA, communicated to the Creditors in the manner deemed appropriate by the Monitor; and (ii) if made following such meeting, approved by the Court following notice to the Creditors affected thereby.
- (b) Any amendment, modification or supplement may be made by the Applicant following the Sanction Order, with the consent of the Monitor, provided that it concerns a matter which, in the opinion of the Applicant, acting reasonably, is of an administrative nature required to better give effect to the implementation of the Plan and to the Sanction Order and is not adverse to the financial or economic interests of the Creditors.
- (c) Any supplementary plan or plans of compromise or arrangement filed with the Court and, if required by this Section, approved by the Court, shall, for all purposes, be and be deemed to be a part of and incorporate into this Plan.

7.3 Termination

At any time prior to the Plan Implementation Date, the Applicant may determine not to proceed with this Plan, notwithstanding any prior approvals given at any Meeting or the obtaining of the Sanction Order.

7.4 Releases

Other than in respect of Unaffected Claims and obligations under the Plan, as at the Effective Time, each Creditor will be deemed to forever release, waive and discharge all Claims, obligations, suits, judgments, damages, demands, debts, rights, causes of action and liabilities (including any claim of a beneficial interest, ownership interest, trust interest, or any other proprietary interest against the Applicant or in any of its assets, including the Policies and the Premium Reserves), in each case whether liquidated or unliquidated, fixed or contingent, matured or unmatured, known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, then existing or thereafter arising, in law, equity or otherwise that are based in whole or in part on any act, omission, transaction, event or other occurrence taking place on or prior to the Valuation Date in any way relating to the Applicant, the CCAA Proceedings or this Plan against: (i) the Applicant; (ii) the Directors and those Persons who were employees of the Applicant as of the Valuation Date or thereafter; (iii) Persons who may claim contribution or indemnification against or from the Applicant; (iv) Agents, (v) the Monitor, and (vi) the legal counsel and other professional advisors to the Applicant or the Monitor, provided that nothing herein will release or discharge (A) directors or officers of the Applicant in respect of any claim referred to in paragraph 5.1(2) of the CCAA, or (B) any claims made in the Actions against the Applicant.

7.5 Consents, Waivers and Agreements

At the Effective Time, each Creditor shall be deemed to have consented and agreed to all of the provisions of this Plan, as an entirety. Without limitation to the foregoing, each Creditor will be deemed:

- (a) to have executed and delivered to the Applicant all consents, assignments, releases and waivers, statutory or otherwise, required to implement and carry out this Plan as an entirety;
- (b) to have waived any default by or rescinded any demand for payment against the Applicant that has occurred on or prior to the Plan Implementation Date pursuant to, based on or as a result of any provision, express or implied, in any agreement or other arrangement, written or oral, existing between such Creditor and such Applicant with respect to a Claim; and
- (c) to have agreed that, if there is any conflict between the provisions, express or implied, of any agreement or other arrangement, written or oral, existing between such Creditor and the Applicant with respect to a Claim as at the Plan Implementation Date and the provisions of this Plan, then the provisions of this Plan take precedence and priority and the provisions of such agreement or other arrangement are amended accordingly.

7.6 Severability of Plan Provisions

If, prior to the Effective Time, any provision of this Plan is held by the Court to be invalid, void or unenforceable, the Court, at the request of the Monitor may alter such provision to make it valid or enforceable to the maximum extent practicable, consistent with the original purpose of such provision, and such provision will then be applicable as altered and the remainder of the provisions of this Plan will remain in full force and effect and will in no way be invalidated by such alteration.

7.7 Governing Law

This Plan will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the Province of Ontario and the federal laws of Canada applicable therein. All questions as to the interpretation of or application of this Plan and all proceedings taken in connection with this Plan and its provisions shall be subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the Court.

The Applicant agrees to execute and deliver, on or after the Effective Time, all such agreements, instruments and documents and to take all further actions as may be reasonably necessary from time to time to carry out the intent and purposes of this Plan.

7.8 Directions

The Applicant or the Monitor may at any time, and with such notice as the Court may require, seek directions from the Court with respect to this Plan and the provisions hereof, including the Schedules.

7.9 Notices

Any notice or other communication to be delivered or filed hereunder must be in writing and reference this Plan and may, subject as hereinafter provided, be made or given by personal delivery, courier, registered mail, electronic mail or by facsimile addressed to the respective parties as follows:

- (a) if to the Monitor:

Ernst & Young Inc.
Court-appointed Monitor of Universal Settlements International Inc.
222 Bay Street, Suite 1600
Toronto, Ontario M5K 1J7
Canada

Attention: Brian Denega
Fax No.: (416) 943-3300
Email: universal.settlements@ca.ey.com

- (b) if to a Creditor:

to the last known address (including facsimile number) for such Creditor, or to such address specified in an Acknowledgement of Claim or Request for Amendment (each as defined in the Claims Procedure Order) or a Proof of Claim relating to such Creditor, or as such Creditor has otherwise specified in writing to the Monitor.

- (c) if to the Applicant:

Universal Settlements International Inc.
5500 North Service Road
Burlington, Ontario
Canada L7L 6W6

Attention: Jeff Panos, President
Fax No.: (905) 331-6011
Email: jpanos@universalsettlements.com

with a copy to:

Rueter Scargall Bennett LLP
Brookfield Place
161 Bay Street, Ste 4220
Box 226
Toronto, Ontario M5J 2S1 Canada

Attention: Randy Bennett
Fax No.: (416) 869-3411
Email: randy.bennett@rslawyers.com

with a copy to:

Ogilvy Renault LLP / S.E.N.C.R.L., s.r.l.
Suite 3800, P.O. Box 84
Royal Bank Plaza, South Tower
200 Bay Street
Toronto, Ontario M5J 2Z4 Canada

Attention: William McNamara
Fax No.: (416) 216-3930
Email: wmcnamara@ogilvyrenault.com

or to such other address as any party may from time to time notify the others in accordance with this Section. All such communications that are delivered will be deemed to have been received on the day of delivery. All such communications that are sent by facsimile or

electronic mail will be deemed to be received on the day sent if sent before 5:00 p.m. on a Business Day and otherwise will be deemed to be received on the Business Day next following the day upon which such facsimile or electronic mail was sent. Any notice or other communication sent by registered mail will be deemed to have been received on the third day after the date of mailing.

SCHEDULE A
(administrative services to be provided)

In consideration of the payment of the Administrative Fee of CDN \$100,000 per month, the Applicant (with the assistance of Mills) shall provide the following services relating to the administration of the Policies and to the discharge by the Applicant of its duties under the Plan:

The Applicant will continue to do the following:

- 1. Premium management and funding**
 - Premium payments.
 - monthly Premium reports.
 - Premium payment optimization. Modifying the Premiums needed on a regular basis so as to minimize the Premiums needed to maintain Policies in good standing as new data is received.
- 2. Performing cash-value analyses and borrowing against or from Policies, where permitted by the Plan and for the purposes specified therein**
- 3. Active management of cash surrender values on Policies**
- 4. Insured tracking**
 - Monitoring the status of each insured person within the portfolio.
 - Maintain direct personal contact with each insured person quarterly.
- 5. Group policy and Premium waiver management**
- 6. Processing death claims as policy maturities occur, utilizing where possible the Applicant's relationships with insurers to facilitate the processing and collection of death benefits**
- 7. Investor communications and information updates**
 - Collection of verifications of coverage annually and other information and documents from insurance companies as required.
 - Collection of updated medical information and life expectancy reports as requested by the Monitor.
 - Maintain, update and enhance Policy databases and related spreadsheets.
 - Database updates and administrative processing of investor requests such as collateral assignments, beneficiary changes etc.
 - Continuing to liaise with all Purchasers to ensure that everybody understands processes.
 -
- 8. Maintaining web access for investors to view documents online.**
 - Maintain Purchaser communication tools like website and corporate updates.
- 9. Provide written reports to Purchasers as requested.**

- 10. Customer support for Purchasers' telephone, fax or email inquiries, on Business Days during normal business hours.**
- 11. Daily cash-flow reconciliations and reports.**
- 12. Regular reporting to Monitor and Purchasers as mandated by the Court.**
- 13. Ensuring regulatory compliance with respect to the Policies.**

In the event that the Applicant defaults in the performance of these services for any reason, the Monitor shall be entitled to take the steps outlined in Section 4.14 of the Plan or, if the urgency of the default is such that the Monitor, acting reasonably, cannot give the notice required by Section 4.14 of the Plan, then the Monitor may apply to the Court for directions, on such notice as the Court may direct.

SCHEDULE B
(Methodology for payment of Distributions from the ROI Pool)

The monies in the ROI Pool shall be paid by the Monitor in the following order and in accordance with the following terms:

FIRSTLY, if monies are available in the ROI Pool after the payment of one hundred percent (100%) of Purchasers' Original Investments, then the Monitor shall pay Distributions to each Purchaser based on each Purchaser's proportionate entitlement, calculated in accordance with the following formula:

2009 minus the year in which the Original Investment was made by the Purchaser;

add one (1);

multiply by the amount of the Original Investment made by the Purchaser;

the product will then represent each Purchaser's proportionate entitlement to Distributions from the monies available in the ROI Pool.

FOR EXAMPLE:

Purchaser A invested \$100,000 in 2001, and Purchaser B invested \$100,000 in 2005. Their respective proportionate entitlements would be:

Purchaser A – 2009 minus 2001 equals 8, plus 1 equals 9, multiplied by \$100,000 equals 900,000 'units' for the purposes of calculating sharing of the monies available in the ROI Pool

Purchaser B – 2009 minus 2005 equals 4, plus 1 equals 5, multiplied by \$100,000 equals 500,000 'units' for the purposes of calculating sharing of the monies available in the ROI Pool

Such Distributions shall continue until Purchasers in aggregate are paid one hundred and ten percent (110%) of their Original Investments.

SECONDLY, the Monitor shall pay the next U.S. \$1,000,000 to the Applicant as a success fee.

THIRDLY, any monies remaining in the ROI Pool shall be distributed (i) seventy-five percent (75%) to the Purchasers, in accordance with the above formula, and (ii) twenty-five percent (25%) to the Applicant.

Appendix “B”

Appendix "B"
Prepared By USI

UNIVERSAL SETTLEMENTS INTERNATIONAL INC.

Monitored Trust Account Cash Flow

From July 21, 2009 to September 30, 2010

(approximately fourteen months)

(\$ Canadian)

Opening cash balance:

Transfers from Premium Reserve account	2,952,296
Transfers from Maturities Account	7,007,999
Total Opening Cash Balance	9,960,295

Receipts

Policy Maturities	10,243,191
Other	1,677,723
Total Receipts	11,920,914

Disbursements

Policy Portfolio Expenses:

Premium Payments	7,884,638
Administrative Fees	1,528,552
Mills, Potozcak Fees	67,986
Total Policy Portfolio Expenses	9,481,176

Restructuring Expenses

Unaffected Claims	782,378
Monitor's fees and disbursements	373,509
Legal fees and disbursements:	
Ogilvy Renault LLP	80,684
Rueter Scargall Bennett LLP	59,009
Blake, Cassels and Graydon LLP	43,453
Total Restructuring Expenses	1,339,032

Other Expenses:

Litigation Contribution	518,071
Bank Charges	820
Total Other Expenses	518,890

Total Disbursements	11,339,099
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Receipts over Disbursements	581,815
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Foreign exchange gain/(loss)	8,425
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Ending cash balance, September 30, 2010	10,550,535
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Notes:

All cash balances are recorded by USI on a book basis.

A foreign exchange rate of USD/CAD 0.95 was assumed.

The foreign exchange gain/loss is the difference between transfers throughout the Reporting Period at the actual floating rate and the exchange rate assumed in the cash flow.

Appendix “C”

APPENDIX "C"
PREPARED BY USI

UNIVERSAL SETTLEMENTS INTERNATIONAL INC.
Comparison of Cash Flow in the Monitored Trust Account to the Financial Model
From July 21, 2009 to September 30, 2010
(approximately fourteen months)

(\$ Canadian)

	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Forecast</u>	<u>Variance</u>
<u>Opening cash balance:</u>			
Transfers from Premium Reserve account	2,952,296	2,952,296	0
Transfers from Maturities Account	7,007,999	7,007,999	0
Total Opening Cash Balance	9,960,295	9,960,295	0
<u>Receipts</u>			
Policy Maturities	10,243,191	33,960,766	(23,717,575)
Other	1,677,723	1,353,161	324,562
Total Receipts	11,920,914	35,313,927	(23,393,013)
<u>Disbursements</u>			
<u>Policy Portfolio Expenses:</u>			
Premium Payments	7,884,638	8,042,105	(157,467)
Administrative Fees	1,528,552	1,528,552	0
Mills, Potozcek Fees	67,986	84,776	(16,790)
Total Policy Portfolio Expenses	9,481,176	9,655,433	(174,257)
<u>Restructuring Expenses</u>			
Unaffected Claims	782,378	779,276	3,102
Monitor's fees and disbursements	373,509	523,334	(149,825)
Legal fees and disbursements:			
Ogilvy Renault LLP	80,684	126,238	(45,554)
Rueter Scargall Bennett LLP	59,009	127,515	(68,506)
Blake, Cassels and Graydon LLP	43,453	74,903	(31,450)
Total Restructuring Expenses	1,339,032	1,631,266	(292,234)
<u>Other Expenses:</u>			
Litigation Contribution	518,071	324,902	193,169
Bank Charges	820	2,264	(1,444)
Total Other Expenses	518,890	327,166	191,724
Total Disbursements	11,339,099	11,613,865	(274,766)
Receipts less Disbursements	581,815	23,700,062	(23,118,247)
Foreign exchange gain/(loss)	8,425	0	8,425
Ending cash balance, September 30, 2010	10,550,535	33,660,357	(23,109,822)

Notes:

All cash balances are recorded by USI on a book basis.

A foreign exchange rate of USD/CAD 0.95 was assumed.

The foreign exchange gain/loss is the difference between transfers throughout the Reporting Period at the actual floating rate and the exchange rate assumed in the cash flow.

Appendix “D”

APPENDIX "D"
Prepared by USI

UNIVERSAL SETTLEMENTS INTERNATIONAL INC.

Financial Forecast

From October 1, 2010 to September 30, 2012

(\$ Canadian)

	<u>Forecast</u> <u>With Maturities</u>	<u>Forecast</u> <u>Without Maturities</u>
Opening Cash Balance, October 1, 2010	10,550,535	10,550,535
<u>Receipts</u>		
Policy Maturities	104,101,788	-
Other	833,366	833,366
Total Receipts	104,935,154	833,366
<u>Disbursements</u>		
<u>Policy Portfolio Expenses:</u>		
Premium Payments	11,793,007	13,638,269
Administrative Fees	2,400,000	2,400,000
Mills, Potozack Fees	108,421	108,421
Total Policy Portfolio Expenses	14,301,428	16,146,690
<u>Restructuring Expenses</u>		
Monitor's fees and disbursements	384,000	384,000
Legal fees and disbursements:		
Ogilvy Renault LLP	108,000	108,000
Rueter Scargall Bennett LLP	34,500	34,500
Blake, Cassels and Graydon LLP	92,000	92,000
Total Restructuring Expenses	618,500	618,500
<u>Other Expenses:</u>		
Bank Charges and Other Expenses	4,482	4,482
Total Other Expenses	4,482	4,482
Total Disbursements	14,924,410	16,769,672
Receipts less Disbursements	90,010,745	(15,936,306)
Ending cash balance, September 30, 2012	100,561,280	(5,385,771)

Notes:

All cash balances are recorded by USI on a book basis.

A foreign exchange rate of USD/CAD 0.95 was assumed.

Appendix “E”

IN THE MATTER OF AN ARBITRATION

BETWEEN:

**UNIVERSAL SETTLEMENTS INTERNATIONAL INC.,
THE BROKERWISE GROUP INC. and 1508211 ONTARIO INC.**

Claimants

- and -

ANTONIO DUSCIO and MARTINA CAPITAL CORPORATION

Respondents

FINAL AWARD

1. Universal Settlements International Inc. ("Universal") is an Ontario corporation which carried on business as a financial services company in the life settlement industry.
2. As of late 2006, the shareholders of Universal were the Brokerwise Group Inc. ("Brokerwise"), 1508211 Ontario Inc. ("1508211") and Martina Capital Corporation ("Martina"). Each held an equal number of shares in Universal. The relationship was governed by an Unanimous Shareholders Agreement dated April 5, 2002 ("USA")
3. The sole shareholder of Brokerwise was Geoffrey Panos ("Panos") and of 1508211, Christopher Halas ("Halas").
4. The shareholders of Martina were the Respondent, Antonio Duscio ("Duscio") and his wife Leanne.
5. Prior to November 2006, while Panos and Halas performed services for Universal, Duscio had the sole signing authority for Universal and was in charge of the day-to-day operations.
6. In a meeting on November 28, 2006, Panos and Halas confronted Duscio with their suspicion that he had used his corporate authority to misappropriate funds of Universal in order to buy property in the township of Puslinch which he registered in the name of his wife, Leanne Duscio. This was followed by a shareholders meeting that date where a resolution was passed removing Duscio as an officer of Universal and terminating his sole signing authority.

7. On November 30, 2006, Martina exercised the shotgun provisions contained in the USA by offering to purchase the shares of Brokerwise and 1508211 for \$1 million each or to sell its shares for \$1 million.

8. This led to a Statement of Claim being issued in the Ontario Superior Court of Justice on December 6, 2006 by Brokerwise and 1508211 against Duscio for oppression and other relief. By Order of the Court dated December 19, 2006, the issues regarding the buy sell provisions in the USA and the ancillary relief were stayed and ordered to be determined by arbitration as provided in the USA.

9. Pursuant to this Order, an Arbitration Agreement was entered into dated January 10, 2007 under which I was appointed as arbitrator.

10. Pursuant thereto, in January 2007, a motion for a number of interim orders was brought which led to an Interim Award dated the 16th day of January, 2007 being issued.

11. In the Interim Award, it was held that Duscio had *prima facie* acted in breach of the fiduciary duties which he owed both to Universal and to the other shareholders and in so doing had acted oppressively.

12. In addition, it was determined, having regard to the conduct of Duscio, that the Claimants would have an extended time under the buy sell provisions of the USA to determine if they would be buyers or sellers, the reasons for which are set out in that Interim Award.

13. Article 16.4 of the USA provides that if the vendor, and its principal, owe money to Universal, the purchaser of the shares may satisfy that indebtedness by paying it to Universal and deducting it from the purchase price. The material on the motion disclosed that Martina and Duscio, by reason of the breach of fiduciary duties to Universal, owed money to Universal. However, the details of the amount of money owed to Universal was not known due to the fact that the extent of Duscio's improper conduct was not known at the time. Accordingly, it was held that if the Claimants were purchasers of the shares of Martina the purchase price could be paid into an escrow account in order that there would be funds to satisfy such indebtedness when the details were established. After the Claimants became purchasers, an escrow agreement for this purpose was entered into by the parties governing the operation of the escrow account.

14. Towards the end of 2007, the Respondents made application for payment out of the Escrow Fund on the basis of financial need. Based on the material filed by the Respondents, I found that they had satisfied the test set out in Waxman for the payment out of funds. The result was that a total of \$290,000 was paid out of the Escrow Fund by Orders dated November 16, 2007 and March 20, 2008.

15. Shortly after the second order permitting payment out on March 20, 2008, the Claimants brought a motion to require the Respondents repay the \$290,000 based on allegations that the evidence filed by the Respondents in support of the Orders for payment out was not factual. The motion was vigorously contested by the Respondents and it was not until late 2008 that the motion was argued. On December 16, 2008, I issued an Order that the Respondents repay the \$290,000 to the escrow account based on a finding that there had not been full disclosure by the Respondents in the material filed in support of the motion.

16. Between the time of the filing of the Notice of Motion for the return of the funds to the escrow account and the decision dated December 16, 2008 both Respondents voluntarily took proceedings that resulted in their entering into bankruptcy. In each bankruptcy, the Claimants made application to have the automatic stay of proceeding lifted so that notwithstanding the bankruptcies this Arbitration proceeding continued.

17. On the motion for repayment to the escrow fund, costs were not ordered until almost a year later in a decision dated December 1, 2009 the Respondents were directed to pay to the Claimants costs in the amount of \$299,989.96 plus interest.

18. This was followed by a Notice of Motion dated January 28, 2010 wherein the Claimants sought an Order pursuant to Rules 60.12 and 90.01(2) of the *Rules of Civil Procedure*. Under the Arbitration Agreement the *Rules of Civil Procedure* apply to this Arbitration.

19. Pursuant to Rules 60.12 the Claimants requested that the Statement of Defence of the Respondents be struck for failing to comply with the interlocutory Orders dated December 16, 2008 and December 1, 2009. In a decision dated the 16th of March 2010 I exercised my discretion under Rule 60.12 and ordered the Respondents' Statement of Defence be struck for failure to comply with the two interlocutory Orders. Further I directed that in having made the Order under Rule 60.12 that an order also should issue under Rule 19.01(2) noting the Respondents in default.

20. As a result of the Order of January 28, 2010 the Claimants brought a motion for judgment. In doing so, the Claimants relied on Rule 19.02(1) which provides that a defendant who has been noted in default is deemed to admit the truth of allegations of fact made in the Statement of Claim. In addition to the deemed admissions, Panos and Halas gave evidence which was supported by extensive documentation which satisfied any requirements of Rule 19.06. In addition, Edward White of White & Associates Inc., the trustee in bankruptcy of Martina was called to give evidence. He was questioned as to whether or not any claim was being made by him as trustee of the funds in the escrow account as those funds represented the purchase money for the shares of Universal subject to the provisions in my Order of January 17, 2007. His evidence was that he considered the funds in the escrow account as trust money to the extent that it is required to pay the indebtedness of Martina to Universal. He testified that as trustee he had no interest in the escrow fund unless I directed that some part of it was payable to Martina.

21. The evidence of Panos and Halas together with the documentation that was exhibited on the motion for judgment clearly established that Duscio, together at times with Martina, had abused his fiduciary duty to Universal and thereby fraudulently converted money from Universal.

22. There was evidence that Duscio and Martina had used this money in connection with a commercial property on Queen Street in Kitchener now registered in the name of Martina, a residential property in Kitchener and a property in Puslinch on which a very luxurious matrimonial home was being constructed in which Duscio and his wife, Leanne, currently reside. There can be no issue that much of the money that Duscio fraudulently converted from Universal

was used in connection with these properties both to acquire them and to make improvements. In addition, Duscio wrongly diverted some of these funds to various family members.

23. The Amended Fresh as Amended Claim is very detailed in its allegations concerning the fraudulent conduct of Duscio and the damages that Universal has suffered by reason thereof, all of which are deemed to be admitted by reason of the Statement of Defence having been struck.

24. In addition to the damages Universal seeks, it also asks that certain declarations be granted, and Orders made permitting the tracing of funds and that constructive trusts be granted over the misappropriated funds.

25. In that I am satisfied that the test for a constructive trust set out in *Korkontzilas et al. v Soulos*, [1997] 2 S.C.R. 217 has been met, I am granting the relief requested in paragraphs 103 and 104 in the Amended Fresh as Amended Claim. There, the Claimants request a constructive trust over the misappropriated funds in favour of Universal and the entitlement of Universal to trace the misappropriated funds into the Respondents' assets, properties and interest. In addition, Universal is granted an equitable tracing order to recover all assets now or previously in the possession of the Respondents acquired directly or indirectly with the misappropriated funds.

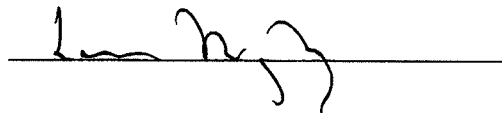
26. To the extent the Respondents used the misappropriated funds in connection with the three properties described in paragraph 1(h) of the Amended Fresh as Amended Claim set out in Schedule A hereto, I direct that the Claimants have constructive trusts upon the said properties and that the Respondents are refrained from transferring, encumbering, mortgaging or otherwise dealing with the properties either directly or indirectly.

27. As far as the damages suffered by Universal by reason of the fraudulent misappropriation, I award such damages to Universal against the Respondents in the amount of \$5,511,160.85 together with pre-judgment interest of \$673,343.06 for a total of \$6,184,506.91 as set out in Schedule B to the Amended Fresh as Amended Claim.

28. Pursuant to the Escrow Agreement, I direct the trustee under the escrow agreement to pay the entire amount currently in the escrow fund to Universal in that any monies owing by Duscio and Martina to Universal far exceed any amount in the said escrow account.

29. In addition, the Claimants shall have costs against the Respondents on a substantial indemnity basis. Such costs to be assessed by me within 30 days unless otherwise directed.

Dated 23 of August, 2010.



IN THE MATTER OF AN ARBITRATION

B E T W E E N:

**UNIVERSAL SETTLEMENTS INTERNATIONAL INC.,
THE BROKERWISE GROUP INC. and 1508211 ONTARIO INC.**

Claimants

- and -

ANTONIO DUSCIO and MARTINA CAPITAL CORPORATION

Respondents

SCHEDULE "A" TO THE FINAL AWARD

- (i) the lands and premises municipally known as 6671 Concession 1, Township of Puslinch with Parcel Identifier Number ("PIN") 71206-0045 (LT) at Land Registry Office no. 61 (the "Future Residence") and legally described as:

PT Lot 8
Concession GORE
Township of PUSLINCH, AS IN R0S400507
TOWNSHIP OF PUSLINCH

- (ii) the lands and premises municipally known as 16-20 Queen Street North, Kitchener, Ontario, N2H 2G8 with PIN 22316-0065 (LT) at Land Registry Office no. 58 (the "Kitchener Office") and legally described as:

PT PT Lots 2 & 7 W/S Queen St & S/S Weber St
PL 401 Kitchener;
PT LT 8 PL 396 KITCHENER PT 2 & 3, 58R2923,
S/T & T/W 1384744;
KITCHENER

- (iii) the lands and premises municipally known as 50 Coral Crescent, Kitchener, Ontario with PIN 22487-0186 (LT) at Land Registry Office no. 58 (the "Duscio Residence") and legally described as:

LT 6 PL 1063 KITCHENER
KITCHENER

IN THE MATTER OF AN ARBITRATION

BETWEEN:

**UNIVERSAL SETTLEMENTS INTERNATIONAL INC.,
THE BROKERWISE GROUP INC. and 1508211 ONTARIO INC.**

Claimants

- and -

ANTONIO DUSCIO and MARTINA CAPITAL CORPORATION

Respondents

SCHEDULE "B" TO THE FINAL AWARD

Statement of Claim	Nature of Claim	Amount of Claim (C\$)	Amount of Claim (US\$)
Paras. 15, 16	Transfer of funds from Trustee (Deutschmann & Kelly) to Jameson International Foreign Exchange Corporation ("Jameson") and from Jameson to Voisin Lubczuk	\$351,780.00	
Paras. 17, 18	Transfer of Policy EJ-367 (Elizabeth Jampol) from USI to Martina (without payment to USI for the purchase price of the Policy)		\$290,000.00
Para. 20(b)	Payment of death benefits on Policy JS-323 to parents		\$569,500.00
Para. 20(j)	Misappropriation of Van Deusen Policy funds from Austrian trust account		\$103,025.20

Statement of Claim	Nature of Claim	Amount of Claim (C\$)	Amount of Claim (US\$)
Paras. 21 – 26(c)	"Kickback" from proceeds intended for the purchase by USI of the TPI Portfolio		\$1,000,000.00
Paras. 44 – 53	Excessive commissions paid as a result of arrangements entered into with Phoenix Rising Enterprises LLC		\$404,412.00
Paras. 44 – 53	Misappropriation of funds received re investment in Phoenix Rising		\$88,958.00
Paras. 54 – 59	Misappropriation of proceeds from Tilton Policy		\$1,500,000.00
Para. 20(a)	Unauthorized payment of policy benefits to relative (Policy CE 302)		\$9,774.80
Para. 20(c)	Unauthorized payment of policy benefits to relative (Policy HC 261)		\$4,014.22
Para. 20(d)	Unauthorized payment of policy benefits to self (Policy DP 284)		\$2,180.00
Para. 20(e)	Unauthorized payment of policy benefits to self (Policy MB 320)		\$65,105.87
Para. 20(f)	Unauthorized payment of policy benefits to relative (Policy TS 281)		\$1,376.83
Para. 20(g)	Unauthorized payment of policy benefits to self (Policy FK 357)		\$515,528.43
Para. 20(h)	Unauthorized payment of policy benefits to self (Policy SP 403)		\$25,000.00

Statement of Claim	Nature of Claim	Amount of Claim (C\$)	Amount of Claim (US\$)
Para. 20(i)	Unauthorized payment of policy benefits to self (Policy HM 429)		\$42,506.24
Para. 33	Unauthorized payments to relatives		\$10,000.00
Para. 34	Unauthorized payments to self		\$28,775.58
Para. 35	Payment to Synergy Acceptance Corporation		\$100,000.00
Para. 37	Payments to Duscio via Custom House Ltd.	\$130,000.00	
Para. 38	Unauthorized payment of personal expenses (cellular phone, home telephone, gas)	\$37,153.35	
Para. 39	Unauthorized payment of personal expenses (automobile)	\$2,155.00	
	Subtotal	\$521,088.35	\$4,760,157.17
	Total US Claim in Can\$ ¹	\$4,990,072.50	
	Total Claim (Can)	\$5,511,160.85	
	Pre-Judgment Interest ²	\$673,343.06	

¹ Exchange rate of 1.048300 as of August 19, 2010

² Pre-judgment interest is calculated at a rate of 4.5% from December 6, 2007 to August 23, 2010 with a per diem amount of \$679.46.

Appendix “F”

**UNIVERSAL SETTLEMENTS INTERNATIONAL INC.
UNAUDITED INTERIM BALANCE SHEET
SEPTEMBER 30, 2008**

VALENZANO & PILLO LLP
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

VALENZANO & PILLO LLP

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

JOSEPH VALENZANO, BCOMM., C.A.
JOSEPH PILLO, B.A., BADMIN., C.A.

260 EDGELEY BLVD., UNIT 125
CONCORD, ONTARIO L4K 3Y2
TELEPHONE: (905) 261-9206
FAX: (905) 261-9801

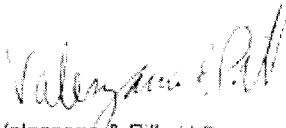
NOTICE TO READER

On the basis of information provided by management, we have compiled the interim balance sheet of **UNIVERSAL SETTELEMENTS INTERNATIONAL INC** as at **September 30, 2008**.

We have not performed an audit or a review engagement in respect of this interim balance sheet, accordingly, we express no assurance thereon.

Readers are cautioned that this interim balance sheet may not be appropriate for their purposes.

Concord, Ontario
November 8, 2008


Valenzano & Pillo LLP,
Licensed Public Accountants

UNIVERSAL SETTLEMENTS INTERNATIONAL INC.
INTERIM BALANCE SHEET
SEPTEMBER 30, 2008
(UNAUDITED - SEE NOTICE TO READER)

ASSETS

September 30
2008

CURRENT ASSETS

Cash	\$ 26,107
Accounts receivable	1,492
Net equity in life settlement policies	3,000,000
Property, plant & equipment(net of accumulated amortization of \$71,361)	298,659
Prepaid expenses and sundry assets	<u>37,343</u>
	\$ 3,363,601

LIABILITIES

September 30
2008

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,443,725
Loan payable	<u>1,350,000</u>
	2,793,725

SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

CAPITAL STOCK

Stated capital	
Unlimited Common shares	
1,000,000 Class "A" special shares, non-cumulative, no fixed dividend rate, redeemable, retractable, non-voting	
Issued	
2 Common shares	2

RETAINED EARNINGS

<u>569,874</u>
<u>569,876</u>
\$ 3,363,601

APPROVED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

DIRECTOR

DIRECTOR

Appendix “G”

RUETER SCARGALL BENNETT LLP

LAWYERS

155 University Avenue
Suite 600
Toronto, Ontario
M5H 3B7
t 416 869-9090
f 416 869-3411
rslawyers.com

Randy Bennett
Direct Line: 416 869-3538
randy.bennett@rslawyers.com

VIA E-MAIL

November 1, 2010

Katherine McEachern
Blake, Cassels & Graydon LLP
Barristers and Solicitors
199 Bay Street
Suite 2800, Commerce Court West
Toronto, Ontario M5L 1A9

Dear Ms. McEachern:

**Re: Universal Settlements International Inc. ("USI")
Letter of Pat Runstedtler dated July 8, 2010 (received July 18, 2010)**

I am writing in response to your letter of August 27, 2010.

To be clear, USI has no intention of communicating directly with Mr. Runstedtler on the matters addressed. At this point, USI does not have any reliable documentation, despite repeated requests to him for same, evidencing his status as a creditor.

However, insofar as the Monitor may wish to report on certain matters to the court, we provide the following by way of response to the points outlined in your letter.

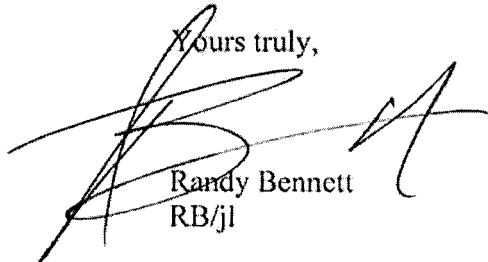
1. Mr. Panos was provided with an advance against commissions which may have been initially recorded as a loan to shareholder but only until such time as it was earned as income by Mr. Panos. That would have been in the 2006 taxation year. However, as you are aware, and as the court was advised at the outset of the CCAA proceeding, the actions of the former management have left the USI books in an unreliable state. Once those books have been restored to a condition that the company's accountant finds satisfactory, a copy of the relevant entries will be provided to you, should you wish to receive same.

2. The \$300,000 cash payment allegation was made prior to the CCAA proceeding in the Bifolchi action and application for an appointment of a Receiver. Further, that proceeding was specifically referenced in the initial Affidavit of Christopher Halas, sworn December 2, 2008 and a copy of the Statement of Claim was included as an Exhibit. Mr. Halas was available to be cross-examined by any interested

party during the pendency of the proceeding. Further, the information was before the creditors when they voted overwhelmingly in favour of supporting the Plan proposed by USI. In the view of USI, the matter has been conclusively dealt with and there is nothing further to add.

3. The policies specifically referred to in your letter on this point, and the allegation of allocation to related parties, were also referenced in the Bifolchi litigation, in particular at paragraph 17 of the Statement of Claim. There was no impropriety regarding the allocation of those policies and such allocations have been fully reported to the court and the Monitor.

Yours truly,



Randy Bennett
RB/jl

cc. Brian Denega
Rahn Dodick
S. Grundy
W. McNamara