

CANADA

SUPERIOR COURT

PROVINCE OF QUÉBEC
DISTRICT OF MONTRÉAL

No. : 500-11-036133-094

Commercial Division
(Sitting as a court designated pursuant to the
Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act,
R.S.C., c. C-36, as amended)

**IN THE MATTER OF THE PLAN OF
COMPROMISE OR ARRANGEMENT OF:
ABITIBIBOWATER INC.,**

and

ABITIBI-CONSOLIDATED INC.,

and

BOWATER CANADIAN HOLDINGS INC.,

and

the other Petitioners listed herein

Petitioners

and

ERNST & YOUNG INC.,

Monitor

**MOTION FOR THE ISSUANCE OF AN ORDER FOR THE CONVENING,
HOLDING AND CONDUCT OF A CREDITORS' MEETING AND OTHER RELIEF
(Sections 4, 5, 9, 10 and 11 of the *Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act*, R.S.C. 1985, c.
C-36 and Section 191 of the *Canada Business Corporations Act*, R.S.C. 1985, c. C-44)**

**TO ONE OF THE HONOURABLE JUDGES OF THE SUPERIOR COURT, SITTING
IN COMMERCIAL DIVISION, IN AND FOR THE JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF
MONTRÉAL, THE PETITIONERS RESPECTFULLY SUBMIT THE FOLLOWING:**

I. PREAMBLE

1. On April 17, 2009, this Honourable Court (the "**Court**") issued an order (as subsequently amended, restated and re-amended, the "**Initial Order**") pursuant to the *Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act* (the "**CCAA**" and the "**CCAA Proceedings**") in respect of (i) Abitibi-Consolidated Inc. ("**ACI**") and subsidiaries

thereof (the "**Abitibi Petitioners**")¹; (ii) Bowater Canadian Holdings Inc. and subsidiaries and affiliates thereof (the "**Bowater Petitioners**")² and (iii) certain partnerships (the "**Partnerships**", and collectively with the Abitibi Petitioners and the Bowater Petitioners, the "**Petitioners**")³. Unless otherwise indicated, all capitalized terms herein shall have the meaning attributed to them in the Creditors' Meeting Order (as defined below).

2. Pursuant to the Initial Order, Ernst & Young Inc. (the "**Monitor**") was appointed as Monitor of the Petitioners and Partnerships under the CCAA.
3. On April 16, 2009, AbitibiBowater Inc. ("**ABH**"), Bowater Inc. and certain of their U.S. and Canadian subsidiaries (the "**U.S. Debtors**")⁴ filed voluntary petitions for relief under Chapter 11 of the *U.S. Bankruptcy Code* (the "**Chapter 11 Cases**") before the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the "**U. S. Bankruptcy Court**"). On April 17, 2009, ABH and certain of its subsidiaries (collectively with ABH, the "**18.6 Petitioners**")⁵ obtained orders under s. 18.6 of the CCAA in respect of the Chapter 11 Proceedings.

¹ The Abitibi Petitioners are Abitibi-Consolidated Inc., Abitibi-Consolidated Company of Canada, 3224112 Nova Scotia Limited, Marketing Donohue Inc., Abitibi-Consolidated Canadian Office Products Holdings Inc., 3834328 Canada Inc., 6169678 Canada Incorporated., 4042140 Canada Inc., Donohue Recycling Inc., 1508756 Ontario Inc., 3217925 Nova Scotia Company, La Tuque Forest Products Inc., Abitibi-Consolidated Nova Scotia Incorporated, Saguenay Forest Products Inc., Terra Nova Explorations Ltd., The Jonquière Pulp Company, The International Bridge and Terminal Company, Scramble Mining Ltd. and 9150-3383 Québec Inc. Abitibi-Consolidated (U.K.) Inc. was added as a CCAA Petitioner on November 10, 2009.

² The Bowater Petitioners are Bowater Canadian Holdings Incorporated., Bowater Canada Finance Corporation, Bowater Canadian Limited, 3231378 Nova Scotia Company, AbitibiBowater Canada Inc., Bowater Canada Treasury Corporation, Bowater Canadian Forest Products Inc., Bowater Shelburne Corporation, Bowater LaHave Corporation, St. Maurice River Drive Company Limited, Bowater Treated Wood Inc., Canexel Hardboard Inc., 9068-9050 Québec Inc., Alliance Forest Products (2001) Inc., Bowater Belledune Sawmill Inc., Bowater Maritimes Inc., Bowater Mitis Inc., Bowater Guérette Inc. and Bowater Couturier Inc.

³ The Partnerships are Bowater Canada Finance Limited Partnership, Bowater Pulp and Paper Canada Holdings Limited Partnership and Abitibi-Consolidated Finance LP.

⁴ The U.S. Debtors are: AbitibiBowater Inc., AbitibiBowater US Holding 1 Corp., AbitibiBowater US Holding LLC, AbitibiBowater Canada Inc., Abitibi-Consolidated Alabama Corporation, Abitibi-Consolidated Corporation, Abitibi-Consolidated Finance LP, Abitibi Consolidated Sales Corporation, Alabama River Newsprint Company, Augusta Woodlands, LLC, Bowater Alabama LLC, Bowater America Inc., Bowater Canada Finance Corporation, Bowater Canadian Forest Products Inc., Bowater Canadian Holdings Incorporated, Bowater Canadian Limited, Bowater Finance Company Inc., Bowater Finance II LLC, Bowater Incorporated, Bowater LaHave Corporation, Bowater Maritimes Inc., Bowater Newsprint South LLC, Bowater Newsprint South Operations LLC, Bowater Nuway Inc., Bowater Nuway Mid-States Inc., Bowater South American Holdings Incorporated, Bowater Ventures Inc., Catawba Property Holdings, LLC, Coosa Pines Golf Club Holdings LLC, Donohue Corp., Lake Superior Forest Products Inc. and Tenex Data Inc. On December 21, 2009, ABH LLC 1 and ABH Holding Company LLC (together, the "**SPV Debtors**") commenced Chapter 11 cases, which cases are jointly administered with the above-captioned U.S. Debtors.

⁵ The 18.6 Petitioners are AbitibiBowater Inc., AbitibiBowater US Holding 1 Corp., Bowater Ventures Inc., Bowater Incorporated, Bowater Nuway Inc., Bowater Nuway Mid-States Inc., Catawba Property Holdings

II. OVERVIEW OF THIS MOTION

4. The Petitioners hereby seek an order (the "**Creditors' Meeting Order**"), substantially in the form and substance of the proposed draft order communicated as **Exhibit R-1**:
 - (a) accepting for filing the CCAA Plan and the Circular (as such terms are defined below);
 - (b) approving the Cross-Border Voting Protocol (as defined below);
 - (c) authorizing the Applicants to convene, hold and conduct the Creditors' Meeting;
 - (d) setting the procedures with respect to the convening, holding and conduct of the Creditors' Meeting;
 - (e) authorizing the Monitor to deliver the applicable Meeting Materials to the Affected Unsecured Creditors in accordance with the terms set out in the Creditors' Meeting Order;
 - (f) authorizing the Monitor to deliver the Notice of Rights Offering and the Subscription Form to the Eligible Holders, which documents will set forth the procedure by which creditors can participate in the Rights Offering;
 - (g) establishing record dates for the purpose of determining creditors entitled to i) vote at the Creditors' Meeting and ii) participate in the Rights Offering; and
 - (h) granting other relief in accordance with the terms set out in the Creditors' Meeting Order.
5. The U.S. Debtors are seeking parallel relief in the Chapter 11 Cases with respect to, *inter alia*, the U.S. Plan and Disclosure Statement (as such terms are defined below)
6. In support of this Motion, the Petitioners file, *inter alia*, the following draft documents:
 - (a) the Notice of Meeting and Information Circular (the "**Circular**") communicated, *en liasse*, as **Exhibit R-2** to this Motion, including the following documents:
 - (i) the Notice to Creditors (also Schedule F to Exhibit R-1);

LLC, Bowater Finance Company Inc., Bowater South American Holdings Incorporated, Bowater America Inc., Lake Superior Forest Products Inc., Bowater Newsprint South LLC, Bowater Newsprint South Operations LLC, Bowater Finance II, LLC, Bowater Alabama LLC and Coosa Pines Golf Club Holdings LLC.

- (ii) the Resolutions (Appendix B to the Circular); and
 - (iii) the *Plan of Reorganization and Compromise* under the CCAA, under Section 191 of the *Canada Business Corporations Act* and such other sections and legislation to be set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice (as defined therein) (as may be amended, re-amended or supplemented from time to time, the "**CCAA Plan**") (Appendix C to the Circular).
- (b) Affected Unsecured Creditors' Proxy and Non-Registered Noteholder Proxy (Schedules "G" and "H" to the Creditors' Meeting Order);
- (c) the Notice of Rights Offering and the Subscription Form (Schedules "J" and "K" to the Creditors' Meeting Order); and
- (d) the Cross-Border Voting Protocol and Joint Proxy/Ballot communicated as **Exhibit R-3** to this Motion.

III. BACKGROUND

7. A cross-border insolvency protocol (the "**Cross-Border Insolvency Protocol**") was approved on July 28, 2009 by this Court and on July 27, 2009 by the U.S. Bankruptcy Court, to facilitate cross-border coordination between the CCAA Proceedings and the Chapter 11 Cases, and to effectuate an orderly and efficient administration of the CCAA Proceedings and Chapter 11 Cases while maintaining the respective independent jurisdiction of this Court and the U.S. Bankruptcy Court.
8. The Cross-Border Insolvency Protocol provides that the Court shall have sole and exclusive jurisdiction over the CCAA Proceedings and the U.S. Bankruptcy Court shall have sole and exclusive jurisdiction over the Chapter 11 Cases. The Court and the U.S. Bankruptcy Court may coordinate activities, communicate with one another and conduct joint hearings.
9. On August 26, 2009, and on January 18 and February 23, 2010, this Court rendered three orders (the "**Claims Procedure Orders**") in connection with the solicitation, review and determination of claims against the Petitioners (the "**Claims Procedure**"). As part of its January 18, 2010 order, this Court approved a cross-border claims protocol (the "**Cross-Border Claims Protocol**") which was also approved by the U.S. Bankruptcy Court.
10. On or about May 24, 2010, further to extensive review of the available alternatives and lengthy negotiations or consultations with various creditor groups, regulators and other stakeholders:
 - (a) the Applicants filed prior draft versions of the CCAA Plan and Circular;
 - (b) the U.S. Debtors filed with the U.S. Bankruptcy Court a First Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization (the "**U.S. Plan**") and accompanying

Disclosure Statement (the "**Disclosure Statement**"), both related to the joint reorganization of the U.S. Debtors under the Bankruptcy Code;

so that the U.S. Debtors and the Petitioners can emerge as a viable going concern ("**Reorganized ABH**") and focus their resources on serving their customers and building value for all of their stakeholders.

IV. GROUND FOR THIS MOTION

A. The CCAA Plan

11. The Petitioners hereby request authorization from this Court to file the CCAA Plan and related schedules and appendices (Appendix C to the Circular) provided that revised forms thereof will be filed with this Court and posted on the Monitor's website at www.ey.com/ca/abitibowater ("**Monitor's Website**") and a notice thereof will be sent by email to the Persons listed on the service list (the "**Service List**") published on the Monitor's Website at least 24 hours prior to the hearing of this Motion referring parties listed therein to the Monitor's Website..
12. The purpose of the CCAA Plan is to provide for a coordinated restructuring and compromise of the Applicants' debt obligations and to reorganize and simplify the Applicants' corporate and capital structure.
13. The CCAA Plan is designed to implement this restructuring and reorganization in order to enable certain key businesses to better compete for third-party business and generate value for the Applicants' stakeholders.
14. In accordance with the Cross-Border Claims Protocol, (i) any claims against the ACI Petitioners and the Bowater Petitioners only are to be dealt with in accordance with the Claims Procedure Orders in the CCAA Proceedings, and (ii) any claims against the U.S. Debtors only are to be dealt with in accordance with orders of the U.S. Bankruptcy Court in the Chapter 11 Cases.
15. Further, any claim of a Cross-Border Voting Creditor (as defined in the Cross-Border Voting Protocol) against any of the Cross-Border Debtors shall be dealt with in accordance with the Cross-Border Voting Protocol, the Claims Procedure Orders, the CCAA Plan, the US. Plan, the Creditors' Meeting Order and applicable law provided that, in case of contradiction, the provisions of the Cross-Border Voting Protocol shall prevail.
16. For the purpose of voting on and receiving distributions pursuant to the CCAA Plan, the Claims are divided into classes, as set out in the CCAA Plan.
17. The treatment offered to the Affected Unsecured Creditors (as such term is defined in the CCAA Plan) and the terms and conditions of the Applicants' restructuring and compromise pursuant to the CCAA and the CBCA, and its

implementation, are detailed in the CCAA Plan and are also summarized in the Circular.

B. The Rights Offering

18. The U.S. Plan (as defined below) and the CCAA Plan (collectively, the "**Plans**") provide Eligible Holders, with the right to subscribe (the "**Subscription Right**") for up to \$500 million in the aggregate of convertible unsecured subordinated notes through a rights offering (the "**Rights Offering**").
19. The procedures set forth in the Circular are consistent with, and in furtherance of, the Backstop Commitment Agreement entered into among ABH and those certain holders of Affected Unsecured Claims as of May 23, 2010 identified therein (the "**Backstop Commitment Agreement**") which has been filed on May 24, 2010 and approved by this Court on June 23, 2010, and by the U.S. Bankruptcy Court on the date hereof.
20. Subscription Rights will be allocated to each Eligible Holder as of June 30, 2010 (the "**First Record Date**") based on that Eligible Holder's proportionate share of Reorganized ABH common stock available to be distributed under the Plans on account of such Eligible Holder's Claim. In the event that such Claim amount increases or decreases by order of the U.S. Bankruptcy Court or the Canadian Court, or is modified, on or before August 17, 2010 (or such later date as determined by the Applicants in consultation with the Monitor, the "**Second Record Date**") in the context of the Claims Process, which will continue after the First Record Date, then the Subscription Rights allocable to such Eligible Holder may increase or decrease.
21. The Applicants seek to conduct the Rights Offering subscription process contemporaneously with the voting solicitation process to provide Eligible Holders with sufficient information to make an informed decision about whether to participate in the Rights Offering and sufficient opportunity to do so, and to ensure that the new capital will be available to the Applicants on the Implementation Date.
22. Accordingly, the Applicants propose that, when the Monitor distributes the applicable Meeting Materials to the Affected Unsecured Creditors, the Monitor will also distribute the Notice of Rights Offering and the Subscription Form in accordance with the terms set out in the Creditors' Meeting Order.
23. The Notice of Rights Offering provides the key dates for the Rights Offering, and summarizes the terms of the proposed convertible unsecured subordinated notes to be issued by Reorganized ABH pursuant to the Rights Offering. The Subscription Form identifies the total number of Subscription Rights that a Eligible Holder is eligible to exercise based on the amount of Subscription Rights offered to Eligible Holders per US\$1.00 of Claim to the amount of such Eligible Holder's Claims that are allowed for voting and subscription purposes.

24. The Applicants submit that, along with the CCAA Plan and the Circular, the Notice of Rights Offering, the Subscription Form and the related instructions are fair and reasonable, and fairly designed to enable the Eligible Holders to determine whether or not to participate in the Rights Offering, and should therefore be approved.

C. The Circular

25. By this Motion, the Petitioners also request authorization from this Court to file the Circular and related appendices, provided that revised forms thereof with marked changes will be filed with this Court and posted on the Monitor's Website and a notice thereof will be sent by email to the Service List at least 24 hours before the hearing of this Motion referring parties listed therein to the Monitor's Website.
26. The primary purpose of the Circular is to provide information to allow the Affected Unsecured Creditors to make a decision in respect of their vote on the CCAA Plan.
27. The Circular contains information on, *inter alia*, the Creditors' meeting and voting instructions, the Applicants and their business, their present capitalization, the CCAA Plan and related risk factors and income tax considerations, the Rights Offering, the recommendations of the Monitor and the Applicants, and other relevant information for Affected Unsecured Creditors to make an informed decision about whether to vote in favour or reject the CCAA Plan and to participate or not to the Rights Offering.

D. The Cross-Border Voting Protocol

28. The Petitioners also request the approval by this Court of the Cross-Border Cross-Border Voting Protocol which establishes efficient and consistent procedures for the Cross-Border Voting Creditors.
29. The Cross-Border Voting Protocol was negotiated between the Applicants, the U.S. Debtors, the Monitor, and the U.S. Unsecured Creditors Committee and seeks to ensure compliance with the plan confirmation procedures under the CCAA Proceedings and the Chapter 11 Cases and to minimize the potential for any confusion of creditors of the Cross-Border Debtors in connection with the solicitation process. It provides, in essence, that a Cross-Border Voting Creditors' vote to accept or reject the Plan shall be deemed a vote to accept or reject the CCAA Plan, and conversely, that a vote to accept or reject the CCAA Plan shall be deemed a vote to accept or reject the Plan.
30. The Cross-Border Voting Protocol sets forth the procedures to be applied with respect to the voting of claims against the Cross-Border Debtors in both the Chapter 11 Cases and the CCAA Proceedings, and provides that any claim of a Cross-Border Voting Creditor against any of the Cross-Border Debtors shall be dealt with in accordance with the Cross-Border Voting Protocol, the Claims

Procedure Orders, the CCAA Plan, the U.S. Plan, the Creditors' Meeting Order and applicable law provided that, in case of contradiction, the provisions of the Cross-Border Voting Protocol shall prevail.

31. It is currently expected that on July 7, 2010, the U.S. Bankruptcy Court will proceed with hearing a Motion of the U.S. Debtors for entry of an order approving the Cross-Border Voting Protocol.

E. U.S. Plan and Disclosure Statement

32. The U.S. Plan and Disclosure Statement are posted on the website maintained by the U.S. Debtors' claims agent, Epiq Bankruptcy Solutions, LLC ("Epiq"), a dynamic link thereto being included on the Monitor's Website.
33. As mentioned in the chart below, August 16, 2010 is the deadline for filing certain Supplements to the U.S. Plan in the Chapter 11 Cases, and such documents will then be available to all interested Persons via the Monitor's Website through a dynamic link to Epiq's website.
34. On July 7, 2010, the U.S. Bankruptcy Court is expected to proceed with the hearing of a Motion of the U.S. Debtors for the entry of an order: (i) approving the Disclosure Statement; (ii) approving the form and contents of the U.S. Debtors' proposed solicitation package relating to the U.S. Plan; (iii) approving the form and manner of the notice of the Confirmation Hearing; (iv) approving procedures for distribution of solicitation packages; (v) approving procedures for vote tabulations; (vi) approving the Cross-Border Voting Protocol; (vii) approving the form and contents of the subscription packages for the Rights Offering; (viii) approving procedures for participating in the Rights Offering; (ix) establishing a record date, a voting deadline for receipt of ballots and expiration dates for the Rights Offering; (x) establishing the deadline and procedures for filing objections to confirmation of the U.S. Plan and to the U.S. Debtors' asserted cure amounts for executory contracts and unexpired leases that may be assumed by the U.S. Debtors as part of the U.S. Plan; and (xi) granting related relief (the "**Disclosure Statement Motion**").
35. In the Disclosure Statement Motion, the U.S. Debtors are proposing the following timeline in the Chapter 11 Cases:

Date (2010)	Event
June 29	Deadline to File Objections to Disclosure Statement and Solicitation Procedures
June 30	Voting Record Date and First Rights Offering Record Date
July 7	Hearing on Disclosure Statement and Voting Procedures
July 15	Distribution of solicitation packages
August 18	Deadline to file Supplements to the U.S. Plan

Date (2010)	Event
August 18	Second Rights Offering Record Date
August 23	Voting and U.S. Plan Objection Deadline
August 27	First Rights Offering Expiration Time
September 2	Second Rights Offering Expiration Time
September 14	U.S. Plan Confirmation Hearing/ anticipated entry of Confirmation Order
September 28	Statutory appeal period expires (14th day following entry of the Confirmation Order)
October 1	Effective Date of the U.S. Plan

F. Creditors' Meeting and Meeting Materials

36. The Petitioners request from this Court that the Applicants be authorized to convene, hold and conduct separate meetings of the Affected Unsecured Creditors in each Affected Unsecured Creditor Class on August 26, 2010, in Montréal, Québec, to consider and, if thought advisable, adopt a resolution, in respect of each such Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, approving the CCAA Plan, with or without variation.
37. The Petitioners also request that the Applicants and the Monitor be authorized to proceed, in accordance with the terms and proposed forms of documents set out in, and attached as Schedules to, the Creditors' Meeting Order, including, *inter alia*, in connection with or for (i) the publication and transmission of the applicable Meeting Materials, (ii) the publication of the Shareholder Notice, (iii) the filing of a Monitor's report on the CCAA Plan, (iv) the procedure to be followed at the Creditors' Meeting, (v) the voting procedure, including the procedure for determining the Voting Claims and the voting procedure with respect to Non-Registered Noteholders, (vi) the procedure with respect to the Rights Offering, and (vii) the notice of the Sanction Hearing (as defined below).
38. The Petitioners request this Court to hold a hearing (the "**Sanction Hearing**") on September 8, 2010 to consider and if determined to be appropriate to grant the Sanction Order.
39. The Petitioners request this Court to order that the publication and mailing of the Notice to Creditors and Creditors' Meeting Order by the Monitor shall constitute good and sufficient service of notice of the Sanction Hearing upon all Persons who are entitled to receive such service and no other form of service need be made and no other materials need be served on such Persons in respect of the Sanction Hearing.
40. The Petitioners also request this Court to order that any Person intending to object to the motion seeking the Sanction Order shall (i) file with the Court, before 4:30 p.m. (Montréal Time) on September 3, 2010, a written notice

containing a description of its proposed grounds of contestation and (ii) effect service of same, within the same delay, upon counsel to the Petitioners and the Monitor, and upon those Persons listed on the Service List.

G. General

41. In view of the foregoing, the Petitioners propose, *inter alia*, the following timeline to the Court in the CCAA Proceedings:

Date (2010)	Event
June 30	First Rights Offering Record Date (par. 32 of Creditors' Meeting Order ("CMO"))
July 15, 2010	Deadline for publishing Meeting Materials on Monitor's Website (par. 15 CMO)
July 15, 2010	Deadline for mailing to Affected Unsecured Creditors and Cross-Border Voting Creditors some of the Meeting Materials (par. 19 and 21 CMO); packages to include subscription forms for rights offering
July 15, 2010	Deadline for publication in the Designated Newspapers of: • Notice to Creditors (par. 17 CMO) • Shareholder Notice (par. 18 CMO)
August 17	Voting Record Date (par. 34 CMO)
August 18	Second Rights Offering Record Date (par. 33 CMO)
August 18	Deadline for filing in Court Monitor's Report on CCAA Plan and Applicants' business and financial affairs and publishing same on Monitor's Website (par. 30 CMO)
August 23	Deadline for sending subscription forms to subsequent Eligible Holders following Second Rights Offering Record Date (par. 33 CMO)
August 25	Deadline for receiving Proxies and "election notice" at Monitor's office, and August 26, 2010: Proxies may be deposited with the Chair before the beginning of the Creditors' Meeting (par. 38, 39 and 40 CMO)
August 26	Creditors' Meeting (par. 3(u) CMO)
August 27	First Rights Offering Expiration Time (par. 32 CMO)
August 31	Deadline for filing in Court the Monitor's Report on the vote at Creditors' Meeting (par. 53 CMO)
September 2	Second Rights Offering Expiration Time (par. 33 CMO)
September 3	Deadline for Affected Unsecured Creditors to file objection to Motion for Sanction Order (par. 57 CMO)

Date (2010)	Event
September 8	Hearing on the motion for the Sanction Order (par. 54 CMO)
October 1	Implementation Date of the CCAA Plan

42. The Monitor supports this Motion and will be filing a report shortly after the filing and communication of this Motion.
43. Since the issuance of the Initial Order, the Petitioners have acted, and continue to act, in good faith and with due diligence in their restructuring efforts.
44. It is in the best interest of the Petitioners and all their stakeholders that the present Motion be granted in accordance with its conclusions.
45. Therefore, the Petitioners request that this Court render the Creditors' Meeting Order in accordance with all the terms and conditions set out in the proposed draft thereof communicated as Exhibit R-1.
46. The Petitioners respectfully submit that the notices given of the presentation of the present Motion are proper and sufficient.
47. The present Motion is well founded in fact and in law.

WHEREFORE, MAY THIS COURT:

GRANT this Motion for the Issuance of an Order for the Convening, Holding and Conduct of a Creditors' Meeting and Other Relief (the "**Motion**");

ISSUE an order substantially in the form of the draft order communicated as Exhibit R-1 in support of the Motion.

THE WHOLE, without costs save in case of contestation.

Montréal, June 25, 2010


STIKEMAN ELLIOTT LLP
Attorneys for the Petitioners

AFFIDAVIT

I, the undersigned, Bruce Robertson, having a place of business at Suite 800, 1155 Metcalfe Street, Montréal, Québec, H3B 5H2 solemnly declare the following:

48. I am Chief Restructuring Officer of AbitibiBowater Inc. and I am duly authorized for the purposes hereof on behalf of all Petitioners;
49. All the facts alleged in the *Motion for the Issuance of an Order for the Convening, Holding and Conduct of a Creditors' Meeting and Other Relief* are true.

AND I HAVE SIGNED

SOLEMNLY SWORN before me in the
City of Toronto, Province of Ontario, on
this 25th day of June, 2010



BRUCE ROBERTSON



Notary Public *Adrienne Swift*

Cohen, Barristers & Solicitors
41 Wynford Drive
Toronto ON M3C 1K1
Tel: (416) 380-7550 Fax: (416) 380-7555

NOTICE OF PRESENTATION

TO : SERVICE LIST

TAKE NOTICE that the *Motion for the Issuance of an Order for the Convening, Holding and Conduct of a Creditors' Meeting and Other Relief* will be presented for adjudication before one of the Honourable Judges of the Superior Court, sitting in practice in and for the District of Montréal, in a Room to be announced of the Montréal Court House, 1 Notre-Dame St. East, on July 9, 2010, at a time and in a room to be communicated to the Service List.

DO GOVERN YOURSELVES ACCORDINGLY.

Montréal, June 25, 2010


STIKEMAN ELLIOTT LLP
Attorneys for Petitioners

(Sitting as a court designated pursuant to the Companies
Creditors Arrangement Act)

CANADA
PROVINCE OF QUÉBEC
DISTRICT OF MONTRÉAL

ABITIBIBOWATER INC. and al

Monitor

BS0350 n/dos.: 041053-1170

MOTION FOR THE ISSUANCE OF AN ORDER FOR THE CONVENING, HOLDING AND CONDUCT OF A CREDITORS' MEETING AND OTHER RELIEF (Sections 4, 5, 9, 10 and 11 of the *Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act*, R.S.C. 1985, c. C-36 and Section 191 of the *Canada Business Corporations Act*, R.S.C. 1985, c. C-44)

Me Guy P. Martel (514) 397-3163
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CANADA

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC
DISTRICT OF MONTRÉAL

No. : 500-11-036133-094

SUPERIOR COURT

Commercial Division
(Sitting as a court designated pursuant to the
Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act,
R.S.C., c. C-36, as amended)

IN THE MATTER OF THE PLAN OF
COMPROMISE OR ARRANGEMENT OF:

ABITIBIBOWATER INC.,

and

ABITIBI-CONSOLIDATED INC.,

and

BOWATER CANADIAN HOLDINGS INC.,

and

the other Petitioners listed herein

Petitioners

and

ERNST & YOUNG INC.,

Monitor

LIST OF EXHIBITS OF THE PETITIONERS

*(In support of Motion for the Issuance of an Order for the Convening, Holding and Conduct of a
Creditors' Meeting and Other Relief)*

DESCRIPTION		TAB
R-1	Proposed draft order	1
R-2	Notice of Meeting and Information Circular, <i>en liasse</i>	2
R-3	Cross-Border Voting Protocol and Joint Proxy / Ballot, <i>en liasse</i>	3

Montréal, this 25 day of June, 2010

Stikeman Elliott LLP

STIKEMAN ELLIOTT LLP
Attorneys for Petitioners

SUPERIOR COURT
Commercial Division
(Sitting as a court designated pursuant to the *Companies'*
Creditors Arrangement Act)

N°. 500-11-036133-094

CANADA
PROVINCE OF QUEBEC
DISTRICT OF MONTRÉAL

In the matter of Plan of Compromise or Arrangement
of:

ABITIBOWATER INC. *and al*

Petitioners

- and -

ERNST & YOUNG INC.

Monitor

BS0350

n/dos.: 041053-1170

LIST OF EXHIBITS AND EXHIBITS R-1 TO R-3

ORIGINAL

Me Guy P. Martel

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EXHIBIT R-1

SUPERIOR COURT

CANADA
PROVINCE OF QUEBEC
DISTRICT OF MONTRÉAL

No: 500-11-036133-094

DATE: July ●, 2010

PRESENT: THE HONOURABLE

IN THE MATTER OF THE PLAN OF COMPROMISE OR ARRANGEMENT OF:

ABITIBIBOWATER INC.

and

ABITIBI-CONSOLIDATED INC.

and

BOWATER CANADIAN HOLDINGS INC.

and

THE OTHER PETITIONERS LISTED ON SCHEDULES "A", "B" AND "C"

Petitioners

and

ERNST & YOUNG INC.

Monitor

CREDITORS' MEETING ORDER

SEEING the Petitioners' Motion for the Issuance of an Order for the Convening, Holding and Conduct of a Creditors' Meeting and Other Relief pursuant to Sections 4, 5, 9, 10 and 11 of the Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act, R.S.C. 1985, c. C-36 and Section 191 of the Canada Business Corporations Act, R.S.C. 1985, c. C-44, as amended (the "CBCA") and the affidavit of Bruce

Robertson in support thereof (the "**Motion**"), the Monitor's ●th Report dated ●, 2010 and the submissions of counsel to the Petitioners, the Monitor and other interested parties;

GIVEN the provisions of the initial order granted by this Court in this matter on April 17, 2009, as amended thereafter, the claims procedure orders granted by this Court on August 26, 2009, January 18, 2010, and February 23, 2010 and the cross-border insolvency protocol that was approved by this Court on July 28, 2009 and the Bankruptcy Court on July 27, 2009;

GIVEN the provisions of the CCAA and CBCA;

WHEREFORE, THE COURT:

1. **GRANTS** the Motion;

Service

2. **DECLARES** that the notices given for the presentation of the Motion are proper and sufficient;

Definitions

3. **ORDERS** that capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined have the meaning ascribed to them in the Circular and that the following terms in this Order shall have the following meanings ascribed thereto:
 - (a) "**ABH**" means AbitibiBowater Inc., a corporation incorporated and existing under the Laws of Delaware;
 - (b) "**Affected Unsecured Creditor Proxy**" means the form of proxy, instructions and election notice for Affected Unsecured Creditors (other than for Non-registered Noteholders and Cross-Border Voting Creditors), substantially in the form attached hereto as **Erreur! Source du renvoi introuvable.**;
 - (c) "**Applicants**" means the direct and indirect subsidiaries of ABH participating in the CCAA Proceedings listed in Schedule "D" hereto;
 - (d) "**Allowed Cross-border Claim**" has the meaning ascribed to it in paragraph 11;

- (e) **"Canadian Unsecured Noteholders"** has the meaning ascribed to it in paragraph 23;
- (f) **"Canadian Unsecured Notes"** has the meaning ascribed to it in the CCAA Plan;
- (g) **"CCAA Plan"** means the plan of reorganization and compromise pursuant to the provisions of the CCAA, Section 191 of the CBCA and such other sections and legislation to be set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, together with the Schedules thereto, and which is attached to the Circular as Appendix C, as it may be amended, varied or supplemented by the Applicants from time to time in accordance with its terms;
- (h) **"CDS"** means CDS Clearing and Depository for Securities Inc. or any of its affiliates who are registered holders of Canadian Unsecured Notes;
- (i) **"Chair"** has the meaning ascribed to it in paragraph 35 hereof;
- (j) **"Circular"** means the information circular relating to the CCAA Plan and the Rights Offering, including the notice of meeting and appendixes attached thereto, and which is attached hereto as Schedule "E", and any written amendment, variation or supplement thereto;
- (k) **"Creditors' Meeting Materials"** has the meaning ascribed to it in paragraph 19;
- (l) **"Cross-Border Insolvency Protocol"** means the cross-border insolvency protocol approved by this Court on July 28, 2009 and by the Bankruptcy Court on July 27, 2009, as amended, modified, or supplemented from time to time;
- (m) **"Cross-Border Voting Creditors"** has the meaning ascribed thereto in the Cross-Border Voting Protocol;
- (n) **"Cross-Border Voting Protocol"** means the Cross-Border Voting Protocol filed as Exhibit R-3 to the Motion;
- (o) **"Date of Filing"** means April 17, 2009;

- (p) **"Designated Newspapers"** means The Globe and Mail (National Edition), the Gazette, the Wall Street Journal and La Presse;
- (q) **"DTC"** means the Depository Trust Company or any of its affiliates who are registered holders of Canadian Unsecured Notes;
- (r) **"First Rights Offering Expiration Time"** has the meaning ascribed to it in paragraph 32;
- (s) **"First Rights Offering Record Date"** has the meaning ascribed to it in paragraph 32;
- (t) **"Instructions to Participant Noteholders"** means the instruction notice for participant holders, substantially in the form attached hereto as Schedule "I";
- (u) **"Joint Proxy/Ballot"** means the form of proxy/ballot, instructions and election notice for Cross-Border Voting Creditors, substantially in the form attached to the Cross-Border Voting Protocol as Exhibit "1" thereto;
- (v) **"Meeting Date"** means August 26, 2010, subject to any adjournment, postponement or other rescheduling or further order of this Court;
- (w) **"Meeting Materials"** has the meaning ascribed to it in paragraph 15 hereof;
- (x) **"Motion"** has the meaning ascribed to it in the preamble of this Creditors' Meeting Order;
- (y) **"Notice of Rights Offering"** means the notice of rights offering to be communicated by the Monitor to the Affected Unsecured Creditors and Cross-Border Voting Creditors as of the First Rights Offering Record Date or Second Rights Offering Record Date, as the case may be, pursuant to this Order, substantially in the form attached hereto as Schedule "J";
- (z) **"Notice to Creditors"** means a notice of this Order and of the Creditors' Meeting setting out the Meeting Date, substantially in the long and short forms attached hereto as Schedule "F";

- (aa) **"Non-registered Noteholder"** means any beneficial owner of Canadian Unsecured Notes (other than the 0% Unsecured Notes) that are registered in the name of a depository such as DTC or CDS ;
- (bb) **"Non-registered Noteholder Proxy"** means the form of proxy, instructions and election notice for Non-registered Noteholders, substantially in the form attached hereto as Schedule "H";
- (cc) **"Participant Noteholders"** has the meaning ascribed to it in paragraph 24 hereof;
- (dd) **"Participant Noteholder List"** has the meaning ascribed to it in paragraph 24 hereof;
- (ee) **"Proxy"** or **"Proxies"** means collectively the Affected Unsecured Creditor Proxy, the Non-registered Noteholder Proxy, and the Joint Proxy/Ballot;
- (ff) **"Registered Noteholders List"** has the meaning ascribed to it in paragraph 23 hereof;
- (gg) **"Resolution"** means a resolution in respect of each Affected Unsecured Creditor Class to approve the CCAA Plan, the full text of which is set out as Appendix B to the Circular;
- (hh) **"Sanction Hearing"** has the meaning ascribed to it in paragraph 54 hereof;
- (ii) **"Sanction Order"** has the meaning ascribed to it in paragraph 54 hereof;
- (jj) **"Second Rights Offering Expiration Time"** has the meaning ascribed to it in paragraph 33 hereof;
- (kk) **"Second Rights Offering Record Date"** has the meaning ascribed to it in paragraph 33 hereof; and
- (ll) **"Subscription Form"** means the subscription form to be sent by the Monitor to the Affected Unsecured Creditors and Cross-Border Voting Creditors as of the First Rights Offering Record Date or Second Rights Offering Record Date, as the case may be, pursuant to this Order, substantially in the forms attached hereto as Schedule "K";

Interpretation

4. **DECLARES** that where the context requires, a word or words importing the singular shall include the plural and vice versa;

CCAA Plan and Circular

5. **ORDERS** that:
- (a) the CCAA Plan and the Circular be, and they are hereby, accepted for filing;
 - (b) the Cross-Border Voting Protocol be, and it is hereby, approved;
 - (c) the Applicants shall seek approval of the CCAA Plan in the manner set forth herein; and
 - (d) the effectiveness of the CCAA Plan shall be conditioned upon all conditions precedent to the implementation of the U.S. Plan but for the implementation of the CCAA Plan having been satisfied or waived, effectiveness and implementation of the U.S. Plan, the same way that the effectiveness of the U.S. Plan is conditioned upon all conditions precedent to the implementation of the CCAA Plan but for the implementation of the U.S. Plan having been satisfied or waived;
6. **ORDERS** that the Applicants, in consultation with the Monitor, and in accordance with the provisions of the CCAA Plan, be, and they are hereby, authorized to file any modification of, or amendment or supplement to, the CCAA Plan, including by way of the Restructuring Transaction Notice, a CCAA Plan Supplement or a supplementary plan or plans of reorganization, compromise or arrangement (or any one or more thereof) prior to the Creditors' Meeting Date or at or before the Creditors' Meeting, in which case the Restructuring Transactions Notice, any such CCAA Plan Supplement or supplementary plan or plans of reorganization, compromise or arrangement (or any one or more thereof), shall, for all purposes, be and be deemed to form part of and be incorporated into the CCAA Plan. The Applicants shall give notice to Affected Unsecured Creditors of the details of any such modification, amendment or supplement

at the Creditors' Meeting prior to the vote being taken to approve the CCAA Plan. The Applicants may give notice of a proposed modification, amendment or supplement to the CCAA Plan at or before the Creditors' Meeting by notice which shall be sufficient if given to those Affected Unsecured Creditors present at such meeting in person or by proxy, and the Monitor shall post on its website at www.ey.com/ca/abitibibowater, as soon as possible, the Restructuring Transactions Notice, any such CCAA Plan Supplement or any such supplementary plans and any such additional proposed amendments to the CCAA Plan;

7. **ORDERS** that after the Creditors' Meeting (and both prior to and subsequent to the obtaining of the Sanction Order), the Applicants, in consultation with the Monitor, may at any time and from time to time vary, amend, modify or supplement the CCAA Plan without the need for obtaining an Order or providing notice to the Affected Unsecured Creditors if the Monitor determines that such variation, amendment, modification or supplement would not be materially prejudicial to the interests of the Affected Unsecured Creditors under the CCAA Plan or the Sanction Order and is necessary in order to give effect to the substance of the CCAA Plan or the Sanction Order. The Monitor shall publish on its website at www.ey.com/ca/abitibibowater, as soon as possible, any such amendment, modification or supplement to the CCAA Plan;
8. **ORDERS** that the Applicants are authorized to exclude any one or more of the other Applicants from the CCAA Plan, on the terms set out in the CCAA Plan. If the Applicants elect to exclude one or more of the other Applicants from the CCAA Plan, reference in this Order to the Applicants and the Creditors' Meeting shall read, where the context requires, to mean the Applicants and the Creditors' Meeting other than those excluded from the CCAA Plan;

Classification of Affected Claims

9. **ORDERS** that, for the purposes of considering and voting on the CCAA Plan, the Affected Unsecured Creditors Classes shall be as set forth in the CCAA Plan;
10. **ORDERS** that, subject to the provisions of the CCAA Plan, for voting and distribution purposes, in respect of all Affected Creditors and their rights in respect of Affected Claims: (i) all guarantees of an Applicant of the payment or performance by another

Applicant with respect to any Affected Claim will be recognized; (ii) each Affected Claim and all guarantees by an Applicant of such Affected Claim will be treated as multiple Affected Claims against the Applicants; and (iii) any joint obligation of any Applicant with another Applicant will be treated as two separate Affected Claims against the Applicants, provided that the aggregate recovery on account of any Proven Claim or Allowed Claim (as defined under the U.S. Plan) from all sources, including distributions under this CCAA Plan, the U.S. Plan or a combination of both, regardless of whether on account of a theory of primary or secondary liability, by reason of guarantee, surety indemnity, joint and several obligations or otherwise, shall not exceed (A) 100% of the underlying indebtedness, liability or obligation giving rise to such Claim or, (B) where the underlying indebtedness, liability or obligation giving rise to such Claim is denominated in a currency (the "**Original Currency**") other than Canadian dollars, 100% of such underlying indebtedness, liability or obligation after conversion of the value of the distributions received in Canadian dollars back to the Original Currency at the Bank of Canada noon spot rate of exchange for exchanging Canadian dollars to the Original Currency on the date of applicable Initial Distribution Date, Interim Distribution Date or the Final Distribution Date;

11. **ORDERS** that to the extent that any Claim is both a Proven Claim against a Cross-Border Debtor under the CCAA Plan and an Allowed Claim (as defined in the U.S. Plan) against the same Cross-Border Debtor under the U.S. Plan (each an "**Allowed Cross-border Claim**"), (i) there shall only be a single recovery on account of such Allowed Cross-border Claim under the CCAA Plan and the U.S. Plan, and (ii) the aggregate distribution which such Allowed Cross-border Claim shall receive, whether under the CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan or a combination of both, shall not exceed the greatest distribution which such Allowed Cross-border Claim would be entitled to receive under the CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan;
12. **ORDERS** that (i) any Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Proven Claim of less than C\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent of US\$5,000 based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate) who intends to irrevocably elect not to receive a cash distribution as provided under the CCAA Plan shall duly complete the election notice provided in the Proxy and complete, sign, and send or deposit such Proxy so that it be received by the

Monitor within the time provided in paragraph 38 or 39 hereof, as the case may be, failing which such Affected Unsecured Creditor shall be deemed to have elected to receive a cash distribution;

13. **ORDERS** that any Affected Unsecured Creditor wishing irrevocably elect to reduce its Proven Claim to C\$6,073 and receive a cash distribution as provided under the CCAA Plan shall duly complete the election notice provided in the Proxy and complete, sign, and send or deposit such Proxy so that it be received by the Monitor within the time provided in paragraph 38 or 39 hereof;

Notice of Creditors' Meeting and Meeting Materials

14. **ORDERS** that the Applicants be, and are hereby, authorized to convene, hold and conduct the Creditors' Meeting at the Meeting Date, in Montréal, Québec for the purpose of considering and, if deemed advisable, passing, with or without variation, the Resolutions to approve the CCAA Plan, unless the Chair, in accordance with paragraph 42 hereof, or the Affected Unsecured Creditors decide (in person or by proxy) by resolution carried by the majority of votes (one vote for each dollar of every Voting Claim) to adjourn, postpone or otherwise reschedule the Creditors' Meeting;
15. **ORDERS** that, no later than July 15, 2010, the Monitor shall publish on its website at www.ey.com/ca/abitibowater, the following documents (collectively, the "**Meeting Materials**"):
- (a) the Notice to Creditors (in English and French);
 - (b) the Circular (in English and French);
 - (c) the Proxies (in English and French);
 - (d) the CCAA Plan (in English and French);
 - (e) the Disclosure Statement, Confirmation Hearing Notice, U.S. Solicitation Order and Committee statement of support for the U.S. Plan (in English only);
 - (f) the U.S. Plan (in English only);
 - (g) the Notice of Rights Offering;

- (h) the Subscription Form;
- (i) the Cross-Border Voting Protocol; and
- (j) a copy of this Order (in English and French);

16. **ORDERS** that the Applicants be and they are hereby authorized to make such modifications, amendments or supplements ("**Additional Information**") to the Meeting Materials (other than the CCAA Plan which may be modified, amended or supplemented in accordance with paragraph 6 hereof) as the Applicants may determine, and the Applicants shall distribute or make available such Additional Information by one or more of the following methods determined in their discretion in consultation with the Monitor: (i) posting on the Monitor's and/or Applicants' website; (ii) news release; (iii) newspaper advertisement; (iv) pre-paid regular mail, email, fax or delivery (in person or by courier); (v) distribution at the Creditors' Meeting; or (vi) such other reasonably practicable method in the circumstances.
17. **ORDERS** that the Notice to Creditors, which is hereby approved, shall be published, in its short form, by the Monitor in the Designated Newspapers as soon as possible following the issuance of this Order, but in any event no later than July 15, 2010;
18. **ORDERS** that the Applicants or the Monitor shall not be required to provide the Meeting Materials to any shareholder of ABH and the Applicants, provided that the shareholder notice, substantially in the form attached hereto as Schedule "L" (the "**Shareholder Notice**") which is hereby approved, shall be published by the Monitor in the Designated Newspapers in French or in English, as the case may be, no later than July 15, 2010, 2010;
19. **ORDERS** that, in addition to the publications referred to in paragraphs 15 and 16 hereof, the Monitor shall send to the Affected Unsecured Creditors of record on June 30, 2010, (other than Non-registered Noteholders which shall be dealt with in accordance with paragraphs 23 to 29 hereof and Cross-Border Voting Creditors which shall be dealt with in accordance with paragraph 21 hereof), by prepaid regular mail, courier, fax or e-mail, at the address appearing on an Affected Unsecured Creditor's Proof of Claim filed pursuant to the Claims Procedure Orders, a copy of the Notice to Creditors, the Circular, the Notice of Rights Offering and the Subscription Form (together the "**Creditors'**

Meeting Materials") and the Affected Unsecured Creditor Proxy by no later than 5:00 p.m. (Montréal time) on July 15, 2010 and advising that all other Meeting Materials may be obtained from the Monitor's website or provided upon written request;

20. **ORDERS** that the Monitor shall send the Creditors' Meeting Materials to any other Affected Unsecured Creditor as the Monitor deems necessary up to and until the Meeting Date;
21. **ORDERS** that, in addition to the publications referred to in paragraphs 15 and 16 hereof, the Monitor shall send to the Cross-Border Voting Creditors of record on June 30, 2010, (other than Non-registered Noteholders which shall be dealt with in accordance with paragraphs 23 to 29 hereof), by prepaid regular mail, courier, fax or e-mail, at the address appearing on a Cross-Border Voting Creditor's Proof of Claim filed pursuant to the Claims Procedure Orders and the Cross-border Claims Protocol, a copy of the materials referred to in paragraph 23 of the Cross-Border Voting Protocol by no later than 5:00 p.m. (Montréal time) on July 15, 2010 and advising that all other Meeting Materials may be obtained from the Monitor's website or provided upon written request;
22. **ORDERS** that publications referred to in paragraphs 15 to 18 hereof, and transmission in accordance with paragraphs 19, 21, 25, 27 and 33 hereof, shall constitute good and sufficient service of the Meeting Materials on all Persons who may be entitled to receive notice thereof, or of these proceedings, or who may wish to be present in person or represented by proxy at the Creditors' Meeting in respect of each Affected Unsecured Creditor Classes to which they belong, or who may wish to appear in these proceedings, and no other form of notice or service need be made on such Persons, and no other document or material need be served on such Persons in respect of these proceedings;

Solicitation of Canadian Unsecured Noteholders

23. **ORDERS** that promptly following the date of this Order, the Monitor shall request, and the trustees of each Canadian Unsecured Note, (other than the 0% Unsecured Note which shall be solicited in the same manner as other Affected Unsecured Creditors), shall each provide the Monitor within one Business Day of such request with a list (the "Registered Noteholders List") of all the holders of the applicable Canadian Unsecured

Notes (the "**Canadian Unsecured Noteholders**") who are registered as owners or holders of the relevant Canadian Unsecured Notes of record on June 30, 2010, and their addresses;

24. **ORDERS** that each of CDS and DTC shall provide the Monitor, within one Business Day of the Monitor's request, with a list (the "**Participant Noteholders List**") of each of its participants in respect of each Canadian Unsecured Note (the "**Participant Noteholders**") of record on June 30, 2010, showing the Participant Noteholders and their respective addresses;
25. **ORDERS** that, upon receipt by the Monitor of the Registered Noteholder List, the Monitor shall promptly send, by prepaid regular mail, courier, fax or e-mail, to each Person shown on the Registered Noteholder List, including CDS and DTC, a copy of the Creditors' Meeting Materials and the Affected Unsecured Creditor Proxy and advising such Person that all other Meeting Materials may be obtained from the Monitor's website or provided upon written request;
26. **ORDERS** that, upon receipt by the Monitor of the Participant Noteholders List, the Monitor shall be entitled to contact each Participant Noteholder listed on the Participant Noteholders List who appears to the Monitor to hold Canadian Unsecured Notes on behalf of beneficial owners of Canadian Unsecured Notes (other than the 0% Unsecured Note) to determine the amount of Canadian Unsecured Notes held by the Participant Noteholder on behalf of Non-registered Noteholders and the number of packages of Creditors' Meeting Materials and Non-registered Noteholder Proxy such Participant Holder requires in order to provide a copy of the Creditors' Meeting Materials and the Non-registered Noteholder Proxy to each of its customers or principals who are Non-registered Noteholders, in which case each Participant Noteholder shall provide to the Monitor a response within three (3) Business Days of receipt of the request;
27. **ORDERS** that:
 - (a) upon receiving from a Participant Holder the information referred to in paragraph 26, the Monitor shall send, by prepaid regular mail, courier, fax or e-mail, to such Participant Noteholder a copy of the Instructions to Participant Noteholders together with that number of packages of

Creditors' Meeting Materials and Non-registered Noteholder Proxy requested by such Participant Noteholder; and

- (b) the Monitor shall send, by prepaid regular mail, courier, fax or e-mail, to the trustees of each Canadian Unsecured Note, (other than the 0% Unsecured Note), ten copies of the Creditors' Meeting Materials and Non-registered Noteholder Proxy for Non-registered Noteholders;

28. **ORDERS** that each Participant Noteholder shall, within five (5) Business Days of receipt of a Non-registered Noteholder Proxy, complete and sign the applicable section relating to the Participant Noteholders of a Non-registered Noteholder Proxy for each Non-registered Noteholder which has an account (directly or through an agent or custodian) with such Participant Noteholder and mail to such Noteholder, the Non-registered Noteholder Proxy as so completed and signed and one package of the Creditors' Meeting Materials and that the Participant Noteholder take any other action required to enable such Non-registered Noteholder to provide to the Monitor a duly completed Non-registered Noteholder Proxy and to vote at the Creditors' Meeting with respect to the Canadian Unsecured Notes owned by such Non-registered Noteholder;

29. **ORDERS** that where a Participant Noteholder or its agent has a standard practice for distribution of meeting materials to Non-registered Noteholders and for the gathering of information and proxies from Non-registered Noteholders and further provided that such standard practice has been discussed in advance with the Applicants and the Monitor and is acceptable to the Applicants and the Monitor, the Participant Noteholder or its agent may, in lieu of following the procedure set out in paragraph 28 above, do the following:

- (a) forward the Creditors' Meeting Materials and the Non-registered Noteholder Proxy to the Non-registered Noteholders in accordance with the usual practice of the Participant Noteholder or its agent in dealing with Non-registered Noteholders; and
- (b) submit to the Monitor a master voting list in a form satisfactory to the Applicants and the Monitor. The master voting list: (i) will set out the position of each Non-Registered Noteholder, identified by name, as to

voting in favour of or against the CCAA Plan; (ii) will contain a representation, in a form satisfactory to the Applicants and the Monitor, duly executed from the Participant Noteholder or its agent that the master voting list is a true summary of the position of the Non-Registered Noteholders that have an account with the Participant Noteholder; and (iii) to be valid for the purpose of voting at the Creditors' Meeting in respect of the Affected Unsecured Creditor Classes to which the Non-Registered Noteholders belong, must be received by the Monitor (A) at its office located at 800, René-Lévesque Blvd. W., Suite 1900, Montréal, Québec, H3B 1X9, Canada (Attention: ACI Creditors' Meeting) or (B) by facsimile at (514) 879-3992, in each case no later than 3 Business Days before the Creditors' Meeting;

if the Monitor duly receives a master voting list from a Participant Noteholder or its agent, the Monitor will record the vote for each Non-registered Noteholder in accordance with that master voting list as though the Monitor had received a duly completed Non-registered Noteholders Proxy from each Non-registered Noteholder listed on such master voting list. The Monitor may amend the Creditors' Meeting Materials for Non-registered Noteholders to make those materials consistent with the usual practice of the Participant Noteholder in dealing with Non-registered Noteholders.

Monitor's Report

30. **ORDERS** that, on or before August 18, 2010, the Monitor shall file a report on the CCAA Plan and on the Applicants' business and financial affairs with this Court, and shall publish same on its website at www.ey.com/ca/abitibibowater. The notice referred to in Section 11.7(3)(c) of the CCAA shall be considered sufficiently given if the Notice to Creditors mentions that said report is available as provided herein;

Rights Offering

31. **ORDERS** that the Rights Offering be and it is hereby approved and shall be conducted in the manner set forth in the Circular;

32. **ORDERS** that June 30, 2010 shall be and is hereby set as the first record date (the "**First Rights Offering Record Date**") for the purpose of determining those creditors entitled to subscribe to convertible unsecured subordinated notes pursuant to the Rights Offering, which entitlement to subscribe shall expire on August 27, 2010 (the "**First Rights Offering Expiration Time**");
33. **ORDERS** (i) that August 18, 2010 shall be and is hereby set as the second record date (the "**Second Rights Offering Record Date**") in regard of those creditors whose Claims' amount has increased or decreased since the First Rights Offering Record Date as a result of the ongoing Claims reconciliation process conducted pursuant to the Claims Procedure Orders or pursuant to an order issued by this Court or the Bankruptcy Court and whose entitlement to subscribe to convertible unsecured subordinated notes in respect of the modified amount of the Proven Claim shall expire on September 2, 2010 (the "**Second Rights Offering Expiration Time**"), and (ii) that, in regard of those creditors whose Claims' amount has so increased since the First Rights Offering Record Date, the Monitor shall by no later than 5:00 p.m. (Montréal time) on July 15, 2010, send to such creditors a new subscription form, in form and substance substantially similar to the Subscription Form, permitting such participant to exercise a number of incremental Subscription Rights (as such term is defined in the Circular) as determined by applying the Initial Rights Ratio (as such term is defined in the Circular) to the revised amount of eligible Claim held by such creditor, as reduced by the number of Subscription Rights previously offered to such participant, by prepaid regular mail, courier, fax or e-mail, at the address appearing on creditor's Proof of Claim filed pursuant to the Claims Procedure Orders and/or the Cross-border Claims Protocol, as applicable;

Creditors' Meeting Procedure

34. **ORDERS** that the Voting Record Date shall be August 17 2010 (or such other date as may be determined by the Monitor and communicated in accordance with paragraph 16 hereof;
35. **ORDERS** that a Person designated by the Monitor, shall preside as the chair of the Creditors' Meeting (the "**Chair**") and, subject to this Order or any further order of this Court, shall decide all matters relating to the conduct of the Creditors' Meeting. The

Applicants or any Affected Unsecured Creditor may appeal from any decision of the Chair to this Court no later than four (4) Business Days from any such decision;

36. **ORDERS** that the Monitor may appoint scrutineers for the supervision and tabulation of the attendance at, quorum at and votes cast at the Creditors' Meeting and any person to act as secretary at the Creditors' Meeting;
37. **ORDERS** that the only Persons entitled to attend and speak at the Creditors' Meeting are Affected Unsecured Creditors with Voting Claims and their proxy holders, representatives of the Applicants, members of the boards of directors of the Applicants, representatives of the Monitor and representatives of the Ad Hoc Unsecured Noteholders Committee, the Chair and their respective legal counsel and financial advisors. Any other Person may be admitted to the Creditors' Meeting on invitation of the Chair;
38. **ORDERS** that any Affected Unsecured Creditor Proxy that an Affected Unsecured Creditor (other than Non-registered Noteholders) wishes to submit in respect of the Creditors' Meeting (or any adjournment, postponement or other rescheduling thereof) must be substantially in the form attached hereto as **Erreur! Source du renvoi introuvable.** (or in such other form acceptable to the Monitor or the Chair) and shall either be (i) received by the Monitor at its office located at 800, René-Lévesque Blvd. W., Suite 1900, Montréal, Québec, H3B 1X9, Canada (Attention: ACI Creditors' Meeting), or by facsimile at (514) 879-3992, in each case prior to 5:00 p.m. (Montréal time) on August 25, 2010 or prior to 5:00 p.m. (Montréal time) on the Business Day immediately preceding any adjournment, postponement or other rescheduling of the Creditors' Meeting, or (ii) deposited with the Chair at the Creditors' Meeting (or any adjournment, postponement or other rescheduling thereof) before the beginning of the Creditors' Meeting (or any such adjournment, postponement or other rescheduling);
39. **ORDERS** that any Non-registered Noteholder Proxy (other than master voting list submitted pursuant to paragraph 29) that a Non-registered Noteholder wishes to submit in respect of the Creditors' Meeting (or any adjournment, postponement or other rescheduling thereof) must be substantially in the form attached hereto as Schedule "H" (or in such other form acceptable to the Monitor or the Chair) and shall either be

(i) received by the Monitor at its office located at 800, René-Lévesque Blvd. W., Suite 1900, Montréal, Québec, H3B 1X9, Canada (Attention: ACI Creditors' Meeting), or by facsimile at (514) 879-3992, in each case prior to 5:00 p.m. (Montréal time) on August 25, 2010 or prior to 5:00 p.m. (Montréal time) on the Business Day immediately preceding any adjournment, postponement or other rescheduling of the Creditors' Meeting, or (ii) deposited with the Chair at the Creditors' Meeting (or any adjournment, postponement or other rescheduling thereof) before the beginning of the Creditors' Meeting (or any such adjournment, postponement or other rescheduling);

40. **ORDERS** that any Joint Proxy/Ballot that a Cross-Border Voting Creditor wishes to submit in respect of the Creditors' Meeting (or any adjournment, postponement or other rescheduling thereof) must be substantially in the form attached to the Cross-border Voting Protocol as Exhibit "1" thereto (or in such other form acceptable to the Monitor or the Chair) and shall either be (i) received by the Monitor at its office located at 800, René-Lévesque Blvd. W., Suite 1900, Montréal, Québec, H3B 1X9, Canada (Attention: ACI Creditors' Meeting), or by facsimile at (514) 879-3992, in each case prior to 5:00 p.m. (Montréal time) on August 25, 2010 or prior to 5:00 p.m. (Montréal time) on the Business Day immediately preceding any adjournment, postponement or other rescheduling of the Creditors' Meeting, or (ii) deposited with the Chair at the Creditors' Meeting (or any adjournment, postponement or other rescheduling thereof) before the beginning of the Creditors' Meeting (or any such adjournment, postponement or other rescheduling);
41. **ORDERS** that in the absence of instruction to vote for or against the approval of the Resolution in a duly signed and returned Proxy, the Proxy shall be deemed to include instructions to vote for the approval of the Resolution;
42. **ORDERS** that the quorum required at each Creditors' Meeting shall be one (1) Affected Unsecured Creditor in the relevant Affected Unsecured Creditor Class present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote at the Creditors' Meeting. If the requisite quorum is not present at the Creditors' Meeting, then the Creditors' Meeting shall be adjourned by the Chair to such date, time and place as may be decided by the Chair in his or her sole discretion. The Chair shall decide on the manner of giving notice to the Affected Unsecured Creditors of the rescheduled meeting and may, if he or she deems it appropriate, restrict such notice to a notice posted on the Monitor's website;

43. **ORDERS** that the Chair be, and he or she is hereby, authorized to adjourn, postpone or otherwise reschedule the Creditors' Meeting on one or more occasions to such time(s), date(s) and place(s) as the Chair deems necessary or desirable (without the need to first convene the Creditors' Meeting for the purpose of any adjournment, postponement or other rescheduling thereof); the Chair shall decide on the manner of giving notice to the Affected Creditors of the rescheduled meeting and may, if he or she deems it appropriate, restrict such notice to a notice posted on the Monitor's website;

Voting Procedure

44. **ORDERS** that, at a Creditors' Meeting, the Chair be, and he or she is hereby, authorized to direct the votes with respect to the Resolution to approve the CCAA Plan and any amendments, variations or supplements thereto as the Applicants and the Monitor may consider appropriate;
45. **ORDERS** that any resolution to be voted on at any Creditors' Meeting to approve, amend, vary or supplement the CCAA Plan, including the Resolution in respect of each of the Affected Unsecured Creditor Classes, will be decided by the Required Majorities on a vote by ballot, and that any other matter submitted for a vote at any Creditors' Meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes cast on a vote by a show of hands, unless the Chair decides, in his or her sole and absolute discretion, to hold such vote by way of ballot, provided, however, that each vote of a 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Creditor by way of ballot or show of hands in respect of the ACCC Affected Unsecured Creditor Class shall be deemed to be a vote in respect of such 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Creditor's 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Claims comprised in each of the Affected Unsecured Creditor Classes set forth in the CCAA Plan, including the ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, ACNSI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class and 15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Creditor Classes;
46. **ORDERS** that the only Persons entitled to vote at the Creditors' Meetings shall be Affected Unsecured Creditors with Voting Claims as of the Voting Record Date and their proxy holders. For the purposes of counting and tabulating the votes at the Creditors' Meeting, each Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Voting Claim shall be

entitled to one (1) vote and the weight attributed to such vote (for the purposes of determining the Required Majorities) shall be equal to the aggregate Canadian dollar value of such Affected Unsecured Creditor's Voting Claim (if necessary, converted into Canadian dollars in accordance with paragraph 61 hereof). For the purpose of calculating a majority in number of an Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, each individual Non-registered Noteholder shall only be counted once, without duplication, even if that Non-registered Noteholder holds Canadian Unsecured Notes through more than one registered holder of Canadian Unsecured Notes or Participant Noteholders, and each Affected Unsecured Creditor of an Applicant with a Proven Claim shall only be counted once even if such Affected Creditor holds more than one Proven and/or Unresolved Claim that has been approved for voting purposes against such Applicant. For greater certainty, only beneficial owners of Canadian Unsecured Notes (and not registered holder of Canadian Unsecured Notes or Participant Noteholders unless they are also beneficial holders of Canadian Unsecured Notes) shall be entitled to vote their Proven Claims in respect of the Canadian Unsecured Notes as provided for in this Order;

47. **ORDERS** that (i) a vote to accept the U.S. Plan by a Cross-Border Voting Creditor shall be deemed to be a vote to accept the CCAA Plan with respect to such Cross-Border Debtor in the CCAA Proceedings, and (ii) that a vote to reject the U.S. Plan by a Cross-Border Voting Creditor shall be deemed to be a vote to reject the CCAA Plan with respect to such Cross-Border Debtor in the CCAA Proceedings;
48. **ORDERS** that if the amount of the Affected Claim of any Affected Unsecured Creditor is not resolved for voting purposes at least five (5) Business Days before the Creditors Meeting Date in accordance with the Claims Procedure Orders, the Cross-Border Insolvency Protocol, the Cross-Border Voting Protocol and this Order, such Affected Unsecured Creditor shall be entitled to vote at the Creditors' Meeting in respect of the Affected Unsecured Creditor Class to which it belongs based on that portion of its Affected Claim which has been accepted for voting purposes by the Monitor, without prejudice to the rights of the Applicants, or the Affected Unsecured Creditor, with respect to the final determination of the Affected Unsecured Creditor's Affected Claim for distribution purposes in accordance with the terms of the Claims Procedure Orders,

this Order and the CCAA Plan. Affected Unsecured Creditors whose Affected Claims have been revised or disallowed, in full or in part, which revision or disallowance remains in dispute or under appeal in accordance with the Claims Procedure Orders, and the Cross-Border Claims Protocol shall have their voting intentions with respect to such disputed or disallowed amounts recorded by the Monitor and reported to this Court in accordance with paragraph 53 hereof;

Transfers of Voting Claims

49. **ORDERS** that, solely for voting purposes at any Creditors' Meeting, no assignee, transferee or purchaser of any Voting Claim who shall have acquired or become the assignee or transferee of such Voting Claim after the Voting Record Date shall have any right or entitlement whatsoever to attend or vote at, either in person or by proxy, the Creditors' Meeting, and **ORDERS** further that, any transferee, assignee or acquirer of a Voting Claim who shall have acquired or become the assignee or transferee of such a Voting Claim on or prior to the Voting Record Date but whose name does not appear as of the Voting Record Date as the Holder of such transferred or assigned Voting Claim, then, for purposes of voting at the Creditors' Meeting, the transferee, assignee or acquirer of such Voting Claim shall, provided it shall have, not later than five (5) Business Days prior to the Creditors' Meeting, delivered evidence satisfactory to the Monitor of (A) its ownership of the whole of such Voting Claim as of the Voting Record Date, and (B) that such transfer or assignment was valid at Law, then:

- (a) such transferee or assignee shall be entitled to receive from the Monitor a package containing the Meeting Materials;
- (b) such transferee's or assignee's name shall be included on the list of Affected Unsecured Creditors entitled to vote at the Creditors' Meeting; and
- (c) such transferee or assignee shall be entitled to attend and vote, either in person or by proxy, the transferor's or assignor's Voting Claim at the Creditors' Meeting in lieu and to the exclusion of the transferor's or assignor's right to attend and vote at the Creditor's Meeting with respect to the transferred Voting Claim;

Distribution for Disputed Claims

50. **ORDERS** that no distributions shall be made with respect to a Disputed Claim unless and until it has become a Proven Claim, and that the Monitor, in its capacity as Disbursing Agent, shall establish the Applicants Reserve in accordance with the CCAA Plan;

Evidence that Affected Claim was Paid

51. **ORDERS** that, should the Monitor receive evidence satisfactory to it that an Affected Claim was paid in part or in full by a party other than the Applicants, such Affected Claim shall be reduced by the amount of the payment so made to such Holder of an Affected Claim, for the purposes of calculating votes and for distributions under the CCAA Plan;

Notices and Communications

52. **ORDERS** that any document sent by the Monitor or the Applicants pursuant to this Order may be sent by prepaid regular mail, courier, fax or e-mail. Any Holder shall be deemed to have received any document sent pursuant to this Order four (4) Business Days after the document is sent by ordinary or registered mail and on the Business Day immediately following the day on which the document is sent by courier, e-mail or facsimile transmission. Documents shall not be sent by ordinary or registered mail during a postal strike or work stoppage of general application;

Sanction Hearing

53. **ORDERS** that the Monitor shall report to this Court no later than three (3) Business Days after the Creditors' Meeting with respect to:
- (a) the results of the voting on the Resolutions to approve the CCAA Plan;
 - (b) the effect on the results of the vote had the Affected Unsecured Creditors also voted the amount of their Affected Claim disputed for voting purposes; and
 - (c) any other matter which the Monitor considers relevant in view of the Sanction Hearing, including the status and voting results of the U.S. Plan;

54. **ORDERS** that, subject to further order of this Court, if the Plan has been accepted by the Required Majorities, the Petitioners shall bring a motion presentable before this Court on September 8, 2010 (the "**Sanction Hearing**"), seeking an order sanctioning the CCAA Plan pursuant to the CCAA and Section 191 of the CBCA (the "**Sanction Order**");
55. **ORDERS** that a copy of the motion seeking the Sanction Order be published on the Monitor's website at www.ey.com/ca/abitibibowater as soon as it is filed with this Court;
56. **ORDERS** that service of the Notice to Creditors and this Order pursuant to paragraph 18 hereof shall constitute good and sufficient service of notice of the Sanction Hearing upon all Persons who are entitled to receive such service and no other form of service need be made and no other materials need be served on such Persons in respect of the Sanction Hearing;
57. **ORDERS** that any Person intending to object to the motion seeking the Sanction Order shall file with this Court, before 4:30 p.m. (Montréal Time) on September 3, 2010, a written notice containing a description of its proposed grounds of contestation and shall effect service of same, within the same delay, upon counsel to the Petitioners and the Monitor, and upon those Persons listed on the service list published on the Monitor's website at www.ey.com/ca/abitibibowater;
58. **ORDERS** that in the event that the Sanction Hearing is adjourned, postponed or otherwise rescheduled, only those Persons listed on the service list published on the Monitor's website at www.ey.com/ca/abitibibowater are required to be served with notice of the adjourned, postponed or otherwise rescheduled date;

Foreign Proceedings

59. **ORDERS** that the Monitor shall have the power and authority, but shall not be obligated, to apply to the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York for an order in respect of the Applicants pursuant to Chapter 15 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code, and in connection with such proceedings the Monitor be, and it is hereby, authorized to act as a foreign representative of the Applicants;

Aid and Assistance of Other Courts

60. **REQUESTS** the aid and recognition of any court or any judicial, regulatory or administrative body in any province or territory of Canada and any judicial, regulatory or administrative tribunal or other court constituted pursuant to the Parliament of Canada or the legislature of any province or territory of Canada or any court or any judicial, regulatory or administrative body of the United States of America and of any other nation or state to act in aid of and to be complementary to this Court in carrying out the terms of this Order;

General Provisions

61. **ORDERS** that the purposes of determination of the value of Affected Claims denominated in currencies other than Canadian dollars for voting and distribution purposes, such Claims shall be converted by the Monitor to Canadian dollars in accordance with the Claims Procedure Orders and the CCAA Plan;
62. **ORDERS** that the Monitor shall use reasonable discretion as to the adequacy of completion and execution of any document completed and executed pursuant to this Order and may waive strict compliance with the requirements of this Order as to the completion and execution of documents;
63. **ORDERS** that the Monitor may apply to this Court for advice and direction in connection with the discharge or variation of its powers and duties under this Order;
64. **ORDERS** the provisional execution of this Order notwithstanding appeal and without the necessity of furnishing any security;
65. **THE WHOLE**, without costs.

Montréal (Québec), ●, 2010

Honourable ●, j.s.c.

SCHEDULE "A"

ABITIBI PETITIONERS

1. ABITIBI-CONSOLIDATED INC.
2. ABITIBI-CONSOLIDATED COMPANY OF CANADA
3. 3224112 NOVA SCOTIA LIMITED
4. MARKETING DONOHUE INC.
5. ABITIBI-CONSOLIDATED CANADIAN OFFICE PRODUCTS HOLDINGS INC.
6. 3834328 CANADA INC.
7. 6169678 CANADA INC.
8. 4042140 CANADA INC.
9. DONOHUE RECYCLING INC.
10. 1508756 ONTARIO INC.
11. 3217925 NOVA SCOTIA COMPANY
12. LA TUQUE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.
13. ABITIBI-CONSOLIDATED NOVA SCOTIA INCORPORATED
14. SAGUENAY FOREST PRODUCTS INC.
15. TERRA NOVA EXPLORATIONS LTD.
16. THE JONQUIERE PULP COMPANY
17. THE INTERNATIONAL BRIDGE AND TERMINAL COMPANY,
18. SCRAMBLE MINING LTD.
19. 9150-3383 QUÉBEC INC.
20. ABITIBI-CONSOLIDATED (U.K.) INC.

SCHEDULE "B"

BOWATER PETITIONERS

1. BOWATER CANADIAN HOLDINGS INC.
2. BOWATER CANADA FINANCE CORPORATION
3. BOWATER CANADIAN LIMITED
4. 3231378 NOVA SCOTIA COMPANY
5. ABITIBIBOWATER CANADA INC.
6. BOWATER CANADA TREASURY CORPORATION
7. BOWATER CANADIAN FOREST PRODUCTS INC.
8. BOWATER SHELBURNE CORPORATION
9. BOWATER LAHAVE CORPORATION
10. ST-MAURICE RIVER DRIVE COMPANY LIMITED
11. BOWATER TREATED WOOD INC.
12. CANEXEL HARDBOARD INC.
13. 9068-9050 QUÉBEC INC.
14. ALLIANCE FOREST PRODUCTS (2001) INC.
15. BOWATER BELLEDUNE SAWMILL INC.
16. BOWATER MARITIMES INC.
17. BOWATER MITIS INC.
18. BOWATER GUÉRETTE INC.
19. BOWATER COUTURIER INC.

SCHEDULE "C"

18.6 CCAA PETITIONERS

1. ABITIBIBOWATER INC.
2. ABITIBIBOWATER US HOLDING 1 CORP.
3. BOWATER VENTURES INC.
4. BOWATER INCORPORATED
5. BOWATER NUWAY INC.
6. BOWATER NUWAY MID-STATES INC.
7. CATAWBA PROPERTY HOLDINGS LLC
8. BOWATER FINANCE COMPANY INC.
9. BOWATER SOUTH AMERICAN HOLDINGS INCORPORATED
10. BOWATER AMERICA INC.
11. LAKE SUPERIOR FOREST PRODUCTS INC.
12. BOWATER NEWSPRINT SOUTH LLC
13. BOWATER NEWSPRINT SOUTH OPERATIONS LLC
14. BOWATER FINANCE II, LLC
15. BOWATER ALABAMA LLC
16. COOSA PINES GOLF CLUB HOLDINGS LLC

SCHEDULE "D"

APPLICANTS

Abitibi-Consolidated Inc.
Abitibi-Consolidated Company of Canada
3224112 Nova Scotia Limited
Marketing Donohue Inc.
Abitibi-Consolidated Canadian Office Products Holdings Inc.
3834328 Canada Inc.
6169678 Canada Incorporated.
4042140 Canada Inc.
Donohue Recycling Inc.
1508756 Ontario Inc.
3217925 Nova Scotia Company
La Tuque Forest Products Inc.
Abitibi-Consolidated Nova Scotia Incorporated
Saguenay Forest Products Inc.
Terra Nova Explorations Ltd.
The Jonquière Pulp Company
The International Bridge and Terminal Company
Scramble Mining Ltd.
9150-3383 Québec Inc.
Abitibi-Consolidated (U.K.) Inc.
Bowater Canadian Holdings Incorporated.
Bowater Canada Finance Corporation
Bowater Canadian Limited
3231378 Nova Scotia Company
AbitibiBowater Canada Inc.
Bowater Canada Treasury Corporation
Bowater Canadian Forest Products Inc.
Bowater Shelburne Corporation
Bowater LaHave Corporation
St. Maurice River Drive Company Limited
Bowater Treated Wood Inc.
Canexel Hardboard Inc.
9068-9050 Québec Inc.
Alliance Forest Products (2001) Inc.
Bowater Belledune Sawmill Inc.
Bowater Maritimes Inc.
Bowater Mitis Inc.
Bowater Guérette Inc.
Bowater Couturier Inc.

SCHEDULE "E" CIRCULAR

THE CIRCULAR IS AVAILABLE AT THE FOLLOWING PAGE OF THE MONITOR'S WEBSITE: WWW.EY.COM/CA/ABITIBIBOWATER AND WAS COMMUNICATED AS EXHIBIT R-2 TO THE MOTION FOR THE ISSUANCE OF AN ORDER FOR THE CONVENING, HOLDING AND CONDUCT OF A CREDITORS' MEETING AND OTHER RELIEF.

SCHEDULE "F" - NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Long Form :

Notice of creditors' meeting

ERNST & YOUNG INC.

CANADA
PROVINCE OF QUÉBEC
DISTRICT OF MONTREAL
COURT NO: 500-11-036133-094

SUPERIOR COURT
Commercial Division
*Designated tribunal under the
Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act*

IN THE MATTER OF THE PLAN OF REORGANIZATION AND COMPROMISE OF
ABITIBIBOWATER INC. AND CERTAIN OF ITS SUBSIDIARIES.

NOTICE OF CREDITORS' MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that AbitibiBowater Inc. and certain of its subsidiaries listed in **Erreur ! Source du renvoi introuvable.** - "**Erreur ! Source du renvoi introuvable.**" to the Notice of Meeting and Information Circular dated July ●, 2010 (the "**Circular**") (collectively, the "**Applicants**") have filed with the Québec Superior Court of Justice, Commercial Division (the "**Court**") a plan of reorganization and compromise (as amended from time to time, the "**CCAA Plan**") pursuant to the *Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act* (the "**CCAA**"), Section 191 of the *Canada Business Corporations Act* (the "**CBCA**") and such other sections and legislation to be set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice.

A copy of the CCAA Plan is attached as **Erreur ! Source du renvoi introuvable.** - "**Erreur ! Source du renvoi introuvable.**" to the Circular. Unless otherwise indicated, terms defined in the section of the Circular entitled "*Glossary of Terms*" shall have the same meanings in this Notice of Creditors' Meeting.

The CCAA Plan contemplates the reorganization of the Applicants and the compromise of the Affected Claims of the Affected Unsecured Creditors.

NOTICE IS ALSO HEREBY GIVEN to Affected Unsecured Creditors of each Affected Unsecured Creditor Class that the Creditors' Meeting will be held at the Hilton Montreal Bonaventure, 900 de La Gauchetière West, Montréal, Québec, H5A 1E4, Canada, at 10:00 a.m. (Montreal time), on August 26, 2010 for the purposes of:

- (i) considering and, if thought advisable, adopting a resolution in respect of such Affected Unsecured Creditor Class to approve the CCAA Plan (the full text of which resolution is set out as **Erreur ! Source du renvoi introuvable.** - "**Erreur ! Source du renvoi introuvable.**" to the Circular), with or without variation; and
- (ii) transacting such other business as may properly come before each Creditors' Meeting.

Each Creditors' Meeting is being held pursuant to the Creditors' Meeting Order made on [July 9], 2010 by the Honourable ● of the Court. A copy of the Creditors' Meeting Order is set out as **Erreur ! Source du renvoi introuvable.** – "*Erreur ! Source du renvoi introuvable.*" to the Circular.

Affected Unsecured Creditors who wish to vote on the Resolution in respect of each of the Affected Unsecured Creditor Classes to which they belong to approve the CCAA Plan must have submitted Proofs of Claim and proven their Claims in the manner and within the time specified in the Creditors' Meeting Order, the Cross-border Voting Protocol, the Claims Procedure Orders and the Cross-border Claims Protocol, copies of which are set out as **Erreur ! Source du renvoi introuvable.** – "*Erreur ! Source du renvoi introuvable.*" and **Erreur ! Source du renvoi introuvable.** – "*Erreur ! Source du renvoi introuvable.*" to the Circular. Affected Unsecured Creditors who do not have Voting Claims or Disputed Claims that have been accepted for voting purposes in compliance with the Creditors' Meeting Order, the Cross-border Voting Protocol, the Claims Procedure Orders and the Cross-border Claims Protocol are not entitled to attend or vote at any Creditors' Meeting.

For the purpose of voting on and receiving distributions pursuant to the CCAA Plan, the Claims are divided into classes, as set out in the CCAA Plan. In order for the CCAA Plan to become effective: (i) the CCAA Plan must be approved by the affirmative vote of a majority in number, representing not less than two-thirds in value of the Voting Claims, of Affected Unsecured Creditors voting in each Affected Unsecured Creditors Class (in person or by proxy), (ii) the U.S. Plan described in the Circular must become effective and be implemented in accordance with its terms; and (iii) the conditions to the implementation and effectiveness of the CCAA Plan (as described in the Circular) must be satisfied or waived.

Any Affected Unsecured Creditor who is entitled to vote at any Creditors' Meeting but is unable or does not intend to attend such Creditors' Meeting may vote by dating, signing and returning the enclosed applicable form of proxy (the "**Form of Proxy**") in the return envelope provided in accordance with the instructions accompanying the Form of Proxy. In order to be used at any Creditors' Meeting, a Form of Proxy must be received by the Monitor, Ernst & Young Inc., by registered mail, courier, e-mail or facsimile at the address set out below, such that it is received at any time prior to 5:00 p.m. (Montreal time) on August 25, 2010 or at any time prior to 5:00 p.m. (Montreal time) on the Business Day immediately preceding the date set for any adjournment, postponement or rescheduling of such Creditors' Meeting, or with the Chair of the Creditors' Meeting prior to the commencement of such Creditors' Meeting or any adjournment, postponement or rescheduling thereof.

Each Affected Unsecured Creditor who intends to attend any Creditors' Meeting and elect to (i) reduce for distribution purposes, its Proven Claims to Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian equivalent of US\$5,000 based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate) in order to receive a Cash distribution in accordance with the CCAA Plan or (ii) in the case its Proven Claims are equal to or less than Cdn\$6,073, to receive shares of New ABH Common Stock in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claims must also complete and sign the election notice included in the Form of Proxy and deposit it, as described above, with the Monitor or the Chair of the Creditors' Meeting prior to the commencement of any Creditors' Meeting in respect of the Affected Unsecured Creditor Class to which it belongs or any adjournment postponement or rescheduling thereof.

Affected Unsecured Creditors are responsible for obtaining proof of delivery, if required, of such Forms of Proxy through their choice of delivery method. The Monitor will only accept Forms of Proxy that relate to the CCAA Plan, and any voting ballot or other document relating to the U.S. Plan will be disregarded and discarded.

The Monitor's coordinates for the purpose of filing Forms of Proxy and for obtaining any additional information or materials related to any Creditors' Meeting are:

By telephone (toll-free): 1-866-246-7889

By registered mail: Ernst & Young Inc.
800 René-Lévesque Blvd. West
Suite 2000
Montreal, Québec
H3B 1X9 Canada

Attention: ABH et al. Creditors'
Meetings

By facsimile: 1-514-879-3992

By email: abitibibowater@ca.ey.com

Copies of documents related to the Creditors' Meetings will also be posted on the Monitor's website at www.ey.com/ca/abitibibowater.

NOTICE IS ALSO HEREBY GIVEN that in accordance with the CCAA, the Monitor shall file a report on the CCAA Plan and on the affairs of the Applicants with the Court on or before August 18, 2010. A copy of the Monitor's report will be available at the Creditors' Meetings, and will be posted on the Monitor's website at www.ey.com/ca/abitibibowater as soon as practicable after it is filed with the Court.

NOTICE IS ALSO HEREBY GIVEN that if the CCAA Plan is approved at the Creditors' Meetings by the Affected Unsecured Creditors of each Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, and all other necessary conditions are satisfied or waived, the Applicants intend to file a motion presentable before the Court on September 8, 2010 at 10:00 a.m. (Montreal time) seeking an order sanctioning the CCAA Plan pursuant to the CCAA (the "**Sanction Order**"), and to file a motion for recognition of the said Sanction Order in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 15 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code, without further notice. A copy of the motion for the Sanction Order will be filed on the Monitor's website, at www.ey.com/ca/abitibibowater, as soon as practicable after it is filed with the Court. Any Person intending to object to the motion seeking the Sanction Order must file with the Court, before 4:30 p.m. (Montreal time) no later than September 3, 2010, a written notice containing a description of its proposed grounds of contestation and shall effect service of same, within the same delay, to counsel to the Applicants and the Monitor, and to those persons listed on the Applicants' service list posted on the Monitor's website at www.ey.com/ca/abitibibowater.

DATED at Montreal, Québec, this ●th day of ●, 2010.

ERNST & YOUNG INC., in its capacity as the
Monitor appointed by the Court in the matter of the
proposed plan of reorganization and compromise of

AbitibiBowater Inc. et al.

Short Form :

(ERNST & YOUNG LETTERHEAD)

**NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF ABITIBIBOWATER INC.
AND CERTAIN OF ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

Creditors of AbitibiBowater Inc. and certain of its subsidiaries (collectively, the "**Corporation**") are hereby notified that, in connection with the Corporation's ongoing proceedings under the *Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act* (Canada), the Corporation has filed with the Québec Superior Court a plan of reorganization and compromise dated ●, 2010 (the "**CCAA Plan**").

Creditors of the Corporation are further notified that a meeting of the Corporation's creditors (the "**Creditors' Meeting**") will be held on August 26, 2010 at 10:00 am (Montréal time) at the Hilton Montreal Bonaventure, 900 de La Gauchetière West, Montréal, Québec, H5A 1E4, Canada, for the purposes of:

- (i) considering and, if thought advisable, adopting a resolution in respect of such Affected Unsecured Creditor Class to approve the CCAA Plan, with or without variation; and
- (ii) transacting such other business as may properly come before the Creditors' Meeting.

A copy of the CCAA Plan and accompanying Information Circular, Notice to Creditors of Creditors' Meeting, Form of Proxy, including an Election Notice, and related documents will be mailed by July 15, 2010 to all known creditors of the Corporation affected by the Plan.

In order to be entitled to attend and vote at the Creditors' Meeting, creditors must have filed proofs of claim and proven their claims in the manner and within the time specified in Creditors' Meeting Order, the Cross-border Voting Protocol, the Claims Procedure Orders and the Cross-border Claims Protocol, copies of which may be found on the website of the Monitor, Ernst & Young Inc., at www.ey.com/ca/abitibibowater. **NO OTHER PERSON WILL BE ENTITLED TO ATTEND OR VOTE AT THE CREDITORS' MEETING.**

Creditors who believe they are entitled to attend and vote at the Creditors' Meeting but have not received their copy of the materials referred to above by July 15, 2010, or who wish to obtain additional information, may contact the Monitor at the following coordinates:

By telephone 1-888-202-3216
(toll-free):

By registered mail: Ernst & Young Inc.
800 René-Lévesque Blvd. West
Suite 2000

Montreal, Québec
H3B 1X9 Canada

Attention: ABH et al. Creditors' Meeting

By facsimile:

1-(514) 879-3992

By email:

abitibibowater@ca.ey.com

Montréal, Québec, Canada, ●, 2010

ERNST & YOUNG INC., in its capacity as the
Monitor appointed by the Court in the matter of the
proposed plan of reorganization and compromise of
AbitibiBowater Inc. et al.

SCHEDULE "G"

**PROXY, INSTRUCTIONS AND ELECTION NOTICE
FOR AFFECTED UNSECURED CREDITORS**

[NTD: TO FOLLOW]

SCHEDULE "H"
PROXY, INSTRUCTIONS AND ELECTION NOTICE
FOR NON-REGISTERED NOTEHOLDERS

[NTD: TO FOLLOW]

SCHEDULE "I"
INSTRUCTIONS TO PARTICIPANT HOLDERS

[NTD: TO FOLLOW]

SCHEDULE "J"'''
NOTICE OF RIGHTS OFFERING

[NTD: TO FOLLOW]

SCHEDULE "K" - SUBSCRIPTION FORM

[NTD: TO FOLLOW]

SCHEDULE "L" SHAREHOLDER NOTICE

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS OF ABITIBIBOWATER INC. AND CERTAIN OF ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Holders of common stock of the capital of AbitibiBowater Inc. (the "**Company**") are hereby notified that in connection with the Company's ongoing proceedings under the *Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act* (Canada), a meeting of the Company's creditors will be held on August 26, 2010 at 10:00 am (Montréal time) at the Hilton Montreal Bonaventure, 900 de La Gauchetière West, Montréal, Québec, H5A 1E4, Canada, to consider and, if deemed advisable, approve a proposed plan of reorganization and compromise.

HOLDERS OF COMMON STOCK ARE ENTITLED NEITHER TO ATTEND NOR VOTE AT THE COMPANY'S CREDITORS' MEETING.

Holders of common stock are further notified that the proposed plan of reorganization and compromise contemplates that, if such plan is approved and implemented, all issued and outstanding common stock of the Corporation will be cancelled and holders will receive no recoveries.

Montréal, Québec, Canada, ●, 2010

Jacques P. Vachon
Senior Vice President, Corporate
Affairs and Secretary

SUPERIOR COURT
Commercial Division
Court designated pursuant to
Creditors Arrangement Act

Nº. 500-11-036133-094

CANADA
PROVINCE OF QUÉBEC
DISTRICT OF MONTRÉAL

In the matter of Plan of Compromise or Arrangement of:

ABITIBIBOWATER INC. and a

Petitioners

- and -

ERNST & YOUNG INC.

Monitor

BS0350
n/dos.: 041053-1170

EXHIBIT R-1

ORIGINAL

Me Guy P. Martel (514) 397-3163

Fax: (514) 397-3493

STIKEMAN ELLIOTT
man Elliott S.E.N.C.R.L., s.r.l. AV
40^e Étage
1155, boul. René-Lévesque Ouest
Montréal, Canada H3B 3V2

EXHIBIT R-2

*Draft for discussion purposes only
dated June 25, 2010
Subject to revision and comment
Subject to final CCAA Plan and Creditors Meeting Order*



**NOTICE OF MEETING AND
INFORMATION CIRCULAR
PERTAINING TO A
PLAN OF REORGANIZATION AND
COMPROMISE
UNDER
THE COMPANIES' CREDITORS ARRANGEMENT ACT (CANADA)
THE CANADA BUSINESS CORPORATIONS ACT
AND SUCH OTHER LEGISLATION TO BE SET FORTH IN
THE RESTRUCTURING TRANSACTIONS NOTICE
INVOLVING ABITIBIBOWATER INC.
AND CERTAIN OF ITS SUBSIDIARIES LISTED IN APPENDIX A
– AND –
A RIGHTS OFFERING
OF
REORGANIZED ABH IN CONNECTION THEREWITH
[July ●], 2010**

This information circular is being distributed to creditors of certain subsidiaries of AbitibiBowater Inc. listed in Appendix A hereto by and on behalf of such entities and AbitibiBowater Inc. in connection with the meetings called to consider the reorganization and compromise proposed by them which are scheduled to be held at [10:00 a.m.] (Montreal time) on August 26, 2010 at the Hilton Montreal Bonaventure, 900 de La Gauchetière West, Montréal, Québec, H5A 1E4, Canada and a rights offering of Reorganized ABH in connection therewith.

These materials require your immediate attention. You should consult your professional advisors in connection with the contents of these documents. Should you have any questions regarding voting, the rights offering or other procedures or should you wish to obtain additional copies of these materials, you may contact Ernst & Young Inc., which acts as the Monitor, at 800 René-Lévesque Blvd. West, Suite 2000, Montreal, Québec, H3B 1X9 Canada (Attention: the Monitor), facsimile number: 1-514-879-3992 and telephone number: 1-866-246-7889.

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LETTER TO AFFECTED UNSECURED CREDITORS

July 1, 2010

TO: Affected unsecured creditors of certain subsidiaries of AbitibiBowater Inc. (the "Affected Unsecured Creditors") listed in Appendix A to the Notice of Meeting and Information Circular accompanying this letter (the "Circular").

AbitibiBowater Inc. ("ABH") and certain of its subsidiaries listed in Appendix A – "*Applicants*" to the Circular (collectively, the "**Applicants**") are inviting you to meetings (the "**Creditors' Meetings**") which are scheduled to be held at the Hilton Montreal Bonaventure, 900 de La Gauchetière West, Montréal Québec, H5A 1E4, Canada, at [10:00 a.m.] (Montreal time), on August 26, 2010, to present, for your approval, a resolution in respect of each class to which you belong (the "**Resolution**") relating to a proposed plan of reorganization and compromise (as amended from time to time, the "**CCAA Plan**") pursuant to the *Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act* (Canada) (the "**CCAA**"), the *Canada Business Corporations Act* ("**CBCA**") and such other legislation to be set forth in the restructuring transaction notice to be posted on the website of Ernst & Young Inc., which is acting as monitor (the "**Monitor**"). Certain subsidiaries of ABH are also pursuing a parallel reorganization in the United States and have submitted a separate joint plan of reorganization under applicable United States bankruptcy laws (the "**U.S. Plan**" and, together with the CCAA Plan, the "**Plans**"). Effectiveness of the CCAA Plan is conditional upon the effectiveness of the U.S. Plan, and effectiveness of the U.S. Plan is conditional upon the effectiveness of the CCAA Plan.

Purpose of the CCAA Plan

The CCAA Plan is designed to:

- (i) provide for a coordinated restructuring and compromise of the Applicants' debt obligations; and
- (ii) reorganize and simplify the Applicants' corporate and capital structure.

The Plans are the result of an extensive review of the available alternatives by the Applicants and their financial and legal advisors, with the assistance of the Monitor and lengthy negotiations with the various creditor groups, regulators and other stakeholders.

We are now asking you to approve the CCAA Plan so that the Applicants or their successors can emerge as a viable going concern and focus their resources on serving their customers and building value for their stakeholders. We believe that the implementation of the Plans will contribute to ABH's positioning as a stable and long-term competitor in the forest products industry.

Recommendation of the Monitor and the CCAA Plan Applicants

Pursuant to the CCAA Plan, the Affected Unsecured Creditors are, for purposes of voting and distribution, grouped in 20 classes based on their claims against certain of the Applicants (the "**CCAA Plan Applicants**"). The remaining Applicants have nominal assets or claims or do not have claims under the CCAA Plan.

The Monitor believes the CCAA Plan will produce a more favourable result for the Affected Unsecured Creditors as a whole than would a liquidation of the CCAA Plan Applicants' assets and operations in accordance with the assumptions set out in the Liquidation Analysis attached as Appendix F to the Circular (the "**Liquidation Analysis**"). Accordingly, the Monitor recommends that Affected Unsecured Creditors vote FOR the Resolution in respect of each class to which they belong to approve the CCAA Plan as more fully described in the section of the Circular entitled "*Recommendation of the Monitor*".

The CCAA Plan Applicants believe the CCAA Plan will produce a more favourable result for the Affected Unsecured Creditors as a whole than would a liquidation of the CCAA Plan Applicants' assets and operations in accordance with the assumptions set out in the Liquidation Analysis. Accordingly, the CCAA Plan Applicants recommend that Affected Unsecured Creditors vote FOR the Resolution in respect of each class to which they belong to approve the CCAA Plan as more fully described in the section of the Circular entitled "*Recommendation of the CCAA Plan Applicants*".

Rights Offering

In connection with the CCAA Plan, Affected Unsecured Creditors may also have the right to participate in a rights offering (the "**Rights Offering**") and be eligible to subscribe for up to US\$500 million of convertible unsecured subordinated notes.

Creditors' Meetings

The attached Circular contains information to allow you to make a decision in respect of your vote at the Creditors' Meeting in respect of the class to which you belong. To have your vote counted in respect of the Resolution for each of the classes of Affected Unsecured Creditors to which you belong, please complete each of the applicable enclosed form of proxy, and, if applicable, the election notice included in the form of proxy. These must be received by the Monitor prior to 5:00 p.m. (Montreal time) on or before August 25, 2010 or at any time prior to 5:00 p.m. (Montreal time) on the Business Day immediately preceding the date set for any adjournment, postponement or rescheduling of the Creditors' Meeting in respect of the class to which you belong, or deposited with the chair of the Creditors' Meeting in respect of the class to which you belong prior to the commencement of such Creditors' Meeting or any adjournment, postponement or rescheduling thereof.

The attached Circular also contains information to allow you to make a decision whether to participate in the Rights Offering as more fully described in the Notice of Rights Offering and in the section of the Circular entitled "*Rights Offering*".

Should you have any questions regarding the vote or other procedures or matters with respect to the Creditors' Meeting in respect of the class to which you belong or the CCAA Plan or regarding the Rights Offering, please contact the Monitor as follows:

By telephone (toll-free):	1-866-246-7889
By registered mail:	Ernst & Young Inc. 800 René-Lévesque Blvd. West Suite 2000 Montreal, Québec H3B 1X9 Canada Attention: ABH et al. Creditors' Meetings
By facsimile:	1-514-879-3992
By email:	abitibibowater@ca.ey.com

Your vote at the Creditors' Meeting in respect of the class to which you belong is important. Whether or not you expect to attend, please complete and return each of the applicable enclosed Form of Proxy and, if applicable, the election notice included in the Form of Proxy, which will ensure that you are represented at the Creditors' Meeting in respect of the class to which you belong.

We thank you for your continued support, cooperation and confidence in ABH throughout our restructuring process.

Yours truly,

David J. Paterson
President and Chief Executive Officer

NOTICE TO UNITED STATES CREDITORS

This Notice of Meeting and Information Circular dated July 1, 2010 (the "**Circular**") has been prepared in accordance with disclosure requirements and standards applicable in proceedings under the CCAA. Affected Unsecured Creditors should be aware that such requirements are different from those of the United States. The financial information contained in Appendix G – "*Financial Projections*" is based, in part, on estimates of values and assumptions and does not purport to represent what the Company's actual financial position will be upon emergence from the CCAA Proceedings or represent what the fair value of the Company's assets and liabilities will be at the Implementation Date.

Unless otherwise indicated, terms defined in the section of the Circular entitled "*Glossary of Terms*" shall have the same meaning in this notice to United States Creditors.

Affected Unsecured Creditors should be aware that the receipt of the securities described herein pursuant to the CCAA Plan may have tax consequences both in the United States and in Canada. Such consequences for Affected Unsecured Creditors who are residents in, or citizens of, the United States may not be fully described in this Circular. See "*Income Tax Considerations – Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations*" for information concerning tax consequences of the CCAA Plan for Affected Unsecured Creditors who are U.S. taxpayers. **[The enforcement by Affected Unsecured Creditors and other investors of civil liabilities under U.S. securities Laws may be affected adversely by [NTD: To be inserted.]**

NEITHER THIS CIRCULAR NOR THE SECURITIES TO BE ISSUED PURSUANT TO THE CCAA PLAN OR THE RIGHTS OFFERING HAS BEEN APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED BY THE U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION (THE "SEC") NOR HAS THE SEC PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THIS CIRCULAR. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

NOTICE TO NEW HAMPSHIRE RESIDENTS

NEITHER THE FACT THAT A REGISTRATION STATEMENT OR AN APPLICATION FOR A LICENSE HAS BEEN FILED UNDER CHAPTER 421-B OF THE NEW HAMPSHIRE REVISED STATUTES ANNOTATED, 1955, AS AMENDED ("RSA 421-B"), WITH THE STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE NOR THE FACT THAT A SECURITY IS EFFECTIVELY REGISTERED OR A PERSON IS LICENSED IN THE STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE CONSTITUTES A FINDING BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE THAT ANY DOCUMENT FILED UNDER RSA 421-B IS TRUE, COMPLETE AND NOT MISLEADING. NEITHER ANY SUCH FACT NOR THE FACT THAT AN EXEMPTION OR EXCEPTION IS AVAILABLE FOR A SECURITY OR A TRANSACTION MEANS THAT THE SECRETARY OF STATE HAS PASSED IN ANY WAY UPON THE MERITS OR QUALIFICATIONS OF, OR RECOMMENDED OR GIVEN APPROVAL TO, ANY PERSON, SECURITY, OR TRANSACTION. IT IS UNLAWFUL TO MAKE, OR CAUSE TO BE MADE, TO ANY PROSPECTIVE PURCHASER, CUSTOMER, OR CLIENT ANY REPRESENTATION INCONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PARAGRAPH.

NOTICE OF CREDITORS' MEETING

ERNST & YOUNG INC.

CANADA
PROVINCE OF QUÉBEC
DISTRICT OF MONTREAL
COURT NO: 500-11-036133-094

SUPERIOR COURT
Commercial Division
*Designated tribunal under the
Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act*

IN THE MATTER OF THE PLAN OF REORGANIZATION AND COMPROMISE OF
ABITIBIBOWATER INC. AND CERTAIN OF ITS SUBSIDIARIES.

NOTICE OF CREDITORS' MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that AbitibiBowater Inc. and certain of its subsidiaries listed in Appendix A – "Applicants" to the Notice of Meeting and Information Circular dated July 9, 2010 (the "**Circular**") (collectively, the "**Applicants**") have filed with the Québec Superior Court of Justice, Commercial Division (the "**Court**") a plan of reorganization and compromise (as amended from time to time, the "**CCAA Plan**") pursuant to the *Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act* (the "**CCAA**"), Section 191 of the *Canada Business Corporations Act* (the "**CBCA**") and such other Sections and legislation to be set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice.

A copy of the CCAA Plan is attached as Appendix C – "Plan of Reorganization and Compromise" to the Circular. Unless otherwise indicated, terms defined in the section of the Circular entitled "Glossary of Terms" shall have the same meanings in this Notice of Creditors' Meeting.

The CCAA Plan contemplates the reorganization of the Applicants and the compromise of the Affected Claims of the Affected Unsecured Creditors.

NOTICE IS ALSO HEREBY GIVEN to Affected Unsecured Creditors of each Affected Unsecured Creditor Class that the Creditors' Meeting will be held at the Hilton Montreal Bonaventure, 900 de La Gauchetière West, Montréal, Québec, H5A 1E4, Canada, at [10:00 a.m.] (Montreal time), on August 26, 2010 for the purposes of:

- (i) considering and, if thought advisable, adopting a resolution in respect of such Affected Unsecured Creditor Class to approve the CCAA Plan (the full text of which resolution is set out as Appendix B – "Resolution" to the Circular), with or without variation; and
- (ii) transacting such other business as may properly come before each Creditors' Meeting.

Each Creditors' Meeting is being held pursuant to the Creditors' Meeting Order made on [July 9], 2010 by the Honourable Clément Gascon of the Court. A copy of the Creditors' Meeting Order is set out as Appendix D – "Creditors' Meeting Order and Cross-border Voting Protocol" to the Circular.

Affected Unsecured Creditors who wish to vote on the Resolution, in respect of each of the Affected Unsecured Creditor Classes to which they belong, to approve the CCAA Plan must have submitted Proofs of Claim and proven their Claims in the manner and within the time specified in the Creditors' Meeting Order, the Cross-border Voting Protocol, the Claims Procedure Orders and the Cross-border Claims Protocol, copies of which are set out as Appendix D – "Creditors' Meeting Order and Cross-border Voting Protocol" and Appendix E – "Claims Procedure Orders and Cross-border Claims Protocol" to the Circular. Affected Unsecured Creditors who do not have Voting Claims or Disputed Claims that have been accepted for voting purposes in compliance with the Creditors' Meeting Order, the Cross-border Voting Protocol, the Claims Procedure Orders and the Cross-border Claims Protocol are not entitled to attend or vote at any Creditors' Meeting.

For the purpose of voting on and receiving distributions pursuant to the CCAA Plan, the Claims are divided into classes, as set out in the CCAA Plan. In order for the CCAA Plan to become effective: (i) the CCAA Plan must

be approved by the affirmative vote of a majority in number, representing not less than two-thirds in value of the Voting Claims, of Affected Unsecured Creditors voting in each Affected Unsecured Creditors Class (in person or by proxy), (ii) the U.S. Plan described in the Circular must become effective and be implemented in accordance with its terms; and (iii) the conditions to the implementation and effectiveness of the CCAA Plan (as described in the Circular) must be satisfied or waived.

Any Affected Unsecured Creditor who is entitled to vote at any Creditors' Meeting but is unable or does not intend to attend such Creditors' Meeting may vote by dating, signing and returning the enclosed applicable form of proxy (the "**Form of Proxy**") in the return envelope provided in accordance with the instructions accompanying the Form of Proxy. In order to be used at any Creditors' Meeting, a Form of Proxy must be received by the Monitor, Ernst & Young Inc., **by registered mail, courier, e-mail or facsimile at the address set out below, such that it is received at any time prior to 5:00 p.m. (Montreal time) on August 25, 2010 or at any time prior to 5:00 p.m. (Montreal time) on the Business Day immediately preceding the date set for any adjournment, postponement or rescheduling of such Creditors' Meeting**, or with the Chair of the Creditors' Meeting prior to the commencement of such Creditors' Meeting or any adjournment, postponement or rescheduling thereof.

Each Affected Unsecured Creditors who intends to attend the Creditors' Meeting in respect of the Affected Unsecured Creditors Class to which it belongs, and elects (i) to reduce for distribution purposes, its Proven Claims to Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent of, US\$5,000) in order to receive a Cash distribution in accordance with the CCAA Plan or (ii) should its Proven Claims be equal to or less than Cdn\$6,073, to receive shares of New ABH Common Stock in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claims, must also complete and sign the election notice included in the Form of Proxy and deposit it, as described above, with the Monitor or the Chair of the Creditors' Meeting prior to the commencement of any Creditors' Meeting in respect of the Affected Unsecured Creditors Class to which it belongs or any adjournment, postponement or rescheduling thereof.

Affected Unsecured Creditors are responsible for obtaining proof of delivery, if required, of such Forms of Proxy through their choice of delivery method. The Monitor will only accept Forms of Proxy that relate to the CCAA Plan, and any voting ballot or other document relating to the U.S. Plan will be disregarded and discarded.

The Monitor's coordinates for the purpose of filing Forms of Proxy and for obtaining any additional information or materials related to any Creditors' Meeting are:

By telephone (toll-free):	1-866-246-7889
By registered mail:	Ernst & Young Inc. 800 René-Lévesque Blvd. West Suite 2000 Montreal, Québec H3B 1X9 Canada Attention: ABH et al. Creditors' Meetings
By facsimile:	1-514-879-3992
By email:	abitibibowater@ca.ey.com

Copies of documents related to the Creditors' Meetings will also be posted on the Monitor's website at www.ey.com/ca/abitibibowater.

NOTICE IS ALSO HEREBY GIVEN that in accordance with the CCAA, the Monitor shall file a report on the CCAA Plan and on the affairs of the Applicants with the Court on or before August 18, 2010. A copy of the Monitor's report will be posted available at the Creditors' Meetings, and will be posted on the Monitor's website at www.ey.com/ca/abitibibowater as soon as practicable after it is filed with the Court.

NOTICE IS ALSO HEREBY GIVEN that if the CCAA Plan is approved at the Creditors' Meetings by the Affected Unsecured Creditors of each Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, and all other necessary conditions are satisfied or waived, the Applicants intend to file a motion presentable before the Court on September 8, 2010 at **[10:00 a.m.]** (Montreal time) seeking an order sanctioning the CCAA Plan pursuant to the CCAA (the "**Sanction Order**"), and to file a motion for recognition of the said Sanction Order in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 15 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code, without further notice. A copy of the motion for the Sanction Order will be filed on the Monitor's website, at www.ey.com/ca/abitiibowater, as soon as practicable after it is filed with the Court. Any Person intending to object to the motion seeking the Sanction Order must file with the Court, before 4:30 p.m. (Montreal time) no later than September 3, 2010, a written notice containing a description of its proposed grounds of contestation and shall effect service of same, within the same delay, to counsel to the Applicants and the Monitor, and to those persons listed on the Applicants' service list posted on the Monitor's website at www.ey.com/ca/abitiibowater.

DATED at Montreal, Québec, this ●th day of ●, 2010.

ERNST & YOUNG INC., in its capacity as the
Monitor appointed by the Court in the matter of the
proposed plan of reorganization and compromise of
AbitibiBowater Inc. et al.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

This Circular contains important information that should be read before any decision is made with respect to the matters referred to herein. Unless otherwise indicated, the information presented in this Circular is given as at ●, 2010. All summaries of and references to the CCAA Plan in this Circular are qualified in their entirety by references to the text of the CCAA Plan, which is set out in Appendix C – "*Plan of Reorganization and Compromise*" to this Circular. Capitalized terms, except as otherwise defined in this Circular, are defined in the section of this Circular entitled "*Glossary of Terms*".

No Person is authorized to give any information or to make any representation in respect of the CCAA Plan not contained in or incorporated by reference into this Circular and, if given or made, such information or representation should not be relied upon. This Circular does not constitute an offer to sell, or a solicitation of an offer to purchase, the securities described in this Circular, or the solicitation of a proxy, in any jurisdiction in which such an offer or solicitation is not authorized, or to or from any Person to or from whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation. Neither the delivery of this Circular nor any distribution of the securities issued pursuant to the CCAA Plan will, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the information set forth herein since the date of this Circular.

The initial issuance of shares of New ABH Common Stock to Affected Unsecured Creditors and the exercise of Subscription Rights by Eligible Holders pursuant to the CCAA Plan will not be qualified by prospectus under applicable Canadian securities laws or registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933 (the "**U.S. Securities Act**") or the securities laws of any state of the United States. Such securities will instead be issued in reliance upon prospectus exemptions available under applicable Canadian securities Laws and Section 3(a)(10) of the U.S. Securities Act and/or other available exemptions under U.S. federal and state securities Laws. These securities will be generally freely tradable in Canada subject to the restrictions more fully described in "*Other Considerations – Canadian Securities Law Considerations*". These securities will be generally freely transferable under United States federal securities Laws, except for securities held by persons who are deemed to be "underwriters" as defined in Section 2(a)(11) of the U.S. Securities Act of the Applicants prior to or after the implementation of the CCAA Plan. Such securities held by "underwriters" may be resold by them only pursuant to an effective registration statement filed under the U.S. Securities Act or pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of the U.S. Securities Act permitted by the resale provisions of Rule 144 or Regulation S under the U.S. Securities Act or as otherwise permitted under the U.S. Securities Act. See "*Other Considerations – United States Securities Law Considerations*".

Affected Unsecured Creditors should carefully consider the income tax consequences of the CCAA Plan described herein. See "*Income Tax Considerations*" below. Affected Unsecured Creditors should not construe the contents of this Circular as investment, legal or tax advice. Affected Unsecured Creditors should consult their own counsel, accountants and other advisors as to the legal, tax, business, financial and other aspects of the CCAA Plan.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

ABH files reports and other information with the SEC. ABH also files reports and other information with various securities commissions or similar regulatory authorities in all the provinces and territories of Canada. You may read and copy reports or other information ABH has filed with the SEC at the SEC's public reference room at 100 F Street, NE, Washington, D.C., 20549, United States. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the operation of the public reference room. These filings are also available to the public through the web site maintained by the SEC at <http://www.sec.gov> and on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Statements in this Circular that are not reported financial results or other historical information of AbitibiBowater are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and "forward-looking information" within the meaning of the safe harbor provisions of Canadian securities legislation. **[They include, for example, statements relating to our: Creditor Protection Proceedings; debtor in possession financing arrangements and reorganization process; ability to successfully restructure our debt and other obligations; efforts to reduce costs and increase revenues and profitability, including our cost reduction initiatives regarding selling, general and administrative expenses; business outlook; curtailment of production of certain of our products; assessment of market conditions; ability to sell non-core assets in light of the current global economic conditions and the requirements under the Creditor Protection Proceedings to obtain court approval for certain asset sales; and strategies for achieving our goals generally.]** Forward-looking statements may be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as the words "should," "would," "could," "will," "may," "expect," "believe," "anticipate," "attempt" and other terms with similar meaning indicating possible future events or potential impact on our business or AbitibiBowater's shareholders.

The reader is cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which are not guarantees of future performance. These statements are based on management's current assumptions, beliefs and expectations, all of which involve a number of business risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially. These risks and uncertainties include those described below under "*Risk Factors*".

All forward-looking statements in this Circular are expressly qualified by the cautionary statements contained or referred to in this. We disclaim any obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking information, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

[The ultimate recovery to creditors and/or shareholders, if any, will not be determined until the Plans have been sanctioned or confirmed, as the case may be. No assurance can be given as to what values, if any, will be assigned to each of these constituencies or what types or amounts of distributions, if any, they will receive. We expect that our currently outstanding common stock and exchangeable shares will have no value and will be canceled for no consideration under the Plans, and that the value of our liabilities and other securities is highly speculative. Appropriate caution should be exercised with respect to investments in any of our liabilities and/or securities.]

REPORTING CURRENCIES AND ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

The financial information regarding ABH and the Applicants contained in this Circular has been prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

In this Circular, unless otherwise stated, all references to "\$" or "U.S. dollars" refer to United States dollars and all references to "Cdn\$" or "Canadian \$" refer to Canadian dollars.

EXCHANGE RATES

[NTD: To be prepared at the time of mailing of the Circular.]

Exchanging Canadian Dollars. The following table sets forth, for each period indicated, the high and low exchange rates for one Canadian dollar during that period, the average of the exchange rates during that period and the exchange rate at the end of that period, in each case expressed in U.S. dollars, based upon the inverse noon spot rate of the Bank of Canada:

	Year Ended December 31,			
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
High				
Low				
Average				
Period End				

	For the ● months Ended ●,	
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
High		
Low		
Average		
Period End		

On ●, 2010, the last trading day prior to the date of this Circular, the exchange rate for one Canadian dollar expressed in U.S dollars, based upon the inverse noon buying rate of the Bank of Canada, was \$●.

Exchanging U.S. Dollars. The following table sets forth, for each period indicated, the high and low exchange rates for one U.S. dollar during that period, the average of the exchange rates during that period and the exchange rate at the end of that period, in each case expressed in Canadian dollars, based upon the noon buying rate of the Bank of Canada:

	Year Ended December 31,			
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
High				
Low				
Average				
Period End				

	For the ● Months Ended ●,	
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
High		
Low		
Average		
Period End		

On ●, 2010, the last trading day prior to the date of this Circular, the exchange rate for one U.S. dollar expressed in Canadian dollars, based upon the noon buying rate of the Bank of Canada, was Cdn\$●.

SUMMARY

This summary highlights selected information from this Circular to help Affected Unsecured Creditors understand the CCAA Plan in order to vote on the Resolution in respect of each Affected Unsecured Creditor Class to which they belong and to decide whether to participate in the Rights Offering. Affected Unsecured Creditors should read this Circular carefully in its entirety to understand the terms of the CCAA Plan as well as tax and other considerations that may be important to them in deciding whether to approve the CCAA Plan and whether to participate in the Rights Offering. Affected Unsecured Creditors should note, however, that the governing document is the CCAA Plan. Affected Unsecured Creditors should also pay special attention to the "Risk Factors" section of this Circular. The following summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the detailed information contained elsewhere in this Circular including its Appendices, and in the CCAA Plan which is attached as Appendix C – "Plan of Reorganization and Compromise" to this Circular. Capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined have the meanings ascribed to them in the "Glossary of Terms".

Creditors' Meetings

A meeting of the Affected Unsecured Creditors in respect of each Affected Unsecured Creditor Class with Voting Claims or Disputed Claims that have been accepted for voting purposes in compliance with the Creditors' Meeting Order will be held at [10:00 a.m.] (Montreal time) on August 26, 2010 at the Hilton Montreal Bonaventure, 900 de La Gauchetière West, Montréal, Québec, H5A 1E4, Canada. The purpose of the meeting is to consider and, if thought advisable, adopt, with or without variation, the Resolution in respect of each Affected Unsecured Creditor Class to approve the CCAA Plan proposed by the Applicants. A copy of the CCAA Plan is attached as Appendix C to this Circular.

Affected Unsecured Creditors who wish to vote on the Resolution in respect of each Affected Unsecured Creditor Class to which they belong to approve the CCAA Plan must have submitted Proofs of Claim, or must have had such Proofs of Claim submitted on their behalf, and proved their Claims in the manner and within the time specified in the Creditors' Meeting Order, the Claims Procedure Orders and the Cross-border Claims Protocol, copies of which are set out in Appendix D – "Creditors' Meeting Order and Cross-border Voting Protocol" and Appendix E – "Claims Procedure Orders" to the Circular, respectively. Affected Unsecured Creditors who do not have Voting Claims or Disputed Claims that have been accepted for voting purposes in compliance with the Creditors' Meeting Order and the Claims Procedure Orders are not entitled to attend or vote at any Creditors' Meeting or to receive distributions under the CCAA Plan. The procedure for valuing Affected Claims for voting and distribution purposes and resolving disputes in respect of any such valuation, is set forth in the Claims Procedure Orders, the Cross-border Involuntary Protocol, the Cross-border Voting Protocol, the Creditors' Meeting Order and the CCAA Plan.

Subject to certain deeming provisions on voting, for the purpose of voting on and receiving distributions pursuant to the CCAA Plan, the Claims are divided into 20 classes, as set out in the CCAA Plan. In order for the CCAA Plan to become effective: (i) the CCAA Plan must be approved by the affirmative vote of a majority in number, representing not less than two-thirds in value of the Voting Claims, of Affected Unsecured Creditors voting in each Affected Unsecured Creditor Class (in person or by proxy), the whole subject to the No Vote Occurrence described in "The CCAA Plan – Description of the CCAA Plan – No Vote Occurrence"; (ii) the U.S. Plan described in the Circular must become effective and be implemented in accordance with its terms; and (iii) the conditions to the implementation and effectiveness of the CCAA Plan as described in the Circular must be satisfied or waived.

Any Affected Unsecured Creditor who is entitled to vote at any Creditors' Meeting but is unable or does not intend to attend any Creditors' Meeting may vote by dating, signing and returning the enclosed applicable Form(s) of Proxy in the return envelope provided in accordance with the accompanying instructions. In order to be used at any Creditors' Meeting, a Form of Proxy must be sent to the Monitor, Ernst & Young Inc., by registered mail, courier, email or facsimile at the address set out below, such that it is received at any time prior to 5:00 p.m. (Montreal time) on ●, 2010 or at any time prior to 5:00 p.m. (Montreal time) on the Business Day immediately preceding the date set for any adjournment, postponement or rescheduling of any Creditors' Meeting:

By registered mail: Ernst & Young Inc.
800 René-Lévesque Blvd. West
Suite 2000
Montreal, Québec
H3B 1X9 Canada

Attention: ABH Creditors' Meeting

By facsimile: 514-879-3992

By email: abitibibowater@ca.ey.com

Forms of Proxy may also be deposited with the Chair prior to the commencement of any Creditors' Meeting or any adjournment, postponement or rescheduling thereof.

Each Affected Unsecured Creditor depositing a Form of Proxy with the Monitor or the Chair in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Circular and eligible to make the election in the Election Notice may indicate in the Election Notice if it wishes to elect, as provided for in the CCAA Plan, (i) to reduce, for distribution purposes, its Proven Claims to Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent of, US\$5,000) in order to receive a Cash distribution in full and final satisfaction of all of its Claims, or (ii) should its Proven Claims be equal to or less than Cdn\$6,073, to receive shares of New ABH Common Stock in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claims. The provisions of the CCAA Plan pertaining to such election are further summarized in "*The CCAA Plan – Description of the CCAA Plan – Restructuring*" hereto. The Affected Unsecured Creditors who intend to attend any Creditors' Meeting and wish to elect (i) to reduce their Proven Claims to Cdn\$6,073 to obtain a Cash distribution, or (ii) to receive shares of New ABH Common Stock in the case their Proven Claims is equal to or less than Cdn\$6,073, must complete and sign the Election Notice and deposit it with the Monitor or the Chair of the Creditors' Meeting before the commencement of such Creditors' Meeting.

Please refer to "*Creditors' Meetings and Voting Instructions*" for further details and instructions on the voting procedure at the Creditors' Meeting.

AbitibiBowater Inc.

ABH was created by the October 29, 2007 combination of Bowater and ACI in a merger of equals under the laws of Delaware. As a result, Bowater and ACI became Subsidiaries of ABH. Excluding facilities ABH has permanently closed as of March 31, 2010, ABH owns or operates 22 pulp and paper manufacturing facilities located in Canada, the United States and South Korea and has 26 wood products facilities in Canada. ABH produces a wide variety of newsprint, coated and specialty papers, market pulp and wood products, which are marketed in over 90 countries. The registered office of ABH is located at 1209 Orange Street, Wilmington, Delaware, 19801, United States, and the principal office is located at 1155 Metcalfe Street, Suite 800, Montreal, Québec, H3B 5H2, Canada.

Abitibi-Consolidated Company of Canada

ACCC was created by way of an amalgamation in March 1997 under the laws of Québec. ACCC is a wholly-owned Subsidiary of ACI. ACCC has no operations that are independent of ACI and substantially all of its sales are made to ACI and its affiliated companies. The financial results of ACCC are included in ACI's consolidated financial statements. Excluding facilities ABH has permanently closed, ACCC currently owns or operates 11 paper facilities and 19 wood products facilities in North America and seven hydroelectric facilities in the province of Québec. The registered and principal offices of ACCC are located at 1155 Metcalfe Street, Suite 800, Montreal, Québec, H3B 5H2, Canada.

Abitibi-Consolidated Inc.

ACI, a subsidiary of ABH, produces a wide range of newsprint, specialty papers and wood products globally. The registered and principal offices of ACI are located at 1155 Metcalfe Street, Suite 800, Montreal, Québec, H3B 5H2, Canada.

Bowater Canadian Forest Products Inc.

BCFPI, an indirect subsidiary of ABH, operates paper-manufacturing sites in Canada and a paper-manufacturing site in Korea. BCFPI also supplies wood to paper mills and sawmills in Canada and is responsible for the marketing and sales of Canadian lumber products. The registered and principal office of BCFPI is located at 1959 Upper Water Street, Suite 900, Halifax, Nova Scotia, B3J 2X2, Canada.

Background to the CCAA Plan

This Circular contains, among other things, descriptions and summaries of the CCAA Plan being proposed by the Applicants and the parallel reorganization being proposed by the U.S. Debtors. **Certain provisions of the CCAA Plan and the U.S. Plan, and thus the descriptions and summaries contained herein, are the subject of continuing negotiations among the Applicants, the U.S. Debtors and various other stakeholders and have not been fully agreed upon and may be modified. Furthermore, the Applicants anticipate that the terms of the CCAA Plan and the U.S. Plan, including the treatment of recoveries thereunder, may be modified, including but not limited to, to conform with the terms of the U.S. Plan or the CCAA Plan respectively.**

On April 16, 2009 and December 21, 2009, the U.S. Debtors filed voluntary petitions for relief under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code in the Bankruptcy Court. As discussed in more detail below, on the Date of Filing, the Applicants commenced proceedings before the Court for a plan of compromise and reorganization under the CCAA and two of the Applicants, ACI and ACCC, also filed petitions for recognition under Chapter 15 of the Bankruptcy Code. Finally, the 18.6 Petitioners filed for ancillary relief in support of the Chapter 11 Cases under section 18.6 of the CCAA.

Since the Date of Filing, the Applicants, together with the U.S. Debtors, have undertaken a careful review of their business operations and implemented various restructuring efforts, including the sale of ACCC's interest in MPCo and numerous other sales of assets and cost saving initiatives in an effort to improve the business results and financial condition. The Applicants and the U.S. Debtors engaged in detailed discussions with their Unions and each of the ACCC Term Lenders, the BCFPI Lenders, the BI DIP Lenders, the Securitization Facility agent, the Ad Hoc Unsecured Noteholders Committee, the holders of Canadian Secured Notes and the Unsecured Creditors' Committee appointed in the Chapter 11 Cases, regarding the terms of a potential restructuring of the Company's capital structure.

The Applicants have now reached an agreement with certain of their principal creditors regarding a restructuring of their obligations that the Applicants believe will enable them to emerge from the Insolvency Proceedings with the ability to carry out their business and maximize the recovery to holders of Affected Claims.

Status of Claims Process

As of June 20, 2010, since the issuance of the Claims Procedure Orders, the Monitor has received in excess of 7,476 Claims aggregating approximately \$76.8 billion.

For a description of the status of Claims received for distribution purposes, please refer to "*The CCAA Plan — Claims and Voting Process — Status of Claims Process*".

The CCAA Plan

The CCAA Plan is designed to:

- (i) provide for a coordinated restructuring and compromise of the Applicants' obligations; and
- (ii) reorganize and simplify the Applicants' corporate and capital structure.

Subject to certain deeming provisions on voting, for the purpose of voting on, and distributions pursuant to, the CCAA Plan, the Affected Claims are divided into 20 classes as set out below:

- the ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class;
- the ACCC Affected Unsecured Creditor Class;
- the 15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Creditor Classes, being 12 classes of Affected Unsecured Creditors grouped in accordance with their Affected Claims against each of the 15.5% Guarantor Applicants, which Affected Claims only include 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Claims;
- the Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Creditor Class;
- the BCFPI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class;
- the BCFC Affected Unsecured Creditor Class;
- the AbitibiBowater Canada Affected Unsecured Creditor Class;
- the Bowater Maritimes Affected Unsecured Creditor Class; and
- the ACNSI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class.

Treatment of Affected Unsecured Creditors

In accordance with the CCAA Plan, each Affected Unsecured Creditor with Proven Claims the aggregate Face Amount of which is (A) equal to or less than Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent of US\$5,000) or (B) reduced, for distribution purposes only, to Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent of US\$5,000) pursuant to an election by the Holder made on the Election Notice, shall receive in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claims, a cash distribution in an amount equal to the lesser of 50% of the Face Amount of its Proven Claims and Cdn\$3,036.50 (being 50% of Cdn\$6,073), unless in the case of clause (A), such Affected Unsecured Creditor files an Election Notice with the Monitor by the Election Deadline in which the Affected Unsecured Creditor elects to receive, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim, shares of New ABH Common Stock.

In accordance with the CCAA Plan and except for those Affected Unsecured Creditors who receive less than Cdn\$6,073 (US\$5,000 equivalent) or who elect to reduce their Claim to Cdn\$6,073 (US\$5,000), each Affected Unsecured Creditor comprised in an Affected Unsecured Creditor Class will receive in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim in respect of such Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, its Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock, subject to Dilution, set forth against the name of the corresponding Applicant in the applicable Schedule of the CCAA Plan attached to this Circular as Appendix C – "*Plan of Reorganization and Compromise*".

Please refer to "*The CCAA Plan – Description of the CCAA Plan – Treatment of Affected Unsecured Creditors*".

Treatment of Unaffected Creditors

Generally, Unaffected Creditors will be repaid in full by the Applicants on, or as soon as practicable after, the Implementation Date. In respect of Insured Claims, provided that the Insured Claim Creditor agrees to relinquish and waive any right to any portion of any Claim, other than the Allowed Insured Claim, arising from an incident or occurrence alleged to have occurred prior to the Implementation Date and having given rise to such Allowed Insured Claim, such Insured Claim Creditor shall receive, in full and final satisfaction of its Insured Claim, a Cash distribution in an amount equal to the net payment made by the Insurer to the Applicants in respect of such Allowed Insured Claim, less the amount of any payment made directly by the Insurer to such Insured Claim Creditor.

The Applicants will also, as soon as practicable on or after the Implementation Date, make a supplemental distribution in Cash in a maximum individual amount to be determined by the Applicants, in consultation with the Monitor to such present and former employees (i) who were employed by the Applicants, other than the Cross-border Debtors, on or after the Date of Filing, and (ii) who are holding a Supplemental Distribution, provided, however, that the aggregate amount payable hereunder shall not exceed Cdn\$ 5 million.

Please refer to "*The CCAA Plan – Description of the CCAA Plan – Treatment of Affected Unsecured Creditors*".

Claims not Subject to the CCAA Plan

The CCAA Plan does not affect the Excluded Claims, which include CCAA Charge Claims, Administrative Claims, Secured Claims, Securitization Claims, BI DIP Lender Claims, Post-filing Claims, Allowed Insured Claims and Government Priority Claims.

Creditors with Excluded Claims will not be entitled to attend or vote at any Creditors' Meeting or receive any distribution under the CCAA Plan in respect of the portion of their Claims which is an Excluded Claim.

Please refer to "*The CCAA Plan – Description of the CCAA Plan – Restructuring*".

No Double Recovery on Allowed Cross-border Claims

Without limitation to the provisions of any Law prohibiting double recovery, to the extent that any Claim is both a Proven Claim against a Cross-border Debtor under the CCAA Plan and an Allowed Claim (as defined in the U.S. Plan) against the same Cross-border Debtor under the U.S. Plan, (i) there shall only be a single recovery on account of such Allowed Cross-border Claim under the CCAA Plan and the U.S. Plan, and (ii) the aggregate distribution which such Allowed Cross-border Claim shall receive, whether under the CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan or a combination of both, shall not exceed the greatest distribution which such Allowed Cross-border Claim would be entitled to receive under the CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan.

Conditions to Implementation of the CCAA Plan

The implementation of the CCAA Plan by the Applicants is subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions precedent, including, among others, the following:

- the approval of the CCAA Plan by the Required Majorities will have been obtained;
- the Sanction Order sanctioning the CCAA Plan, in form and substance satisfactory to the Applicants and the Monitor, will have been made and entered and the operation and effect of the Sanction Order will not have been stayed, reversed or amended;
- the Exit Loan Facilities and all related agreements and other documents will have become effective subject only to the implementation of the CCAA Plan;
- the Backstop Agreement in connection with the Rights Offering shall not have been terminated;

- all applicable approvals and orders of, and all applicable submissions and filings with Governmental Entities and stock exchanges having jurisdiction for the completion of the transactions contemplated by the CCAA Plan will have been obtained or made;
- certain agreements with Unions having been executed and ratified and regulations for funding relief in respect of certain of the Company's pension plans in Ontario and Québec shall have been adopted to the satisfaction of the Applicants; and
- all conditions precedent to the implementation of the U.S. Plan but for the implementation of the CCAA Plan will have been satisfied or waived, such conditions being similar to the conditions precedent to the implementation of the CCAA Plan.

Court Approval and Sanction Hearing

If the CCAA Plan is approved by the Affected Unsecured Creditors of each Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, the Applicants intend to bring a motion presentable before the Court on ●, 2010 seeking an order sanctioning the CCAA Plan pursuant to the CCAA and Section 191 of the CBCA and such other sections and legislation to be set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice. Any Person intending to object to the motion seeking the Sanction Order must file with the Court, before 4:30 p.m. (Montreal time) on ●, 2010, a written notice containing a description of its proposed grounds of contestation and shall effect service of same, within the same day, upon counsel to the Applicants and the Monitor, as well as upon those persons listed on the Applicants' service list published on the Monitor's website at www.ey.com/ca/abitiibowater.

Liquidation Analysis

The Monitor, with the assistance of the Applicants, has prepared an illustrative estimate of the net realizable value of the Assets of the CCAA Plan Applicants.

Please refer to Appendix F – "*Liquidation Analysis*".

Exit Loan Facilities

It is a condition precedent to the CCAA Plan becoming effective that the Exit Loan Facilities, being the ABL Exit Financing Facility and the Term Loan Exit Financing Facility, be established.

Please refer to "*Exit Loan Facilities*".

Rights Offering

Eligible Affected Unsecured Creditors are entitled to participate in the Rights Offering for up to \$500 million of Rights Offering Notes.

Please refer to "*Rights Offering*".

Reorganized ABH

The Plan contemplates that Reorganized ABH will emerge as the parent holding company under which the Reorganized Debtors will be held directly or indirectly. Reorganized ABH will also be the parent holding company under which the reorganized U.S. Debtors will be held directly or indirectly.

Please refer to "*Reorganized ABH*".

Risk Factors

Affected Unsecured Creditors should carefully consider certain risk factors relating, among other things, to the likelihood of the CCAA Plan being implemented or failing to be implemented, the business of ABH and the Applicants, the New ABH Common Stock, the Rights Offering and the Rights Offering Notes.

Please refer to "*Risk Factors*".

Income Tax Considerations

Certain tax considerations for Affected Unsecured Creditors are described in "*Income Tax Considerations*". Affected Unsecured Creditors should consult their own tax advisors with respect to their individual circumstances.

Exchange Listings

Reorganized ABH and the Applicants shall use their reasonable best efforts to cause the New ABH Common Stock to be listed on the New York Stock Exchange, the NASDAQ Global Market or NASDAQ Global Select Market and/or the Toronto Stock Exchange.

See "*The CCAA Plan – Description of the CCAA Plan – Implementation of the CCAA Plan*".

Recommendations of the Monitor and the CCAA Plan Applicants

For the reasons set out in "*Recommendation of the Monitor*", "*Recommendation of the CCAA Plan Applicants*" and the Monitor's Report (to be filed with the Court prior to the Creditors' Meetings), each of the Monitor and the CCAA Plan Applicants recommends that Affected Unsecured Creditors vote FOR the Resolution in respect of each Affected Unsecured Creditor Class to which they belong to approve the CCAA Plan.

Additional Information and Inquiries

ABH files periodic reports and other information with the CSA and the SEC. These reports include certain financial and statistical information about ABH and may be accompanied by exhibits. This information may be found on ABH's website at www.abitibowater.com, on the CSA website at www.sedar.com and on the EDGAR section of the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Unless otherwise defined or the context otherwise requires, capitalized terms used in this Circular shall have the following meanings and words importing the singular number only, include the plural and vice versa and words importing any gender include all genders.

"0% Unsecured Notes" means the 0% Unsecured Notes due 2012 issued by ACCC pursuant to the 0% Unsecured Notes Note Agreement;

"0% Unsecured Notes Note Agreement" means the note agreement dated as of May 28, 2004 between ACCC, as issuer, and Investissement Québec, as lender;

"6.00% Senior Notes" means the 6.00% Senior Notes due June 20, 2013 issued by ACCC pursuant to the 6.00% Senior Notes Indenture;

"6.00% Senior Notes Indenture" means the indenture dated as of December 11, 2001, as supplemented, between ACCC, as issuer, and the 6.00% Senior Notes Indenture Trustee;

"6.00% Senior Notes Indenture Trustee" means Deutsche Bank National Trust Company, as successor to The Bank of Nova Scotia Trust Company of New York and its successors and assigns, as indenture trustee under the 6.00% Senior Notes Indenture;

"7.40% Debentures" means the 7.40% Debentures due April 1, 2018 issued by ACI pursuant to the 7.40% Debentures Indenture;

"7.40% Debentures Indenture" means the indenture dated as of April 6, 1998, as supplemented, between ACI, as issuer, and the 7.40% Debentures Indenture Trustee;

"7.40% Debentures Indenture Trustee" means Montreal Trust Company and its successors and assigns, as indenture trustee under the 7.40% Debentures Indenture;

"7.50% Debentures" means the 7.50% Debentures due April 1, 2028 issued by ACI pursuant to the 7.50% Debentures Indenture;

"7.50% Debentures Indenture" means the indenture dated as of April 6, 1998, as supplemented, between ACI, as issuer, and the 7.50% Debentures Indenture Trustee;

"7.50% Debentures Indenture Trustee" means Montreal Trust Company and its successors and assigns, as indenture trustee under the 7.50% Debentures Indenture;

"7.75% Notes" means the 7.75% Notes due June 15, 2011 issued by ACCC pursuant to the 7.75% Notes Indenture;

"7.75% Notes Indenture" means the indenture dated as of June 15, 2004, as supplemented, among ACCC, as issuer, and the 7.75% Notes Indenture Trustee;

"7.75% Notes Indenture Trustee" means Deutsche Bank National Trust Company, as successor to The Bank of Nova Scotia Trust Company of New York and its successors and assigns, as indenture trustee under the 7.75% Notes Indenture;

"7.875% Notes" means the 7.875% Notes due August 1, 2009 issued by ACF LP pursuant to the 7.875% Notes Indenture;

"7.875% Notes Indenture" means the indenture dated as of July 26, 1999, as supplemented, between ACF LP and ACI, as issuers, and the 7.875% Notes Indenture Trustee;

"7.875% Notes Indenture Trustee" means Deutsche Bank National Trust Company, as successor to The Bank of Nova Scotia Trust Company of New York and its successors and assigns, as indenture trustee under the 7.875% Notes Indenture;

"7.95% Notes" means the 7.95% Notes due November 15, 2011 issued by BCFC pursuant to the 7.95% Notes Indenture;

"7.95% Notes Indenture" means the indenture dated as of October 31, 2001, as supplemented, between BCFC, as issuer, and the 7.95% Notes Indenture Trustee;

"7.95% Notes Indenture Trustee" means The Bank of New York and its successors and assigns, as indenture trustee under the 7.95% Notes Indenture;

"8.375% Senior Notes" means the 8.375% Senior Notes due April 1, 2015 issued by ACCC pursuant to the 8.375% Senior Notes Indenture;

"8.375% Senior Notes Indenture" means the indenture dated as of December 11, 2001, as supplemented, between ACCC, as issuer, and the 8.375% Senior Notes Indenture Trustee;

"8.375% Senior Notes Indenture Trustee" means Deutsche Bank National Trust Company, as successor to The Bank of Nova Scotia Trust Company of New York and its successors and assigns, as indenture trustee under the 8.375% Senior Notes Indenture;

"8.50% Debentures" means the 8.50% Debentures due August 1, 2029 issued by ACI pursuant to the 8.50% Debentures Indenture;

"8.50% Debentures Indenture" means the indenture dated as of July 26, 1999, as supplemented, between ACI and ACF LP, as issuers, and the 8.50% Debentures Indenture Trustee;

"8.50% Debentures Indenture Trustee" means Deutsche Bank National Trust Company, as successor to The Bank of Nova Scotia Trust Company of New York and its successors and assigns, as indenture trustee under the 8.50% Debentures Indenture;

"8.55% Senior Notes" means the 8.55% Senior Notes due August 1, 2010 issued by ACI pursuant to the 8.55% Senior Notes Indenture;

"8.55% Senior Notes Indenture" means the indenture dated as of July 26, 1999, as supplemented, among ACI and ACF LP, as issuers, ACF LP and the 8.55% Senior Notes Indenture Trustee;

"8.55% Senior Notes Indenture Trustee" means Deutsche Bank National Trust Company, as successor to The Bank of Nova Scotia Trust Company of New York and its successors and assigns, as indenture trustee under the 8.55% Senior Notes Indenture;

"8.85% Debentures" means the 8.85% Debentures due April 1, 2030 issued by ACI pursuant to the 8.85% Debentures Indenture;

"8.85% Debentures Indenture" means the indenture dated as of July 26, 1999, as supplemented, among ACI and ACF LP, as issuers, and the 8.85% Debentures Indenture Trustee;

"8.85% Debentures Indenture Trustee" means Deutsche Bank National Trust Company, as successor to The Bank of Nova Scotia Trust Company of New York and its successors and assigns, as indenture trustee under the 8.85% Debentures;

"10.26% Senior Notes (Series D)" means the 10.26% Senior Notes (Series D) due January 15, 2011 issued by BCFPI (f/k/a Canadian Pacific Forest Products Limited) pursuant to the 10.26% Senior Notes (Series D) Note Agreement;

"10.26% Senior Notes (Series D) Note Agreement" means the note agreement dated as of November 1, 1990, as supplemented, between BCFPI, as issuer, and the parties thereto;

"10.50% Senior Notes (Series B)" means the 10.50% Senior Notes (Series B) due June 15, 2010 issued by BCFPI (f/k/a Canadian Pacific Forest Products Limited) pursuant to the 10.50% Senior Notes (Series B) Note Agreement;

"10.50% Senior Notes (Series B) Note Agreement" means the note agreement dated as of June 1, 1990, as supplemented, between BCFPI, as issuer, and the parties thereto;

"10.60% Senior Notes (Series C)" means the 10.60% Senior Notes (Series C) due January 15, 2011 issued by BCFPI (f/k/a Canadian Pacific Forest Products Limited) pursuant to the 10.60% Senior Notes (Series C) Note Agreement;

"10.60% Senior Notes (Series C) Note Agreement" means the note agreement dated as of November 1, 1990, as supplemented, between BCFPI, as issuer, and the parties thereto;

"10.625% Senior Notes (Series A)" means the 10.625% Senior Notes (Series A) due June 15, 2010 issued by BCFPI (f/k/a Canadian Pacific Forest Products Limited) pursuant to the 10.625% Senior Notes (Series A) Note Agreement;

"10.625% Senior Notes (Series A) Note Agreement" means the note agreement dated as of June 1, 1990, as supplemented, between BCFPI, as issuer, and the parties thereto;

"10.85% Debentures" means the 10.85% Debentures due November 30, 2014 issued by BCFPI (f/k/a Canadian Pacific Forest Products Limited) pursuant to the 10.85% Debentures Indenture;

"10.85% Debentures Indenture" means the trust indenture dated as of December 12, 1989, as supplemented, between BCFPI (f/k/a Canadian Pacific Forest Products Limited), as issuer, and the 10.85% Debentures Indenture Trustee;

"10.85% Debentures Indenture Trustee" means Computershare Trust Company of Canada, as successor trustee to Montreal Trust Company and its successors and assigns, as indenture trustee under the 10.85% Debentures Indenture;

"15.5% Guarantor Applicant" means any of 3224112 Nova Scotia Limited, Marketing Donohue Inc., Abitibi-Consolidated Canadian Office Products Holdings Inc., 3834328 Canada Inc., 6169678 Canada Inc., Donohue Recycling Inc., 1508756 Ontario Inc., The Jonquière Pulp Company, The International Bridge Terminal Company, Scramble Mining Ltd., Terra Nova Explorations Ltd. and Abitibi-Consolidated (U.K.) Inc.;

"15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Claim" means any Affected Claim against a 15.5% Guarantor Applicant;

"15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Creditor" means any creditor that is the Holder of a 15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Claim;

"15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Creditor Class" means, in respect of each 15.5% Guarantor Applicant, the class of creditors grouped in accordance with their Affected Claims against such 15.5% Guarantor Applicant for the purpose of considering and voting on the CCAA Plan in accordance with the provisions of the CCAA Plan and receiving distributions thereunder, each class being comprised solely of the 15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Creditors that are Holders of an Affected Claim against such 15.5% Guarantor Applicant;

"15.5% Pro Rata" means, at any time, the proportion that the Face Amount of a 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Claim in a particular class bears to the aggregate Face Amount of all 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Claims in such class (including Disputed Claims but excluding any Disallowed Claims);

"15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes" means the 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes due July 15, 2010 issued by ACCC pursuant to the 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Indenture;

"15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Claim" means any Affected Claim against any 15.5% Guarantor Applicant, ACI, ACCC, Saguenay Forest Products or ACNSI pursuant to the 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes;

"15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Creditor" means any creditor that is the Holder of a 15.5% Senior Unsecured Note Claim;

"15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Indenture" means the indenture dated as of April 1, 2008, as supplemented, between ACCC, as issuer, and the 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Indenture Trustee;

"15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Indenture Trustee" means Wilmington Trust Company, as successor indenture trustee to Wells Fargo Bank, National Association and its successors and assigns, as indenture trustee under the 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Indenture;

"18.6 Petitioners" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Initial Order;

"2010 Federal Budget" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Income Tax Considerations – Certain Canadian Federal Income Tax Considerations – Residents of Canada"*;

"2010 STIP" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Reorganized ABH – Management and Director Compensation and Incentive Plans and Programs – Short-Term Incentive Plans"*;

"2011 STIP" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Reorganized ABH – Management and Director Compensation and Incentive Plans and Programs – Short-Term Incentive Plans"*;

"ABH" means AbitibiBowater Inc.;

"ABH Existing Shares" means the common shares in the capital of ABH issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Implementation Date;

"ABH LLC Note" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Events Subsequent to the CCAA Proceedings – AbitibiBowater U.S. Holding LLC Note Repayment Transactions"*;

"ABH PIK Payments" means the interest paid by ABH on the Convertible Notes by increasing the principal amount of Convertible Notes outstanding;

"Abitibi Administration Charge" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Initial Order;

"AbitibiBowater Canada" means AbitibiBowater Canada Inc.;

"AbitibiBowater Canada Affected Unsecured Claim" means any Affected Claim against AbitibiBowater Canada;

"AbitibiBowater Canada Affected Unsecured Creditor" means any creditor that is the Holder of an AbitibiBowater Canada Affected Unsecured Claim;

"AbitibiBowater Canada Affected Unsecured Creditor Class" means the class of creditors grouped in accordance with their Affected Claims against AbitibiBowater Canada for the purposes of considering and voting on the CCAA Plan in accordance with the provisions of the CCAA Plan and receiving distributions thereunder, such class being comprised solely of the AbitibiBowater Canada Affected Unsecured Creditors;

"Abitibi D&O Charge" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Initial Order;

"Abitibi DIP Agreement" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Events Subsequent to the CCAA Proceedings – DIP Credit Facilities"*;

"Abitibi DIP Facility" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Events Subsequent to the CCAA Proceedings – DIP Credit Facilities"*;

"Abitibi DIP Facility Borrowers" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Events Subsequent to the CCAA Proceedings – DIP Credit Facilities"*;

"AbitibiBowater Holding" means AbitibiBowater U.S. Holding LLC;

"ABL Exit Financing Facility" means the senior secured asset-based revolving facility to be entered into by the Reorganized Debtors and the lender(s) thereunder as contemplated in Section 6.11 of the U.S. Plan, pursuant to such documentation, or a summary thereof, that shall (i) be set forth in a CCAA Plan Supplement, or (ii) be set forth in such other notice and in such form as determined by the U.S. Debtors and the Applicants;

"ACCC" means Abitibi-Consolidated Company of Canada;

"ACCC Administrative Agent" means Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. (as successor-in-interest to Goldman Sachs Credit Partners L.P.) in its capacity as administrative agent and collateral agent under the ACCC Term Loan Facility, and its successors and assigns;

"ACCC Affected Unsecured Claim" means any Affected Claim against ACCC, including any 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Claim against ACCC;

"ACCC Affected Unsecured Creditor" means any creditor that is the Holder of an ACCC Affected Unsecured Claim;

"ACCC Affected Unsecured Creditor Class" means the class of creditors grouped in accordance with their Affected Claims against ACCC for the purposes of considering and voting on the CCAA Plan in accordance with the provisions of the CCAA Plan and receiving distributions thereunder, such class being comprised solely of the ACCC Affected Unsecured Creditors;

"ACCC Term Lenders" means the lenders party from time to time to the ACCC Term Loan Documents;

"ACCC Term Loan Claim" means, subject to paragraphs 13 and 14 of the Third Claims Procedure Order, any Claim of any ACCC Term Lender, the ACCC Administrative Agent pursuant to the ACCC Term Loan Documents, and interest accrued thereon and any unpaid costs, fees and other amounts relating thereto as of the Implementation Date;

"ACCC Term Loan Documents" means that certain Credit and Guaranty Agreement, dated as of April 1, 2008 (as may have been amended, supplemented, restated, or otherwise modified from time to time), among ACCC in its capacity as a borrower, certain subsidiaries of ABH as guarantors, the lenders from time-to-time party thereto and the ACCC Administrative Agent, together with all other loan documents, guaranty, and security documents executed in connection therewith or which relate thereto;

"ACCC Term Loan Facility" means the 364-day senior term loan entered into on April 1, 2008 by, *inter alia*, ACCC, Goldman Sachs Credit Partners L.P., as administrative agent, and a syndicate of lenders, in an original principal amount of \$400 million;

"ACF LP" means Abitibi-Consolidated Finance L.P.;

"**ACH Credit Agreement**" means the credit agreement between ACH LP and Caisse de dépôt et placement du Québec dated March 31, 2007 in an amount of up to Cdn\$250 million;

"**ACH LP**" means ACH Limited Partnership, a joint venture with Caisse de dépôt et placement du Québec for its Ontario hydroelectric generation facilities;

"**ACT**" means Abitibi-Consolidated Inc. and, where applicable, its Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis;

"**ACI Affected Unsecured Claim**" means any Affected Claim against ACI, including any 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Claims against ACI;

"**ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor**" means any creditor that is the Holder of an ACI Affected Unsecured Claim;

"**ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class**" means the class of creditors grouped in accordance with their Affected Claims against ACI for the purposes of considering and voting on the CCAA Plan in accordance with the provisions of the CCAA Plan and receiving distributions thereunder, such class being comprised solely of the ACI Affected Unsecured Creditors;

"**ACI DIP Charge**" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Initial Order;

"**ACI Group**" means ACI and its direct and indirect Subsidiaries and Donohue Corp. and its direct and indirect Subsidiaries;

"**ACI Inter-company Advances Charge**" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Initial Order;

"**ACNSI**" means Abitibi-Consolidated Nova Scotia Incorporated;

"**ACNSI Affected Unsecured Claim**" means any Affected Claim against ACNSI, including any 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Claim against ACNSI;

"**ACNSI Affected Unsecured Creditor**" means any creditor that is the Holder of an ACNSI Affected Unsecured Claim;

"**ACNSI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class**" means the class of creditors grouped in accordance with their Affected Claims against ACNSI for the purposes of considering and voting on the CCAA Plan in accordance with the provisions of the CCAA Plan and receiving distributions hereunder, such class being comprised solely of the ACNSI Affected Unsecured Creditors;

"**ACSC**" means Abitibi Consolidated Sales Corporation;

"**ACUSFC**" means Abitibi-Consolidated U.S. Funding Corp.;

"**Ad Hoc Unsecured Noteholders Committee**" has the meaning ascribed to such term in "*The CCAA Plan – Events Subsequent to the CCAA Proceedings – Ad Hoc Unsecured Noteholders Committee*";

"**Administrative Claim**" means, in respect of any Cross-border Debtor, a Claim to the extent that it is of the kind described in Section 503(b) of the Bankruptcy Code and is entitled to priority under Section 507(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, including (i) any actual and necessary expenses of preserving the estate of such Cross-border Debtor, (ii) any actual and necessary expenses of operating the business of such Cross-border Debtor, (iii) all allowances of compensation or reimbursement of expenses to such Cross-border Debtor to the extent allowed by the Bankruptcy Court under Sections 330(a), 331 or 503(b)(2), (3), (4) or (5) of the Bankruptcy Code, (iv) Claims of such Cross-border Debtor arising under Section 503(b)(9) of the Bankruptcy Code, and (v) all fees and charges payable by such Cross-border Debtor pursuant to Section 1930 of title 28 of the United States Code;

"**Affected Claims**" means all Claims, other than Excluded Claims;

"Affected Unsecured Claims" means the ACI Affected Unsecured Claims, the ACCC Affected Unsecured Claims, the 15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Claims, the Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Claims, the BCFPI Affected Unsecured Claims, the BCFC Affected Unsecured Claims, the AbitibiBowater Canada Affected Unsecured Claims, the Bowater Maritimes Affected Unsecured Claims and the ACNSI Affected Unsecured Claims;

"Affected Unsecured Creditor" means any creditor that is the Holder of an Affected Unsecured Claim and may, if the context requires, mean an assignee of an Affected Unsecured Claim or a trustee, interim receiver, receiver manager, or other Person acting on behalf of such Person, if such assignee or other Person has been recognized by the affected Applicant, the Disbursing Agent or the Servicer, as the case may be;

"Affected Unsecured Creditor Classes" means the ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, the ACCC Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, the 15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Creditor Classes, the Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, the BCFPI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, the BCFC Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, the Bowater Canadian Limited Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, the AbitibiBowater Canada Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, the Bowater Maritimes Affected Unsecured Creditor Class and the ACNSI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class;

"Affected Unsecured Creditor Proxy" means the Form of Proxy, instructions and Election Notice for Affected Unsecured Creditors (other than for Non-registered Noteholders and Cross-border Voting Creditors);

"AHYDOs" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Income Tax Considerations – Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations" – Applicable High-Yield Discount Obligations*;

"Alcoa" means, collectively, Alcoa Canada Ltd. and Alcoa Ltd.;

"Allowable Capital Loss" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Income Tax Considerations – Certain Canadian Federal Income Tax Considerations – Residents of Canada"*;

"Allowed Cross-border Claim" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Description of the CCAA Plan – Distributions under the CCAA Plan"*;

"Allowed Insured Claim" means a Proven Claim in respect of an Insured Claim;

"ANC" means Augusta Newsprint Company;

"ANI" means Augusta Newsprint Inc.;

"Applicants" means the direct and indirect subsidiaries of ABH participating in the CCAA Proceedings listed in Appendix A – *"Applicants"* to this Circular or the CCAA Plan;

"Applicants Reserve" means the reserve to be established and maintained under the CCAA Plan by the Monitor, in its capacity as Disbursing Agent, by holding on account of Disputed Claims a number of shares of New ABH Common Stock equal to the amount of shares of New ABH Common Stock that the Holders of Disputed Claims would be entitled to receive if all such Disputed Claims had been Proven Claims in their entire amount on the Initial Distribution Record Date;

"Assets" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Recommendation of the Monitor"*;

"Backstop Agreement" means the backstop commitment agreement entered into by ABH and the Backstop Parties in connection with the Rights Offering, which is attached as an exhibit to the Disclosure Statement and which is available on the Monitor's website at www.ey.com/ca/abitibibowater;

"Backstop Parties" means certain of the holders of Affected Unsecured Claims as of May 23, 2010 and any of their successors, assigns or replacements, in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the Backstop Agreement;

"Backstop Commitment Payment" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Rights Offering – Undersubscription; Backstop Agreement"*;

"Bankruptcy Code" means the United States Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. Sections 101 et seq., as amended from time to time;

"Bankruptcy Court" means the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware in which the Chapter 11 Cases were filed or any other United States court with jurisdiction over the Chapter 11 Cases;

"Bankruptcy Exception" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Income Tax Considerations – Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations – U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences to the Company"*;

"BCA Cutback" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Rights Offering – Withdrawal or Reduction of Rights Offering"*;

"BCFC" means Bowater Canada Finance Corporation;

"BCFC Affected Unsecured Claim" means any Affected Claim against BCFC;

"BCFC Affected Unsecured Creditor" means any creditor that is the Holder of a BCFC Affected Unsecured Claim;

"BCFC Affected Unsecured Creditor Class" means the class of creditors grouped in accordance with their Affected Claims against BCFC for the purposes of considering and voting on the CCAA Plan in accordance with the provisions of the CCAA Plan and receiving distributions thereunder, such class being comprised solely of the BCFC Affected Unsecured Creditors;

"BCFC Claims" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Events Subsequent to the CCAA Proceedings – Adversary Proceedings"*;

"BCFC Noteholders" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Events Subsequent to the CCAA Proceedings – Adversary Proceedings"*;

"BCFPI" means Bowater Canadian Forest Products Inc.;

"BCFPI Administrative Agent" means Bank of Nova Scotia in its capacity as administrative agent under the BCFPI Secured Bank Documents, and its successors and assigns;

"BCFPI Affected Unsecured Claim" means any Affected Claim against BCFPI;

"BCFPI Affected Unsecured Creditor" means any creditor that is the Holder of a BCFPI Affected Unsecured Claim;

"BCFPI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class" means the class of creditors grouped in accordance with their Affected Claims against BCFPI for the purposes of considering and voting on the CCAA Plan in accordance with the provisions of the CCAA Plan and receiving distributions thereunder, such class being comprised solely of the BCFPI Affected Unsecured Creditors;

"BCFPI Lenders" means the lenders party from time to time to the BCFPI Secured Bank Documents;

"BCFPI Pre-petition Secured Lenders" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Capitalization of ABH and the Applicants – Indebtedness – BCFPI Secured Credit Agreement"*;

"BCFPI Secured Bank Agent" means Bank of Nova Scotia, in its capacity as administrative agent under the BCFPI Secured Credit Agreement;

"BCFPI Secured Bank Claim" means any Claim of any BCFPI Lender or the BCFPI Administrative Agent pursuant to the BCFPI Secured Bank Documents, and interest accrued thereon and any unpaid costs, fees and other amounts relating thereto as of the Implementation Date;

"BCFPI Secured Bank Documents" means that certain Credit Agreement, dated as of May 31, 2006, as amended by that certain First Amendment dated as of July 20, 2007, that certain Second Amendment dated as of October 31, 2007, that certain Third Amendment and Waiver dated as of February 25, 2008, that certain Fourth Amendment dated as of March 31, 2008, that certain Fifth Amendment dated as of April 30, 2008, that certain Sixth Amendment dated as of May 28, 2008, that certain Seventh Amendment dated as of June 6, 2008, that certain Eighth Amendment dated as of June 30, 2008, that certain Ninth Amendment and Waiver dated as of August 7, 2008, that certain Tenth Amendment and Waiver dated as of November 12, 2008 and that certain Eleventh Amendment and Consent dated as of February 27, 2009; and as further modified by the letter agreements dated March 17, 2009, March 23, 2009, March 31, 2009 and April 6, 2009, among BCFPI, as the borrower, and Bowater, Bowater Alabama LLC, Bowater Newsprint South Operations LLC, Newsprint South and certain of the U.S. Debtors and Applicants, as guarantors, the BCFPI Administrative Agent, together with all collateral, security and ancillary documents executed in connection therewith or which relate thereto;

"BCFPI Secured Bank Letters of Credit" means the letters of credit to be listed on a CCAA Plan Supplement that are issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Implementation Date under the BCFPI Secured Bank Documents;

"BCFPI Secured Credit Agreement" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Capitalization of ABH and the Applicants – Indebtedness – BCFPI Secured Credit Agreement"*;

"BCHI" means Bowater Canadian Holdings Incorporated;

"BI DIP Agent" means the administrative agent and collateral agent from time to time under the BI DIP Facility Documents;

"BI DIP Claim" means any Claim of any BI DIP Lender or the BI DIP Agent pursuant to the BI DIP Facility Documents or the Initial Order;

"BI DIP Facility Documents" means that certain Senior Secured Superpriority Debtor in Possession Credit Agreement dated as of April 21, 2009 (as amended, modified, or supplemented from time to time), by and among ABH, Bowater and BCFPI, as borrowers, the BI DIP Lenders from time to time party thereto (including Fairfax, as initial lender and initial BI DIP Agent) and the BI DIP Agent from time to time party thereto together with any related collateral, loan, or security documents executed in connection therewith or which relate thereto;

"BI DIP Lenders" means the lenders and financial institutions party from time to time to the BI DIP Facility Documents;

"BI DIP Lenders Charge" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Initial Order;

"BI Inter-company Advances Charge" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Initial Order;

"BIA" means the *Bankruptcy and Insolvency Act* (Canada);

"Blackstone" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Recommendation of the Monitor"*;

"Board" means either the board of directors of ABH or Reorganized ABH, as the case may be;

"Bowater" means Bowater Inc.;

"Bowater Administration Charge" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Initial Order;

"Bowater Adequate Protection Charge" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Initial Order;

"Bowater DIP Credit Agreement" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Events Subsequent to the CCAA Proceedings – DIP Credit Facilities"*;

"Bowater D&O Charge" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Initial Order;

"Bowater Group" means Bowater and its direct and indirect Subsidiaries;

"Bowater Group Pre-petition Secured Lenders" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Capitalization of ABH and the Applicants – Indebtedness – BCFPI Secured Credit Agreement"*;

"Bowater Maritimes" means Bowater Maritimes Inc.;

"Bowater Maritimes Affected Unsecured Claim" means any Affected Claim against Bowater Maritimes;

"Bowater Maritimes Affected Unsecured Creditor" means any creditor that is the Holder of a Bowater Maritimes Affected Unsecured Claim;

"Bowater Maritimes Affected Unsecured Creditor Class" means the class of creditors grouped in accordance with their Affected Claims against Bowater Maritimes for the purposes of considering and voting on the CCAA Plan in accordance with the provisions of the CCAA Plan and receiving distributions thereunder, such class being comprised solely of the Bowater Maritimes Affected Unsecured Creditors;

"Bowater Mersey" means Bowater Mersey Paper Company Limited, a joint venture with the Washington Post Company, which owns and operates a sawmill in Oakhill, Nova Scotia, as well as a papermill and woodland in Mersey, Nova Scotia;

"Bowater Secured Bank Agent" means Wells Fargo Bank National Association (as successor by merger with Wachovia Bank, National Association), in its capacity as agent under the Bowater DIP Credit Agreement;

"Bridgewater" means Bridgewater Paper Company Limited;

"Bridgewater Administration" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Information about ABH, the Applicants and the Business – Corporate Structure – Bridgewater Administration"*;

"Bridgewater Entities" means Cheshire Recycling Ltd. and Bridgewater Paper Leasing Ltd.;

"Budget" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Events Subsequent to the CCAA Proceedings – DIP Credit Facilities"*;

"Business Day" means (i) any day, other than a Saturday or a Sunday, or a non-judicial day (as defined in Article 6 of the *Code of Civil Procedure*, (Québec), as amended), on which commercial banks are generally open for business in Montreal, Québec, Canada and (ii) in respect of any Cross-border Debtor, any day other than a Saturday, a Sunday or a "legal holiday" (as such term is defined in Bankruptcy Rule 9006(a));

"Call Agreement" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Events Subsequent to the CCAA Proceedings – Adversary Proceedings"*;

"Canadian Bowater DIP" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Events Subsequent to the CCAA Proceedings – DIP Credit Facilities"*;

"Canadian Bowater DIP Collateral" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Events Subsequent to the CCAA Proceedings – DIP Credit Facilities"*;

"Canadian Bowater DIP Parties" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Events Subsequent to the CCAA Proceedings – DIP Credit Facilities"*;

"Canadian Holder" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Income Tax Considerations – Certain Canadian Federal Income Tax Considerations"*;

"Canadian Secured Notes" means the 13.75% Senior Secured Notes due April 1, 2011 issued by ACCC pursuant to the Canadian Secured Notes Indenture;

"Canadian Secured Notes Claims" means, subject to paragraphs 11 and 12 of the First Claims Procedure Order and paragraph 15 of the Third Claims Procedure Order, any Claim of any holder of Canadian Secured Notes and the Canadian Secured Notes Indenture Trustee pursuant to the Canadian Secured Notes and the Canadian Secured Notes Indenture, and interest accrued thereon and any unpaid costs, fees, and other amounts relating thereto as of the Implementation Date;

"Canadian Secured Notes Guarantors" means ACI, Abitibi-Consolidated Canadian Office Products Holdings Inc., 6169678 Canada Incorporated, 3834328 Canada Inc., The International Bridge and Terminal Company, Marketing Donohue Inc., Les Explorations Terra Nova Ltée, La Compagnie de Pulpe de Jonquière, Saguenay Forest Products and 1508756 Ontario Inc.;

"Canadian Secured Notes Indenture" means the indenture dated as of April 1, 2008, as supplemented, between ACCC, as issuer, and the Canadian Secured Notes Indenture Trustee;

"Canadian Secured Notes Indenture Trustee" means Wells Fargo Bank, National Association and its successors and assigns, as indenture trustee under the Canadian Secured Notes Indenture;

"Canadian Subsidiaries" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Income Tax Considerations – Certain Canadian Federal Income Tax Considerations"*;

"Canadian Unsecured Noteholders" means the holders of the applicable Canadian Unsecured Notes;

"Canadian Unsecured Notes" means the 0% Unsecured Notes, 6.00% Senior Notes, 7.40% Debentures, 7.50% Debentures, 7.75% Notes, 7.875% Notes, 7.95% Notes, 8.375% Senior Notes, 8.50% Debentures, 8.55% Senior Notes, 8.85% Debentures, 10.26% Senior Notes (Series D), 10.50% Senior Notes (Series B), 10.60% Senior Notes (Series C), 10.625% Senior Notes (Series A), 10.85% Debentures, 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes and the Floating Rate Notes;

"Canadian Unsecured Notes Claims" means any Claim of any holder of a Canadian Unsecured Note;

"Canadian Unsecured Notes Indentures" means the 0% Unsecured Notes Note Agreement, 6.00% Senior Notes Indenture, 7.40% Debentures Indenture, 7.50% Debentures Indenture, 7.75% Notes Indenture, 7.875% Notes Indenture, 7.95% Notes Indenture, 8.375% Senior Notes Indenture, 8.50% Debentures Indenture, 8.55% Senior Notes Indenture, 8.85% Debentures Indenture, 10.26% Senior Notes (Series D) Note Agreement, 10.50% Senior Notes (Series B) Note Agreement, 10.60% Senior Notes (Series C) Note Agreement, 10.625% Senior Notes (Series A) Note Agreement, 10.85% Debentures Indenture, 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Indenture and the Floating Rate Notes Indenture;

"Cash" means cash and cash equivalents such as bank deposits, term deposits, guaranteed investment certificates, checks and other similar items or instruments denominated in legal tender of either Canada or the United States, as the context requires;

"CBCA" means the *Canada Business Corporations Act*;

"CCAA" means the *Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act* (Canada), as applicable to the CCAA Proceedings which, for greater certainty, does not include the amendments proclaimed into force on September 18, 2009;

"**CCAA Charges**" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Initial Order;

"**CCAA Charge Claim**" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Description of the CCAA Plan – Restructuring"*;

"**CCAA Plan**" means the plan of reorganization and compromise jointly filed by the Applicants pursuant to the provisions of the CCAA, Section 191 of the CBCA and such other Sections and legislation to be set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, as it may be amended, varied or supplemented by the Applicants from time to time in accordance with its terms, including by the Restructuring Transaction Notice, which is attached hereto as Appendix C – *"Plan of Reorganization and Compromise"*, and any CCAA Plan Supplement;

"**CCAA Plan Applicants**" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Recommendation of the Monitor"*;

"**CCAA Plan Supplement**" means any supplement to the CCAA Plan that will be posted on the Monitor's website at least 14 days prior to the Creditors' Meeting Date, and thereafter modified in accordance with the CCAA Plan;

"**CCAA Proceedings**" means the proceedings in respect of the Applicants and the 18.6 Petitioners before the Court commenced pursuant to the CCAA;

"**CCAA Vesting Order**" means an Order of the Court approving and sanctioning the transfer and assignment of assets to the Applicants or Reorganized Debtors in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, free and clear of all Claims and Liens (except as otherwise set forth in such Order or in the CCAA Plan);

"**CDS**" means CDS Clearing and Depository Services Limited or any of its affiliates;

"**Centralized Sales Team**" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Information about ABH, the Applicants and the Business – Overview of Business Operations – Sales, Distribution and Procurement"*;

"**CEP**" means the Communications, Energy and Paper Workers Union of Canada;

"**CEP Union Agreement**" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Arrangement with Unions"*;

"**Chair**" means, in respect of any Creditors' Meeting, the chair of such Creditors' Meeting;

"**Chapter 11 Cases**" means the U.S. Debtors' Chapter 11 cases pending in front of the Bankruptcy Court, which are being jointly administered under Case No. 09-11296;

"**Chapter 15 Proceedings**" means the voluntary cases under Chapter 15 of the Bankruptcy Code commenced by ACI and ACCC in the Bankruptcy Court on April 17, 2009;

"**Chief Restructuring Officer**" means Bruce Robertson and 7088418 Canada Inc., a corporation the shares of which are held by Bruce Robertson;

"**Circular**" means this information circular, proxy statement, including the Appendices hereto and any written amendment or supplement hereto made after the date hereof;

"**Claim**" means any right or claim of any Person against one or more of the Applicants or Partnerships in connection with any indebtedness, liability or obligation of any kind whatsoever of one or more of the Applicants or Partnerships owed to such Person and any interest accrued thereon or costs or other amounts in respect thereof, whether reduced to judgment, liquidated, unliquidated, fixed, contingent, matured, unmatured, disputed, undisputed, legal, equitable, secured, unsecured, present, future, known or unknown, by guarantee, surety or otherwise, and whether or not such right is executory or anticipatory in nature, including any Claim arising from or caused by the repudiation by an Applicant of any contract, lease or other agreement, whether written or oral, the commission of a tort (intentional or unintentional), any breach of duty (legal, statutory, equitable, fiduciary or otherwise), any right of

ownership or title to property, employment, contract, a trust or deemed trust, howsoever created, any Claim made or asserted against any one or more of the Applicants or Partnerships through any affiliate, or any right or ability of any Person to advance a Claim for contribution or indemnity or otherwise with respect to any grievance, matter, action, cause or chose in action, whether existing at present or commenced in the future, in each case based in whole or in part on facts which existed on the Date of Filing, or which would have been together with any other Claims of any kind that, if unsecured, would constitute a debt provable in bankruptcy within the meaning of the BIA had the affected Applicant become bankrupt on the Date of Filing;

"Claims Bar Dates" means, as applicable, November 13, 2009 and April 7, 2010, the bar dates for filing Claims for voting purposes or distribution purposes as set out in the Claims Procedure Orders, with the exception of Restructuring Claims which have a rolling bar date subsequent to April 7, 2010;

"Claims Officer" means the individual(s) appointed pursuant to and in accordance with the Claims Procedure Orders as set out in the Claims Procedure Orders;

"Claims Packages" means collectively the First Claims Package and the Second Claims Package;

"Claims Procedure Orders" means the First Claims Procedure Order, the Second Claims Procedure Order and the Third Claims Procedure Order;

"COD" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Income Tax Considerations – Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations – U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences to the Company"*;

"Collective Bargaining Agreements" means the collective bargaining agreements, as amended by the letters of understanding, letters of intent and other written communications with bargaining agents for employees;

"Combination" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Information about ABH, the Applicants and the Business – Corporate Structure – AbitibiBowater Inc."*;

"Company" means either ABH or Reorganized ABH, as the case may be, collectively with its Subsidiaries, either prior to the Implementation Date or on and after the Implementation Date, as reorganized under and pursuant to the CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan, as the case may be;

"Conversion Price" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Appendix I – *"Terms of the Rights Offering Notes"*;

"Convertible Notes" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Capitalization of ABH and the Applicants – Indebtedness – ABH Convertible Notes"*;

"Costs" means the costs of complying with any orders issued in respect of the Non-core Properties under applicable environmental legislation, (i) any costs which would have priority pursuant to section 11.8 of the CCAA (as if such statute were applicable) and Section 14.06 of the BIA, and (ii) the costs of any receiver appointed in respect of Non-core Purchaser or Non-core Purchaser's interest in the Non-core Properties;

"Court" means the Québec Superior Court of Justice, Commercial Division, for the Judicial District of Montreal, Canada, or any Canadian court with appellate jurisdiction over the CCAA Proceedings;

"CRA" means the Canada Revenue Agency;

"Creditor" means any Person having a Claim and may, if the context requires, mean an assignee of a Claim or a trustee, receiver, receiver manager or other Person acting on behalf of such Person if such assignee or other Person has been recognized by the Monitor;

"Creditors' Meeting" means, in respect of any Affected Unsecured Creditors Class, the meeting of the Affected Unsecured Creditors holding Voting Claims called pursuant to the Creditors' Meeting Order for the purposes of,

among other things, considering and, if deemed appropriate, passing their respective Resolution and includes any adjournment, postponement or other rescheduling of such meeting;

"Creditors' Meeting Date" means the date fixed for the Creditors' Meetings under the Creditors' Meeting Order subject to any adjournment or postponement or further Order of the Court;

"Creditors' Meeting Order" means, the Order of the Court dated July ●, 2010 as amended or supplemented from time to time by further Orders of the Court which, among other things, sets the Creditors' Meeting Date and establishes meeting procedures for the Creditors' Meetings;

"Creditor Protection Proceedings" means the Chapter 11 Cases, the Chapter 15 Proceedings and the CCAA Proceedings;

"Cross-border Claims" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Events Subsequent to the CCAA Proceedings"*;

"Cross-border Claims Protocol" means the cross-border claims protocol that was approved by the Court on January 18, 2010 and the Bankruptcy Court on January 19, 2010, as amended, modified, or supplemented from time to time;

"Cross-border Convenience Claim" means any Proven Claim the aggregate Face Amount of which is equal to or less than Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate, and for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent of US\$5,000) pursuant to an election by the Holder made on the Election Notice, in respect of which its Holder has not made a valid election in accordance with Subsections 2.4(e)(i), 2.4(f)(i), 2.4(g)(i) or 2.4(h)(i) of the CCAA Plan;

"Cross-border Debtors" means BCFC, BCHI, AbitibiBowater Canada Inc., BCFPI, Bowater Maritimes, Bowater LaHave Corporation and Bowater Canadian Limited;

"Cross-border Insolvency Protocol" means the cross-border voting protocol governing the voting procedures of Claims against Cross-border Debtors that will be included in the solicitation materials implementing procedures for soliciting votes to accept or reject the CCAA Plan and that was approved by the Court on July 28, 2009 and the Bankruptcy Court on July 27, 2010, as amended, modified, or supplemented from time to time;

"Cross-border Voting Creditor" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Cross-border Voting Protocol;

"Cross-border Voting Protocol" means the cross-border voting protocol that was approved by the Court on ● and the Bankruptcy Court on June 25, 2010 and the bankruptcy Court on June 22, 2010, as amended, modified, or supplemented from time to time;

"CSA" means the Canadian Securities Administrators;

"CSN" means the *Confédération des syndicats nationaux*;

"Date of Filing" means April 17, 2009;

"Date of Filing Exchange Rate" means the Bank of Canada noon spot rate of exchange for exchanging currency to Canadian dollars on the Date of Filing, being, for U.S. dollars, US\$1=CDN\$1.2146;

"Designated Newspapers" means the Montreal Gazette, the Globe and Mail (National Edition), La Presse, Le Soleil and Le Quotidien;

"Determination Date" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Rights Offering – Undersubscription; Backstop Agreement"*;

"Dilution" means the dilution resulting from shares of New ABH Common Stock issued (i) pursuant to the management and director compensation and incentive programs set forth in Section 6.8 of the CCAA Plan, (ii) as a payment under the Backstop Agreement or any replacement backstop commitment obtained by the Company in connection therewith and approved by the Court and the Bankruptcy Court, and (iii) upon conversion of the convertible unsecured subordinated notes issued by Reorganized ABH in connection with the Rights Offering on the terms and conditions set forth in the Backstop Agreement;

"Disallowed Claim" means any Claim, including any portion thereof, that has been disallowed, denied, dismissed, or overruled pursuant to a final Order of the Court, the Bankruptcy Court, or any other court of competent jurisdiction;

"Disbursing Agent" means any Person in its capacity as a disbursing agent, including the Monitor, the Indenture Trustees and the ACCC Administrative Agent in their capacities as disbursing agents;

"Disclosure Statement" means the disclosure statement for the U.S. Debtors' first amended joint plan of reorganization under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code dated ●, 2010, which is available on the Monitor's website at www.ey.com/ca/abitibibowater;

"Disputed Claims" means an Affected Unsecured Claim or any portion thereof, that is subject to a Notice of Revision or Disallowance, or a Notice of Dispute, and in either case has become neither a Proven Claim nor a Disallowed Claim;

"Donohue" means Donohue Corp.;

"Donohue Group" means Donohue and Donohue's direct and indirect Subsidiaries;

"Donohue Malbaie" means Donohue Malbaie Inc., a joint venture with the New York Times Company, which owns and operates a paper machine at one of ACI's newsprint;

"DTC" means The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation, or any of its affiliates;

"Election Deadline" means the time specified in the Creditors' Meeting Order as the deadline for filing a Form of Proxy;

"Election Notice" means the election notice included in the Form of Proxy, which permits Affected Unsecured Creditors to make an election in accordance with Subsections 2.4(a)(i), 2.4(b)(i), 2.4(c)(i), 2.4(d)(i), 2.4(e)(i), 2.4(f)(i), 2.4(g)(i), 2.4(h)(i); 2.4(i)(i) or 2.4(j)(i) of the CCAA Plan;

"Eligible Employees" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Description of the CCAA Plan–Restructuring"*;

"Eligible Holders" means holders of Affected Unsecured Claims under the CCAA Plan and holders of Class 6A through 6HH Claims under the U.S. Plan, in each case, excluding holders who receive, or elect to receive, distributions in Cash;

"EPA" means the *Environmental Protection Act* (Canada);

"Equity Value" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Recommendation of the Monitor"*;

"Escrow Agent" means the financial institution engaged by the Company to act as Escrow Agent under the Rights Offering;

"Excess" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Income Tax Considerations – Certain Canadian Federal Income Tax Considerations – Consequences to the Company"*;

"Exchangeable Shares" means the exchangeable shares of AbitibiBowater Canada issued and outstanding prior to the Final Restructuring Transactions Time;

"Excluded Claims" has the meaning ascribed to the term in *"The CCAA Plan – Description of the CCAA Plan – Restructuring"*;

["Excluded Rights Offering Notes" means ●";]

"Exit Loan Facilities" means, collectively, the ABL Exit Financing Facility and the Term Loan Exit Financing Facility;

"Face Amount" means, for purposes of the CCAA Plan (i) when used in reference to a Disputed Claim or a Disallowed Claim, the full stated liquidated amount claimed by the Holder of such Claim in any Proof of Claim timely filed in accordance with the Claims Procedure Orders, and (ii) when used in reference to a Proven Claim, the amount of such Claim as agreed by the Applicants, or as otherwise finally determined, pursuant to the provisions of the Claims Procedure Orders;

"Fairfax" means Fairfax Financial Holdings Limited and its Subsidiaries;

"Final Bowater DIP Order" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Events Subsequent to the CCAA Proceedings – DIP Credit Facilities"*;

"Final Distribution Date" means a date selected by the Reorganized Debtors that is not later than 30 days after the date on which the Monitor shall have certified to the Court that the last Disputed Claim in the CCAA Proceedings has been finally resolved;

"Financial Projections" means the projections of future performance covering the Company's operations on a consolidated basis through fiscal year 2014, after giving effect to the CCAA Plan, as set forth in Appendix G – *"Financial Projections"*;

"Final Restructuring Transactions Time" means such time or moment as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice;

"First Claims Package" means the package for the Affected Unsecured Creditors, including a Proof of Claims, an instruction letter explaining how to complete same, and a copy of the Claims Procedure Orders published on September 10 and 15, 2009;

"First Claims Procedure Order" means the Order of the Court dated August 26, 2009 establishing, among other things, procedures for proving Claims;

"Floating Rate Notes" means the Floating Rate Notes due June 15, 2011 issued by ACCC pursuant to the Floating Rate Notes Indenture;

"Floating Rate Notes Indenture" means the indenture dated as of June 15, 2004, as amended, between ACCC, as borrower, and The Bank of Nova Scotia Trust Company of New York, as indenture trustee;

"Floating Rate Notes Indenture Trustee" means Deutsche Bank National Trust Company, as successor to The Bank of Nova Scotia Trust Company of New York and its successors and assigns, as indenture trustee under the Floating Rate Notes Indenture;

"Form of Proxy" means collectively the Affected Unsecured Creditor Proxy, the Non-registered Noteholder Proxy and the Joint Proxy/Ballot;

"Fundamental Change" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Appendix I – *"Terms of the Rights Offering Notes"*;

"Government Priority Claims" means any Claim owing to Her Majesty the Queen in right of Canada or any Province as described in Section 18.2(1) of the CCAA;

"Governmental Entities" means any: (i) multinational, federal, provincial, territorial, state, regional, municipal, local or other government, governmental or public department, central bank, court, tribunal, arbitral body, commission, board, bureau or agency, domestic or foreign; (ii) subdivision, agent, commission, board, or authority of any of the foregoing; or (iii) quasi-governmental or private body exercising any regulatory, expropriation or taxing authority under or, for the account of, any of the foregoing;

"Grievance Claims Officer" means the individual(s) appointed pursuant to and in accordance with the Second Claims Procedure Order as set out in the Second Claims Procedure Order;

"Guarantors" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Capitalization of ABH and the Applicants – Indebtedness – Abitibi Securitization Program"*;

"Holder" means a Person holding a Claim against one or more of the Applicants;

"Implementation Date" means the first Business Day the CCAA Plan becomes effective and is implemented in accordance with Sections 8.5 and 8.6 of the CCAA Plan, as confirmed by a certificate filed by the Monitor with the Court;

"Indenture Trustee" means, collectively, the 6.00% Senior Notes Indenture Trustee, 7.40% Debentures Indenture Trustee, 7.50% Debentures Indenture Trustee, 7.75% Notes Indenture Trustee, 7.875% Notes Indenture Trustee, 7.95% Notes Indenture Trustee, 8.375% Senior Notes Indenture Trustee, 8.50% Debentures Indenture Trustee, 8.55% Senior Notes Indenture Trustee, 8.85% Debentures Indenture Trustee, 10.85% Debentures Indenture Trustee, Canadian Secured Notes Indenture Trustee, 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Indenture Trustee and Floating Rate Notes Indenture Trustee;

"Initial Distribution Date" means the first Business Day that is ten days (or such longer period as may reasonably be determined by the Reorganized Debtors in consultation with the Monitor) after the Implementation Date;

"Initial Distribution Record Date" means the applicable date designated in the Sanction Order;

"Initial Order" means the Order of the Court dated April 17, 2009, as amended and restated from time to time, pursuant to which, among other things, the Applicants were granted certain relief pursuant to the CCAA;

"Initial Rights Ratio" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Rights Offering – Entitlement to Subscription Rights"*;

"Insolvency Proceedings" means, collectively, the CCAA Proceedings, the Chapter 11 Cases and the 18.6 Proceedings;

"Insurance Contract" means any policy of third party liability insurance under which the Applicants could have asserted or did assert, or may in the future assert, a right to coverage for any claim, together with any other contracts which pertain or relate to such policy;

"Insured Claim" means that portion of any Claim arising from an incident or occurrence alleged to have occurred prior to the Implementation Date: (i) as to which any Insurer is obligated pursuant to the terms, conditions, limitations and exclusions of its Insurance Contract(s), to pay any judgment, settlement, or contractual obligation with respect to the Applicants; or (ii) that any Insurer otherwise agrees to pay as part of a settlement or compromise of a claim made under the applicable Insurance Contract(s);

"Insured Claim Creditor" means any creditor that is the Holder of an Insured Claim;

"Insurer" means any Person that issued, or is responsible for, an Insurance Contract;

"Inter-company Claims" means any Claim by an Applicant, a Partnership or a U.S. Debtor against another Applicant, Partnership or U.S. Debtor;

"Inter-company Note Claims" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Capitalization of ABH and the Applicants – Indebtedness – Inter-company Debt"*;

"Interim Bowater DIP Order" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Events Subsequent to the CCAA Proceedings – DIP Credit Facilities"*;

"Interim Distribution Date" means the first Business Day occurring 60 days after the Initial Distribution Date, and subsequently, the first (1st) Business Day occurring 60 days after the immediately preceding Interim Distribution Date (unless otherwise determined by the Monitor, in its capacity as Disbursing Agent);

"Interim Distribution Record Date" means, with respect to any Interim Distribution Date, the 15th day prior to such Interim Distribution Date;

"Investment Plans" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Income Tax Considerations – Certain Canadian Federal Income Tax Considerations"*;

"IQ Financing" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Capitalization of ABH and the Applicants – Indebtedness – Investissement Québec Financing"*;

"IRS" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Income Tax Considerations – Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations"*;

"Issue Date" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Appendix I – *"Terms of the Rights Offering Notes"*;

"ITA" means the *Income Tax Act* (Canada) as now in effect and as it may be amended from time to time;

"Joint Proxy/Ballot" means the Form of Proxy, instructions and Election Notice for Cross-border Voting Creditors;

"Laws" means all statutes, regulations, statutory rules, orders, judgments, decrees and terms and conditions of any grant of approval, permission, authority, permit or license of any court, Governmental Entity, statutory body or self-regulatory authority, and the term **"applicable"** with respect to such Laws and in any context that refers to one or more Persons, means that such Laws apply to such Person or Persons or its or their business, undertaking, property or securities and emanate from a Governmental Entity having jurisdiction over the Person or Persons or its or their business, undertaking, property or securities;

"Lien" means, with respect to any interest in property, any mortgage, lien, pledge, charge, security interest, easement or encumbrance of any kind whatsoever, under United States, Canadian, or other applicable Law, affecting such interest in property;

"Liquidation Analysis" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Recommendation of the Monitor"*;

"LTIP" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Reorganized ABH – Management and Director Compensation and Incentive Plans and Programs"*;

"Meeting Materials" means the Notice of Meeting (in English and French); the Circular (in English and French); the Forms of Proxy (in English and French); the CCAA Plan (in English and French); the Disclosure Statement, Confirmation Hearing Notice, U.S. Solicitation Order and Committee statement of support for the U.S. Plan (in English only); the U.S. Plan (in English only); the Notice of Rights Offering; the Subscription Forms; the Cross-border Voting Protocol; and the Creditors' Meeting Orders (in English and French);

"Monitor" means Ernst & Young Inc. or any successor thereto appointed in accordance with the Initial Order or any further Order of the Court;

"**Monitor's Website**" means www.ey.com/ca/abitibibowater;

"**MPCo**" means Manicouagan Power Company;

"**MPCo Sale**" has the meaning ascribed to such term in "*The CCAA Plan – Events Subsequent to the CCAA Proceedings – DIP Credit Facilities*";

"**NAFTA**" means the North American Free Trade Agreement;

"**NAFTA Proceedings**" means the proceedings in relation to the expropriation of the Grand Falls newsprint mill and certain other assets by the Government of Newfoundland, the whole as more fully described in "*Risk Factors – Risks Related to the Company's Business*";

"**NASDAQ**" means either the NASDAQ Global Market or the NASDAQ Global Select Market;

"**New ABH Common Stock**" means the new common stock of Reorganized ABH, which shall be issued on the Implementation Date or authorized to be issued by Reorganized ABH at any time from and after the Implementation Date;

"**New Securities**" has the meaning ascribed to such term in "*Other Considerations – Canadian Securities Law Considerations*";

"**Newfoundland**" means the Province of Newfoundland and Labrador;

"**Newspaper Notice**" means the notice of the Claims Procedure Orders published in the Designated Newspapers in accordance with the Claims Procedure Orders, which sets out the Claims Bar Dates;

"**Newsprint South**" means Bowater Newsprint South LLC;

"**No Vote Applicant**" has the meaning ascribed to such term in "*The CCAA Plan – Description of the CCAA Plan – Restructuring*";

"**No Vote Investee Applicant**" has the meaning ascribed to such term in "*The CCAA Plan – Description of the CCAA Plan – Restructuring*";

"**No Vote Occurrence**" has the meaning ascribed to such term in "*The CCAA Plan – Description of the CCAA Plan – Restructuring*";

"**Non-core Properties**" has the meaning ascribed to such term in "*The CCAA Plan – Events Subsequent to the CCAA Proceedings – Other Sale of Assets and Cost Savings Initiatives*";

"**Non-core Purchaser**" means 4513541 Canada Inc.;

"**Non-registered Noteholders**" means the beneficial owners of Canadian Unsecured Notes (other than 0% Unsecured Notes) that are registered in the name of a depository such as DTC or CDS;

"**Non-registered Noteholder Proxy**" means the Form of Proxy, instructions and Election Notice for Non-registered Noteholders;

"**Non-Resident Holder**" has the meaning ascribed to such term in "*Income Tax Considerations – Certain Canadian Federal Income Tax Considerations – Non-Residents of Canada*";

"**Non-U.S. Holder**" has the meaning ascribed to such term in "*Income Tax Considerations – Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations*";

"Notice of Dispute" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Claims Procedure Orders;

"Notice of Meeting" means the notice of the Creditors' Meeting which is included in this Circular;

"Notice of Revision or Disallowance" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Claims Procedure Orders;

"Notice of Rights Offering" means the notice of rights offering to be communicated by the Monitor to the Affected Unsecured Creditors and Cross-border Voting Creditors as of the First Rights Offering Record Date or Second Rights Offering Record Date, as the case may be, pursuant to the Creditors' Meeting Order;

"NYSE" means the New York Stock Exchange;

"Obligations" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Description of the CCAA Plan – CCAA Plan Releases"*;

"OID" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Income Tax Considerations – Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations – U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences to the Company"*;

"Order" means any order of the Court or the Bankruptcy Court;

"Original Currency" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 7.10 of the CCAA Plan;

"Partnership" means the partnerships listed in Schedule "B" of the CCAA Plan;

"Participants" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Capitalization of ABH and the Applicants – Indebtedness – Abitibi Securitization Program"*;

"Participants Noteholders" means each of its participants in respect of each Canadian Unsecured Note;

"Participant Noteholders List" means a list of each of the Participants Noteholders;

"Person" means any person, including any individual, partnership, joint venture, venture capital fund, association, corporation, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, unlimited liability company, trust, trustee, executor, administrator, legal personal representative, estate, group, unincorporated association or organization, Governmental Entity, syndicate, the Monitor, the Office of the United States Trustee or other entity, whether or not having legal status;

"PIK Notes" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Appendix I – *"Terms of the Rights Offering Notes"*;

"Post-filing Claims" means all valid claims, obligations, suits, judgments, damages, demands, debts, rights, causes of action and liabilities which are not Claims and arise from, or are in respect of, (i) any executory contract or unexpired lease which has been deemed ratified pursuant to the CCAA Plan, or (ii) the supply of goods or services to any Applicant after the Date of Filing;

"Plans" means, collectively, the U.S. Plan and the CCAA Plan;

"Principal Increase" means the amount, if any, equal to the difference between (i) the net proceeds generated from the sale of the Non-core Properties (or any portion thereof) to a third party by the Non-core Purchaser or any receiver appointed in respect thereof and (ii) the Costs;

"Pro Rata" means, at any time, the proportion that (i) the Face Amount of an Affected Claim (including any Inter-company Claim deemed to be an Affected Unsecured Claim pursuant to Section 2.5(c)) of the CCAA Plan in a particular class bears to (ii) the aggregate Face Amount of all Affected Claims (including any Inter-company Claim deemed to be an Affected Unsecured Claim pursuant to Section 2.5(c)) of the CCAA Plan in such class less (x) the aggregate Face Amount of all Affected Claims settled, compromised, released or otherwise dealt with in accordance

with Subsections 2.4(a)(i), 2.4(b)(i), 2.4(c)(i), 2.4(d)(i), 2.4(e)(i), 2.4(f)(i), 2.4(g)(i), 2.4(h)(i) and 2.4(i)(i) of the CCAA Plan, as the case may be, and (y) the aggregate Face Amount of all Affected Claims fully paid pursuant to Section 3.8 (including Disputed Claims, but excluding Disallowed Claims);

"Proof of Claim" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Claims Procedure Orders;

"Proven Claim" means, in respect of an Affected Unsecured Creditor, the amount or any portion of the amount of the Affected Claim of such Affected Unsecured Creditor as finally determined for distribution purposes in accordance with the provisions of the CCAA Plan, the CCAA, the Claims Procedure Orders and any other applicable Orders;

"Proven Secured Claim" means the amount of a Secured Claim as agreed by the Applicants or as finally determined in accordance with the provisions of the CCAA Plan, the CCAA, the Claims Procedure Orders and any other applicable Orders;

"Recovered Paper" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Information about ABH, the Applicants and the Business – Overview of Business Operations – Raw Materials"*;

"Regulations" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Income Tax Considerations – Certain Canadian Federal Income Tax Considerations"*;

"Released Parties" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Description of the CCAA Plan – CCAA Plan Releases"*;

"Reorganized ABH" means on and after the Implementation Date, ABH as reorganized under the U.S. Plan, or a new holding company created in contemplation of the Implementation Date that, on such date or immediately thereafter, owns 100% of the equity in ABH (as in existence prior to the Implementation Date);

"Reorganized Debtors" means, on or after the Final Restructuring Transactions Time, collectively, all of the Applicants and Partnerships (or their respective successors) remaining under and pursuant to the CCAA Plan, including the Restructuring Transactions;

"Repayment Steps" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Events Subsequent to the CCAA Proceedings – AbitibiBowater U.S. Holding LLC Note Repayment Transactions"*;

"Reportable Payments" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Income Tax Considerations – Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations" – Information Reporting and Backup Withholding"*;

"Required Majority" means, in respect of any Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, the affirmative vote of a majority in number in such Affected Unsecured Creditor Class having Voting Claims and voting on its Resolution (in person or by proxy) at the Creditors' Meeting in respect of such Affected Unsecured Creditor Class and representing not less than 66⅔% in value of the Voting Claims voting (in person or by proxy) at such Creditors' Meeting;

"Resolution" means, in respect of an Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, the resolution for such Affected Unsecured Creditor Class substantially in the form attached hereto as Appendix B – *"Resolution"*, providing for the approval of the CCAA Plan by the Affected Unsecured Creditors comprised in such Affected Unsecured Creditor Class;

"RESPs" means any Registered Education Savings Plan with the Government of Canada;

"Restructuring Claim" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Third Claims Procedure Order;

"Restructuring Transactions" means those steps and transactions necessary or desirable to give effect to the transactions contemplated herein and in the Restructuring Transaction Notice, which steps and transactions may

include one or more incorporations, mergers, amalgamations, consolidations, arrangements, continuations, restructurings, conversions, liquidations, winding-ups, dissolutions, transfers, reorganizations, repayments, redemptions, exchanges, cancellations, discharges or other transactions (including the release of certain funds that were set aside temporarily in 3239432 Nova Scotia Company);

"Restructuring Transactions Notice" means one or more notices setting out and detailing substantially all of the Restructuring Transactions to be posted on the Monitor's Website at least 14 days prior to the Creditors' Meeting Date, as thereafter modified or supplemented in accordance with the CCAA Plan and the U.S. Plan, provided that a final restated Restructuring Transaction Notice will be posted on the Monitor's Website no later than on the Implementation Date;

"Rights Entitlement Reduction" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Rights Offering – Increase or Reduction of Eligible Claim"*;

"Rights Offering" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Description of the CCAA Plan – Implementation of the CCAA Plan"*;

"Rights Offering Notes" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Rights Offering"*;

"Rights Offering Participant" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Rights Offering"*;

"Rights Offering Record Date" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Rights Offering – Entitlement to Subscription Rights"*;

"RRIFs" means any Registered Retirement Income Fund with the Government of Canada;

"RRSPs" means any Registered Retirement Savings Plan with the Government of Canada;

"Saguenay Forest Products" means Saguenay Forest Products Inc.;

"Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Claim" means any Affected Claim against Saguenay Forest Products, including any 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Claim against Saguenay Forest Products;

"Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Creditor" means any creditor that is the Holder of a Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Claim;

"Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Creditor Class" means the class of creditors grouped in accordance with their Affected Claims against Saguenay Forest Products for the purposes of considering and voting on the CCAA Plan in accordance with the provisions of the CCAA Plan and receiving distributions thereunder, such class being comprised solely of the Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Creditors;

"Sanction Hearing" means the hearing at which the Court's sanction of the Plan under the CCAA and Section 191 of the CBCA will be sought;

"Sanction Order" means the Order by the Court sanctioning the CCAA Plan pursuant to the CCAA and Section 191 of the CBCA and such other Sections and legislation to be set forth in the Restructuring Transaction Notice as such Order may be amended, or supplemented from time to time;

"Search Committee" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Reorganized ABH – Corporate Governance"*;

"SEC" means the United States Securities and Exchange Commission;

"Second Claims Package" means the package for the Affected Unsecured Creditors, including a Proof of Claims, an instruction letter explaining how to complete same, and a copy of the Claims Procedure Orders published on February 23, 2010;

"Second Claims Procedure Order" means the Order of the Court dated January 18, 2010 establishing, among other things, procedures for reviewing and determining Claims;

"Second Proof of Claim" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Second Claims Procedure Order;

"Second Rights Offering Record Date" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Rights Offering – Increase or Reduction of Eligible Claim"*;

"Section 1145 Cutback" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Description of the CCAA Plan – Implementation of the CCAA Plan"*;

"Secured Claims" means any: (i) ACCC Term Loan Claim; (ii) BCFPI Secured Bank Claim; (iii) Canadian Secured Notes Claim; or (iv) Claim, other than a CCAA Charge, which is secured by a security interest in or a lien on the property of the Applicants, which security interest or lien is valid, perfected and enforceable pursuant to applicable Laws or by reason of an Order, to the extent of the value of such property, as of the Implementation Date or such other date as is established by the Court, excluding, in each case any prepayment penalty or premium or any additional amount provided for in the contract or other arrangement giving rise to, or otherwise relating to, such Secured Claim;

"Securitization Amendment Motion" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Capitalization of ABH and the Applicants – Indebtedness – Abitibi Securitization Program"*;

"Securitization Claims" means any Claim arising under or relating to the Securitization Facility;

"Securitization Facility" means the receivables securitization facility made available to certain Subsidiaries of ABH pursuant to that certain Second Amended and Restated Receivables Purchase Agreement, dated as of June 16, 2009, as amended, among ACUSFC, as the seller, ACI and ACSC, as originators, ACSC, as servicer, ACI, as subservicer, Citibank, N.A., as agent, and the banks named therein, and the other Transaction Documents (as defined therein);

"Securitization Program" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Capitalization of ABH and the Applicants – Indebtedness – Abitibi Securitization Program"*;

"Servicer" means any indenture trustee, agent or servicer that administers any agreement that governs the rights of a Holder of an Affected Claim;

"SG&A" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Events Subsequent to the CCAA Proceedings – Other Cost Savings Initiatives"*;

"Sponsor" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Events Subsequent to the CCAA Proceedings – DIP Credit Facilities"*;

"Stay of Proceedings" means the stay of proceedings under Section 11 of the CCAA;

"Stay Termination Date" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Initial Order;

"STIPs" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Reorganized ABH – Management and Director Compensation and Incentive Plans and Programs – Short-Term Incentive Plans"*;

"Subscription Agent" means [Epiq Bankruptcy Solutions, LLC];

"Rights Offering Expiration Date" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Rights Offering – Subscription Period"*;

"Subscription Forms" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Rights Offering – Subscription Period"*;

"Subscription Rights" means the rights granted to Eligible Holders to subscribe for their Pro Rata share of a designated amount of Rights Offering Notes;

"Subsequent Rights Offering Expiration Date" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Rights Offering – Increase or Reduction of Eligible Claim"*;

"Subsidiary" or **"Subsidiaries"** means any and all of the direct or indirect wholly-owned or otherwise controlled subsidiaries of ABH and the direct or indirect wholly-owned or otherwise controlled partnerships, limited partnerships or other entities of ABH prior to the Implementation Date;

"Supplemental Distribution" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Description of the CCAA Plan – Restructuring"*;

"Tax Code" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Income Tax Considerations – Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations"*;

"Taxable Capital Gain" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Income Tax Considerations – Certain Canadian Federal Income Tax Considerations – Residents of Canada"*;

"Taxes" means any and all taxes, duties, fees, pending assessments, reassessments and other governmental charges, duties, impositions and liabilities of any kind whatsoever (including any Claims by Her Majesty the Queen in right of Canada, Her Majesty the Queen in right of any Province or Territory of Canada, the CRA and any similar revenue or taxing authority, including any municipality of any Province or Territory of Canada), including all interest, penalties, fines and additions with respect to such amounts;

"Tax Proposals" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Income Tax Considerations – Certain Canadian Federal Income Tax Considerations"*;

"Tax Shield" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Income Tax Considerations – Certain Canadian Federal Income Tax Considerations – Consequences to the Company"*;

"Term Loan Exit Financing Facility" means the senior secured term loan facility, that may take the form of a loan, high-yield notes, bridge facility or other loan arrangement, to be entered into by the Reorganized Debtors and the lender(s) thereunder as contemplated in Section 6.11 of the U.S. Plan, pursuant to such documentation, or a summary thereof, as shall be set forth in (i) a CCAA Plan Supplement, or (ii) such other notice and in such form as determined by the U.S. Debtors and the Applicants;

"Terminated Employee Plans" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *Reorganized ABH – Employee Compensation and Benefit Programs*;

"TFSA" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Income Tax Considerations – Certain Canadian Federal Income Tax Considerations – Residents of Canada"*;

"Third Claims Procedure Order" means the Order of the Court dated February 23, 2010 establishing, among other things, procedures for soliciting, reviewing and determining applicable claims and Restructuring Claims;

"TSX" means the Toronto Stock Exchange, a division of TSX Inc., through which the senior listing operations of TMX Group Inc. are conducted;

"ULC" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Events Subsequent to the CCAA Proceedings – DIP Credit Facilities"*;

"ULC DIP Agreement" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Events Subsequent to the CCAA Proceedings – DIP Credit Facilities"*;

"ULC DIP Facility" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Events Subsequent to the CCAA Proceedings – DIP Credit Facilities"*;

"Unaffected Creditor" means any Creditor with Excluded Claims, in respect of and to the extent of those Excluded Claims;

"Unions" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Second Claims Procedure Order;

"Unionized Employees" means employees employed under Collective Bargaining Agreements with the Unions;

"Unsecured Creditors' Committee" means the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors appointed in the Chapter 11 Cases by the Office of the United States Trustee on or about April 28, 2009, pursuant to Section 1102 of the Bankruptcy Code, as reconstituted from time to time;

"Unsubscribed Notes" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Backstop Agreement;

"Upfront Payment" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"Rights Offering – Distribution of Rights Offering Notes"*;

"U.S. Bowater Borrowers" means Bowater, Newsprint South, Bowater Alabama LLC and Bowater Newsprint South Operations LLC;

"U.S. Bowater DIP" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Events Subsequent to the CCAA Proceedings – DIP Credit Facilities"*;

"U.S. Bowater DIP Collateral" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Events Subsequent to the CCAA Proceedings – DIP Credit Facilities"*;

"U.S. Bowater DIP Orders" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Events Subsequent to the CCAA Proceedings – DIP Credit Facilities"*;

"U.S. Bowater DIP Parties" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Events Subsequent to the CCAA Proceedings – DIP Credit Facilities"*;

"U.S. Debtors" means ABH, AbitibiBowater US Holding 1 Corp., AbitibiBowater US Holding LLC, AbitibiBowater Canada, Abitibi-Consolidated Alabama Corporation, Abitibi-Consolidated Corporation, ACF LP, Abitibi Consolidated Sales Corporation, Alabama River Newsprint Company, Augusta Woodlands, LLC, Bowater Alabama LLC, Bowater America Inc., BCFC, BCFPI, BCHI, Bowater Canadian Limited, Bowater Finance Company Inc., Bowater Finance II LLC, Bowater, Bowater LaHave Corporation, Bowater Maritimes, Newsprint South, Bowater Newsprint South Operations LLC, Bowater Nuway Inc., Bowater Nuway Mid-States Inc., Bowater South American Holdings Incorporated, Bowater Ventures Inc., Catawba Property Holdings, LLC, Coosa Pines Golf Club Holdings LLC, Donohue Corp., Lake Superior Forest Products Inc. and Tenex Data Inc., ABH LLC 1 and ABH Holding Company LLC;

"U.S. DIP Order" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Events Subsequent to the CCAA Proceedings – DIP Credit Facilities"*;

"U.S. GAAP" means generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America;

"U.S. Petition Date" means April 16, 2009;

"U.S. Plan" means the plan of reorganization of the U.S. Debtors dated May 24, 2010, as may be further amended, varied or supplemented from time to time, in accordance with the terms thereof, which U.S. Plan can be obtained through the Monitor's Website;

"U.S. Securities Act" means the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended;

"Voting Claim" means, in respect of an Affected Unsecured Creditor, the Canadian dollar amount of the Affected Claim of such Affected Unsecured Creditor accepted for purposes of voting at any Creditors' Meeting, in accordance with the provisions of the Creditors' Meeting Order and the Cross-border Voting Protocol;

"Voting Instruction Form" means the voting instruction form provided to beneficial holders of Affected Unsecured Claims in connection with the Creditors' Meeting in respect of such Affected Unsecured Creditors' Class;

"Voting Record Date" means the date by which all holders of Claims who are entitled to vote on the CCAA Plan must submit their Form of Proxy to the Monitor with the terms of the CCAA Creditors' Meeting Order;

"Wind Up Claim" has the meaning ascribed to such term in *"The CCAA Plan – Events Subsequent to the CCAA Proceedings – Adversary Proceedings"*; and

"Woodbridge" means, collectively, Woodbridge International Holdings Limited, Woodbridge International Holdings SA and The Woodbridge Company Limited.

I. INTRODUCTION

This Circular is furnished in connection with the solicitation of proxies by and on behalf of the Applicants for use at the Creditors' Meetings for the purposes set forth in the Notice of Meeting addressed to Affected Unsecured Creditors. This Circular is also furnished to Affected Unsecured Creditors in connection with the Rights Offering. See "*Rights Offering*".

The CCAA Plan provides for a coordinated restructuring and compromise of Affected Claims against the Applicants. The U.S. Debtors are subject to the Chapter 11 Cases and have filed the U.S. Plan with the Bankruptcy Court. Under the CCAA Plan, the treatment of Affected Claims against the Cross-border Debtors is intended to be consistent with the treatment of Affected Claims against the Cross-border Debtors in the U.S. Plan, with the Holders of Claims or Affected Claims against any particular Cross-border Debtor receiving a single recovery on account of such Claims in the CCAA Plan and the U.S. Plan. Effectiveness of the CCAA Plan is conditional upon the effectiveness of the U.S. Plan, and effectiveness of the U.S. Plan is conditional upon the effectiveness of the CCAA Plan.

This Circular provides certain information regarding the history of ABH and the Applicants, significant events that have occurred during the CCAA Proceedings and the anticipated organization, operations and financing of Reorganized ABH and the Applicants upon emergence from the CCAA Proceedings and the U.S. Debtors from the Chapter 11 Cases. This Circular also describes the terms and provisions of the CCAA Plan and the Rights Offering, including certain alternatives to the CCAA Plan, certain effects of Court sanction of the CCAA Plan, certain risk factors associated with the results and operations of the Applicants following emergence from the CCAA Proceedings and with the securities to be issued under the CCAA Plan, as well as the securities issuable pursuant to the Rights Offering, the U.S. Plan and the manner in which distributions will be made under the CCAA Plan. In addition, this Circular discusses the sanction process, the voting procedures that Affected Unsecured Creditors must follow for their votes to be counted at any Creditors' Meeting and the procedure to follow for Affected Unsecured Creditors to participate in the Rights Offering.

THIS CIRCULAR CONTAINS SUMMARIES OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE CCAA PLAN, CERTAIN STATUTORY PROVISIONS, CERTAIN DOCUMENTS RELATED TO THE CCAA PLAN, CERTAIN EVENTS IN THE CCAA PROCEEDINGS AND CERTAIN FINANCIAL INFORMATION. ALTHOUGH THE APPLICANTS BELIEVE THAT SUCH SUMMARIES ARE FAIR AND ACCURATE, SUCH SUMMARIES ARE QUALIFIED TO THE EXTENT THAT THEY DO NOT SET FORTH THE ENTIRE TEXT OF SUCH DOCUMENTS OR STATUTORY PROVISIONS. FACTUAL INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS CIRCULAR HAS BEEN PROVIDED BY THE APPLICANTS' MANAGEMENT EXCEPT WHERE OTHERWISE SPECIFICALLY NOTED. THE APPLICANTS DO NOT WARRANT THAT THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN, INCLUDING THE FINANCIAL INFORMATION, IS WITHOUT ANY INACCURACY OR OMISSION.

THIS CIRCULAR CONTAINS A SUMMARY OF THE STRUCTURE OF, CLASSIFICATION AND TREATMENT OF CLAIMS AND INTERESTS IN, AND IMPLEMENTATION OF THE CCAA PLAN. IT IS QUALIFIED IN ITS ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO THE CCAA PLAN WHICH ACCOMPANIES THIS CIRCULAR AND TO THE SCHEDULES ATTACHED THERETO OR REFERRED TO THEREIN.

II. CREDITORS' MEETINGS AND VOTING INSTRUCTIONS

A. PROCEDURE FOR CREDITORS' MEETINGS

Pursuant to the Creditors' Meeting Order, each Creditors' Meeting has been convened for the purpose of considering and, if deemed advisable, adopting, with or without variation, the Resolution in respect of each Affected Unsecured Creditor Class to approve the CCAA Plan. Each Creditors' Meeting will be held in Montreal at the Hilton Montreal Bonaventure, 900 de La Gauchetière West, Montréal, Québec, H5A 1E4, Canada, on August 26, 2010 at **[10:00 a.m.]** (Montreal time).

Each Creditors' Meeting will be held and conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Creditors' Meeting Order. A Person designated by the Monitor will preside as the Chair of each Creditors' Meeting and, subject to the Creditors' Meeting Order, will decide all matters relating to the conduct of each Creditors' Meeting. The Applicants or any Affected Unsecured Creditor may appeal any decision of the Chair to the Court no later than four Business Days from any decision. The only Persons entitled to attend and speak at a Creditors' Meeting are Affected Unsecured Creditors with Voting Claims and their proxy holders, representatives of the Applicants, members of the boards of directors of the Applicants, representatives of the Monitor and representatives of the Ad Hoc Unsecured Noteholders Committee, the Chair and their respective legal counsel and financial advisors. Any other Person may be admitted to a Creditors' Meeting on invitation of the Chair.

The Applicants will seek approval of the CCAA Plan by the affirmative vote of the Required Majorities. Any resolution, including the Resolution in respect of each Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, to be voted on at a Creditors' Meeting to approve, amend, vary or supplement the CCAA Plan, will be decided by the Required Majorities on a vote by ballot, and any other matter submitted for a vote at any Creditors' Meeting will be decided by a majority of votes cast on a vote by a show of hands, unless the Chair decides, in his or her sole discretion, to hold such vote by way of ballot, provided, however, that each vote of a 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Creditor by way of ballot or show of hands in respect of the ACCC Affected Unsecured Creditor Class is deemed to be a vote in respect of such 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Creditor's 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Claims comprised in each of the Affected Unsecured Creditor Classes set forth in the CCAA Plan, including the ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, ACNSI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class and 15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Creditor Classes. The result of any vote will be binding on all Affected Unsecured Creditors in the respective Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, whether or not any such Affected Unsecured Creditor is present and voting (in person or by proxy) at the Creditors' Meeting for such Affected Unsecured Creditor Class.

The quorum required at each Creditors' Meeting is one Affected Unsecured Creditor in the relevant Affected Unsecured Creditor Class present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote at such Creditors' Meeting.

If the requisite quorum is not present at the Creditors' Meeting, then the Creditors' Meeting will be adjourned by the Chair to such date, time and place as may be decided by the Chair in his or her sole discretion. The Chair will decide on the manner of giving notice to the Affected Unsecured Creditors of the rescheduled meeting and may, if he or she deems it appropriate, restrict such notice to a notice posted on the Monitor's Website.

The Chair is authorized to adjourn, postpone or otherwise reschedule the Creditors' Meeting on one or more occasions to such time(s), date(s) and place(s) as the Chair deems necessary or desirable (without the need to first convene the Creditors' Meeting for the purpose of any adjournment, postponement or other rescheduling thereof). The Chair will decide on the manner of giving notice to the Affected Creditors of the rescheduled meeting and may, if he or she deems it appropriate, restrict such notice to a notice posted on the Monitor's Website.

B. ENTITLEMENT TO VOTE

Affected Unsecured Creditors will be entitled to prove their respective Affected Claims, vote their Voting Claims in respect of the CCAA Plan, and, if their Claims become Proven Claims, receive the distributions provided for pursuant to the Claims Procedure Orders, the Cross-border Claims Protocol, the Cross-border Voting Protocol, the Creditors' Meeting Order and the CCAA Plan. The procedure for valuing Affected Claims for voting and distribution purposes and resolving disputes in respect of any such valuation is set forth in the Claims Procedure Orders, the Cross-border Claims Protocol, the Cross-border Voting Protocol, the Creditors' Meeting Order and the CCAA Plan.

All Affected Unsecured Creditors should refer to the Claims Procedure Orders, the Creditors' Meeting Order, the Cross-border Insolvency Protocol and the CCAA Plan for a complete description of the procedures pursuant to which Claims are valued. The Claims Procedure Orders, the Creditors' Meeting Order, the Cross-border Voting Protocol and the CCAA Plan provide for, among other things, (a) the Claims Bar Dates prior to which Affected Unsecured Creditors had to file Proofs of Claim in order to be entitled to vote on the Resolution, (b) the procedures pursuant to which the validity and value of the Claims of Affected Unsecured Creditors are determined for voting and distribution purposes, and (c) the conversion of Claims denominated in foreign currency into

Canadian dollars. The Cross-border Claims Protocol supplements the procedures established in the Claims Procedure Orders with respect to the filing and determination of Claims against the Cross-Border Debtors.

Claims Bar Dates

Pursuant to the First Claims Procedure Order, the Monitor published on September 10 and 15, 2009, respectively, the Newspaper Notice (a) in the Designated Newspapers, and (b) on its website, www.ey.com/ca/abitiibowater, the First Claims Package in English and French. Pursuant to the Third Claims Procedure Order, the Monitor posted on February 23, 2010 on its website, www.ey.com/ca/abitiibowater, the Second Claims Package in English and French. In addition, the Monitor has sent to all known Affected Unsecured Creditors a copy of the Claims Packages, the First Claims Procedure Order and the Third Claims Procedure Order, along with additional instruction letters to specific groups of creditors as provided for in the Claims Procedure Orders.

In order for an Affected Unsecured Creditor to be entitled to attend and vote, in person or by proxy, at the Creditors' Meeting in respect to each Affected Unsecured Creditor Class for which such Affected Unsecured Creditor belongs, and receive distributions pursuant to the CCAA Plan, the Monitor must have received a Proof of Claim in respect of that Affected Unsecured Creditor's Affected Claims on or before the Claims Bar Dates as specified in the Claims Procedure Orders or otherwise allowed by the Court. An Affected Unsecured Creditor desiring to have another Person attend and vote on its behalf at the Creditors' Meeting in respect of an Affected Unsecured Creditors Class must appoint a proxy in accordance with the procedures specified hereinbelow.

With respect to Affected Claims (other than a Restructuring Claim arising after April 7, 2010), the Claims Bar Dates were set at November 13, 2009 or April 7, 2010 depending on the type of Affected Claims. Although a brief summary of these Orders is included below, creditors are advised that they must refer to the Claims Procedure Orders in order determine in which category their Claims fall and which Claims Bar Date applies:

- (a) The November 13, 2009 bar date set forth in the First Claims Procedure Order applied to most Claims against the Applicants, including claims arising as a result of or in connection with the repudiation, breach, termination or restructuring by the Applicants of any contract, lease or other agreement between April 17, 2009 and August 31, 2009, save and except for: (i) Restructuring Claims, as defined in the First Claims Procedure Order, (ii) Claims of an employee of any of the Applicants who was employed by that Applicant as of April 16, 2009, (iii) claims asserted by any Person, including pension plan administrators, or pension authorities, in respect of the twenty registered pension plans for the Applicants' Canadian employees, (iv) Noteholder claims and claims asserted by the Applicants' Pre-Petition Lenders (both defined terms as defined in the First Claims Procedure Order); (v) any Inter-company Claim (as said term is defined in the First Claims Procedure Order), and (vi) claims secured by administration charges, D&O charges and DIP charges as set out in the Initial Order.
- (b) The April 7, 2010 bar date set forth in the Third Claims Procedure Order applied to most Claims excluded from the November 13, 2009 bar date under the First Claims Procedure Order (including, without limitation (i) any Claims by employees who were employed by the Applicants as at April 16, 2009 or thereafter; and (ii) Restructuring Claims as defined herein), though in the case of Restructuring Claims arising after April 7, 2010, the applicable bar date has been set at 30 days after the date of mailing by the Monitor of a notice advising the Affected Unsecured Creditor to file a Second Canadian Proof of Claim as a result of any event giving rise to a Restructuring Claim. Certain claims have remained excluded from the April 7, 2010 bar date under the Third Claims Procedure Order however, namely: (i) Claims secured by administration charges, D&O charges and DIP charges as set out in the Initial Order; (ii) any Inter-company Claim (as said term is defined in the First Claims Procedure Order); and (iii) any Claim for amounts owed in respect of ordinary payroll obligations or for the reimbursement of expenses scheduled to be paid in the ordinary course.

If an Affected Unsecured Creditor has failed to file its Proof of Claim or Second Proof of Claim or if no such proof of claim has been filed on its behalf in accordance with any Creditors' Meeting Order, the Claims

Procedure Orders, the Cross-border Claims Protocol or the CCAA Plan prior to the relevant Claims Bar Dates, and provided said Affected Unsecured Creditor has not been permitted to file a late claim pursuant to the Claims Procedure Orders, that Affected Unsecured Creditor shall be forever barred from voting at the Creditors' Meeting in respect of the Affected Unsecured Creditor Class to which it belongs and from receiving distribution under the CCAA Plan, and the Applicants will be released from the Affected Claims of such Affected Unsecured Creditor and Section 6.10(b) of the CCAA Plan will apply to all such Claims.

Examination of Proofs of Claim

In accordance with the Claims Procedure Orders, the Monitor has the discretion to determine the adequacy of compliance in respect of a Proof of Claim and may waive strict compliance with the Claims Procedure Orders if it is satisfied that a Claim has been adequately proven.

The Monitor, together with the Applicants, has examined each Proof of Claim filed, and has either accepted, revised or rejected each Proof of Claim. If the Claim is accepted by the Monitor for voting purposes, the Monitor may, but is not required to, send notice of such acceptance to the Affected Unsecured Creditor. If the Monitor decides to revise or reject a Proof of Claim for voting purposes, the Monitor will deliver a Notice of Revision or Disallowance in respect of the Affected Unsecured Claim. The Affected Unsecured Creditor who receives such Notice of Revision or Disallowance and wishes to dispute it must, within ten Business Days of the receipt of the Notice of Revision or Disallowance, send a Notice of Dispute to the Monitor setting out the basis for its dispute. The Monitor, with the assistance of the Applicants, will attempt to consensually resolve the disputed Claim. If the matter is not consensually resolved in a time period that the Monitor believes is appropriate, the Monitor will, after consultation with the Applicants, refer the Claim to a Claims Officer or to the Court or, in the case of a grievance filed on behalf of the Applicants' current or former employees, to a Grievance Claims Officer. If the Affected Unsecured Creditor does not provide such Notice of Dispute within the prescribed time period, such Affected Unsecured Creditor will be deemed to have accepted the determination of its Claim as set out in the Notice of Revision or Disallowance. The Applicants, the Affected Unsecured Creditor or the Unsecured Creditors' Committee, if applicable, may appeal a Claims Officer's or Grievance Claims Officer's determination with respect to a disputed Claim within ten Business Days of notification of such determination. If an appeal is not filed within such time period, then the Claims Officer's or Grievance Claims Officer's determination will be deemed to be final and binding and will be a Voting Claim.

C. VOTING AT CREDITORS' MEETING

Classification of Affected Claims

Subject to certain deeming provisions on voting described under "*The CCAA Plan – Description of the CCAA Plan – Required Approvals*" for the purpose of voting on, and distributions pursuant to, the CCAA Plan, the Affected Claims are divided into 20 classes as set out below:

- (i) the ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class;
- (ii) the ACCC Affected Unsecured Creditor Class;
- (iii) the 15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Creditor Classes, being 12 classes of Affected Unsecured Creditors grouped in accordance with their Affected Claims against each of the 15.5% Guarantor Applicants, which Affected Claims only include 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Claims;
- (iv) the Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Creditor Class;
- (v) the BCFPI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class;
- (vi) the BCFC Affected Unsecured Creditor Class;

- (vii) the AbitibiBowater Canada Affected Unsecured Creditor Class;
- (viii) the Bowater Maritimes Affected Unsecured Creditor Class; and
- (ix) the ACNSI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class.

Subject to the provisions of the CCAA Plan, for voting and distribution purposes, in respect of all Affected Creditors and their rights in respect of Affected Claims: (i) all guarantees of an Applicant of the payment or performance by another Applicant with respect to any Affected Claim will be recognized; (ii) each Affected Claim and all guarantees by an Applicant of such Affected Claim will be treated as multiple Affected Claims against the Applicants; and (iii) any joint obligation of any Applicant with another Applicant will be treated as two separate Affected Claims against the Applicants, provided that the aggregate recovery on account of any Proven Claim or Allowed Claim (as defined under the U.S. Plan) from all sources, including distributions under the CCAA Plan, the U.S. Plan or a combination of both, regardless of whether on account of a theory of primary or secondary liability, by reason of guarantee, surety indemnity, joint and several obligations or otherwise, shall not exceed (a) 100% of the underlying indebtedness, liability or obligation giving rise to such Claim, or (b) where the underlying indebtedness, liability or obligation giving rise to such Claim is denominated in a currency (the "**Original Currency**") other than Canadian dollars, 100% of such underlying indebtedness, liability or obligation after conversion of the value of the distributions received in Canadian dollars back to the Original Currency at the Bank of Canada noon spot rate of exchange for exchanging Canadian dollars to the Original Currency on the date of applicable Initial Distribution Date, Interim Distribution Date or the Final Distribution Date.

To the extent that any Claim is both a Proven Claim against a Cross-border Debtor under the CCAA Plan and an Allowed Claim (as defined in the U.S. Plan) against the same Cross-border Debtor under the U.S. Plan (each an "**Allowed Cross-border Claim**"), (i) there shall only be a single recovery on account of such Allowed Cross-border Claim under the CCAA Plan and the U.S. Plan, and (ii) the aggregate distribution which such Allowed Cross-border Claim shall receive, whether under the CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan or a combination of both, shall not exceed the greatest distribution which such Allowed Cross-border Claim would be entitled to receive under the CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan.

Voting Claims

Each Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Voting Claim as of the Voting Record Date or its proxy holder is entitled to one vote and the weight attributed to such vote (for the purposes of determining the Required Majorities) will be equal to the aggregate Canadian dollar value of such Affected Unsecured Creditor's Voting Claim (if necessary, converted into Canadian dollars in accordance with the Creditors' Meeting Order and the CCAA Plan). For the purpose of calculating a majority in number of an Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, each individual Non-registered Noteholder will only be counted once, without duplication, even if that Non-registered Noteholder holds Canadian Unsecured Notes through more than one registered holder of Canadian Unsecured Notes or Participant Noteholders, and each Affected Unsecured Creditor of an Applicant with a Proven Claim will only be counted once even if such Affected Creditor holds more than one Proven and/or Unresolved Claim that has been approved for voting purposes against such Applicant. For greater certainty, only beneficial owners of Canadian Unsecured Notes (and not registered holder of Canadian Unsecured Notes or Participant Noteholders unless they are also beneficial holders of Canadian Unsecured Notes) will be entitled to vote their Proven Claims in respect of the Canadian Unsecured Notes as provided for in Creditors' Meeting Order.

For a Cross-border Voting Creditor, (i) a vote to accept the U.S. Plan will be deemed to be a vote to accept the CCAA Plan with respect to such Cross-border Debtor in the CCAA Proceedings, and (ii) that a vote to reject the U.S. Plan will be deemed to be a vote to reject the CCAA Plan with respect to such Cross-border Debtor in the CCAA Proceedings.

If the amount of the Affected Claim of any Affected Unsecured Creditor is not resolved for voting purposes at least five Business Days before the Creditors' Meeting Date in accordance with the Claims Procedure Orders, the Cross-border Insolvency Protocol, Cross-border Voting Protocol and any Creditors' Meeting Order, such Affected Unsecured Creditor will be entitled to vote at the Creditors' Meeting in respect of the Affected Unsecured Creditor Class to which it belongs based on that portion of its Affected Claim which has been accepted for voting purposes

by the Monitor, without prejudice to the rights of the Applicants, or the Affected Unsecured Creditor, with respect to the final determination of the Affected Unsecured Claim for distribution purposes in accordance with the terms of the Claims Procedure Orders, the Creditors' Meeting Order and the CCAA Plan.

Affected Unsecured Creditors whose Affected Claims have been revised or disallowed, in full or in part, which revision or disallowance remains in dispute or under appeal in accordance with the Claims Procedure Orders and the Cross-border Claims Protocol, will have their voting intentions with respect to such disputed or disallowed amounts recorded by the Monitor and reported to the Court.

Transfer of Voting Claims

No assignee, transferee or purchaser of any Voting Claim who has acquired or became the assignee or transferee of such Voting Claim after the Voting Record Date will have any right or entitlement whatsoever to attend or vote at, either in person or by proxy, any Creditors' Meeting.

Any transferee, assignee or acquirer of a Voting Claim who has acquired or became the assignee or transferee of such a Voting Claim on or prior to the Voting Record Date but whose name does not appear as of the Voting Record Date as the Holder of such transferred or assigned Voting Claim, then, for purposes of the voting at the Creditors' Meeting, the transferee, assignee or acquirer of such Voting Claim must deliver, not later than ten Business Days prior to any Creditors' Meeting, evidence satisfactory to the Monitor of (A) its ownership of the whole of such Voting Claim as of the Voting Record Date, and (B) that such transfer or assignment was valid at Law, in order to be entitled to (i) receive from the Monitor a package containing the Meeting Materials, (ii) be included on the list of Affected Unsecured Creditors entitled to vote at the Creditors' Meeting in respect of the Affected Unsecured Creditors Class to which it belongs, and (iii) attend and vote, either in person or by proxy, the transferor's or assignor's Voting Claim at such Creditors' Meeting in lieu and to the exclusion of the transferor's or assignor's right to attend and vote at the Creditor's Meeting with respect to the transferred Voting Claim.

Transfer or Assignment of Affected Claims

For purposes of determining entitlement to receive any distribution pursuant to the CCAA Plan, the Applicants, the Disbursing Agent and the Servicers, and each of their respective agents, successors and assigns, shall have no obligation to recognize any transfer or assignment of any Affected Claim unless and until notice of the transfer or assignment from either the transferor, assignor, transferee or assignee, together with evidence showing ownership, in whole or in part, of such Affected Claim and that such transfer or assignment was valid at Law, has been received by the affected Applicants, the Disbursing Agent or the Servicer, as the case may be, at least five Business Days prior to the Initial Distribution Record Date, any Interim Distribution Record Date or the Final Distribution Date, as applicable.

Solicitation of Proxies

The solicitation of proxies on behalf of the Applicants will be primarily by mail and the costs of such solicitation will be paid by the Applicants as a cost of the CCAA Proceedings.

Voting by Proxy

Each Affected Unsecured Creditor entitled to vote at a Creditors' Meeting may vote at such Creditors' Meeting in person or by proxy. A Form of Proxy for use at the Creditors' Meetings, accompanies this Circular. An Affected Unsecured Creditor may use the applicable enclosed Form of Proxy to appoint its proxy holder and may appoint any Person (who does not have to be an Affected Unsecured Creditor) to act on its behalf at any Creditors' Meeting by inserting that Person's name in the blank space provided on the Form of Proxy enclosed with this Circular. If no name has been inserted in the space provided, the Affected Unsecured Creditor will be deemed to have appointed any officer of the Monitor, in its capacity as Monitor, or such other person as the Monitor may designate, as proxy holder of the Affected Unsecured Creditor, with full power of substitution, to attend on behalf of and act for the Affected Unsecured Creditor at the Creditors' Meeting in respect of the Affected Unsecured Creditors Class to which it belongs and at any and all adjournments, postponements or other rescheduling thereof. A Form of

Proxy must be signed by the Affected Unsecured Creditor or its attorney duly authorized in writing or, if the Affected Unsecured Creditor is not an individual, by its duly authorized officer or attorney. A Form of Proxy signed by a Person acting as attorney, or in some other representative capacity, should indicate such Person's capacity, and the Monitor may request that the appropriate instrument evidencing qualification and authority to act be provided.

In order to be used at a Creditors' Meeting, a Form of Proxy must be sent to the Monitor by registered mail, courier, email or facsimile at the address set out below, such that it is received at any time prior to 5:00 p.m. (Montreal time) on August 25, 2010 or at any time prior to 5:00 p.m. (Montreal time) on the Business Day immediately preceding the date set for any adjournment, postponement or rescheduling thereof:

By registered mail:

Ernst & Young Inc.
800 René-Lévesque Blvd. West
Suite 2000
Montreal, Québec
H3B 1X9 Canada

Attention: ABH et al. Creditors' Meeting

By facsimile:

1-514-879-3992

By email:

abitibibowater@ca.ey.com

Forms of Proxy may also be deposited with the Chair prior to the commencement of any Creditors' Meeting or any adjournment, postponement or rescheduling thereof.

Any Affected Unsecured Creditor's Form of Proxy will be voted in any ballot in accordance with the Affected Unsecured Creditor's instruction to vote for or against the approval of the Resolution and any other matters before the Creditors' Meeting in respect of each Affected Unsecured Creditor Class to which it belongs. In the absence of such instruction, the Form of Proxy will be voted **FOR** the approval of the Resolution to approve the CCAA Plan in respect of such Affected Unsecured Creditor Class to which each Affected Unsecured Creditor belongs.

The Form of Proxy enclosed with this Circular confer discretionary authority upon the Persons named therein with respect to amendments or variations to matters identified in the Notice to Creditors' Meetings and with respect to any other matter that may properly come before any Creditors' Meeting. The Applicants may amend the CCAA Plan by written instrument at any time and from time to time before and during any Creditors' Meeting in accordance with the terms of the CCAA Plan. After any Creditors' Meeting, the Applicants may amend the CCAA Plan, as approved by the Affected Unsecured Creditors, without the need for obtaining an Order if the Monitor determines that the proposed amendment is of an administrative nature and is not materially prejudicial to the interests of the Affected Unsecured Creditors under the CCAA Plan and is necessary to give full effect to the intent of the CCAA Plan or the Sanction Order.

Revocation of Proxies

An Affected Unsecured Creditor who has submitted voting instructions in a duly signed and completed Form of Proxy may revoke such instructions by an instrument in writing, including a later-dated Form of Proxy, executed by the Affected Unsecured Creditor or its attorney duly authorized in writing or, if the Affected Unsecured Creditor is not an individual, by a duly authorized officer or attorney, and delivered to the above described office of the Monitor at any time prior to 5:00 p.m. (Montreal time) on the last Business Day before each Creditors' Meeting or the date set for any adjournment, postponement or rescheduling thereof, or to the Chair of the Creditors' Meetings prior to the commencement of any Creditors' Meeting or any adjournment, postponement or rescheduling thereof.

Election Notice

Any Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Proven Claim equal to or less than Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed

conclusively to be the equivalent of US\$5,000) may elect not to receive a cash distribution as provided under the CCAA Plan by duly completing the Election Notice provided in the Form of Proxy and complete, sign, send or deposit such Form of Proxy within the time provided in paragraph 38 or 39 of the Creditors' Meeting Order, as the case may be, failing which such Affected Unsecured Creditor will be deemed to have elected to receive a Cash distribution.

Any Affected Unsecured Creditor with Proven Claims of more than Cdn\$6,073 may elect to have its Proven Claim reduced, for distribution purposes only, to Cdn\$6,073 in order to receive in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claims, a cash distribution of Cdn\$3,036.50 (being 50% of Cdn\$6,073) by duly completing the Election Notice provided in the Form of Proxy and complete, sign, send or deposit such Form of Proxy within the time provided in paragraph 38 or 39 of the Creditors' Meeting Order, as the case may be, failing which such Affected Unsecured Creditor will be deemed to have elected to receive a cash distribution.

The Affected Unsecured Creditors who intend to attend the Creditors' Meeting in respect of the Affected Unsecured Creditor Class to which it belongs and wish to perform one of the above-mentioned elections must complete and sign the Election Notice and deposit it with the Monitor or the Chair of the Creditors' Meetings before the commencement of such Creditors' Meeting.

All such elections once delivered to the Monitor or the Chair will be final, unconditional and irrevocable, and no Affected Unsecured Creditor will be entitled to change, revoke or withdraw its election for a Cash distribution after receipt by the Monitor of relevant Form of Proxy.

Non-registered Noteholders

Canadian Unsecured Notes (other than 0% Unsecured Notes) are registered in the name of DTC and CDS. Each of CDS and DTC will provide the Monitor, within one Business Day of the Monitor's request, with a list (the "**Participant Noteholders List**") of each of its participants in respect of each Canadian Unsecured Note (the "**Participant Noteholders**") of record on June 30, 2010, showing the Participant Noteholders and their respective addresses.

Upon receipt by the Monitor of the Registered Noteholder List, the Monitor will promptly send, by prepaid regular mail, courier, fax or e-mail, to each Person shown on the Registered Noteholder List, including CDS and DTC, a copy of the Creditors' Meeting Materials and the Affected Unsecured Creditor Proxy and advising such Person that all other Meeting Materials may be obtained from the Monitor's website or provided upon written request.

Upon receipt by the Monitor of the Participant Noteholders List, the Monitor will be entitled to contact each Participant Noteholder listed on the Participant Noteholders List who appears to the Monitor to hold Canadian Unsecured Notes on behalf of beneficial owners of Canadian Unsecured Notes (other than the 0% Unsecured Note) to determine the amount of Canadian Unsecured Notes held by the Participant Noteholder on behalf of Non-registered Noteholders and the number of packages of Creditors' Meeting Materials and Non-registered Noteholder Proxy such Participant Holder requires in order to provide a copy of the Creditors' Meeting Materials and the Non-registered Noteholder Proxy to each of its customers or principals who are Non-registered Noteholders, in which case each Participant Noteholder will provide to the Monitor a response within three Business Days of receipt of the request;

Upon receiving from a Participant Holder the information referred to in the above paragraph, the Monitor will send, by prepaid regular mail, courier, fax or e-mail, to such Participant Noteholder a copy of the Voting Instructions to Participant Noteholders together with that number of packages of Creditors' Meeting Materials and Non-registered Noteholder Proxy requested by such Participant Noteholder. The Monitor will send, by prepaid regular mail, courier, fax or e-mail, to the trustees of each Canadian Unsecured Note, (other than the 0% Unsecured Note), ten copies of the Creditors' Meeting Materials and Non-registered Noteholder Proxy for Non-registered Noteholders.

Each Participant Noteholder will, within five Business Days of receipt of a Non-registered Noteholder Proxy, complete and sign the applicable section relating to the Participant Noteholders of a Non-registered Noteholder Proxy for each Non-registered Noteholder which has an account (directly or through an agent or custodian) with such Participant Noteholder and mail to such Noteholder, the Non-registered Noteholder Proxy as so completed and signed and one package of the Creditors' Meeting Materials and that the Participant Noteholder take any other action required to enable such Non-registered Noteholder to provide to the Monitor a duly completed Non-registered Noteholder Proxy and to vote at the Creditors' Meeting with respect to the Canadian Unsecured Notes owned by such Non-registered Noteholder.

Where a Participant Noteholder or its agent has a standard practice for distribution of meeting materials to Non-registered Noteholders and for the gathering of information and proxies from Non-registered Noteholders and further provided that such standard practice has been discussed in advance with the Applicants and the Monitor and is acceptable to the Applicants and the Monitor, the Participant Noteholder or its agent may, in lieu of following the procedure set out in the above paragraph, do the following:

- a. (a) forward the Creditors' Meeting Materials and the Non-registered Noteholder Proxy to the Non-registered Noteholders in accordance with the usual practice of the Participant Noteholder or its agent in dealing with Non-registered Noteholders; and
- b. (b) submit to the Monitor a master voting list in a form satisfactory to the Applicants and the Monitor. The master voting list: (i) will set out the position of each Non-Registered Noteholder, identified by name, as to voting in favour of or against the CCAA Plan; (ii) will contain a representation, in a form satisfactory to the Applicants and the Monitor, duly executed from the Participant Noteholder or its agent that the master voting list is a true summary of the position of the Non-Registered Noteholders that have an account with the Participant Noteholder; and (iii) to be valid for the purpose of voting at the Creditors' Meeting in respect of the Affected Unsecured Creditor Classes to which the Non-Registered Noteholders belong, must be received by the Monitor (a) at its office located at 800, René-Lévesque Blvd. W., Suite 1900, Montréal, Québec, H3B 1X9, Canada (Attention: ACI Creditors' Meeting) or (b) by facsimile at (514) 879-3992, in each case no later than 3 Business Days before the Creditors' Meeting.

If the Monitor duly receives a master voting list from a Participant Noteholder or its agent, the Monitor will record the vote for each Non-registered Noteholder in accordance with that master voting list as though the Monitor had received a duly completed Non-registered Noteholders Proxy from each Non-registered Noteholder listed on such master voting list. The Monitor may amend the Creditors' Meeting Materials for Non-registered Noteholders to make those materials consistent with the usual practice of the Participant Noteholder in dealing with Non-registered Noteholders.

Cross-border Voting Creditors

Cross-border Voting Creditors will receive a form of Joint Proxy/Ballot to permit them to direct the voting of their Claims against Cross-border Debtors. A Cross-border Voting Creditors' vote to accept or reject the U.S. Plan shall be deemed a vote to accept or reject the CCAA Plan, and conversely, that a vote to accept or reject the CCAA Plan shall be deemed a vote to accept or reject the U.S. Plan. See "*Cross-border Voting Protocol*". An Election Notice is also included in a Cross-border Voting Creditor's form of Joint Proxy/Ballot.

D. RIGHTS OFFERING

Affected Unsecured Creditors should refer to "*Rights Offering*" for details on the Rights Offering, including eligibility and subscription details.

III. INFORMATION ABOUT ABH, THE APPLICANTS AND THE BUSINESS

A. CORPORATE STRUCTURE

AbitibiBowater Inc.

ABH was created under the laws of Delaware in connection with the October 29, 2007 combination of Bowater and ACI in a merger of equals (the "**Combination**"). As a result of the Combination, Bowater and ACI became Subsidiaries of ABH. ABH is the largest producer of newsprint in the world by capacity and one of the largest publicly traded forest products company in the world. Excluding facilities ABH has permanently closed, as of March 31, 2010, ABH owns or operates 22 pulp and paper manufacturing facilities located in Canada, the United States and South Korea and 26 wood products facilities in Canada. ABH produces a wide variety of newsprint, coated specialty papers, market pulp and wood products, which are marketed in over 90 countries. The registered office of ABH is located at 1209 Orange Street, Wilmington, Delaware, 19801, United States, and the principal office is located at 1155 Metcalfe Street, Suite 800, Montreal, Québec, H3B 5H2, Canada.

Since the Combination, the ACI Group, together with its former subsidiary, Donohue and its Subsidiaries, and the Bowater Group have operated distinctly within the corporate enterprise for cash flow and finance purposes. Both groups maintain separate accounting systems capable of tracking cash flows within ACI and Bowater, respectively.

ABH itself functions as a holding company with no independent operations. It principally conducts its business through four direct Subsidiaries: Bowater (and its Canadian Subsidiary BCFPI), Newsprint South, ACI (and its Subsidiary ACCC), and AbitibiBowater Holding. Bowater and its former Subsidiary, Newsprint South, and their direct and indirect Subsidiaries, including BCFPI, comprise the Bowater Group. AbitibiBowater Holding and ACI function as the holding companies for the Donohue Group and the ACI Group (excluding Donohue), respectively.

Abitibi-Consolidated Inc.

ACI was incorporated on May 30, 1997 under the CBCA and is a wholly-owned Subsidiary of ABH. ACI resulted from the 1997 amalgamation of Abitibi-Price Inc. (incorporated in 1914) and Stone-Consolidated Corporation (itself the result of a merger with Rainy River Forest Products Inc., incorporated in 1941) under the CBCA.

In 2000, ACI acquired all the shares of Donohue, a major Canadian integrated forest products company engaged in forest management and in the manufacturing and sale of newsprint, specialty papers, market pulp and wood products with mills located in Québec, Ontario, British Columbia and Texas. Donohue became a direct Subsidiary of AbitibiBowater Holding (itself a direct Subsidiary of ABH) in 2008 as part of ABH's restructuring efforts.

The registered and principal offices of ACI are located at 1155 Metcalfe Street, Suite 800, Montreal, Québec, H3B 5H2, Canada.

Abitibi-Consolidated Company of Canada

ACCC was created by way of an amalgamation in March 1997 under the laws of Québec. ACCC is a wholly owned Subsidiary of ACI. ACCC has no operations that are independent of ACI and substantially all of its sales are made to ACI and its affiliated companies. ACCC produces a wide range of newsprint, specialty papers and wood products globally. Excluding facilities ABH has permanently closed, ACI currently owns or operates 11 paper facilities and 19 wood products facilities in North America and seven hydroelectric facilities located in the Province of Québec. The registered and principal offices of ACCC are located at 1155 Metcalfe Street, Suite 800, Montreal, Québec, H3B 5H2, Canada.

Bowater Canadian Forest Products Inc.

BCFPI is a Nova Scotia company wholly owned by AbitibiBowater Canada with operating paper-manufacturing sites in Canada and a paper-manufacturing site in Korea. BCFPI also supplies wood to paper mills and sawmills in Canada and is responsible for the marketing and sales of Canadian lumber products. The registered office of BCFPI is located at 1959 Upper Water Street, Suite 900, Halifax, Nova Scotia, B3J 2X2, Canada, and the principal office is located at 1155 Metcalfe Street, Suite 800, Montreal, Québec, H3B 5H2, Canada.

Bowater

Prior to the Combination, Bowater was one of the largest publicly traded pulp and paper manufacturers in the world. Incorporated in Delaware in 1964 and in operation since 1938, Bowater was a leading producer of newsprint and coated mechanical papers as well as uncoated mechanical papers, bleached kraft pulp, and lumber products. In 1998, Bowater acquired Avenor Inc., an important Canadian integrated forest products company headquartered in Montreal, Québec. The acquisition added the Dalhousie, New Brunswick; Gatineau, Québec; Maniwaki, Québec; Thunder Bay, Ontario; and Usk, Washington mills to Bowater's operations. In 2001, Bowater acquired Alliance Forest Products Inc., also headquartered in Montreal, Québec, adding ten Canadian sawmills, the Coosa Pines, Alabama, and the Donnacona and Dolbeau, Québec paper mills to Bowater's operations.

AbitibiBowater U.S. Holding LLC

AbitibiBowater Holding is a limited liability company organized under Delaware Law. AbitibiBowater Holding was initially incorporated on March 28, 2008 under the name AbitibiBowater Holding U.S. 2 Inc. AbitibiBowater Holding U.S. 2 Inc. was later changed to a limited liability company and was renamed as AbitibiBowater U.S. Holding LLC. AbitibiBowater Holding is a wholly-owned Subsidiary of ABH, formed as the holding entity for the Donohue Group operations. The registered office of AbitibiBowater Holding is located at Corporation Service Corporation, 2711 Centerville Road, Suite 400, Wilmington Delaware, 19808, United States, and the principal office is located at 1155 Metcalfe Street, Suite 800, Montreal, Québec, H3B 5H2, Canada. AbitibiBowater Holding is the parent of Donohue.

Newsprint South

Newsprint South is a limited liability company organized on July 25, 2000 under Delaware Law. Newsprint South is a direct, wholly-owned Subsidiary of ABH. Newsprint South owns the Grenada Mill and the Coosa Pines Operation. The registered office of Newsprint South is located at is located at Corporation Service Corporation, 2711 Centerville Road, Suite 400, Wilmington Delaware, 19808, United States, and the principal office is located at 1155 Metcalfe Street, Suite 800, Montreal, Québec, H3B 5H2, Canada.

Partnerships and Joint Ventures

The following partnerships benefit from the Stay of Proceedings: Bowater Canada Finance Limited Partnership, Bowater Pulp and Paper Canada Holdings Limited Partnership and Abitibi-Consolidated Finance LP. Several of ABH's Subsidiaries operate production facilities that are jointly owned with third parties.

The most significant equity interests in production facilities that are jointly owned by the Company with third parties include:

- ACCC holds a 75% equity interest in ACH LP;
- ACI holds a 51% equity interest in Donohue Malbaie;
- Bowater Canadian Limited holds a 51% equity interest in Bowater Mersey;
- ACSC, and an unrelated third party, ANI, an indirect subsidiary of The Woodbridge Company Limited respectively hold a 52.5% and 47.5% equity interest in ANC;

- Calhoun Newsprint Company functions as an ownership vehicle for The Herald Company's 49% equity interest in certain assets located at the ABH's Calhoun, Tennessee operations. Bowater Nuway Inc., owns Calhoun Newsprint's remaining equity interest; and
- Lake Superior Forest Products Inc. holds a 40% equity interest in Ponderay Newsprint Company.

Bridgewater Administration

On February 2, 2010, Bridgewater filed for administration in the United Kingdom (the "**Bridgewater Administration**") pursuant to the United Kingdom Insolvency Act 1986, as amended. Bridgewater's board of directors appointed Ernst & Young LLP as joint administrators for the Bridgewater Administration, with responsibilities to manage the affairs, business and assets of Bridgewater. As a result of the filing for administration, ABH no longer has control over or the ability to influence Bridgewater's operations. The joint administrators recently announced the sale of the paper plant and all related machinery and equipment and operations ceased shortly after filing for administration. The Company now conducts its European sales operations through ACI, BCFPI and Bowater.

Foreign Operations

The Company owns and operates, through its indirect Subsidiary Bowater Korea Ltd., a newsprint mill in Mokpo, Korea. ABH's Korean mill sells products primarily to customers in Asia.

B. OVERVIEW OF BUSINESS OPERATIONS

Products and Facilities

The Company manages its business along product lines. Its reportable segments are newsprint, commercial printing papers (*i.e.*, coated and specialty papers), market pulp and wood products. In general, its products are globally-traded commodities and are marketed in more than 90 countries. Pricing and the level of shipments of these products will continue to be influenced by the balance between supply and demand as affected by global economic conditions, changes in consumption and capacity, the level of customer and producer inventories and fluctuations in currency exchange rates.

(a) Newsprint

The Company owns or operates 14 newsprint facilities in North America and South Korea. The Company is the largest producer of newsprint in the world by capacity, with worldwide capacity, as of December 31, 2009, estimated at 4.9 million metric tons (or approximately 12% of worldwide capacity), and its North American production capacity is approximately 4.4 million metric tons, representing about 42% of North American capacity in 2009. It produces newsprint for leading papers, including The New York Times, The Washington Post, The Daily Telegraph and The Globe and Mail. ABH supplies leading publishers in more than 90 countries.

The Company supplies leading publishers with top-quality newsprint, including products made of up to 100% recycled fiber and distributes its newsprint by rail, truck and ship. The Company's North American newsprint is sold directly by the regional sales offices. Export markets are serviced primarily through the international offices located in or near the markets the Company supplies or through international agents. In 2009, approximately 43% of the Company's total newsprint shipments were to markets outside of North America.

The Company sells newsprint to various joint venture partners who are co-owners of certain mills that it operates. During 2009, these joint venture partners purchased approximately 431,000 metric tons from the Company consolidated entities, which represented approximately 14% of the total newsprint tons sold in 2009.

(b) Coated Papers

The Company produces coated mechanical paper at one facility in North America and is one of the largest producers of coated mechanical paper in North America, with a capacity of approximately 658,000 metric tons in 2009, or approximately 15% of North American capacity. The coated papers are used in magazines, catalogs, books, retail advertising, direct mail and coupons. The Company sells coated papers to major commercial printers, publishers, catalogers and retailers and distributes these papers by truck and rail. Export markets are serviced primarily through international agents.

(c) Specialty Papers

The Company produces specialty papers at 11 facilities in North America. It is one of the largest producers of specialty papers, including supercalendered, superbright, high bright, bulky book and directory papers in North America, with a capacity of approximately 2.4 million metric tons in 2009, or approximately 36% of North American capacity. The specialty papers are used in books, retail advertising, direct mail, coupons and other commercial printing applications. The Company sells specialty papers to major commercial printers, direct mailers, publishers, catalogers and retailers and distributes it by truck and rail. Export markets are serviced primarily through international agents.

(d) Market Pulp

Wood pulp is the most common material used to make paper. Pulp shipped and sold as pulp – as opposed to being processed into paper in the same facility – is commonly referred to as market pulp. Mechanical, chemical, and thermomechanical pulping are the three primary pulping processes for virgin fiber (*i.e.*, wood chips or sawdust). In 2009, the Company produced approximately 1.1 million metric tons of market pulp at five facilities in North America, which represents about 7% of North American capacity. Market pulp is used to make a range of consumer products including tissue, packaging, specialty paper products, diapers and other absorbent products. North American market pulp sales are made through regional sales offices, while export sales are made through international sales agents local to their markets. Market pulp is distributed by truck, rail and ship.

(e) Wood Products

The Company operates 20 sawmills in Canada that produce construction-grade lumber sold in North America. The Company's sawmills have an annual capacity of approximately 2.7 billion board feet of lumber. In addition, the sawmills are a major source of wood chips for the Company's pulp and paper mills. The Company also operates six facilities in Canada that remanufacture or engineer wood for greater strength for specialized use in applications such as bedding components, roofing and flooring material and other products.

(f) Other Products

The Company also sells pulpwood, sawtimber, wood chips and electricity to customers located in Canada and the United States. Sales of these other products are considered a recovery of the cost of manufacturing the primary products.

Raw Materials

The Company's operations consume substantial amounts of raw materials such as wood, recovered paper and chemicals, and energy, including electricity, natural gas, fuel oil, coal and wood waste, in the manufacturing of our pulp, paper and wood products. The Company purchases raw materials and energy sources (except internal generation) primarily on the open market.

(a) Wood

The Company's sources of wood include property it owns or leases, property on which it possesses cutting rights, and purchases from local producers, including sawmills that supply residual wood chips. As of December 31,

2009, the Company owned or leased approximately 54,000 acres of timberlands in the southeastern United States and approximately 425,000 acres in Canada. The Company also has contractual cutting rights on approximately 43.1 million acres of government owned land in Canada. The contractual cutting rights contracts are approximately 20 to 25 years in length and automatically renew every five years, contingent upon the Company's continued compliance with environmental performance and reforestation requirements.

In accordance with the values of the Company, its environmental vision statement and forestry policies, and in the interests of the customers and other stakeholders, the Company is committed to implementing and maintaining environmental management systems at its woodlands and wood procurement operations to promote the conservation and sustainable use of forests and other natural resources. All of its managed forest lands are third-party certified to one or more globally recognized sustainable forest management standards, including those of the Sustainable Forestry Initiative, Canadian Standards Association and Forest Stewardship Council. The Company has implemented fiber tracking systems at its mills to ensure that the wood fiber supply comes from acceptable sources such as certified forests and legal harvesting operations. At several of the mills, these systems are third-party certified to recognize chain of custody standards and others are in the process of being certified.

The Company strives to improve its forest management and wood fiber procurement practices and encourages its wood and fiber suppliers to demonstrate continual improvement in forest resource management, wood and fiber procurement and third-party certification.

(b) Recovered Paper

The Company is among one of the largest global recyclers of newspapers and magazines, and has a number of recycling plants that utilize advanced mechanical and chemical processes to manufacture high quality pulp from a mixture of old newspapers and magazines ("**Recovered Paper**"). Using Recovered Paper, The Company produces, among other things, recycled fiber newsprint and uncoated specialty paper comparable in quality to paper produced with 100% virgin fiber pulp. The Company produces more than 30 grades with recycled content. The Coosa Pines, Thorold and Mokpo operations produce newsprint containing 100% recycled fiber. In 2009, the Company used 1.7 million metric tons of Recovered Paper worldwide, the average de-inking yield in its recycling facilities was approximately 78% and the recycled fiber content in newsprint averaged 39%.

In 2009, the Company's North American recycling division collected or purchased 1.3 million metric tons of Recovered Paper. The Company's trademark Paper Retriever® program collects recovered fiber through a combination of community drop-off containers and recycling programs with business and commercial offices. The Recovered Paper the Company physically purchases is from suppliers generally within the region of its recycling plants primarily under long-term agreements.

(c) Energy

Steam and electrical power constitute the primary forms of energy used in pulp and paper production. Process steam is produced in boilers using a variety of fuel sources. All of the Company's mills produce 100% of their own steam requirements, except the Alabama River and Iroquois Falls mills, which purchase their steam from third party suppliers. In 2009, the Alma, Calhoun, Catawba, Coosa Pines, Fort Frances, Gatineau, Iroquois Falls, Kenogami, Mersey and Thunder Bay operations collectively consumed approximately 26% of their electrical requirements from internal sources, notably on-site cogeneration and hydroelectric stations. The balance of the Company's energy needs was purchased from third parties. The Company has seven sites which operate cogeneration facilities and six of these sites generate "green energy" from carbon-neutral biomass. In addition, it utilizes alternative fuels such as methane from landfills, used oil, tire-derived fuel and black liquor to reduce consumption of virgin fossil fuels. The Company's hydroelectric facilities include: Hydro Saguenay (seven), Fort Frances (three), Kenora (two) and Iroquois Falls (three), and represent an aggregate capacity of approximately 300 Megawatts. The Hydro Saguenay facilities, located in the province of Québec, are 100% owned by the Company and the others, located in the province of Ontario, are partly owned through the Company's 75% interest in ACH LP. The water rights agreements in respect of these facilities typically vary from 10 to 50 years and are generally renewable, under certain conditions, for additional terms. In certain circumstances, water rights are

granted without expiration dates. In some cases, the agreements are contingent on the continued operation of the related paper mill and a minimum level of capital spending in the region.

Sales, Distribution and Procurement

Since the Combination, the Company has centralized most of its sales and customer service team (the "**Centralized Sales Team**") under Bowater America Inc. The Centralized Sales Team originates sales of the Company's products to customers in North America and around the world. Once originated, the Centralized Sales Team purchases (via Inter-company allocations) the necessary products from the most rational producing entity within the Company which, once identified, ships the products directly to the customer or in some cases sells it to the appropriate the Company selling entity, which then ships the products to the customer. Inter-company allocations account for the transactions between the Company's various entities.

The Company employs a largely centralized procurement team that operates in a manner similar to the Centralized Sales Team. The centralized procurement team purchases supplies from vendors on behalf of the Company and allocates materials to the appropriate corporate entity on an "as needed" basis. The Company allocates centrally invoiced purchases to the respective corporate entity that requires the raw goods, and uses Inter-company credits and debits to account for the transaction. Centralized procurement allows the Company to benefit from volume discounts and otherwise facilitates the rationalization of the supply chain within the corporate group.

C. INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

In general, the Company products are globally traded commodities, and the markets in which it competes are highly competitive and, aside from quality specifications to meet customer needs, the production of its products does not depend upon a proprietary process or formula. Pricing and the level of shipments of its products are influenced by the balance between supply and demand as effected by global economic conditions, changes in consumption and capacity, the level of customer and producer inventories and fluctuations in currency exchange rates. Any material decline in prices for the Company's products or other adverse developments in the markets for its products could have a material adverse effect on its results of operations or financial condition. Prices for the Company products have been and are likely to continue to be highly volatile.

Newsprint, one of the Company's principal products, is produced by numerous manufacturers worldwide. In 2009, the five largest North American producers represented approximately 84% of the North American capacity for newsprint. The five largest global producers represented approximately 38% of global newsprint capacity. The Company's annual production capacity is approximately 12% of worldwide capacity. It faces actual and potential competition from both large, global producers and numerous smaller regional producers. In recent years, a number of global producers of newsprint based in Asia, particularly China, have grown their production capacity. Price, quality, customer relationships and the ability to produce paper with recycled fiber are important competitive determinants.

The Company competes with eight other coated mechanical paper producers with operations in North America. In 2009, the five largest North American producers represented approximately 78% of the North American capacity for coated mechanical paper. In addition, several major offshore suppliers of coated mechanical paper compete for North American business. In 2009, offshore imports represented approximately 11% of North American demand. As a major supplier to printers and magazine/catalog publishers in North America, the Company competes with numerous worldwide suppliers of other grades of paper such as coated freesheet and supercalendered paper. The Company competes on the basis of price, quality and service.

The Company produced approximately 33% of North American uncoated mechanical paper demand in 2009 and was comprised mainly of supercalendered, superbright, high bright, bulky book and directory papers. The Company competes with numerous uncoated mechanical paper producers with operations in North America. In addition, imports from overseas represented about 6% of North American demand in 2009 and were primarily concentrated in the supercalendered paper market where they represent 13% of North American demand. The Company competes on the basis of price, quality, and service and breadth of product line.

The Company competes with eight other major market pulp suppliers with operations in North America along with other smaller competitors. Market pulp is a globally traded commodity for which competition exists in all major markets. The Company produces five major grades of market pulp (northern and southern hardwood, northern and southern softwood and fluff) and competes with other producers from South America (eucalyptus hardwood and radiata pine softwood), Europe (northern hardwood and softwood), and Asia (mixed tropical hardwood). Price, quality and service are considered the main competitive determinants.

In 2008, the Company fulfilled its commitment to obtain third-party certification for all of the land that it manages to globally-recognized sustainable forest management standards, such as the Sustainable Forestry Initiative and the Z809 standard of the Canadian Standards Association. In 2009, to further differentiate the Company's products from those of the competition and to better position itself to meet increasing demand for products certified to the Forest Stewardship Council, the Company achieved third-party certification for two forests, one in Québec and one in Ontario.

As with other global commodities, the competitive position of the Company's products is significantly affected by the volatility of currency exchange rates. The Company has operations in Canada, the United States and South Korea. Several of its primary competitors are located in Canada, Sweden, Finland and certain Asian countries. Accordingly, the relative rates of exchange between those countries' currencies and the United States dollar can have a substantial effect on its ability to compete. In addition, the degree to which it competes with foreign producers depends in part on the level of demand abroad. Shipping costs and relative pricing generally cause producers to prefer to sell in local markets when the demand is sufficient in those markets.

Trends in advertising, electronic data transmission and storage and the Internet could continue to adversely affect traditional print media, including the Company products and those of its customers, but neither the timing nor the extent of those trends can be predicted with certainty. The Company newspaper publishing customers in North America use and compete with businesses that use other forms of media and advertising, such as direct mailings and newspaper inserts (both of which are end uses for several of the Company's products), television and the Internet. U.S. consumption of newsprint declined in 2009 as a result of continued declines in newspaper circulation, declines in newspaper advertising volume and publishers' conservation measures, which include increased usage of lighter basis-weight newsprint and web-width and page count reductions. The Company's magazine and catalog publishing customers are also subject to the effects of competing media, including the Internet.

D. EMPLOYEES

As of March 31, 2010, the Company employed approximately 11,900 people, of whom approximately 8,800 were represented by bargaining units. The Company's Unionized Employees are represented predominantly by the CEP in Canada and predominantly by the United Steelworkers International in the United States.

Please refer to "*The CCAA Plan - Arrangement with Unions*".

E. MANAGEMENT

Board

The Board of ABH currently consists of twelve members. Ten of the twelve members are independent directors, within the meaning of the corporate governance standards of the NYSE. The directors of ABH as of the date of this Circular are as follows:

<i>Richard B. Evans</i>	<i>Lise Lachapelle</i>
<i>John Q. Anderson</i>	<i>Gary J. Lukassen</i>
<i>Jacques Bougie</i>	<i>David J. Paterson</i>
<i>William E. Davis</i>	<i>Paul C. Rivett</i>
<i>Richard Garneau</i>	<i>John A. Rolls</i>
<i>Ruth R. Harkin</i>	<i>Hon. Togo D. West, Jr.</i>

For information concerning the selection of members of the Board of Reorganized ABH, see "*Reorganized ABH – Corporate Governance*".

Executive Officers

The executive officers of ABH as of the date of this Circular and each officer's position within ABH are as follows:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Position</u>
<i>David J. Paterson</i>	<i>President and Chief Executive Officer</i>
<i>Alain Grandmont</i>	<i>Executive Vice President, Human Resources and Supply Chain</i>
<i>William G. Harvey</i>	<i>Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer</i>
<i>Pierre Rougeau</i>	<i>Executive Vice President, Operations and Sales</i>
<i>Yves Laflamme</i>	<i>Senior Vice President, Wood Products</i>
<i>Jacques P. Vachon</i>	<i>Senior Vice President, Corporate Affairs and Chief Legal Officer</i>

F. LEASES

ABH leases approximately 40,000 acres of timberlands under long-term leases and certain office premises, office equipment and transportation equipment under operating leases.

ABH has conducted a review of certain of its executory contracts in order to determine which contracts, if any, would be assumed in the CCAA Proceedings and which contracts would be rejected or repudiated by it. As such, ABH has rejected and repudiated a number of leases, including leases of real estate and equipment, and has assumed or assigned certain others.

G. ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS

ABH believes that its operations are in material compliance with all applicable federal, state, provincial and local environmental regulations and that the currently required control equipment is in operation. While it is impossible to predict future environmental regulations that may be established, ABH believes that it will not be at a competitive disadvantage with regard to meeting future Canadian, United States or South Korean standards.

IV. CAPITALIZATION OF ABH AND THE APPLICANTS

A. SHARE CAPITAL

ABH is a public company whose common stock was trading on the NYSE and TSX under the symbol ABH prior to the CCAA Proceedings. ABH common stock is now trading on the Pink Sheets under the symbol "ABWTQ".

B. CANCELLATION OF ABH EXISTING SHARES

Pursuant to the U.S. Plan, all of the existing share capital of ABH is expected to be cancelled for no consideration.

C. EXCHANGEABLE SHARES

Pursuant to the CCAA Plan, all of the Exchangeable Shares are expected to be cancelled for no consideration.

D. INDEBTEDNESS

As of March 31, 2010, ABH's overall principal debt obligations, including secured bank debt, secured and unsecured notes (public issues and private placements), industrial revenue bonds and a securitization program (but excluding other off-balance sheet monetizations and capital lease obligations) totaled approximately \$7 billion. As discussed in further detail, some of the Applicants are guarantors of, and/or have pledged assets in favor of, debt incurred by the U.S. Debtors.

Canadian Unsecured Notes

The table below summarizes, as of the Date of Filing, the material terms of the Applicants' significant unsecured debt obligations, the Canadian Unsecured Notes.

Original Issuer	Guarantor / Additional Obligor	Coupon	Maturity	Total Amount Outstanding as of the Date of Filing
ACF LP	ACI and ACCC	7.875%	8/1/2009	\$7,972,373
ACCC	15% Senior Unsecured Notes Guarantors	15.5%	7/15/2010	\$304,573,827
ACI	ACCC	8.55%	8/1/2010	\$402,129,750
ACCC	ACI	7.75%	6/15/2011	\$205,252,778
ACCC	ACI	Floating Rate	6/15/2011	\$203,605,014
ACCC	ACI	6.00%	6/20/2013	\$356,825,000
ACCC	ACI	8.375%	4/1/2015	\$470,518,750
ACI	ACCC	7.40%	4/1/2018	\$104,028,889
ACI	ACCC	7.50%	4/1/2028	\$260,208,333
ACI	ACCC	8.50%	8/1/2029	\$254,486,111
ACI	ACCC	8.85%	8/1/2030	\$458,407,500

Canadian Secured Notes

On April 1, 2008, ACCC issued the Canadian Secured Notes in an aggregate principal amount of \$413 million. The Canadian Secured Notes mature on April 1, 2011 and are guaranteed by the Canadian Secured Notes Guarantors. The Canadian Secured Notes are secured by Liens on certain pulp and paper mills owned by ACCC and the Canadian Secured Notes Guarantors, Liens on substantially all of the equipment and intellectual property of ACCC and the Canadian Secured Notes Guarantors (other than Donohue and its Subsidiaries) and its 75% interest in each of ACH LP and Abitibi-Consolidated Hydro Inc. As of the Date of Filing, the principal amount outstanding under the Canadian Secured Notes was \$485 million.

ACCC Term Loan Facility

On April 1, 2008, ACCC entered into the ACCC Term Loan Facility with the ACCC Term Lenders in an original principal amount of \$400 million which matured on March 30, 2009. The ACCC Term Loan Facility was secured by a first Lien on substantially all of ACI's and ACCC's assets other than those that secured the Canadian Secured Notes and capital stock of Subsidiaries (other than the capital stock of Donohue and its Subsidiaries, which were pledged to the ACCC Term Lenders). As of the Date of Filing, the principal amount outstanding under the ACCC Term Loan Facility was approximately \$352 million.

Abitibi Securitization Program

ACI and ACSC (the "**Participants**") participate in an accounts receivable securitization program that was established when Donohue was a Subsidiary of ACI (the "**Securitization Program**"). Accordingly, the Participants share among themselves the proceeds received under the Securitization Program. The Participants sell most of their trade receivables to ACUSFC in order to reduce working capital requirements. ACUSFC, a bankruptcy-remote, special purpose, indirect consolidated subsidiary of Donohue, transfers undivided percentage ownership interests in the pool of receivables to the agent for the financial institutions party to the Securitization Program.

As of the Date of Filing, amounts outstanding under the Securitization Program were as follows:

	Commitment	Amount Outstanding as of the Date of Filing	Termination Date	Weighted Average Interest Rate
Off Balance Sheet: Accounts Receivable Securitization Program (unaudited)	\$180,000,000	\$[●]	June 10, 2010	[●]%

As of the Date of Filing, the Participants had transferred \$350 million of trade receivables resulting in Cash proceeds of \$[●] million, which represented the total available at that time, based on the current level and eligibility of trade receivables. The Participants act as servicing agents and administer the collection of the accounts receivable sold pursuant to these agreements. The fees received for servicing the accounts receivable approximate the value of services rendered. The amount that can be obtained under the accounts receivable securitization program depends on the amount and nature of the accounts receivable available to be sold. The commitment fee for the unused portion is 0.75% per annum.

On June 16, 2009, ACI and certain of its affiliates amended and restated, in its entirety, the existing Securitization Facility with Citibank, N.A. as the administrative agent and Barclays Capital as the syndication agent, which now provides for a second amended and restated Securitization Facility, as amended as of June 11, 2010 and authorized by the Courts on June 11, 2010 in an amount of up to \$180 million to be provided by the financial institutions party to the Securitization Facility. Unless terminated earlier due to the occurrence of certain events of termination, or the substantial consummation of a plan or plans of reorganization or a plan of compromise or arrangement confirmed by order of the Court or the Bankruptcy Court, the Securitization Facility will terminate on June 10, 2011. All payment obligations of ACUSFC, a Subsidiary of Donohue, under the facility are secured by all of its assets and guaranteed by the following Subsidiaries of ABH: Donohue, ACSC, Abitibi-Consolidated Corp., Augusta Woodlands, LLC, Abitibi-Consolidated Alabama Corporation and Alabama River Newsprint Company (the "**Guarantors**").

ACH Limited Partnership Credit Agreement

On March 31, 2007, ACH LP entered into the ACH Credit Agreement with the Caisse de dépôt et placement du Québec in an amount of up to Cdn\$250 million and a Cdn\$15 million revolving credit facility with a Canadian financial institution. The ACH Credit Agreement matures on March 30, 2017 and is guaranteed by all the

Subsidiaries of ACH LP. As of December 31, 2009, the amount outstanding under the ACH Credit Agreement was Cdn\$250 million. ACH also had one letter of credit issued with the revolving credit facility for Cdn\$1 million. ACH is not an Applicant and its debts are not being compromised.

Investissement Québec Financing

On October 9, 2003, ACCC entered into an agreement with Investissement Québec providing for an unsecured loan from Investissement Québec to ACCC in an amount up to Cdn\$14 million in connection with the realization of a project at ACCC's Alma paper mills (the "**IQ Financing**"). The IQ Financing matures in 2011. As of the Date of Filing, the principal amount outstanding under the IQ Financing was Cdn\$14 million.

Bowater Notes and Debentures

The table below summarizes, as of the Date of Filing, the material terms of Bowater's and its Subsidiaries' significant unsecured debt obligations.

Issuer	Guarantor / Additional Obligor	Coupon	Maturity	Total Outstanding Amount as of the Date of Filing
Bowater	--	9.00%	8/1/2009	\$252,700,000
Bowater	--	Floating Rate	3/15/2010	\$235,300,000
BCFC	Bowater	7.95%	11/15/2011	\$620,000,000
Bowater	--	9.50%	10/15/2012	\$130,900,000
Bowater	--	6.50%	6/15/2013	\$408,100,000
Bowater	--	9.375%	12/15/2021	\$205,700,000
BCFPI	--	10.26%	1/15/2011	\$ 4,500,000
BCFPI	--	10.50%	6/15/2010	\$21,100,000
BCFPI	--	10.60%	1/15/2011	\$ 71,900,000
BCFPI	--	10.625%	6/15/2010	\$ 2,800,000
BCFPI	--	10.85%	11/30/2014	\$107,800,000
Newsprint South	--	6.50%	2/1/2010	\$ 5,000,000
York County, South Carolina	Bowater	7.40%	1/1/2010	\$ 4,300,000
The Industrial Development Board of the County of McMinn ...	Bowater	7.40%	12/1/2022	\$ 40,600,000
The Industrial Development Board of the County of McMinn ...	Bowater	7.625%	3/1/2016	\$ 30,200,000

Issuer	Guarantor / Additional Obligor	Coupon	Maturity	Total Outstanding Amount as of the Date of Filing
Finance Authority of Maine	Bowater	7.75%	8/1/2022	\$ 62,200,000
The Industrial Development Board of the County of McMinn ...	Bowater	Floating Rate	6/1/2029	\$ 33,500,000

ABH Convertible Notes

In March 2008, ABH entered into a definitive agreement with Fairfax for an investment by Fairfax and its designated Subsidiaries in ABH of \$350 million in the form of unregistered convertible debentures due 2013 (the "**Convertible Notes**").

ABH completed a series of refinancing transactions, which were designed to address the debt maturities and general liquidity needs during the first half of 2008, principally to refinance certain Abitibi-side indebtedness. The Convertible Notes bear interest at the rate of 8.0% per annum and are convertible into ABH Existing Shares at an estimated conversion price of \$10.00 per share. The Convertible Notes are guaranteed by Bowater, and not by ACI or any of its respective Subsidiaries. Bowater's full and unconditional guarantee of the Convertible Notes is a senior unsecured obligation of Bowater. The Convertible Notes permit ABH to make ABH PIK Payments. In accordance with this provision, in October 2008, ABH made an ABH PIK Payment with respect to the required October interest payment required on the Convertible Notes. As of the U.S. Petition Date, the total outstanding amount with accrued interest under the Convertible Notes was approximately \$387.3 million.

BCFPI Secured Credit Agreement

BCFPI is party to a credit agreement dated May 31, 2006 among BCFPI, as borrower, the U.S. Bowater Borrowers, as borrowers, and certain subsidiaries of BCFPI, as guarantors, the lenders from time to time party thereto (the "**BCFPI Pre-petition Secured Lenders**" and together with the Bowater Pre-petition Secured Lenders, the "**Bowater Group Pre-petition Secured Lenders**"), and the BCFPI Secured Bank Agent (as amended from time to time and together with all collateral, security and other ancillary documents, the "**BCFPI Secured Credit Agreement**"). The total outstanding amount under the BCFPI Secured Credit Agreement, including accrued and unpaid interest, is approximately \$143.8million.

Collateral securing the BCFPI Secured Credit Agreement includes: (i) the inventory, accounts receivable, deposit accounts, and certain other current assets of BCFPI and its subsidiaries that are guarantors; (ii) the real property, equipment and fixtures relating to the Coosa Pines, Alabama and Grenada, Mississippi paper mills; (iii) the real property, equipment and fixtures of BCFPI located in Gatineau, Québec, Dolbeau, Québec and Thunder Bay, Ontario; and (iv) the equity interest of Bowater's South Korean subsidiary (which owns Bowater's Mokpo mill).

Inter-company Debt

In the normal operations of the Company's businesses, the Applicants and certain of their non-Applicants affiliates engage in various inter-company transactions. Certain receivables and payables among the Applicants and /or the Applicants and non-Applicants Subsidiaries of the Company are evidenced by inter-company notes (the "**Inter-company Note Claims**"). In addition to Inter-company Note Claims, the Applicants and/or the Applicants and non-Applicants Subsidiaries of the Company engaged in Inter-company trading transactions which give rise to Claims between Applicants and/or Applicants and non-Applicants Subsidiaries. As a result, on any given date, there are numerous Inter-company Claims that reflect Inter-company receivables and payables made and/or accrued in the ordinary course between and among the Applicants and between and among the U.S. Debtors and certain of their non-Applicants affiliates.

V. THE CCAA PLAN

A. EVENTS LEADING TO THE CCAA PROCEEDINGS

The Company's inability to repay or refinance significant indebtedness with impending maturities was a critical factor that necessitated the commencement of CCAA Proceedings. Notably, certain November 2008 amendments to Bowater's existing secured facilities restricted its liquidity by significantly reducing available funds. Coupled with the lack of liquidity in the markets generally, the Company's indebtedness rendered it vulnerable to adverse economic and industry conditions, impaired its ability to obtain additional financing, required it to dedicate a substantial portion of cash flow from operations to service debt, and otherwise limited its flexibility in planning and responding to business drivers.

As a result of the above factors, by the beginning of 2009, the Company's liquidity positions were severely constrained. To address the Company's tightening liquidity, on February 9, 2009, the Company announced the commencement of private offers to exchange certain outstanding series of unsecured notes issued by Bowater and one of its wholly-owned Subsidiaries for new secured notes to be issued by an indirect Subsidiary of the Company, as well as a concurrent debt offering. Shortly thereafter, on March 13, 2009, the Company commenced a debt recapitalization plan for the ACI Group's Canadian companies pursuant to the CBCA. At the same time, the Company announced that ACCC and an unaffiliated third party had signed a letter of intent in connection with the sale of ACCC's 60% interest in MPCo for gross proceeds of Cdn\$615 million.

The Company was unable to successfully complete the Bowater exchange offer. As a result, the ACI Group's recapitalization, which was contingent on a successful Bowater exchange offer, could not be consummated. On April 17, 2009, the Company had no other option but to commence the CCAA Proceedings before the Court for a plan of reorganization and compromise under the CCAA and the CBCA and two (2) of the Applicants, ACI and ACCC, filed petitions for recognition under Chapter 15 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Company also sought relief in the Bankruptcy Court under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code on April 16, 2009 and the 18.6 Petitioners filed for ancillary relief in support of the Chapter 11 Cases under section 18.6 of the CCAA. The Court appointed Ernst & Young, Inc. to serve as monitor for the CCAA Proceedings.

B. EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO THE CCAA PROCEEDINGS

CCAA Filing

Since the Date of Filing, the Applicants have continued to operate subject to the supervision of the Court in accordance with the CCAA. An immediate effect of the filing of the Applicants' CCAA Proceedings was the imposition of the Stay of Proceedings which, with limited exceptions, enjoined the commencement or continuation of all collection efforts by creditors, the enforcement of Liens against property of the Applicants and the Partnerships and the continuation of litigation against the Applicants and the Partnerships.

The Initial Order granted by the Court on April 17, 2009 provided for a Stay of Proceedings for an initial period of 30 days. The Stay of Proceedings was extended pursuant to Orders of the Court on May 14, 2009, September 4, 2009 and on December 11, 2009. On March 10, 2010, the Stay of Proceedings was extended until June 18, 2010. On June 9, 2010, the Stay of Proceedings was extended until July 9, 2010, at which time the Applicants and the Partnerships expect to request a final extension of the Stay of Proceedings until the Creditors' Meeting Date.

DIP Credit Facilities

(a) Abitibi DIP Facility

To provide the Applicants with liquidity and capital resources, the Applicants sought and obtained approval by the Court to enter into a debtor-in-possession financing facility for the benefit of ACI and Donohue. On May 6, 2009, the Applicants entered into a letter loan agreement (the "**Abitibi DIP Agreement**"), among ACI and Donohue, as borrowers (the "**Abitibi DIP Facility Borrowers**"), certain Subsidiaries of ACI, as guarantors, and

Bank of Montreal, as lender, which was acknowledged by Investissement Québec, as sponsor (the "**Sponsor**"). Although Donohue was a signatory thereto, the Abitibi DIP Agreement was not enforceable against Donohue, and Donohue could not borrow thereunder, until such time as the Bankruptcy Court had granted an order authorizing and approving the Abitibi DIP Facility (as defined below) and the charge in connection therewith with respect to Donohue (the "**U.S. DIP Order**"). Donohue had no obligation to seek, nor did it seek, a U.S. DIP Order.

The Abitibi DIP Agreement provided for borrowings in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$100 million for ACI and, following any U.S. DIP Order, Donohue (the "**Abitibi DIP Facility**"), provided that Donohue would not borrow more than \$10 million in the aggregate and that a minimum availability of \$12.5 million would be maintained at all times. The Abitibi DIP Facility was available by way of loans advanced in multiple disbursements pursuant to borrowing requests. The outstanding principal amount of loans under the Abitibi DIP Facility, plus accrued and unpaid interest, were to be repaid in full at the earliest of: (i) April 30, 2010; (ii) the effective date of a plan of reorganization or a plan of restructuring and compromise confirmed by order of the Courts; (iii) the acceleration of the Abitibi DIP Agreement or the occurrence of a specified event of default within the meaning set forth in the Abitibi DIP Agreement; and (iv) the unenforceability of the backstop guarantee of the Sponsor. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Abitibi DIP Facility Borrowers were required to repay the Abitibi DIP Facility no later than December 15, 2009 (as extended), as not doing so would have resulted in the occurrence of a specified event of default. In addition, the Abitibi DIP Facility Borrowers were required to make mandatory prepayments of any loans outstanding from the net Cash proceeds of, among other things, any payment by a governmental authority in respect of any expropriation claim and the sale of the Applicants' 60% interest in MPCo.

ACI repaid in full and terminated the Abitibi DIP Facility on December 9, 2009 with a portion of the closing proceeds from the sale of its 60% interest in MPCo to a wholly-owned subsidiary of Hydro-Québec for gross proceeds of Cdn\$615 million (the "**MPCo Sale**").

(b) ULC DIP Facility

On November 16, 2009, ACI obtained the Court's approval to enter into a loan agreement among ACI, as borrower, and 3239432 Nova Scotia Company, a wholly-owned unlimited liability company and a subsidiary of ABH (the "**ULC**"), as lender (the "**ULC DIP Agreement**"), for an aggregate principal amount outstanding at any time not exceeding Cdn\$230 million. The credit facility pursuant to the ULC DIP Agreement (the "**ULC DIP Facility**") is subject to the following draw conditions: (i) a first draw of Cdn\$130 million which was advanced at closing of the ULC DIP Facility; (ii) subsequent draws for a maximum total amount of Cdn\$50 million in increments of up to Cdn\$25 million to be advanced upon a five Business Day notice; and (iii) the balance of Cdn\$50 million to become available upon further Order of the Court. The security granted pursuant to the ULC DIP Facility is similar to the one granted pursuant to the Abitibi DIP Facility. No interest and no fees are payable under the ULC DIP Facility.

The ULC DIP Facility can be used for general corporate purposes in material compliance with the 13-week cash flow forecasts to be provided no less frequently than on a monthly basis (the "**Budget**"). Events of default pursuant to the ULC DIP Facility are as follows: (i) substantial non-compliance with the Budget; (ii) termination of the Stay of Proceedings; (iii) failure to file a plan or restructuring and compromise with the Court by September 30, 2010; and (iv) withdrawal of the existing Securitization Program unless replaced with a reasonably similar facility.

(c) Bowater DIP Credit Agreement

To provide the U.S. Debtors with the Cash and liquidity necessary to continue their operations and to maintain normal post-petition vendor and customer relations, on the U.S. Petition Date the U.S. Debtors sought the Bankruptcy Court's approval of a US\$206 million senior secured superpriority debtor-in-possession term loan credit facility among ABH, Bowater and BCFPI, as borrowers, Fairfax, as administrative agent, collateral agent and initial lender, and the lenders from time to time party thereto (the "**Bowater DIP Credit Agreement**"). On May 8, 2009 Law Debenture Trust Company of New York replaced Fairfax as the administrative agent and the collateral agent under the Bowater DIP Credit Agreement. Proceeds of the Bowater DIP Credit Agreement have been used to fund the U.S. Debtors' working capital requirements during the Chapter 11 Cases.

The Bowater DIP Credit Agreement includes a US\$166 million term loan for borrowings by ABH and Bowater (the "**U.S. Bowater DIP**") and a US\$40 million term loan for borrowings by BCFPI (the "**Canadian Bowater DIP**"). The U.S. Bowater DIP is guaranteed by substantially all of the U.S. entities that are part of the Bowater Group (together with ABH, the "**U.S. Bowater DIP Parties**") and is secured by (i) first priority Liens on all of the U.S. Bowater DIP Parties' unencumbered assets as of the U.S. Petition Date, (ii) first priority Liens on post-petition inter-company debt payable to the U.S. Bowater DIP Parties, and (iii) junior Liens on the encumbered assets of the U.S. Bowater DIP Parties as of the U.S. Petition Date (collectively, the "**U.S. Bowater DIP Collateral**"). The Canadian Bowater DIP is guaranteed by substantially all of the Canadian entities in the Bowater Group (together with BCFPI, the "**Canadian Bowater DIP Parties**"), and is secured by (i) first priority Liens on all of the Canadian Bowater DIP Parties' unencumbered assets as of the U.S. Petition Date, (ii) first priority Liens on post-petition inter-company debt payable to the Canadian Bowater DIP Parties, (iii) junior Liens on the encumbered assets of the Canadian Bowater DIP Parties as of the U.S. Petition Date, and (iv) Liens (shared *pari passu*) on all assets securing the U.S. Bowater DIP (collectively, the "**Canadian Bowater DIP Collateral**"). BCFC was released from its obligations under the Bowater DIP Credit Agreement on June 24, 2009.

On April 17, 2009, the Bankruptcy Court authorized the U.S. Debtors to enter into the Bowater DIP Credit Agreement on an interim basis (the "**Interim Bowater DIP Order**") and on June 16, 2009, the Bankruptcy Court entered a final order (as amended, the "**Final Bowater DIP Order**", together with the Interim Bowater DIP Order, the "**U.S. Bowater DIP Orders**") approving the Bowater DIP Credit Agreement.

The Court issued an Order authorizing the Canadian Bowater DIP Parties to enter into the Bowater DIP Credit Agreement on April 17, 2009 as well as Orders recognizing U.S. Bowater DIP Orders of the Bankruptcy Court on April 22 and June 19, 2009, respectively.

The Final Bowater DIP Order grants the Bowater Group Pre-petition Secured Lenders certain additional Liens as adequate protection to the extent of any diminution in value of their collateral during the pendency of the Chapter 11 Cases. Specifically, the Bowater Group Pre-petition Secured Lenders were granted, as adequate protection: (i) valid, binding and enforceable replacement security interests in and Liens upon the U.S. Bowater DIP Collateral; (ii) a super-priority claim pursuant to section 507(b) of the Bankruptcy Code against the U.S. Bowater DIP Parties; and (iii) current payment of non-default rate interest and certain fees and expenses for the Bowater Secured Bank Agent. The BCFPI Pre-petition Secured Lenders were granted, as adequate protection: (i) valid, binding and enforceable replacement security interests in and Liens upon the Canadian Bowater DIP Collateral and the U.S. Bowater DIP Collateral; (ii) a super-priority claim pursuant to section 507(b) of the Bankruptcy Code against the Canadian Bowater DIP Parties; and (iii) current payment of non-default rate interest and certain fees and expenses for the BCFPI Secured Bank Agent.

The Bowater DIP Credit Agreement contains customary covenants for debtor-in possession financings of this type, including, among other things: (i) requirements to deliver financial statements, other reports and notices; (ii) restrictions on the incurrence and repayment of indebtedness; (iii) restrictions on the incurrence of Liens; (iv) restrictions on making certain payments; (v) restrictions on investments; (vi) restrictions on asset dispositions; and (vii) restrictions on modifications to material indebtedness. Additionally, the Bowater DIP Credit Agreement contains certain financial covenants, including, among other things: (i) a minimum consolidated EBITDA; (ii) a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio; and (iii) a maximum amount of capital expenditures.

The Bowater DIP Credit Agreement matures on the earlier of (i) the effective date of the U.S. Plan and CCAA Plan; and (ii) July 21, 2010, with two possible three-month extensions beyond this latter date if certain conditions are met. Should either the CCAA Proceedings or the Chapter 11 Cases be dismissed, or any order entered granting relief from the stays provided thereunder, an event of default under the Bowater DIP Credit Agreement would occur and the outstanding debt would become due and payable immediately, which would, in all likelihood, lead to the liquidation of all of the Applicants' assets.

(d) Amended and Restated Securitization Program

On June 16, 2009, ACI and certain of its affiliates amended and restated, in its entirety, the Securitization Facility. On June 9, 2010 the Courts authorized certain amendments to the Securitization Facility. For more details, see "*Capitalization of ABH and the Applicants – Indebtedness – Abitibi Securitization Program*".

Appointment of the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors

The Bankruptcy Code provides for the appointment of an unsecured creditors' committee comprised of the seven largest unsecured claimants excluding insiders and government units. On April 28, 2009, the United States Trustee for the District of Delaware appointed the Unsecured Creditors Committee.

Ad Hoc Unsecured Noteholders Committee

There is no requirement to appoint an unsecured creditors' committee under the CCAA. However, an informal committee of certain Holders of Canadian Unsecured Notes Claims (the "**Ad Hoc Unsecured Noteholders Committee**") was formed and is acting in connection with the CCAA Proceedings.

Sale of Manicouagan Power Company

On November 17, 2009, the Court approved the MPCo Sale. On December 9, 2009, ACCC announced that it had successfully completed the MPCo Sale. The proceeds have been used in the manner approved by the Court, including:

- \$267 million was set aside temporarily in the ULC, to secure certain indemnities and undertakings provided to Alcoa under the MPCo Sale, and the ULC entered into a guarantee agreement with Alcoa for this purpose. Of the \$267 million set aside in the ULC, \$218 million was used by the ULC to fund the ULC DIP Facility;
- \$55 million was used to repay all amounts outstanding under the Abitibi DIP Agreement, \$26 million of which was paid from the proceeds of the ULC DIP Facility;
- \$113 million was used as a partial repayment of the Canadian Secured Notes, \$72 million was used to pay accrued interest on such notes and \$5 million was used to cover fees related to the partial repayment of such notes;
- approximately \$67 million was used to pay Alcoa in respect of Taxes that it incurred as a result of the MPCo Sale, as well as ACCC's estimated transaction costs, pre-petition amounts owed to the distribution division of Hydro-Quebec by ACCC and its affiliates, including amounts owed by BCFPI, and pre-petition amounts owed to MPCo and Alcoa for electricity purchased by ACCC from MPCo and to make certain other adjustments contemplated by the MPCo Sale; and
- approximately \$29 million is subject to a two-year holdback by HQ Manicouagan Inc. (and guaranteed by Hydro-Québec).

The effect of the MPCo Sale was to provide ACI with additional net liquidity of approximately \$159 million, after the extinguishment of the remaining availability of approximately \$34 million under the Abitibi DIP Agreement. In connection with the foregoing, ABH also entered into a power supply agreement with Hydro-Québec's distribution division for the supply of electricity to ABH's Baie-Comeau paper mill.

AbitibiBowater U.S. Holding LLC Note Repayment Transactions

On November 17, 2009, the Applicants filed a motion seeking authority to undertake certain transactions (the "**Repayment Steps**") to repay an inter-company note outstanding between AbitibiBowater Holding and ACCC (the "**ABH LLC Note**"). The Repayment Steps addressed a potential \$55.25 million withholding tax liability that may have arisen if the ABH LLC Note was not repaid prior to January 1, 2010. As part of the Repayment Steps, a new Inter-company note, identical in all material respects to the ABH LLC Note, was issued by AbitibiBowater Holding to ABH LLC 1, a newly-formed indirect Subsidiary of ABH, thereby preserving the Applicants' prepetition capital structure and the rights and remedies of all of the Applicants' creditor constituents. The Court and the Bankruptcy Court entered Orders approving the Repayment Steps on December 1, 2009 and November 24, 2009, respectively. As part of the Repayment Steps, three newly-formed limited liability companies filed petitions for

relief under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code with the Bankruptcy Court on December 21, 2009. The Bankruptcy Court entered an order authorizing the joint administration of the cases of AbitibiBowater Holding and ABH LLC 1 with the U.S. Debtors pending Chapter 11 Cases on January 15, 2010, and an order authorizing the dismissal of ABH LLC 2's bankruptcy case on February 18, 2010.

Other Sale of Assets and Cost Savings Initiatives

(a) Sales of Assets

Since the Date of Filing, the Applicants have successfully completed a number of sales of assets including the following:

- On November 24, 2009, the Court approved the sale of certain assets of the Belgo Pulp and Paper Mill, including the real estate on which the plant is located and the related equipment to Recyclage Arctic Beluga inc. On January 28, 2009, the sale was successfully completed. In addition to the creation of jobs through the partial re-use of the plant, the sale reduced the operating costs of the Applicants by approximately \$2.7 million on an annual basis.
- On December 11, 2009, the Court approved the sale of certain assets between ACCC and 9213-3933 Québec Inc. as well as the sale of certain lands between ACI and Gestion Dion & Frère Inc. On March 18, 2010, the sale was successfully completed.
- On March 23, 2010, the Court approved the sale of certain assets of the Mackenzie paper mill to 0869550 Ltd. On June 3, 2010, the sale was successfully completed.
- In addition, the Applicants have sold in 2009 over 490,000 acres of private timberland primarily located in Québec, Canada, for an aggregate of approximately \$91 million in cash.
- On May 3, 2010, the Court approved the sale of assets located in Beaulieu and Donnacona (Quebec), Dalhousie (New Brunswick) and Fort William (Ontario) to American Iron & Metal over the direction of a disgruntled bidder. The sale is currently in the process of closing.

(b) Sale of Non-core Properties

On April 27, 2010, the Court issued an order allowing ACCC and ACI to sell, on an as-is, where-is basis, the site of a former shipping terminal situated in Botwood, Newfoundland, Canada and the site of a newsprint mill situated in Stephenville, Newfoundland, Canada (collectively, the "**Non-core Properties**") to the Non-core Purchaser. The purchase price for the Non-core Properties was satisfied by the issuance of a non-interest bearing promissory note in the amount of Cdn\$1,000 together with any Principal Increase. On April 27, 2010, the Court also issued an order appointing Ernst & Young Inc. as receiver for the Non-core Properties under the BIA and authorizing the receiver to, among other things, manage the environmental issues in connection with the Non-core Properties and market and sell the Non-core Properties. The receiver will not be taking possession of the Non-core Properties unless and until appropriate arrangements, which are satisfactory to the receiver have been reached with the relevant environmental authorities. ACI and ACCC have agreed to provide the receiver with financing up to a maximum amount of Cdn\$600,000 in order to cover (i) estimated fees and disbursements of the receiver for an initial period of 12 months, and (ii) reasonable costs of conservation, environmental studies and any urgent, currently unforeseen, remediation work required to stabilize the Non-core Properties while negotiations are undertaken with appropriate authorities for the long-term remediation and disposal of these properties.

(c) Repudiation of Contracts

Since the Date of Filing, the Applicants have repudiated 211 contracts, with aggregate savings for 2010 of approximately \$49.5 million.

(d) Bundled Mills Sale

On April 26, 2010, the Court heard the Applicants' Motion for the sale of the mills at Beaulieu (Québec), Donnacona (Québec), Dalhousie (New Brunswick) and Fort-William (Ontario), as a bundled asset sale for salvage to a Canadian purchaser. On May 3, 2010 and May 17, 2010, respectively, the Court and the Bankruptcy Court issued orders confirming such sale.

In May 2010, ABH announced the indefinite idling of its Gatineau, Québec facility effective immediately.

Other Cost Savings Initiatives

ABH announced in the third quarter of 2009 that it would continue to work on selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") austerity measures with a target reduction of approximately \$100 million on an annualized basis, as compared to 2008. The SG&A reduction efforts included, among other items, a 25% corporate headcount reduction. ABH expects to have some further declines in employment as it develops and implements its plan or plans of reorganization and responds to the need to further reduce capacity in some product lines.

Adversary Proceedings

(a) Donnacona Proceedings

Following the announcement of the permanent closure of ABH's Donnacona, Quebec paper mill, on December 3, 2008, the CSN and the employees of the Donnacona mill filed against ABH, Investissement Québec and the Government of the province of Quebec a civil lawsuit before the Superior Court of the district of Quebec. The CSN and the employees also filed a grievance claim for labor arbitration on the same basis. The CSN and the employees are claiming an amount of approximately \$48 million in salary through April 30, 2011, as well as moral and exemplary damages, arguing that ABH failed to respect the obligations undertaken in the context of a loan made by Investissement Québec. The CSN and the employees are also claiming that Investissement Québec and the Government are solidarily responsible for the loss allegedly sustained by the employees. ABH believes that its defense is meritorious and intends to contest this matter vigorously. This litigation was stayed as a result of the CCAA Proceedings.

On December 16, 2008, following ABH's December 4, 2008 announcement of the permanent closure of its Grand Falls newsprint mill, the government of Newfoundland passed legislation under Bill 75 to expropriate, among other things, all of ABH's timber rights, water rights, leases and hydroelectric assets in Newfoundland, whether partially or wholly owned through its Subsidiaries and affiliated entities. The Government of Newfoundland also announced that it does not plan to compensate ABH for the loss of the water and timber rights, but has indicated that it may compensate ABH for certain of its hydroelectric assets. However, it has made no commitment to ensure that such compensation would represent the fair market value of such assets.

On February 25, 2010, ABH filed a Notice of Arbitration under NAFTA, which asserts that the expropriation was arbitrary, discriminatory and illegal. ABH's claim seeks direct compensation for damages of approximately Cdn\$500 million, plus additional costs and relief. Although ABH believes that the Government of Canada will be required to compensate it for the fair market value of the expropriated assets, there can be no assurance that it will and ABH has not recognized an asset for such claim in its consolidated financial statements. ABH continues to negotiate with the Government of Canada in an effort to come to a settlement and avoid protracted NAFTA Proceedings.

(b) Augusta Proceedings

On June 15, 2009, the Company filed a motion with the Bankruptcy Court to reject an amended and restated call agreement (the "**Call Agreement**") in respect of ANI, an indirect subsidiary of Woodbridge and the Company's partner in ANC. ANC is the partnership that owns and operates the Augusta newsprint mill. The Call Agreement obligated ACSC to either buy out ANI at a price well above market, or risk losing all of its equity in the joint venture pursuant to forced sale provisions. The Bankruptcy Court granted the Company's motion on

October 27, 2009 and approved its rejection of the Call Agreement. The Company's counterparties to the Call Agreement filed a notice of appeal with the Bankruptcy Court on November 3, 2009.

Also, on March 9, 2010, Woodbridge filed a motion in the Bankruptcy Court to force ACSC to reject the partnership agreement governing the Augusta Newsprint Company. If ACSC were forced to reject the partnership agreement, the future of the Augusta mill would be uncertain. The U.S. Debtors filed an objection to the motion on April 9, 2010. The matter was heard on May 26, 2010 but the hearing was not dispositive. The motion thus remains pending before the Bankruptcy Court.

(c) Newfoundland EPA Proceedings

On March 31, 2010, the Court dismissed a motion for declaratory judgment brought by Newfoundland, awarding costs in ABH's favor, and thus confirmed its position that the five orders the province issued under section 99 of the EPA on November 12, 2009 are subject to the Stay of Proceedings pursuant to the Creditor Protection Proceedings. Newfoundland's orders could have required ABH to proceed immediately with the environmental remediation of various sites it formerly owned or operated, some of which the province expropriated in December 2008 with Bill 75. The Court also dismissed, without costs, the province of British Columbia's intervention in those proceedings. If the province requests an extension to the applicable court-imposed deadline by which its claim had to be filed in order to receive any distribution in the CCAA Proceedings, a request ABH can contest, and if the Court grants the request, Newfoundland's claim based on the environmental orders would be subject to the existing claims process and would be subject to compromise. Newfoundland sought leave to appeal the Court's judgment to Quebec Court of Appeal which was dismissed with costs on May 18, 2010.

(d) Bowater Canada Finance Corporation U.S. Proceedings

Pursuant to the 7.95% Notes Indenture, BCFC issued, and Bowater guaranteed, the 7.95% Notes in the principal amount of \$600 million. Wilmington Trust Company is the successor indenture trustee for the 7.95% Notes. BCFC is a financing vehicle with no material operations.

Section 135 of the *Companies Act (Nova Scotia)* provides, in relevant part, that "[i]n the event of a [unlimited liability company] being wound up, every present and past member shall, subject to this Section, be liable to contribute to the assets of the company to an amount sufficient for payment of its debts and liabilities and the costs, charges, and expenses of the winding up" Accordingly, some creditors of BCFC have argued that in the event of a winding up of BCFC, BCFC may have a claim (the "**Wind Up Claim**") against Bowater pursuant to section 135 of the *Companies Act (Nova Scotia)* for BCFC's liabilities, including any amounts outstanding in connection with the 7.95% Notes. In addition to the Wind Up Claim, these creditors believe that BCFC may have other potential claims in connection with the use of proceeds from the issuance of the 7.95% Notes (the "**BCFC Claims**").

To address any potential conflicts with respect to the resolution of the Wind Up Claim and BCFC Claims, BCFC and Bowater obtained U.S. court orders authorizing (a) the retention and employment of Togut, Segal & Segal LLP as conflicts counsel to BCFC, (b) the appointment of Lisa Donahue as BCFC's Vice President – Restructuring and (c) the retention of Jones Day LLP as conflicts counsel to Bowater. The retention of these professionals will facilitate a process whereby the Wind Up Claim and BCFC Claims will be investigated by wholly independent professionals and fiduciaries, thus ensuring the integrity of the U.S. Debtors' claims resolution process and facilitating an expeditious resolution to these intercompany issues.

(e) Bowater Canada Finance Corporation Canadian Proceedings

On April 16, 2010, two entities which are holders of 7.95% Notes issued by BCFC, Aurelius Capital Management, LP and Contrarian Capital Management L.L.C. (collectively, the "**BCFC Noteholders**"), filed a *Motion for the Issuance of an Order Directing Bowater Canada Finance Corporation to File an Assignment in Bankruptcy or Alternatively, an Order Seeking the Appointment of an Independent and Disinterested Third Party to Investigate, Assert, Protect and Pursue the Claims and Remedies of Bowater Canada Finance Corporation* with the Court.

The BCFC Noteholders adopted the position that the Monitor, the directors of BCFC and counsel for the Applicants are in a position of irreconcilable conflict of interest, the result of which is that no one is in a position to advance the interests of BCFC in the CCAA Proceedings or in the Chapter 11 Proceedings.

In addition to requesting that the Monitor be discharged as Monitor of BCFC and seeking declaratory orders in respect of the above-described allegations of conflict of interest, the BCFC Noteholders request that the Court order the officers and directors of BCFC to file a voluntary assignment in bankruptcy under the BIA appointing a trustee to the estate of BCFC to be nominated by the BCFC Noteholders, or alternatively, to authorize the BCFC Noteholders to appoint an independent and disinterested third-party in respect of BCFC, at the Applicants' cost, to investigate and report on the assets and liabilities of BCFC, as well as intercompany transactions having taken place in the years preceding the date of filing under the CCAA.

The Petitioners are contesting the motion brought by the BCFC Noteholders and believe that the measures adopted to resolve the Wind Up Claim and BCFC Claims are sufficient to protect the interests of BCFC's creditors. A hearing on this matter is scheduled to take place on July 8, 2010.

Other Significant Actions

In addition to the Initial Order, the Claims Procedure Orders, the Creditors' Meeting Order and the other matters described in this section, the Applicants have sought and obtained certain orders from the Court that are of particular importance in the operation of the Applicants' business or in the administration of the CCAA Proceedings. All such orders are available on the website maintained by the Monitor at www.ey.com/ca/abitiibowater.

C. CLAIMS AND VOTING PROCESS

Claims Procedure Orders

On August 26, 2009, the First Claims Procedure Order was issued authorizing the Applicants to conduct a process for calling for and determining the Claims of its Creditors. Among other things, the First Claims Procedure Order established the date of November 13, 2009 as a bar date for the filing of Claims generally representing the majority of the Creditors.

On January 18, 2010, the Second Claims Procedure Order was issued authorizing, among other things, the Cross-border Claims Protocol and the process for determining and reviewing Claims, including a distinct procedure for the determination of grievances filed on behalf of the employees of the Applicants.

On February 23, 2010, the Third Claims Procedure Order was issued establishing the second bar date of April 7, 2010 for, among others, claims asserted by employees who were employed by ABH as of April 16, 2009 or thereafter and other claims that were previously excluded in the Claims Procedure Orders.

Cross-border Insolvency Protocol

The Cross-border Insolvency Protocol was approved on July 28, 2009 by the Court and on July 27, 2009 by the Bankruptcy Court. The purpose of the Cross-border Insolvency Protocol is to facilitate cross-border coordination between the Insolvency Proceedings and to effectuate an orderly and efficient administration of the Insolvency Proceedings while maintaining the respective independent jurisdiction of the Court and the Bankruptcy Court. The Cross-border Insolvency Protocol provides that the Court shall have sole and exclusive jurisdiction over the CCAA Proceedings and the Bankruptcy Court shall have sole and exclusive jurisdiction over the Chapter 11 Cases. The Court and the Bankruptcy Court may coordinate activities, communicate with one another and conduct joint hearings.

Cross-border Claims Protocol

The Cross-border Claims Protocol was approved on January 18, 2010 by the Court and on January 19, 2010 by the Bankruptcy Court. The Cross-border Claims Protocol implements certain supplementary procedures

governing the review and reconciliation of proofs of claim filed against the Cross-border Debtors and provides that, in the absence of any objection and subject to the Unsecured Creditors Committee's right to review, the Monitor and the Applicants shall review all proofs of claim filed against the Cross-border Debtors and amend, allow or object to such claims in accordance with the Claims Procedure Orders. If a creditor objects to the determination of its claim under the Claims Procedure Orders, and if the creditor, the Applicants and the U.S. Debtors and the Monitor cannot agree on which court should hear the objection, then the Court shall determine which court shall determine the objection. Prior to such determination, the creditor, the Applicants and the U.S. Debtors or the Monitor may request a joint hearing, in accordance with the Cross-border Insolvency Protocol, to consider the matter. The Cross-border Claims Protocol also reserves certain review rights for the Unsecured Creditors Committee and the Ad Hoc Unsecured Noteholders Committee with respect to Cross-border Claims above certain value thresholds.

Cross-border Voting Protocol

The Applicants, together with the U.S. Debtors, the Monitor, and the Unsecured Creditors Committee, have negotiated the Cross-Border Claims Voting Protocol establishing efficient and consistent procedures for creditors of the Cross-Border Debtors that are entitled to vote on both the U.S. Plan and the CCAA Plan (the "**Cross-Border Voting Creditors**"). It is expected that the Cross-Border Claims Voting Protocol will be submitted for approval to the Bankruptcy Court and to the Court on July 7 and 9, 2010 respectively.

The Cross-Border Claims Voting Protocol applies to the voting of all claims against the Cross-Border Debtors and seeks to ensure compliance with the plan confirmation procedures under the Chapter 11 Proceedings and the CCAA Proceedings. It provides, in essence, that a Cross-Border Voting Creditors' vote to accept or reject the U.S. Plan shall be deemed a vote to accept or reject the CCAA Plan, and conversely, that a vote to accept or reject the CCAA Plan shall be deemed a vote to accept or reject the U.S. Plan. The Cross-Border Claims Voting Protocol, by clarifying the solicitation and confirmation processes as they apply to Cross-Border Debtors, is also meant to establish clear guidelines for creditors of these entities.

Status of Claims Process

As of June 20, 2010, since the issuance of the Claims Procedure Orders, the Monitor has received in excess of 7,476 Claims aggregating approximately \$76.8 billion. As of June 21, 2010, the status of Claims received for distribution purposes is as follows:

<i>(in Cdn\$ millions)</i>	<i>Total Claims Filed (Net of Claims Withdrawn)</i>	<i>Claims Under Review</i>	<i>Subject to Cross-border Protocol Notice Period⁽¹⁾</i>	<i>Subject to Revision of Disallowance Notice Periods⁽²⁾</i>	<i>Claims In Dispute⁽³⁾</i>	<i>Claims Accepted To Date</i>	<i>Revised, Amended and Disallowed Portion⁽⁴⁾</i>
ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class	\$8,006.4	\$714.1	-	\$272.6	\$3,183.2	\$3,309.4	\$64.9
ACCC Affected Unsecured Creditor Class	\$8,449.2	\$426.6	-	\$30.1	\$3,211.3	\$3,392.6	\$335.4
15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Creditor Classes in respect of each of the following							
3224112 Nova Scotia Limited	\$3,641.4	-	-	-	\$3,199.8	\$0.7	-
Marketing Donohue Inc.	\$3,610.9	\$152.3	-	-	\$3,017.0	\$0.7	-
Abitibi-Consolidated Canadian Office Products Holdings Inc.	\$3,610.9	\$152.3	-	-	\$3,017.0	\$0.7	-
3834328 Canada Inc.	\$3,610.9	-	-	-	\$3,169.4	\$0.7	-

<i>(in Cdn\$ millions)</i>	<i>Total Claims Filed (Net of Claims Withdrawn)</i>	<i>Claims Under Review</i>	<i>Subject to Cross-border Protocol Notice Period⁽¹⁾</i>	<i>Subject to Revision of Disallowance Notice Periods⁽²⁾</i>	<i>Claims In Dispute⁽³⁾</i>	<i>Claims Accepted To Date</i>	<i>Revised, Amended and Disallowed Portion⁽⁴⁾</i>
6169678 Canada Inc.	\$3,610.9	-	-	-	\$3,169.4	\$0.7	-
Donohue Recycling Inc.	\$3,611.4	\$152.3	-	-	\$3,017.0	\$0.9	\$0.3
1508756 Ontario Inc.	\$3,614.7	\$0.1	-	-	\$3,169.4	\$0.7	\$3.0
The Jonquière Pulp Company	\$3,610.9	-	-	-	\$3,169.4	\$0.7	-
The International Bridge and Terminal Company	\$3,610.9	-	-	-	\$3,169.4	\$0.7	-
Abitibi-Consolidated (U.K.) Inc.	\$3,368.7	\$369.9	-	-	\$2,557.9	-	-
Scramble Mining Ltd.	\$3,610.9	-	-	-	\$3,169.4	\$0.7	-
Terra Nova Explorations Ltd.	\$3,610.9	-	-	-	\$3,169.4	\$0.7	-
Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Creditor Class	\$3,615.7	\$4.6	-	-	\$3,169.4	\$0.4	\$0.5
BCFPI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class	\$1,268.5	\$472.9	\$117.0	\$368.0	\$127.8	\$5.9	\$16.4
BCFC Affected Unsecured Creditor Class	\$1,496.3	\$5.3	\$753.1	-	\$241.5	-	\$496.5
AbitibiBowater Canada Affected Unsecured Creditor Class	\$421.6	\$157.8	-	-	\$243.1	-	\$9.1
Bowater Maritimes Affected Unsecured Creditor Class	\$249.4	\$155.8	-	-	\$92.9	\$0.6	\$0.1
ACNSI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class	\$3,580.4	-	-	-	\$3,138.9	\$0.7	-
Other CCAA Filed Entities ⁽⁵⁾	\$6,349.5	\$153.1	-	\$0.1	\$4,677.2	\$0.1	\$0.1
Total	\$76,802.3	\$2,917.7	\$870.0	\$670.8	\$55,321.0	\$6,717.6	\$926.3

(1) Certain claims sent to the Unsecured Creditors' Committee or the Ad Hoc Unsecured Noteholders Committee under the Cross-border Claims Protocol are subject to a 15 Business Day period before the Monitor proceeds with acceptance, revision or disallowance.

(2) The Claim amount represents Claims that have been revised or disallowed by the Monitor, but for which the 10 Business Day period during which a claimant may dispute the Monitor's revision or disallowance has yet to expire.

(3) Represents Claims for which the Monitor has issued a Notice of Revision or Disallowance and for which the Affected Unsecured Creditor has filed a Notice of Dispute in respect thereof. Claim amounts are shown herein at the original filed amount.

(4) Includes claims reductions on account of amended Claims filed, withdrawn Claims, and Disallowed Claims.

(5) "Other CCAA Filed Entities" represents Claims filed against various Applicants, which are expected to be disallowed in full. This data remains subject to change as individual Claims are reviewed and analyzed.

The Monitor will provide ongoing updates of the Claims process on AbitibiBowater's website at www.abitibibowater.com and on Monitor's website at www.ey.com/ca/abitibibowater.

D. IMPACT OF THE CCAA PLAN

Debt and Capital Structure

The CCAA Plan will significantly reduce the consolidated debt of the Applicants by converting the Affected Unsecured Claims to equity. Following the implementation of the CCAA Plan, all the existing share capital of ABH and the Exchangeable Shares are expected to be cancelled for no consideration. The Exit Loan Facilities will also be established and the Applicants will benefit from a capital investment of up to \$500 million pursuant to the Rights Offering. See "*Exit Loan Facilities*" and "*Rights Offering*".

E. ILLUSTRATIVE RECOVERIES

The following table shows approximate illustrative recoveries that may be realized by Affected Unsecured Creditors in each Affected Unsecured Creditors Class based on claims data as at June 13, 2010, and a preliminary estimate of the amount of Claims that will be ultimately proven as Affected Unsecured Creditors pursuant to the Claims Procedure Orders and the Cross-border Claims Protocol. **These numbers are for illustrative purposes only and Affected Unsecured Creditors are cautioned that actual recoveries may vary materially from these numbers and will be determined by, among other things: (i) the final results of the Claims process; and (ii) the prices at which the various equity securities issued pursuant to the Plan trade in their respective markets.** See "*Risk Factors – Risks Relating to the CCAA Plan and its Implementation*".

(in Cdn\$ millions)	Illustrative Recovery per Class of Affected Unsecured Creditors	
	Preliminary Estimate of Allowed Claims	Estimated Recovery
ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class	\$4,229	3.4% ⁽¹⁾
ACCC Affected Unsecured Creditor Class	\$4,017	17.1% ⁽¹⁾
15.5% Guarantor Applicants Affected Unsecured Creditor Classes in respect of each of the following:	-	-
3224112 Nova Scotia Limited	\$370	0%
Marketing Donohue Inc.	\$370	0%
Abitibi-Consolidated Canadian Office Products Holdings Inc.	\$370	0%
3834328 Canada Inc.	\$403	0%
6169678 Canada Inc.	\$370	0%
Donohue Recycling Inc.	\$370	0%
1508756 Ontario Inc.	\$370	0%
The Jonquière Pulp Company	\$370	100% ⁽¹⁾
The International Bridge and Terminal Company	\$370	1.3% ⁽¹⁾
Abitibi-Consolidated (U.K.) Inc.	\$395	12.9%
Scramble Mining Ltd.	\$370	0%
Terra Nova Explorations Ltd.	\$370	43% ⁽¹⁾
Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Creditor Class	\$374	4.2% ⁽¹⁾

(in Cdn\$ millions)	<i>Illustrative Recovery per Class of Affected Unsecured Creditors</i>	
	<i>Preliminary Estimate of Allowed Claims</i>	<i>Estimated Recovery</i>
BCFPI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class	\$569	36.5%
BCFC Affected Unsecured Creditor Class	\$753	0.9%
AbitibiBowater Canada Affected Unsecured Creditor Class	\$8	0%
Bowater Maritimes Affected Unsecured Creditor Class	\$7	20.8%
ACNSI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class	\$370	43% ⁽¹⁾

(1) This percentage represents the estimated recovery on all Claims against ACI, ACCC, Saguenay Forest Products and ACNSI, respectively, other than the 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Claims.

The Monitor will provide ongoing updates of the status of the Claims process on the Monitor's website at www.ev.com/ca/abitiibowater.

F. DESCRIPTION OF THE CCAA PLAN

The following description of the CCAA Plan is a summary only and is qualified in its entirety by the full text of the CCAA Plan. The governing document is the CCAA Plan which is attached as *Appendix C – "Plan of Reorganization and Compromise"* to this Circular.

Purpose of the CCAA Plan

As a result of the events more fully described in "*The CCAA Plan – Events Leading to the CCAA Proceedings*", the Applicants have developed the Plans. Effectiveness of the CCAA Plan is conditional upon the effectiveness of the U.S. Plan, and effectiveness of the U.S. Plan is conditional upon the effectiveness of the CCAA Plan.

The CCAA Plan and the U.S. Plan are the result of an extensive review of the available alternatives by the Applicants and their financial and legal advisors and the Monitor, to address ABH's financial condition and to maximize recovery for the Affected Unsecured Creditors under the circumstances.

The CCAA Plan is designed to:

- (a) provide for a coordinated restructuring and compromise of the Applicants' debt obligations; and
- (b) reorganize and simplify the Applicants' corporate and capital structure.

Timing for the CCAA Plan to Become Effective

The following sets forth certain events and dates leading to the Implementation Date:

April 17, 2009	Grant of Initial Order
May 4, 2010	Filing of draft CCAA Plan and U.S. Plan
May 24, 2010	Filing of amended CCAA Plan, amended U.S. Plan, Circular and Disclosure Statement
July 7, 2010	Hearing on Disclosure Statement and voting procedures
July 9, 2010	Hearing in respect of the Creditors' Meeting Order
July 15, 2010	Mailing of the Circular and related materials
August 17, 2010	Voting Record Date
August 26, 2010	Creditors' Meetings
September 8, 2010	Hearing in respect of the Sanction Order
September 14, 2010	Hearing in respect of U.S. Plan confirmation
October 1, 2010	Targeted date for Implementation Date

Restructuring

Persons Affected

The CCAA Plan provides for a coordinated restructuring and compromise of Affected Claims against the Applicants. The U.S. Debtors are subject to the Chapter 11 Cases and have filed the U.S. Plan with the Bankruptcy Court. Under the CCAA Plan, the treatment of Affected Claims against the Cross-border Debtors is intended to be consistent with the treatment of Affected Claims against the Cross-border Debtors in the U.S. Plan, with the Holders of Claims or Affected Claims against any particular Cross-border Debtor receiving a single recovery on account of such Claims in the CCAA Plan and the U.S. Plan. The effectiveness of the CCAA Plan is conditioned upon the effectiveness and implementation of the U.S. Plan. The CCAA Plan will become effective on the Implementation Date in accordance with its terms and in the sequence set forth therein. Each Affected Claim against the Applicants will be fully and finally compromised or otherwise assigned or transferred in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the CCAA Plan and the Restructuring Transactions Notice. The CCAA Plan shall be binding on and enure to the benefit of the Applicants, the Affected Unsecured Creditors of each Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, the Released Parties, any trustee, agent or other Person acting on behalf of any Affected Unsecured Creditor and such other Persons who have received the benefit of, or are bound by any compromises, waivers, releases or indemnities hereunder.

Classes of Affected Claims

(a) Classes of Affected Claims

Subject to certain deeming provisions on voting described in "*The CCAA Plan – Description of the CCAA Plan – Required Approvals*" for the purpose of voting on, and distributions pursuant to, the CCAA Plan, the Affected Claims are divided into 20 classes as set out below:

- (i) the ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class;
- (ii) the ACCC Affected Unsecured Creditor Class;
- (iii) the 15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Creditor Classes, being 12 classes of Affected Unsecured Creditors grouped in accordance with their Affected Claims against each of the 15.5% Guarantor Applicants, which Affected Claims only include 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Claims;
- (iv) the Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Creditor Class;

- (v) the BCFPI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class;
- (vi) the BCFC Affected Unsecured Creditor Class;
- (vii) the AbitibiBowater Canada Affected Unsecured Creditor Class;
- (viii) the Bowater Maritimes Affected Unsecured Creditor Class; and
- (ix) the ACNSI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class.

Excluded Claims

The CCAA Plan does not affect the following (each, an "**Excluded Claim**" and, collectively, the "**Excluded Claims**"):

- (i) any Claim secured by the Abitibi Administration Charge, the Bowater Administration Charge, the Abitibi D&O Charge, the Bowater D&O Charge, the ACI DIP Charge, the BI DIP Lenders Charge and the Bowater Adequate Protection Charge (each, a "**CCAA Charge Claim**");
- (ii) any Administrative Claim;
- (iii) any Secured Claim;
- (iv) any Securitization Claim;
- (v) subject to Subsection 2.5(c) of the CCAA Plan, any Inter-company Claim, including those secured by the ACI Inter-company Advances Charge and the BI Inter-company Advances Charge;
- (vi) any Claim of an employee of any of the Applicants who was employed by that Applicant as of April 16, 2009, other than Claims by any such employee who was required to file its Proof of Claim prior to April 7, 2010 or any applicable subsequent Claim Bar Date, pursuant to and in accordance with the Third Claims Procedure Order;
- (vii) any Post-filing Claim;
- (viii) any Allowed Insured Claim, provided that the Insured Claim Creditor agrees to relinquish and waive any right to any portion of any Claim, other than the Allowed Insured Claim, arising from the same incident or occurrence alleged to have occurred prior to the Implementation Date; and
- (ix) any Government Priority Claim.

Creditors with Excluded Claims will not be entitled to vote at any Creditors' Meeting or receive any distributions under the CCAA Plan in respect of the portion of their Claims which is an Excluded Claim. Nothing in the CCAA Plan shall affect the Applicants' rights and defences, both legal and equitable, with respect to any Excluded Claim including any rights with respect to legal and equitable defences or entitlements to set-offs or recoupments against such Excluded Claims.

Treatment of Affected Unsecured Creditors

- (a) Compromise of ACI Affected Unsecured Claims

- (i) Each ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor with Proven Claims the aggregate Face Amount of which is (A) equal to or less than Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent of US\$5,000) or (B) reduced, for distribution purposes only, to Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent of US\$5,000) pursuant to an election by the Holder made on the Election Notice, shall receive in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claims, a cash distribution in an amount equal to the lesser of 50% of the Face Amount of its Proven Claims and Cdn\$3,036.50 (being 50% of Cdn\$6,073), unless in the case of clause (A), such ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor files an Election Notice with the Monitor by the Election Deadline in which the ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor elects to receive, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against ACI, a distribution as set forth in the Subsection below. To be valid, an Election Notice must be received by the Monitor by the Election Deadline. Each Election Notice, once delivered to the Monitor, will be final and irrevocable and no ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor shall be entitled to change, revoke or withdraw its election to receive shares of New ABH Common Stock after the Election Deadline.
 - (ii) In accordance with the other provisions of the CCAA Plan and in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, each ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Proven Claim who does not receive a Cash distribution pursuant to the Subsection above will, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against ACI, ultimately receive its Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against ACI in Schedule "C" to the CCAA Plan, subject to Dilution, and, to the extent eligible, be entitled to participate in the portion of the Rights Offering, subject to the Section 1145 Cutback, allocated to ACI up to its Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against ACI in Schedule "C" to the CCAA Plan, provided, however, that each ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Proven Claim in respect of a 15.5% Senior Unsecured Note Claim against ACI will, in full and final satisfaction of such Proven Claim, ultimately receive its 15.5% Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against the name of ACI in Schedule "D" to the CCAA Plan, subject to Dilution, and, to the extent eligible, be entitled to participate in the portion of the Rights Offering allocated to ACI up to its 15.5% Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against ACI in Schedule "D" to the CCAA Plan.
- (b) **Compromise of ACCC Affected Unsecured Claims**
 - (i) Each ACCC Affected Unsecured Creditor with Proven Claims the aggregate Face Amount of which is (A) equal to or less than Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent of US\$5,000) or (B) reduced, for distribution purposes only, to Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent of US\$5,000) pursuant to an election by the Holder made on the Election Notice, shall receive in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claims, a cash distribution in an amount equal to the lesser of 50% of the Face Amount of its Proven Claims and Cdn\$3,036.50 (being 50% of Cdn\$6,073), unless in the case of clause (A), such ACCC Affected Unsecured Creditor files an Election Notice with the Monitor by the Election Deadline in which the ACCC Affected Unsecured Creditor elects to receive, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against ACCC, a distribution as set forth in Subsection below. To be valid, an Election Notice must be received by the Monitor by the Election Deadline. Each Election Notice, once delivered to the Monitor, will be final and irrevocable and no ACCC Affected Unsecured Creditor shall be entitled to change, revoke or withdraw its election to receive shares of New ABH Common Stock after receipt by the Monitor of such completed Election Notice.

- (ii) In accordance with the other provisions of the CCAA Plan and in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, each ACCC Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Proven Claim who does not receive a Cash distribution pursuant to Subsection above against ACCC will, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against ACCC, ultimately receive its Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against ACCC in Schedule "C" to the CCAA Plan, subject to Dilution, and, to the extent eligible, be entitled to participate in the portion of the Rights Offering, subject to the Section 1145 Cutback, allocated to ACCC up to its Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against ACCC in Schedule "C" to the CCAA Plan, provided, however, that each ACCC Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Proven Claim in respect of a 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Claim against ACCC will, in full and final satisfaction of such Proven Claim, ultimately receive its 15.5% Pro Rata Share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against the name of ACCC in Schedule "D" to the CCAA Plan, subject to Dilution, and, to the extent eligible, be entitled to participate in the portion of the Rights Offering allocated to ACCC up to its 15.5% Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against ACCC in Schedule "D" to the CCAA Plan.
- (c) **Compromise of 15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Claims**
 - (i) Each 15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Creditor with Proven Claims the aggregate Face Amount of which is (A) equal to or less than Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent of US\$5,000) or (B) reduced, for distribution purposes only, to Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent of US\$5,000) pursuant to an election by the Holder made on the Election Notice, shall receive in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claims, a cash distribution in an amount equal to the lesser of 50% of the Face Amount of its Proven Claims and Cdn\$3,036.50 (being 50% of Cdn\$6,073), unless in the case of clause (A), such 15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Creditor files an Election Notice with the Monitor by the Election Deadline in which the 15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Creditor elects to receive, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against the 15.5% Guarantor Applicants, a distribution as set forth in Subsection below. To be valid, an Election Notice must be received by the Monitor by the Election Deadline. Each Election Notice, once delivered to the Monitor, will be final and irrevocable and no 15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Creditor shall be entitled to change, revoke or withdraw its election to receive shares of New ABH Common Stock after receipt by the Monitor of such completed Election Notice.
 - (ii) In accordance with the other provisions of the CCAA Plan and in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, each 15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Proven Claim who does not receive a Cash distribution pursuant to the Subsection above against any 15.5% Guarantor Applicant will, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against such 15.5% Guarantor Applicant, ultimately receive its 15.5% Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against the name of such 15.5% Guarantor Applicant in Schedule "D" to the CCAA Plan, subject to Dilution, and, to the extent eligible, be entitled to participate in the portion of the Rights Offering, subject to the Section 1145 Cutback, allocated to each Guarantor Applicant up to its 15.5% Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against each Guarantor Applicant in Schedule "D" to the CCAA Plan.
- (d) **Compromise of Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Claims**

- (i) Each Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Creditor with Proven Claims the aggregate Face Amount of which is (A) equal to or less than Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent of US\$5,000) or (B) reduced, for distribution purposes only, to Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent of US\$5,000) pursuant to an election by the Holder made on the Election Notice, shall receive in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claims, a cash distribution in an amount equal to the lesser of 50% of the Face Amount of its Proven Claims and Cdn\$3,036.50 (being 50% of Cdn\$6,073), unless in the case of clause (A), such Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Creditor files an Election Notice with the Monitor by the Election Deadline in which the Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Creditor elects to receive, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against Saguenay Forest Products, a distribution as set forth in Subsection below. To be valid, an Election Notice must be received by the Monitor by the Election Deadline. Each Election Notice, once delivered to the Monitor, will be final and irrevocable and no Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Creditor shall be entitled to change, revoke or withdraw its election to receive shares of New ABH Common Stock after receipt by the Monitor of such completed Election Notice.
 - (ii) In accordance with the other provisions of the CCAA Plan and in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, each Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Proven Claim who does not receive a Cash distribution pursuant to the Subsection above will, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against Saguenay Forest Products, ultimately receive its Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against Saguenay Forest Products in Schedule "C" to the CCAA Plan, subject to Dilution, and, to the extent eligible, be entitled to participate in the portion of the Rights Offering, subject to the Section 1145 Cutback, allocated to ACI up to its Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against Saguenay Forest Products in Schedule "C" to the CCAA Plan, provided, however, that each Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Proven Claim in respect of a 15.5% Senior Unsecured Note Claim against Saguenay Forest Products will, in full and final satisfaction of such Proven Claim, ultimately receive its 15.5% Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against the name of Saguenay Forest Products in Schedule "D" to the CCAA Plan, subject to Dilution, and, to the extent eligible, be entitled to participate in the portion of the Rights Offering allocated to Saguenay Forest Products up to its 15.5% Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against Saguenay Forest Products in Schedule "D" to the CCAA Plan.
- (e) **Compromise of BCFPI Affected Unsecured Claim**
 - (i) Each BCFPI Affected Unsecured Creditor with Proven Claims the aggregate Face Amount of which is (A) equal to or less than Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent of US\$5,000) or (B) reduced, for distribution purposes only, to Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent of US\$5,000) pursuant to an election by the Holder made on the Election Notice, shall receive in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claims, a cash distribution in an amount equal to the lesser of 50% of the Face Amount of its Proven Claims and Cdn\$3,036.50 (being 50% of Cdn\$6,073), unless in the case of clause (A), such BCFPI Affected Unsecured Creditor files an Election Notice with the Monitor by the Election Deadline in which the BCFPI Affected Unsecured Creditor elects to receive, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against BCFPI, a distribution as set forth in Subsection below. To be valid, an Election Notice must be received by the Monitor by

the Election Deadline. Each Election Notice, once delivered to the Monitor, will be final and irrevocable and no BCFPI Affected Unsecured Creditor shall be entitled to change, revoke or withdraw its election to receive shares of New ABH Common Stock after receipt by the Monitor of such completed Election Notice..

- (ii) In accordance with the other provisions of the CCAA Plan and in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, each Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Proven Claim who does not receive a Cash distribution pursuant to this Subsection above will, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against BCFPI, ultimately receive its Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against BCFPI in Schedule "C" to the CCAA Plan, subject to Dilution, and, to the extent eligible, be entitled to participate in the portion of the Rights Offering, subject to the Section 1145 Cutback, allocated to BCFPI up to its Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against BCFPI in Schedule "C" to the CCAA Plan.

(f) Compromise of BCFC Affected Unsecured Claims

- (i) Each BCFC Affected Unsecured Creditor with Proven Claims the aggregate Face Amount of which is (A) equal to or less than Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent of US\$5,000) or (B) reduced, for distribution purposes only, to Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent of US\$5,000) pursuant to an election by the Holder made on the Election Notice, shall receive in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claims, a cash distribution in an amount equal to the lesser of 50% of the Face Amount of its Proven Claims and Cdn\$3,036.50 (being 50% of Cdn\$6,073), unless in the case of clause (A), unless such BCFC Affected Unsecured Creditor files an Election Notice with the Monitor by the Election Deadline in which the BCFC Affected Unsecured Creditor elects to receive, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against BCFC, a distribution as set forth in Subsection below. To be valid, an Election Notice must be received by the Monitor by the Election Deadline. Each Election Notice, once delivered to the Monitor, will be final and irrevocable and no BCFC Affected Unsecured Creditor shall be entitled to change, revoke or withdraw its election to receive shares of New ABH Common Stock after receipt by the Monitor of such completed Election Notice.
- (ii) In accordance with the other provisions of the CCAA Plan and in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, each BCFC Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Proven Claim who does not receive a Cash distribution pursuant to the Subsection above will, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against BCFC, ultimately receive its Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against BCFC in Schedule "C" to the CCAA Plan, subject to Dilution, and, to the extent eligible, be entitled to participate in the portion of the Rights Offering, subject to the Section 1145 Cutback, allocated to BCFC up to its Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against BCFC in Schedule "C" to the CCAA Plan.

(g) Compromise of AbitibiBowater Canada Affected Unsecured Claims

- (i) Each AbitibiBowater Canada Affected Unsecured Creditor with Proven Claims the aggregate Face Amount of which is (A) equal to or less than Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent of US\$5,000) or (B) reduced, for distribution purposes only, to Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to

be the equivalent of US\$5,000) pursuant to an election by the Holder made on the Election Notice, shall receive in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claims, a cash distribution in an amount equal to the lesser of 50% of the Face Amount of its Proven Claims and Cdn\$3,036.50 (being 50% of Cdn\$6,073), unless in the case of clause (A), such AbitibiBowater Canada Affected Unsecured Creditor files an Election Notice with the Monitor by the Election Deadline in which the AbitibiBowater Canada Affected Unsecured Creditor elects to receive, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against AbitibiBowater Canada, a distribution as set forth in Subsection below. To be valid, an Election Notice must be received by the Monitor by the Election Deadline. Each Election Notice, once delivered to the Monitor, will be final and irrevocable and no AbitibiBowater Canada Affected Unsecured Creditor shall be entitled to change, revoke or withdraw its election to receive shares of New ABH Common Stock after receipt by the Monitor of such completed Election Notice.

- (ii) In accordance with the other provisions of the CCAA Plan and in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, each AbitibiBowater Canada Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Proven Claim who does not receive a Cash distribution pursuant to the Subsection above will, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against AbitibiBowater Canada, ultimately receive its Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against AbitibiBowater Canada in Schedule "C" to the CCAA Plan, subject to Dilution, and, to the extent eligible, be entitled to participate in the portion of the Rights Offering, subject to the Section 1145 Cutback, allocated to AbitibiBowater Canada up to its Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against AbitibiBowater Canada in Schedule "C" to the CCAA Plan.

(h) **Compromise of Bowater Maritimes Affected Unsecured Claims**

- (i) Each Bowater Maritimes Affected Unsecured Creditor with Proven Claims the aggregate Face Amount of which is (A) equal to or less than Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent of US\$5,000) or (B) reduced, for distribution purposes only, to Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent of US\$5,000) pursuant to an election by the Holder made on the Election Notice, shall receive in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claims, a cash distribution in an amount equal to the lesser of 50% of the Face Amount of its Proven Claims and Cdn\$3,036.50 (being 50% of Cdn\$6,073), unless in the case of clause (A), such Bowater Maritimes Affected Unsecured Creditor files an Election Notice with the Monitor by the Election Deadline in which the Bowater Maritimes Affected Unsecured Creditor elects to receive, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against Bowater Maritimes, a distribution as set forth in Subsection below. To be valid, an Election Notice must be received by the Monitor by the Election Deadline. Each Election Notice, once delivered to the Monitor, will be final and irrevocable and no ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor shall be entitled to change, revoke or withdraw its election to receive shares of New ABH Common Stock after receipt by the Monitor of such completed Election Notice.
- (ii) In accordance with the other provisions of the CCAA Plan and in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, each Bowater Maritimes Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Proven Claim who does not receive a Cash distribution pursuant to the Subsection above will, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against Bowater Maritimes, ultimately receive its Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against Bowater Maritimes in Schedule "C" to the CCAA Plan, subject to Dilution, and, to the extent eligible, be entitled to participate in the portion of the Rights Offering, subject to the Section 1145 Cutback, allocated to Bowater Maritimes up to its Pro Rata share of the number of shares

of New ABH Common Stock set forth against Bowater Maritimes in Schedule "C" to the CCAA Plan.

- (i) Compromise of ACNSI Affected Unsecured Claims.
 - (i) Each ACNSI Affected Unsecured Creditor with Proven Claims the aggregate Face Amount of which is (A) equal to or less than Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent of US\$5,000) or (B) reduced, for distribution purposes only, to Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent of US\$5,000) pursuant to an election by the Holder made on the Election Notice, shall receive in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claims, a cash distribution in an amount equal to the lesser of 50% of the Face Amount of its Proven Claims and Cdn\$3,036.50 (being 50% of Cdn\$6,073), unless in the case of clause (A), unless such ACNSI Affected Unsecured Creditor files an Election Notice with the Monitor by the Election Deadline in which the ACNSI Affected Unsecured Creditor elects to receive, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against ACNSI, a distribution as set forth in Subsection below. To be valid, an Election Notice must be received by the Monitor by the Election Deadline. Each Election Notice, once delivered to the Monitor, will be final and irrevocable and no ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor shall be entitled to change, revoke or withdraw its election to receive shares of New ABH Common Stock after receipt by the Monitor of such completed Election Notice.
 - (ii) In accordance with the other provisions of the CCAA Plan and in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, each ACNSI Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Proven Claim who does not receive a Cash distribution pursuant to the Subsection above will, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against ACNSI, ultimately receive its Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against ACNSI in Schedule "C" to the CCAA Plan, subject to Dilution, and be entitled to participate in the Rights Offering, provided, however, that each ACNSI Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Proven Claim in respect of a 15.5% Senior Unsecured Note Claim against ACNSI will, in full and final satisfaction of such Proven Claim, ultimately receive its 15.5% Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against the name of ACNSI in Schedule "D" to the CCAA Plan, subject to Dilution, and, to the extent eligible, be entitled to participate in the portion of the Rights Offering, subject to the Section 1145 Cutback, allocated to ACNSI up to its 15.5% Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against ACNSI in Schedule "C" to the CCAA Plan.

No Vote Occurrence

Unless otherwise set forth in the CCAA Plan, Affected Unsecured Creditors in any Affected Unsecured Creditor Class that fails to approve the CCAA Plan by the affirmative vote of the Required Majority or in respect of which the CCAA Plan is not sanctioned by the Court (each, a "**No Vote Occurrence**") shall be deemed to be Unaffected Creditors in respect of their Claims against that No Vote Applicant for the purposes of the CCAA Plan.

In the event of a No Vote Occurrence, each Applicant affected by such No Vote Occurrence (each, a "**No Vote Applicant**") or any other Applicant or Partnership may undertake, at its sole and absolute discretion, any transactions necessary for such No Vote Applicant's equity or other interests in any other Applicant or Partnership (each, a "**No Vote Investee Applicant**") to be changed, exchanged, cancelled, redeemed, reorganized, transferred or otherwise dealt with, for NIL consideration.

In the event of a No Vote Occurrence, any Inter-company Claim held by a No Vote Applicant shall be deemed to be an Affected Unsecured Claim for the purposes of the CCAA Plan and shall be compromised in

accordance with the CCAA Plan, even though such No Vote Applicant shall not have voted in respect of the CCAA Plan.

Treatment of Unaffected Creditors

(a) CCAA Charge and Administrative Claims

Except as provided below in respect of the BI DIP Claims, Holders of CCAA Charge Claims shall receive full payment in Cash of such Claims at such times and in such amounts as may be determined by the Monitor or the Court from time to time. Except as otherwise specifically provided in the CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan, the Holders of Administrative Claims shall receive full payment in Cash of such Claims in accordance with the principles set out in the U.S. Plan. In addition, to the extent any obligation that would otherwise constitute an Administrative Claim is paid as a CCAA Charge under the CCAA Plan, such payment shall be the only payment to be made on account of such Administrative Claim in the CCAA Proceedings and the Chapter 11 Cases.

(b) Secured Claims

On the Implementation Date, Holders of Secured Claims (a) shall receive full payment in Cash of their applicable Proven Secured Claims (other than their Proven Secured Claims in respect of any BCFPI Secured Bank Letter of Credit), and (b) in respect of any BCFPI Secured Bank Letter of Credit shall (i) receive on, or as soon as practicable after, but in any event not later than five (5) Business Days after, the Implementation Date, cash collateral in the aggregate face amount of the BCFPI Secured Bank Letter of Credit plus an amount sufficient to cover all fees for the term of each BCFPI Secured Bank Letter of Credit and in the currency of such BCFPI Secured Bank Letter of Credit, (ii) have returned undrawn to the BCFPI Administrative Agent the BCFPI Secured Bank Letters of Credit and such BCFPI Secured Bank Letters of Credit shall be extinguished, or (iii) receive treatment with respect to the BCFPI Secured Bank Letters of Credit on such other terms the Applicants and Holders of such Secured Claims may agree.

(c) Securitization Claims

On the Implementation Date, in accordance with the U.S. Plan, all outstanding receivable interests purchased under the Securitization Facility will be repurchased in Cash for a price equal to the par amount thereof plus accrued and unpaid yield and fees and Servicer fees payable under the Securitization Facility, and any unpaid fees and expenses or other amounts payable under the Securitization Facility whether by an Applicant or an affiliate of the Applicants, and any and all Securitization Claims shall be paid in full in Cash. On the Implementation Date, after all such receivable interests are repurchased and all such payments are made, the Securitization Facility shall be terminated, and all Securitization Claims shall be deemed fully satisfied and released.

(d) BI DIP Lenders Claims

On the Implementation Date, the BI DIP Lenders and the BI DIP Agent shall receive full payment in Cash of their applicable BI DIP Claims.

(e) Inter-company Claims

Subject to Section 2.5(c) of the CCAA Plan, at the sole and absolute discretion of the Applicants, any and all Inter-company Claims may be ratified, in whole or in part, by the Applicants, and treated in the ordinary course of business, amended, repaid or cancelled and discharged, in whole or in part, in the manner and the sequence set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, provided, however, that any such elections by the Applicants hereunder or under the Restructuring Transactions Notice shall not impact any recoveries under the CCAA Plan.

(f) Allowed Insured Claims

Except as otherwise specifically provided for in the CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan and provided that the Insured Claim Creditor agrees to relinquish and waive any right to any portion of any Claim, other than the Allowed

Insured Claim, arising from an incident or occurrence alleged to have occurred prior to the Implementation Date and having given rise to such Allowed Insured Claim, such Insured Claim Creditor shall receive, in full and final satisfaction of its Insurance Claim, a Cash distribution in an amount equal to the net payment made by the Insurer to the Applicants in respect of such Allowed Insured Claim, less the amount of any payment made directly by the Insurer to such Insured Claim Creditor.

(g) Deemed Unaffected Creditors

Affected Unsecured Creditors deemed to be Unaffected Creditors pursuant to the CCAA Plan and as described above under Section "No Vote Occurrence" shall not be entitled to receive any distribution under the CCAA Plan.

(h) Government Priority Claims

Within six months after the Sanction Order, the Applicants will pay in full all Government Priority Claims.

(i) Supplemental Distribution

The Applicants shall, as soon as practicable on or after the Implementation Date, make a supplemental distribution in Cash in a maximum individual amount to be determined by the Applicants, in consultation with the Monitor, to such present or former employees: (i) who were employed by the Applicants, other than the Cross-border Debtors, on or after the Date of Filing, and (ii) who are holding an Affected Unsecured Claim that is a Proven Claim (the "**Supplemental Distribution**"); provided, however, that the aggregate amount payable hereunder shall not exceed Cdn\$ five million. No later than ten days prior to the Implementation Date, the Applicants, other than the Cross-border Debtors, shall determine, in consultation with the Monitor, the employees who shall be entitled to receive such Supplemental Distribution (the "**Eligible Employees**") and the pro rata amount of the Supplemental Distribution to be allocated to each Eligible Employee, provided, however, that (i) no Eligible Employee shall have a right of review or appeal in respect of such allocation which shall, for all purposes, be final and binding upon the Eligible Employees, and (ii) any Affected Claim of each Eligible Employee shall, for distribution purposes under the CCAA Plan, be reduced by the amount of such Eligible Employee's Supplemental Distribution.

Monitor's Fees and Expenses

The Monitor's fees and expenses, including the fees and disbursements of its counsel shall be paid from time to time by the Applicants.

No Distribution of New ABH Common Stock to Unaffected Creditors

Under no circumstances, including under the CCAA Plan or the U.S Plan, shall Unaffected Creditors receive a distribution of shares of New ABH Common Stock.

Exchangeable Shares

The Exchangeable Shares together with all ancillary documents in connection therewith or which relate thereto, including the amended and restated support agreement among ABH, BCHI, AbitibiBowater Canada and Bowater and the amended and restated voting and exchange trust agreement among AbitibiBowater Canada, BCHI, ABI, Bowater and Computershare Trust Company of Canada, shall be cancelled and terminated, as the case may be, in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice and the holders of Exchangeable Shares shall not be entitled to receive any distribution, consideration or other compensation on account thereof.

Distribution in Respect of Disputed Claims and Fractional Shares

(a) No Distributions Pending Allowance

The CCAA Plan provides that no distributions will be made with respect to a Disputed Claim unless and until it has become a Proven Claim. Prior to the Implementation Date, Disputed Claims will be dealt with in accordance with the Claims Procedure Orders, the Cross-border Claims Protocol and the Cross-border Voting Protocol. Following the Implementation Date, the resolution of Disputed Claims will continue to be dealt with in accordance with the Claims Procedure Orders, the Cross-border Claims Protocol and the Cross-border Voting Protocol.

(b) The Applicants Reserve

As of the Initial Distribution Date, the Monitor, in its capacity as Disbursing Agent, shall establish the Applicants Reserve by holding on account of Disputed Claims, a number of shares of New ABH Common Stock equal to the amount of shares of New ABH Common Stock that the Holders of Disputed Claims would be entitled to receive if all such Disputed Claims had been Proven Claims in their entire amount on the Initial Distribution Record Date. The shares of New ABH Common Stock deposited in the Applicants Reserve shall not be voted by the Monitor, in its capacity as Disbursing Agent and holder of record of such securities, except pursuant to, and in accordance with, an Order of the Court.

(c) Distributions From the Applicants Reserve Once Disputed Claims Resolved

The Monitor, in its capacity as Disbursing Agent, shall make allocations from the Applicants Reserve to Holders of Proven Claims following the Initial Distribution Date in accordance with the CCAA Plan. To the extent that Disputed Claims become Proven Claims after the Initial Distribution Record Date, the Monitor, in its capacity as Disbursing Agent, shall on the applicable Interim Distribution Date or the Final Distribution Date, distribute from the Applicants Reserve to the Holders of such Proven Claims, the shares of New ABH Common Stock which they would have been entitled to receive in respect of such Proven Claims had such Affected Claims been Proven Claims on the Initial Distribution Record Date. To the extent that any Disputed Claim or a portion thereof has become a Disallowed Claim after the Initial Distribution Record Date, then the Monitor, in its capacity as Disbursing Agent, shall distribute on the applicable Interim Distribution Date or the Final Distribution Date, to the Holders of Affected Unsecured Claims that have previously been adjudicated under the CCAA Plan to be Proven Claims, their Pro Rata share from the Applicants Reserve, of such additional shares of New ABH Common Stock kept in the Applicants Reserve on account of such Disallowed Claims. The Monitor, in its capacity as Disbursing Agent shall make its last distribution on the Final Distribution Date.

Implementation of the CCAA Plan

CCAA Plan Transactions

Each of the following transactions contemplated by and provided for under the CCAA Plan, including the Restructuring Transactions, will be consummated and effected and shall for all purposes be deemed to occur on or after the Implementation Date, in the manner and the sequence as set forth below or in the Restructuring Transactions Notice. Accordingly, all of the actions, documents, agreements and funding necessary to implement all such transactions must be in place and be final and irrevocable prior to the Implementation Date, to be held in escrow until their release without any further act or formality, except as provided in the Sanction Order.

On or after the Implementation Date, each of the following transactions shall be consummated and effected:

- (a) **Restructuring Transactions.** Each of the steps and transactions comprising the Restructuring Transactions shall be effected in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice.
- (b) **Exit Loan Facilities.** The Reorganized Debtors will enter into definitive documentation, in a form and in substance satisfactory to the Applicants, with respect to the Exit Loan Facilities in an aggregate amount up to (A) US\$2.3 billion, less (B) cash on hand and proceeds from the Rights Offering. The Applicants will borrow funds under the Exit Loan Facilities in amounts which,

together with such other Cash as is then available to the Applicants, will be sufficient to make all Cash distributions to be made under the CCAA Plan and the U.S Plan.

- (c) **Payment of Certain Excluded Claims.** The Excluded Claims that pursuant to the CCAA Plan are required to be paid on the Implementation Date shall be paid or provided for in full as set forth in the CCAA Plan.
- (d) **New ABH Common Stock.** The shares of New ABH Common Stock to be distributed to Affected Unsecured Creditors will be delivered in accordance with the CCAA Plan, including the Restructuring Transactions.
- (e) **Compromise of Debt.** The Affected Claims will be settled, compromised, released or otherwise dealt with in accordance with the CCAA Plan and in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice.
- (f) **Rights Offering.** The Applicants may implement a rights offering (the "**Rights Offering**") for the issuance of convertible unsecured subordinated notes (the "**Rights Offering Notes**"), on terms and in substance reasonably satisfactory to the Applicants and the Reorganized Debtors. The Rights Offerings Notes will be (A) in an amount not to exceed US\$500 million in accordance with the terms of the Backstop Agreement (B) made available to Affected Unsecured Creditors in the Chapter 11 Cases and the CCAA Proceedings, (C) subject to Court and Bankruptcy Court approval. The number of Rights Offering Notes for which any Eligible Holder may subscribe in the Rights Offering may be decreased by the Applicants and the Reorganized Debtors to the extent required, as required by the Bankruptcy Court, to allow the Rights Offering to be exempt from registration under the U.S. Securities Act pursuant to Section 1145 of the Bankruptcy Code (the "**Section 1145 Cutback**"). The Applicants shall be authorized to implement procedures, and amend supplement, modify or enter into agreements and take such actions as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate and implement the provisions of the Rights Offering, and effectuate the distribution of the Rights Offering Notes, without any further Order. Any Rights Offering Notes excluded from the Rights Offering due to a Section 1145 Cutback will instead be offered to the Backstop Parties for purchase on or before the Implementation Date as Unsubscribed Notes.
- (g) **Reserve for Disputed Claims.** The Applicants Reserve will be established.
- (h) **CCAA Charges Cancelled.** The CCAA Charges will be cancelled, provided that the BI DIP Lenders Charge shall be cancelled on the condition that the BI DIP Claims are paid in full on the Implementation Date.
- (i) **Expiry of the Stay Period.** The Stay Termination Date will occur.

Restructuring Transactions

The Applicants shall take actions as may be necessary or appropriate to effect the Restructuring Transactions as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, including all of the transactions described in the CCAA Plan and the U.S. Plan and the transactions necessary or appropriate to simplify the Applicants' and the Partnerships' structure and to effect a restructuring of their respective businesses. Such actions may include: (i) the execution and delivery of appropriate articles, agreements or other documents of incorporation, merger, amalgamation, consolidation, arrangement, continuation, restructuring, exchange, conversion, liquidation, winding-up, dissolution, transfer, reorganization, repayments, cancellations, discharges or other transaction containing terms that are consistent with the terms of the CCAA Plan and the U.S. Plan; (ii) the execution and delivery of appropriate instruments of transfer, assignment, assumption, including, where applicable, with respect to the assumption of liabilities upon the transfer or assignment of assets or liquidation or winding-up of the business of any Applicant or Partnerships guarantee, or delegation of any property, right, privilege, liability, duty or obligation on terms consistent with the terms of the CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan in each case without the need to obtain any consent by any Person; (iii) the filing of appropriate articles, agreements or other documents of incorporation, merger,

amalgamation, consolidation, arrangement, continuation, restructuring, conversion, liquidation, winding-up, dissolution, transfer, reorganization, repayments, cancellations, discharges or other transaction with the appropriate Governmental Entities under applicable Law; (iv) the manner and the sequence in which the Affected Claims are settled, compromised or otherwise dealt with, and (v) all other actions that the Applicants or the Partnerships determine are necessary or appropriate to give effect to the Restructuring Transactions, including the making of filings or recordings in connection with the relevant Restructuring Transactions. The form of each Restructuring Transaction shall, where applicable, be determined by each of the Applicants, the Partnerships and the U.S. Debtors and their successors party to any Restructuring Transaction, and shall be approved by the Monitor, provided, however, that the Applicants, the Partnerships and the U.S. Debtors reserve the right to undertake transactions in lieu of or in addition to such Restructuring Transactions as the Applicants, the Partnerships and the U.S. Debtors may deem necessary or appropriate under the circumstances and as approved by the Monitor. The implementation of any of the Restructuring Transactions shall not affect the distributions under the CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan.

The Restructuring Transactions Notice will be posted on the Monitor's website, at www.ey.com/ca/abitibowater, and will also be announced by way of press release concurrently with such posting.

Corporate Action

On the Implementation Date and, where applicable, in the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, all corporate actions contemplated by the CCAA Plan, including the Restructuring Transactions, shall be deemed to have been authorized and approved in all respects (subject to the provisions of the CCAA Plan). All matters provided for in the CCAA Plan, including the Restructuring Transactions, shall be deemed to have timely occurred, including, where applicable, in the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, in accordance with applicable Law, and shall be effective, without any requirement of further action by the creditors, securityholders, directors, officers, managers or partners of any of the Applicants, the Partnerships or Reorganized Debtors. On the Implementation Date, and, where applicable, in the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, the appropriate directors and officers of the Applicants, the Partnerships or Reorganized Debtors shall be authorized and directed to issue, execute and deliver the agreements, documents, securities and instruments contemplated by the CCAA Plan, including the Restructuring Transactions, in the name of and on behalf thereof.

Continued Existence and Vesting of Assets in Reorganized Debtors

- (a) On and after the Final Restructuring Transactions Time, after giving effect to each of the Restructuring Transactions contemplated in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, each of the Reorganized Debtors shall continue to exist as a separate entity, with all the powers of a corporation, limited liability company, unlimited liability company, partnership or such other entity, as the case may be, in accordance with the applicable Law in the jurisdiction in which it is incorporated, organized or otherwise formed and pursuant to its constating documents in effect prior to the Implementation Date, except to the extent such Law or documents are amended or changed pursuant to the CCAA Plan, including the Restructuring Transactions, or the U.S. Plan, as applicable, without prejudice to any right to change such documents or Law or terminate such existence thereafter.
- (b) The continued existence, operation, and ownership of such non-Applicant and non-U.S. Debtor affiliates and related entities are a component of those affiliates of, or entitled related to, the Applicants that are neither Applicants in the CCAA Proceedings nor Debtors in the U.S. Cases, each of which is a component of the Applicants' businesses, are unaffected, and all of the Applicants' equity or other interests in such non-Applicant and non-U.S. Debtor affiliates and related entities that are assigned or transferred in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice shall vest in the applicable Reorganized Debtor.
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in the CCAA Plan, all property of the Applicants and the Partnerships assigned or transferred in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, including all claims, privileges, rights (including all rights in any executory contracts, unexpired leases, Timber Supply and Forest Management Agreements

(TSFMAs) or tenure agreements) and causes of action, shall vest in the applicable Reorganized Debtors free and clear of all Claims and Liens.

CCAA Vesting Order

The Applicants, the Partnerships and the Reorganized Debtors shall be entitled to request one or more CCAA Vesting Order(s) from the Court, which shall provide for the transfer and assignment to the Applicants, the Partnerships or Reorganized Debtors of assets in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice. The Order of the Bankruptcy Court confirming the U.S. Plan pursuant to Section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code shall constitute the Bankruptcy Court's approval of such transfers and assignments for purposes of the Chapter 11 Cases. The CCAA Vesting Order(s) shall constitute the Court's approval of such transfers and assignments for purposes of the CCAA Proceedings. The Affected Unsecured Creditors shall be deemed to have consented to such transfers and assignments.

Dissolution of Certain Applicants and Partnerships

All Applicants and Partnerships to be dissolved pursuant to the Restructuring Transactions shall be deemed dissolved for all purposes without the necessity for any other or further action by or on behalf of any Person, including the Applicants or the Partnerships or their respective securityholders, directors, officers, managers or partners or for any payments to be made in connection therewith; provided, however, that the Applicants, the Partnerships and the Reorganized Debtors shall cause to be filed with the appropriate Governmental Entities articles, agreements or other documents of dissolution for the dissolved Applicants or Partnerships to the extent required by applicable Law. On and after the Implementation Date, the Applicants or Partnerships and the Reorganized Debtors shall not be required to file any document, or take any other action, to withdraw the business operations of any dissolved Applicants or Partnerships from any jurisdiction in which such Applicants or Partnerships previously conducted their business operations.

Listing of Shares of New ABH Common Stock

Reorganized ABH and the Applicants shall use their reasonable best efforts to cause the New ABH Common Stock to be listed on the New York Stock Exchange, the NASDAQ Global Market or NASDAQ Global Select Market and/or the Toronto Stock Exchange.

Distributions under the CCAA Plan

(a) Distributions for Claims Allowed as at the Initial Distribution Date

Except as otherwise provided herein or as ordered by the Court, distributions to be made on account of Affected Claims that are Proven Claims as at the Initial Distribution Record Date shall be made on the Initial Distribution Date. Thereafter, distributions on account of Affected Claims that are determined to be Proven Claims after the Initial Distribution Record Date shall be made on the Interim Distribution Date or the Final Distribution Date and in accordance with Article 5 and Article 7 of the CCAA Plan.

(b) Assignment of Claims

For purposes of determining entitlement to receive any distribution pursuant to the CCAA Plan, the Applicants, the Disbursing Agent and the Servicers, and each of their respective agents, successors and assigns, shall have no obligation to recognize any transfer or assignment of any Affected Claim unless and until notice of the transfer or assignment from either the transferor, assignor, transferee or assignee, together with evidence showing ownership, in whole or in part, of such Affected Claim and that such transfer or assignment was valid at Law, has been received by the affected Applicants, the Disbursing Agent or the Servicer, as the case may be, at least ten Business Days prior to the Initial Distribution Record Date, any Interim Distribution Record Date or the Final Distribution Date.

(c) Interest on Affected Unsecured Claims

- (i) The amount of each Affected Unsecured Claim shall, for all purposes other than for voting and distribution purposes, include the interest accrued thereon, if any, as of the Implementation Date calculated in accordance with the contract or other arrangement giving rise to such Affected Unsecured Claim. The Face Amount of each Affected Unsecured Claim shall, for voting and distribution purposes, be valued as of the Date of Filing without regard to any interest accruing thereon thereafter and such interest accrual shall not in any way diminish or otherwise affect the operation and scope of the settlement or compromise of the Affected Claims nor the full and complete releases provided for in the CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan in respect of capital, interest or otherwise.
- (ii) To the extent that any Proven Claim to which a distribution under the CCAA Plan relates is comprised of indebtedness and accrued but unpaid interest thereon, such distribution shall, to the extent permitted by applicable Law, be allocated to the principal amount of the Proven Claim first and then, to the extent that the consideration exceeds the principal amount of the Proven Claim, to the portion of such Proven Claim representing accrued but unpaid interest (including interest in respect of any secured portion of such Proven Claim).

(d) Distributions by Disbursing Agent

The Disbursing Agent shall make all distributions required under the CCAA Plan subject to the provisions of Article 5 and Article 7 of the CCAA Plan. If the Disbursing Agent is an independent third party, then such Disbursing Agent shall receive, without further Court approval, reasonable compensation for distribution services rendered pursuant to the CCAA Plan and reimbursement of reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with such services from the Applicants on terms acceptable to the Applicants. No Disbursing Agent shall be required to give any bond or surety or other security for the performance of its duties unless otherwise ordered by the Court.

(e) Disbursing Agent Shall Not Distribute Cash Below Cdn\$10

The Disbursing Agent shall not be required to, but may in its sole and absolute discretion: (a) make Cash distributions to Holders of Proven Claims in an amount less than Cdn\$10; or (b) make any distribution on account of any Proven Claim in the event that the costs of making such payment exceed the amount of such distribution.

(f) Disbursing Agent Shall Not Distribute Fractional Shares

Only whole numbers of shares of New ABH Common Stock shall be distributed to Holders of Proven Claims. When any distribution on account of any Proven Claim would otherwise result in the distribution of a number of shares of New ABH Common Stock that is not a whole number, the actual distribution of such shares shall be rounded to the next higher or lower whole number of shares as follows: (i) fractions equal to or greater than $\frac{1}{2}$ shall be rounded to the next higher whole number; and (ii) fractions less than $\frac{1}{2}$ shall be rounded to the next lower number. No consideration shall be provided in lieu of fractional shares of New ABH Common Stock that are rounded down.

(g) Disbursing Agent Shall Not Distribute Fractional Cents

No payment of fractional cents will be made. Whenever any payment of a fraction of a cent would otherwise be called for, the actual payment shall reflect a rounding down of such fraction to the nearest whole cent.

(h) Delivery of Distributions

- (i) Proven Claims.

Subject to Section 7.2 of the CCAA Plan, distributions to Holders of Proven Claims shall be made by the Disbursing Agent or the appropriate Servicer (i) at the addresses set forth on the Proofs of Claim filed by such Holders (or at the last known addresses of such Holders if no Proof of Claim is filed or if the Applicants or the Monitor has been notified in writing of a change of address), (ii) at the addresses set forth in any written notice of address change delivered to the Disbursing Agent after the date of any related Proof of Claim, and (iii) in the case of a Holder of an Affected Claim whose Affected Claim is governed by an agreement and administered by a Servicer, at the addresses contained in the official records of such Servicer.

(ii) Undeliverable Distributions.

If any distribution to a Holder of a Proven Claim is returned as undeliverable, no further distributions to such Holder of such Claim shall be made unless and until the Disbursing Agent or the appropriate Servicer is notified of then-current address of such Holder, at which time all missed distributions shall be made to such Holder without interest. Undeliverable distributions shall be returned to the Reorganized Debtors until such distributions are claimed. The Applicants shall make reasonable efforts to locate Holders of Proven Claims for which distributions were undeliverable. Notwithstanding the foregoing, all claims for undeliverable distributions must be made on or before the date that is 90 days after the Initial Distribution Date, the applicable Interim Distribution Date or the Final Distribution Date as the case may be, after which date all unclaimed property shall revert to the Reorganized Debtors free of any restrictions or claims thereon and the Claim of any Holder or successor to such Holder with respect to such property shall be discharged and forever barred.

(i) Withholding Taxes

In connection with the CCAA Plan, all distributions made hereunder by the Disbursing Agent shall be made net of all applicable Taxes. Notwithstanding any other provision of the CCAA Plan, each Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Proven Claim that is to receive a distribution pursuant to the CCAA Plan shall have sole and exclusive responsibility for the satisfaction and payment of any Tax obligations imposed by any Governmental Entity (including income, withholding and other Tax obligations on account of such distribution), and no distribution shall be made to or on behalf of such Affected Unsecured Creditor pursuant to the CCAA Plan unless and until such Affected Unsecured Creditor has made arrangements satisfactory to the Disbursing Agent and the Applicants for the payment and satisfaction of such Tax obligations. The Disbursing Agent shall be authorized to take any and all actions as may be necessary or appropriate to comply with such withholding and reporting requirements. All amounts withheld on account of Taxes shall be treated for all purposes as having been paid to the Affected Unsecured Creditor in respect of which such withholding was made, provided such withheld amounts are remitted to the appropriate Governmental Entity.

(j) Multiple Affected Claims

Without limitation to the provisions of any Law prohibiting double recovery, subject to Section 4.4 of the CCAA, for voting and distribution purposes, in respect of all Affected Creditors and their rights in respect of Affected Claims: (i) all guarantees of an Applicant of the payment or performance by another Applicant with respect to any Affected Claim will be recognized; (ii) each Affected Claim and all guarantees by an Applicant of such Affected Claim will be treated as multiple Affected Claims against the Applicants; and (iii) any joint obligation of any Applicant with another Applicant will be treated as two separate Affected Claims against the Applicants, provided, however, that the aggregate recovery on account of any Proven Claim or Allowed Claim (as defined under the U.S. Plan) from all sources, including distributions under the CCAA Plan, the U.S. Plan or a combination of both, regardless of whether on account of a theory of primary or secondary liability, by reason of guarantee, surety indemnity, joint and several obligations or otherwise, shall not exceed (A) 100% of the underlying indebtedness, liability or obligation giving rise to such Claim or, (B) where the underlying indebtedness, liability or obligation giving rise to such Claim is denominated in a currency (the "**Original Currency**") other than Canadian dollars, 100% of such underlying indebtedness, liability or obligation after conversion of the value of the distributions

received in Canadian dollars back to the Original Currency at the Bank of Canada noon spot rate of exchange for exchanging Canadian dollars to the Original Currency on the date of applicable Initial Distribution Date, Interim Distribution Date or the Final Distribution Date.

(k) No Double Recovery on Allowed Cross-border Claims

Without limitation to the provisions of any Law prohibiting double recovery double recovery, to the extent that any Claim is both a Proven Claim against a Cross-border Debtor under the CCAA Plan and an Allowed Claim (as defined in the U.S. Plan) against the same Cross-border Debtor under the U.S. Plan (each an "**Allowed Cross-border Claim**"), (i) there shall only be a single recovery on account of such Allowed Cross-border Claim under the CCAA Plan and the U.S. Plan, and (ii) the aggregate distribution which such Allowed Cross-border Claim shall receive, whether under the CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan or a combination of both, shall not exceed the greatest distribution which such Allowed Cross-border Claim would be entitled to receive under the CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan.

(l) Convenience Claims Against the Cross-border Debtors.

The threshold under Subsections 2.4(e)(i), 2.4(f)(i), 2.4(g)(i) and 2.4(h)(i) of the CCAA Plan (Cdn\$6,073) and the Convenience Claim threshold of the U.S. Plan (US\$5,000) account for differences caused by the foreign exchange rate between the U.S. and Canadian dollars as of the Date of Filing. Only with respect to Cross-border Debtors, for purposes of determining whether a Claim is a Convenience Claim as defined in the U.S. Plan or a Cross-border Convenience Claim as defined in the CCAA Plan, (A) all eligible Claims will be valued in Canadian dollars using the Date of Filing Exchange Rate, (B) will be determined in reference to the dollar thresholds established for such treatment under the CCAA Plan (Cdn\$6,073). and (C) Cash distributions on account of such Claims, if proven, will be made in Canadian dollars.

(m) Guarantees and Similar Covenants

No Person who has a Claim under any guarantee, surety, indemnity solidary or joint and several obligations or otherwise in respect of any Claim which is settled, compromised, released or otherwise dealt with under the CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan or who has any right in respect of, or to be subrogated to, the rights of any Person in respect of a Claim which is compromised under the CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan shall be entitled to any greater rights than the Affected Unsecured Creditor whose Claim is settled, compromised, released, or otherwise dealt with under the CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan.

(n) Payment of Servicer Fees

The Applicants shall reimburse any Indenture Trustees for reasonable and necessary services performed by it (including reasonable attorneys' fees and documented out-of-pocket expenses) in connection with the CCAA and related proceedings and the making of distributions under the CCAA Plan to Holders of Proven Claims, without the need for approval by the Court. To the extent that there are any disputes that the Applicants are unable to resolve with the Indenture Trustees, Applicants shall report to the Court as to whether there are any unresolved disputes regarding the reasonableness of the Indenture Trustees' (and their attorneys') fees and expenses. Any such unresolved disputes may be submitted to the Court for resolution.

(o) Special Provisions Regarding Allowed Insured Claims

In the event an Insured Claim Creditor does not agree to relinquish and waive any right to any Claim, other than the Allowed Insured Claim, arising from an incident or occurrence alleged to have occurred prior to the Implementation Date and having given rise to such Allowed Insured Claim, the whole in accordance with "*The CCAA Plan – Description of the CCAA Plan – Restructuring*", distributions under the CCAA Plan to such Insured Claim Creditor will be in accordance with the treatment provided under the CCAA Plan for the Affected Unsecured Creditor Class in which such Allowed Insured Claim is classified, but solely to the extent that such Allowed Insured Claim is not satisfied from proceeds payable to such Insured Claim Creditor thereof under any Insurance Contracts and applicable Law; provided, however, that (i) no distributions shall be made on account of any Allowed Insured

Claim that is payable pursuant to an Insurance Contract until the Insured Claim Creditor has exhausted all remedies with respect to such Insurance Contract; and (ii) distributions to Insured Claim Creditor by any Insurer shall be in accordance with the provisions of the applicable Insurance Contract. To the extent that one or more of the Insurers agrees to satisfy an Allowed Insured Claim (if and to the extent adjudicated by a court of competent jurisdiction), then immediately upon such Insurers' agreement, such Allowed Insured Claim will be expunged to the extent of any agreed upon amount.

Required Approvals

The conditions to implementation of the CCAA Plan include a number of approvals, orders and consents that must be obtained. Some of the material approvals are described below. If any of these approvals is not obtained, subject to the right of the Applicants to waive any condition, the CCAA Plan will not be implemented.

(a) Affected Unsecured Creditor Approval

The Applicants will seek approval of the CCAA Plan by the affirmative vote of the Required Majorities of the Affected Unsecured Creditors with Voting Claims in each Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, the whole subject to the No Vote Occurrence described in "*The CCAA Plan – Description of the CCAA Plan – No Vote Occurrence*". Any resolution, including the Resolution in respect of each of the Affected Unsecured Creditor Classes, to be voted on at any Creditors' Meeting in respect of each Affected Unsecured Creditors Class in respect of the CCAA Plan will be decided by the Required Majorities on a vote by ballot and any other matter submitted for a vote at any Creditors' Meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes cast on a vote by a show of hands, unless the Chair decides, in his sole and absolute discretion, to hold such vote by way of ballot, provided, however, that each vote of a 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Creditor by way of ballot or show of hands in respect of the ACCC Affected Unsecured Creditor Class shall be deemed to be a vote in respect of such 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Creditor's 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Claims comprised in each of the ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, ACNSI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class and 15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Creditor Classes. The result of any vote will be binding on all Affected Unsecured Creditors in the relevant Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, whether or not any such Affected Unsecured Creditor is present and voting (in person or by proxy) at its Creditors' Meeting in respect of the Affected Unsecured Creditor Class to which it belongs.

(b) No Shareholder Approval or Dissent Rights

Shareholder approval is not required for a reorganization under Section 191 of the CBCA. Section 191 also provides that a shareholder is not entitled to dissent rights in respect of reorganization thereunder.

(c) Court Approval

The CCAA Plan has been filed with the Court pursuant to the CCAA. The CCAA requires that the CCAA Plan be sanctioned by the Court following approval by the Affected Unsecured Creditors. The Sanction Hearing in respect of the Sanction Order, at which the Court's sanction of the CCAA Plan under the CCAA and Section 191 of the CBCA will be sought, is scheduled to take place at 10:00 a.m. on ●, 2010 subject to the approval of the Affected Unsecured Creditors being obtained. Interested persons should consult their legal advisors with respect to the legal rights available to them in relation to the CCAA Plan and the Sanction Hearing. In the event that the Sanction Hearing is adjourned, postponed or otherwise rescheduled, only those Persons listed on the Applicants' service list published on the Monitor's website at www.ey.com/ca/abitibowater are required to be served with notice of the adjourned, postponed or rescheduled date.

The authority and discretion of the Court is very broad under the CCAA. Counsel for the Applicants has advised that they will ask the Court to consider, among other things, the fairness of the terms and conditions of the CCAA Plan. The Court may approve the CCAA Plan as proposed or as amended and subject to such terms and conditions, if any, as the Court thinks fit. If the Sanction Order is granted, any interested person may appeal the provisions of the Sanction Order, with leave of the Court or the Québec Court of Appeal, within 21 days of the date on which the Sanction Order is granted.

Conditions Precedent to Implementation of CCAA Plan

The implementation of the CCAA Plan by the Applicants is subject to the following conditions precedent which, except for the condition set out in (i) below and as otherwise would be in violation of applicable Laws, may be waived in writing as provided in Section 8.6 "*Waiver of Conditions*" of the CCAA Plan:

- (a) the approval of the CCAA Plan by the Required Majorities shall have been obtained;
- (b) the Sanction Order sanctioning the CCAA Plan, in form and substance satisfactory to the Applicants and the Monitor, shall have been made and entered and the operation and effect of the Sanction Order shall not have been stayed, reversed or amended, and shall among other things:
 - (i) declare that: (i) the CCAA Plan has been approved by the Required Majorities of Affected Unsecured Creditors in conformity with the CCAA; (ii) the Applicants have complied with the provisions of the CCAA and the Orders made in the CCAA Proceedings in all respects; (iii) the Court is satisfied that each Applicant has neither done nor purported to do anything that is not authorized by the CCAA; and (iv) the CCAA Plan and the transactions contemplated thereby are fair and reasonable, and in the best interests of the Applicants, the Affected Unsecured Creditors and the other stakeholders of the Applicants (having considered, among other things, the composition of the vote, what creditors would receive in liquidation or sale as compared to the CCAA Plan, alternatives to the CCAA Plan or liquidation or sale, whether any oppression exists or has occurred, the treatment of shareholders and the public interest);
 - (ii) order that the CCAA Plan (including the settlements, compromises, arrangements, reorganizations, corporate transactions and releases set out therein and the transactions, including the Restructuring Transactions and reorganization contemplated thereby) is sanctioned and approved pursuant to Section 6 of the CCAA and, as at the Implementation Date, will be effective and will enure to the benefit of and be binding upon the Applicants, the Partnerships, the Affected Unsecured Creditors and all other Persons stipulated in the CCAA Plan or in the Sanction Order, if any;
 - (iii) declare that the Restructuring Transactions shall be effected, subject to Section 6.2 of the CCAA Plan, in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice;
 - (iv) declare that all Proven Claims determined in accordance with the Claims Procedure Orders, the Cross-border Claims Protocol, the Cross-border Voting Protocol and the Creditors' Meeting Order are final and binding on the Applicants and all Affected Unsecured Creditors;
 - (v) declare that, subject to the performance by the Applicants of their obligations under the CCAA Plan and in accordance with Section 8.1 of the CCAA Plan, all contracts, leases, agreements and other arrangements to which the Applicants or the Partnerships, are a party and that have not been terminated or repudiated pursuant to the Initial Order will be and remain in full force and effect, unamended, as at the Implementation Date, and no Person who is a party to any such contract, lease, agreement or other arrangement may accelerate, terminate, rescind, refuse to perform or otherwise repudiate its obligations thereunder, or enforce or exercise any right (including any right of dilution or other remedy) or make any demand under or in respect of any such contract, lease, agreement or other arrangement and no automatic termination will have any validity or effect, by reason of:
 - any event that occurred on or prior to the Implementation Date and is not continuing that would have entitled such Person to enforce those

- rights or remedies (including defaults, events of default, or termination events arising as a result of the insolvency of the Applicants and the Partnerships);
 - the insolvency of the Applicants, the Partnerships or any affiliate thereof or the fact that the Applicants, the Partnerships or any affiliate thereof sought or obtained relief under the CCAA, the CBCA or the Bankruptcy Code;
 - any of the terms of the CCAA Plan, the U.S. Plan or any action contemplated therein, including the Restructuring Transactions Notice;
 - any settlements, compromises or arrangements effected pursuant to the CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan or any action taken or transaction effected pursuant to the CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan; or
 - any change in the control of the Applicants, the Partnerships or any affiliate thereof arising from the implementation of the CCAA Plan (including the Restructuring Transactions Notice) or the U.S. Plan and declare that any consent required under any such contracts, leases, agreements or other arrangements in respect of any such change of control be deemed satisfied;
- (vi) declare that the Stay of Proceedings under the Initial Order continues until the Implementation Date;
 - (vii) approve all conduct of the Chief Restructuring Officer and the Monitor in relation to the Applicants, the Partnerships, and the U.S. Debtors and bar all Claims against them arising from or relating to the services provided to the Applicants, the Partnerships, and the U.S. Debtors prior to the date of the Sanction Order, save and except any liability or obligation arising from a breach of its duties to act honestly, in good faith and with due diligence;
 - (viii) confirm the releases contemplated by Subsections 6.10(a), 6.10(b), 6.10(c) and 6.10(d) of the CCAA Plan;
 - (ix) enjoin the commencement or prosecution, whether directly, derivatively or otherwise, or any demands, claims, actions, causes of action, counterclaims, suits, or any indebtedness, liability, obligation or cause of action released and discharged pursuant to the CCAA Plan;
 - (x) order that the BI DIP Lenders Charge will be released and discharged as of the Implementation Date upon receipt of acknowledgements from each of the BI DIP Lenders and the BI DIP Agent of payment in full of all BI DIP Claims; and
 - (xi) order that all CCAA Charges, other than the BI DIP Lenders Charge, will be released and discharged as of the Implementation Date or earlier upon receipt of acknowledgements of payment in respect of the Claims secured thereby or adequate alternate arrangements satisfactory to the parties in whose favour such charges operate;
- (c) any other Order deemed necessary or desirable by ABH from the Bankruptcy Court, including an Order approving the CCAA Plan in the Chapter 15 Proceedings, or any other jurisdiction shall have been obtained;
 - (d) all applicable appeal periods in respect of the Sanction Order and any other Order made by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to Subsection 8.5(c) shall have expired and any appeals therefrom shall have been finally disposed of by the applicable appellate tribunal;

- (e) the Exit Loan Facilities and all related agreements and other documents shall have become effective subject only to the implementation of the CCAA Plan;
- (f) the Backstop Agreement shall not have been terminated;
- (g) the following agreements, or any subsequent amendments, shall have been executed and ratified by all Unions, in form and substance satisfactory to the Applicants:
 - (i) Memorandum of Agreement between ABH and the Communications, Energy and Paperworkers Union of Canada dated March 7, 2010; and
 - (ii) Memorandum of Agreement between ABH and the *Syndicats affiliés à la FTFP/CSN des usines de Clermont, Alma, Kénogami et Laurentide* dated March 13, 2010;
- (h) the following regulations shall have been adopted into in form and substance satisfactory to the Applicants:
 - (i) a special funding relief regulation pursuant to the *Supplemental Pension Plans Act* (Québec) for the benefit of ABH and its subsidiaries with respect to the funding of their defined benefit registered pension plans; and
 - (ii) a special funding relief regulation pursuant to the *Pension Benefits Act* (Ontario) for the benefit of ABH and its subsidiaries with respect to the funding of their defined benefit registered pension plans;
- (i) all relevant Persons shall have executed, delivered and filed all documents and other instruments that, in the opinion of the Applicants, acting reasonably, are necessary to implement the provisions of the CCAA Plan and/or the Sanction Order;
- (j) subject to Subsections 8.5(k) and 8.5(l) of the CCAA Plan, all applicable approvals, certificates, rulings, permits, consents, notices and orders of, and all applicable submissions and filings with any or all Governmental Entities and stock exchanges having jurisdiction for the completion of the transactions contemplated by the CCAA Plan (including the transactions contemplated in Section 8.5 of the CCAA Plan as conditions to the implementation of the CCAA Plan) shall have been obtained or made, as the case may be, by the Applicants, in each case to the extent deemed necessary or advisable by the Applicants in form and substance satisfactory to the Applicants;
- (k) the shares of New ABH Common Stock shall be generally freely tradable in Canada under applicable Canadian securities Laws, except for restrictions on resale or transfer imposed by the Canadian securities authorities or the TSX on "control distributions" (as such term is defined in National Instrument 45-102 - *Resale of Securities*) and provided that in respect of the first trade of such securities, such trade is effected with no unusual effort being made to prepare the market or to create a demand for the securities that are subject to the trade, no extraordinary commission or consideration paid to a person or company in respect of the trade and if the selling securityholder is an insider or officer of Reorganized ABH or any Reorganized Debtors, the selling securityholder has no reasonable grounds to believe that any of Reorganized ABH or the Reorganized Debtors is in default of Canadian securities Laws;
- (l) all applicable approvals or consents from Governmental Entities in relation to the issuance or the assignment of Timber Supply and Forest Management Agreements or tenure agreements, as the case may be, shall have been obtained by the Applicants or the Partnerships or waived by such Governmental Entity on terms satisfactory to the Applicants and the Partnerships; and
- (m) all conditions precedent to the implementation of the U.S. Plan but for the implementation of the CCAA Plan shall have been satisfied or waived.

CCAA Plan Releases

Releases by the Applicants and the Partnerships

As at the Final Restructuring Transactions Time and subject to the provisions of Subsection 5.1(2) of the CCAA, each Applicant and each Partnership will be deemed to forever release, waive and discharge any and all demands, claims, actions, causes of action, counterclaims, suits, rights, obligations, debts, sums of money, accounts, covenants, damages, judgments, expenses, liabilities, executions, liens and other recoveries on account of any indebtedness, liability, obligation, demand or cause of action of whatever nature (including interest thereon and costs, fees or other amounts in respect thereof) (collectively, the "**Obligations**") (other than the rights of the Applicants and the Partnerships to enforce the CCAA Plan and the contracts, instruments, releases, indentures, and other agreements or documents delivered hereunder or pursuant hereto (including the Restructuring Transactions and the contracts, instruments, releases, indentures and other agreements or documents delivered under the Rights Offering or pursuant thereto) whether reduced to judgment, liquidated or unliquidated, fixed or contingent, matured or unmatured, known or unknown, direct, indirect or derivative, then existing or hereafter arising, in law, equity or otherwise that are based in whole or in part on any act, omission, transaction, event or other circumstance or occurrence existing or taking place on or prior to the Final Restructuring Transactions Time in any way relating to, arising out of or in connection with the business and affairs of the Applicants, the business and affairs of the Partnerships, the business and affairs of the U.S. Debtors, the subject matter of, or the transactions or events giving rise to any Claims, the CCAA Plan, including the Restructuring Transactions, the U.S. Plan, the Rights Offering, the CCAA Proceedings, the Chapter 15 Proceedings and the Chapter 11 Cases that could be asserted by or on behalf of the Applicants or the Partnerships against: (i) present or former directors, officers and employees of the Applicants and the Partnerships, including the Chief Restructuring Officer and any director, officer or employee of any Applicant or Partnership sitting on a committee constituted in connection with the CCAA Proceedings at the request of such Applicant or Partnership, in each case in their respective capacities as of the Implementation Date; (ii) the agents, legal counsel, financial advisors and other professionals of the Applicants and the Partnerships, in each case in their respective capacities as of the Implementation Date; (iii) the Monitor and, its legal counsel; (iv) the BI DIP Lenders and the BI DIP Agent, each in their capacities as such, and each of their respective counsel; (v) Citibank, N.A., Barclays Bank PLC and Barclays Capital Inc., in their respective capacities under the Securitization Facility; (vi) the Ad Hoc Unsecured Noteholders Committee; (vii) the Unsecured Creditors' Committee, (viii) the Indenture Trustees, (ix) the ACCC Administrative Agent and the ACCC Collateral Agent pursuant to the ACCC Term Loan Documents, (x) the Backstop Parties, each in their capacities as such, and their respective legal counsel and financial advisors, and (xi) where applicable, with respect to each of the above named Persons, such Persons present and former advisors, principals, employees, officers, directors, representatives, financial advisors, legal counsel, accountants, investment bankers, consultants, agents and other representatives or professionals (including the partners of any such professional firm).

Releases by Others

As at the Final Restructuring Transactions Time, (i) the Applicants, (ii) the Partnerships, (iii) the subsidiaries of Reorganized ABH, (iv) the Monitor, (v) the Chief Restructuring Officer, (vi) the BI DIP Lenders and the BI DIP Agent, each in their capacity as such, (vii) Citibank, N.A., Barclays Bank PLC and Barclays Capital Inc., in their respective capacities under the Securitization Facility, (viii) the Ad Hoc Unsecured Noteholders Committee, (ix) the Unsecured Creditors' Committee, (x) the Indenture Trustees, (xi) the ACCC Administrative Agent and the ACCC Collateral Agent pursuant to the ACCC Term Loan Documents, and (xii) in each case, their respective present and former advisors, principals, employees, officers, directors, representatives, financial advisors, legal counsel, accountants, investment bankers, consultants, agents and other representatives or professionals (including the partners of any such professional firm) (collectively, the "**Released Parties**") will be released and discharged from any and all Obligations, whether reduced to judgment, liquidated or unliquidated, fixed or contingent, matured or unmatured, known or unknown, direct, indirect or derivative, then existing or hereafter arising, in law, equity or otherwise, that any Person (including the Holders, the Applicants and the U.S. Debtors, as applicable, and any Person who may claim contribution or indemnification against or from them) may be entitled to assert (including any and all Claims in respect of potential statutory liabilities of the Released Parties for which the Initial Order authorized the granting of a CCAA Charge or Claims for which Released Parties who are directors are by law liable in their capacity as directors for the payment of such Claims, but other than the rights of Persons to enforce the CCAA Plan and the contracts, instruments, releases, indentures and other agreements or documents delivered

hereunder or pursuant hereto (including the Restructuring Transactions and the contracts, instruments, releases, indentures and other agreements or documents delivered under the Rights Offering or pursuant thereto) based in whole or in part on any act, omission, transaction, event or other circumstance or occurrence existing or taking place on or prior to the Final Restructuring Transactions Time in any way relating to, arising out of or in connection with the business and affairs of the Applicants, the business and affairs of the Partnerships, the business and affairs of the U.S. Debtors, the subject matter of, or the transactions or events giving rise to, any Claims, the CCAA Charges, the CCAA Plan, including the Restructuring Transactions, the U.S. Plan, the Rights Offering, the CCAA Proceedings, the Chapter 15 Proceedings and the Chapter 11 Cases, provided, however, that nothing herein will release or discharge such Released Party if the Released Party is judged by the expressed terms of a judgment rendered on a final determination on the merits to have committed fraud or willful misconduct or to have been grossly negligent or, in the case of directors or officers, in respect of any claim referred to in Subsection 5.1(2) of the CCAA.

Releases by the Bridgewater Entities

As at the Final Restructuring Transactions Time, each and every one of the Bridgewater Entities will be deemed to forever release, waive and discharge any and all Obligations (including any remedies to challenge transfers which may fall within the scope of any bulk sales, fraudulent conveyance or similar statute) against the Released Parties, whether reduced to judgment, liquidated or unliquidated, fixed or contingent, matured or unmatured, known or unknown, direct, indirect or derivative, then existing or hereafter arising, in law, equity or otherwise, that the Bridgewater Entities may be entitled to assert (including any and all Claims in respect of potential statutory liabilities of the Released Parties for which the Initial Order authorized the granting of a CCAA Charge or Claims for which Released Parties who are directors are by law liable in their capacity as directors for the payment of such Claims, but other than the rights of the Bridgewater Entities to enforce the CCAA Plan and the contracts, instruments, releases, indentures and other agreements or documents delivered hereunder or pursuant hereto) based in whole or in part on any act, omission, transaction, event or other circumstance or occurrence existing or taking place on or prior to the Final Restructuring Transactions Time in any way relating to, arising out of or in connection with the business and affairs of the Applicants, the business and affairs of the Partnerships, the business and affairs of the Bridgewater Entities, the business and affairs of the U.S. Debtors, the subject matter of, or the transactions or events giving rise to, any Claims, the CCAA Charges, the CCAA Plan, including the Restructuring Transactions, the U.S. Plan, the CCAA Proceedings, the Chapter 15 Proceedings and the Chapter 11 Cases, provided, however, that nothing herein will release or discharge such Released Party if the Released Party is judged by the expressed terms of a judgment rendered on a final determination on the merits to have committed fraud or willful misconduct or to have been grossly negligent or, in the case of directors or officers, in respect of any claim referred to in Subsection 5.1(2) of the CCAA.

Releases by the 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Indenture Trustee

As at the Final Restructuring Transactions Time, the 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Indenture Trustee on behalf of each of the 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Creditors will be deemed to forever release, waive and discharge any and all Obligations (including any remedies to challenge transfers which may fall within the scope of any bulk sales, fraudulent conveyance or similar statute) against the Bridgewater Entities, whether reduced to judgment, liquidated or unliquidated, fixed or contingent, matured or unmatured, known or unknown, direct, indirect or derivative, then existing or hereafter arising, in law, equity or otherwise, that the 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Creditors may be entitled to assert (other than the rights of the 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Indenture Trustee and the 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Creditors to enforce the CCAA Plan, including the Restructuring Transactions and the contracts, instruments, releases, indentures and other agreements or documents delivered hereunder or pursuant hereto) based in whole or in part on any act, omission, transaction, event or other circumstance or occurrence existing or taking place on or prior to the Final Restructuring Transactions Time in any way relating to, arising out of or in connection with the business and affairs of the Bridgewater Entities, the subject matter of, or the transactions or events giving rise to, any Claims of any nature whatsoever with the 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Creditors that could be asserted by on behalf of the 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Creditors against the Bridgewater Entities, provided, however, that nothing herein will release or discharge such Bridgewater Entities if the Bridgewater Entities are judged by the expressed terms of a judgment rendered on a final determination on the merits to have committed fraud or willful misconduct or to have been grossly negligent.

Injunction Related to Releases

The Sanction Order will enjoin the prosecution, whether directly, derivatively or otherwise, of any claim, obligation, suit, judgment, damage, demand, debt, right, cause of action, liability or interest released, discharged or terminated pursuant to the CCAA Plan.

Waiver of Defaults

From and after the Final Restructuring Transactions Time, except in cases where the CCAA Plan requires that the Holders of the applicable Claims (including Proven Secured Claims) be paid in full on the Implementation Date on condition that such Claims are repaid in full on the Implementation Date, all Persons shall be deemed to have waived any and all defaults of the Applicants and the Partnerships (except for defaults under the securities, contracts, instruments, releases and other documents delivered under the CCAA Plan or entered into in connection herewith or pursuant hereto) then existing or previously committed by the Applicants or the Partnerships or caused by the Applicants or the Partnerships, directly or indirectly, or non-compliance with any covenant, positive or negative pledge, warranty, representation, term, provision, condition or obligation, express or implied, in any contract, credit document, agreement for sale, lease or other agreement, written or oral, and any and all amendments or supplements thereto, existing between such Person and the Applicants or the Partnerships arising from the filing by the Applicants under the CCAA or the transactions contemplated by the CCAA Plan, and any and all notices of default and demands for payment under any instrument, including any guarantee arising from such default, shall be deemed to have been rescinded.

Cancellation, Assignment, Transfer or Other Alienation of Canadian Unsecured Notes, Canadian Secured Notes, ACCC Term Loan Documents, BCFPI Secured Bank Documents and Agreements

As at the Final Restructuring Transactions Time, except as otherwise specifically provided for in the CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan, or as contemplated to be effected as part of the Restructuring Transactions and, in cases where the CCAA Plan requires that the Holders of the applicable Claims (including Proven Secured Claims) be paid in full on the Implementation Date on the condition that such Claims are paid in full on the Implementation Date: (a) the Canadian Unsecured Notes, the Canadian Secured Notes, the ACCC Term Loan Documents, the BCFPI Secured Bank Documents and any other note, bond, debenture, indenture, or other instrument or document evidencing or creating any indebtedness or obligation of the Applicants, shall be cancelled, assigned, transferred or otherwise alienated, as the case may be, in accordance with the Restructuring Transactions, (b) the obligations of, and Affected Claims and Secured Claims against, the Applicants and the Partnerships under, relating, or pertaining to any agreements, indentures, certificates of designation, bylaws, or certificate or articles of incorporation or similar documents governing the Canadian Unsecured Notes, the Canadian Secured Notes, the ACCC Term Loan Documents, the BCFPI Secured Bank Documents and any other note, bond, debenture, indenture, or other instrument or document evidencing or creating any indebtedness or obligation of the Applicants or the Partnerships, as the case may be, shall be released and discharged as between a Holder of an Affected Claim and Secured Claims and the Applicants or the Partnerships, (c) any agreement (including the Canadian Unsecured Notes Indentures) that governs the rights of a Holder of a Claim and that is administered by a Servicer shall continue in effect solely for purposes of (i) allowing such Servicer to make the distributions on account of such Affected Claims under the CCAA Plan and (ii) permitting such Servicer to maintain any rights or Liens it may have for fees, costs, expenses, indemnities or other amounts under such indenture or other agreement provided, however, that the immediately preceding provision shall not affect the discharge of Claims against the Applicants or the Partnerships under the CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan, or result in any expense or liability to the Applicants or the Partnerships, (e) the Applicants and the Partnerships shall not have any obligations to any Servicer (or to any Disbursing Agent replacing such Servicer, other than the Monitor) for any fees, costs, or expenses incurred on and after the Final Restructuring Transactions Time except as expressly provided in Section 7.14 of the CCAA Plan, and (f) nothing herein shall preclude any Servicer (or any Disbursing Agent replacing such Servicer) from being paid or reimbursed for fees, costs, and expenses from the distributions being made by such Servicer (or any Disbursing Agent replacing such Servicer) pursuant to such agreement in accordance with the provisions set forth therein, all without application to or approval by the Court.

Cancellation of Liens

Except as otherwise provided in the CCAA Plan and except in cases where the CCAA Plan requires that Holders of the applicable Proven Secured Claims be paid in full on the Implementation Date, on condition that such Proven Secured Claims are paid in full on the Implementation Date, as at the Final Restructuring Transactions Time, in consideration for the distributions to be made on the Implementation Date pursuant to the CCAA Plan, all Liens, and rights related to any Claim, including those existing under the Canadian Secured Notes, the ACCC Term Loan Documents and the BCFPI Secured Bank Documents, the Securitization Facility, the BI DIP Facility Documents and the ULC DIP Facility shall be terminated, null and void and of no effect.

Treatment of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases

Except as otherwise provided in the CCAA Plan, as of the Final Restructuring Transactions Time, each Reorganized Debtor shall be deemed to have ratified each executory contract and unexpired lease to which it is a party or which has been transferred or assigned to it, including in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, as well as each obligation of the Applicants and the Partnerships to indemnify and reimburse directors, officers, managers or employees, whether pursuant to the constating documents of any Applicant or Partnership, applicable Law or specific agreement, and shall assume and perform all obligations of the Applicants and the Partnerships thereunder (other than in respect of Claims arising from such contract or lease which will be Affected Claims and, therefore, settled, compromised, released or otherwise dealt with pursuant to the CCAA Plan), unless in the case of any contract or lease, such contract or lease: (i) was previously repudiated or terminated by the Applicants; (ii) previously expired or terminated pursuant to its own terms; or (iii) was amended as evidenced by a written agreement with the Applicants or the Partnerships, and in such case the amended contract or lease shall be deemed ratified.

Confirmation of CCAA Plan

Provided that the CCAA Plan is approved by the Required Majorities:

- (a) the Applicants shall seek the Sanction Order for the approval of the CCAA Plan; and
- (b) subject to the Sanction Order being made in form and substance acceptable to the Applicants and the satisfaction of the conditions to the implementation of the CCAA Plan set forth in Section 8.5 of the CCAA Plan, the CCAA Plan shall be implemented by the Applicants and shall be binding upon each of the Applicants and all Persons referred to in Section 2.1 of the CCAA Plan.

Paramountcy

From and after the Implementation Date, any conflict between (i) the CCAA Plan, and (ii) the covenants, warranties, representations, terms, conditions, provisions or obligations, express or implied, of any contract, mortgage, security agreement, indenture, trust indenture, loan or other agreement, commitment letter, by-laws of the Applicants or the Partnerships, lease or other arrangement or undertaking, written or oral (including any and all amendments or supplements thereto) existing with between or among one or more of the Affected Unsecured Creditors and the Applicants or the Partnerships as at the Implementation Date will be deemed to be governed by the provisions of the CCAA Plan and the Sanction Order, which shall take precedence and priority. All Affected Unsecured Creditors shall be deemed irrevocably for all purposes to consent to all transactions contemplated in and by the CCAA Plan.

Modifications to the CCAA Plan

The Applicants, in consultation with the Monitor, reserve the right to file any modification of, or amendment or supplement to, the CCAA Plan by way of CCAA Plan Supplement or plans of reorganization, compromise or arrangement (or any one or more thereof) prior to the Creditors' Meeting Date or at or before any Creditors' Meeting, in which case any such CCAA Plan Supplement or plans of reorganization, compromise or arrangement (or any one or more thereof), shall, for all purposes, be and be deemed to form part of and be

incorporated into the CCAA Plan. The Applicants shall give notice of any such modification, amendment or supplement at the Creditors' Meeting in respect of each Affected Unsecured Creditors Class prior to the vote being taken to approve the CCAA Plan. The Applicants may give notice of any such modification, amendment or supplement at or before any Creditors' Meeting by notice which shall be sufficient if given to those Affected Unsecured Creditors present at such meeting in person or by proxy, and the Monitor shall post on the Monitor's Website, as soon as possible, any such CCAA Plan Supplement and any such additional proposed amendments to the CCAA Plan. After each Creditors' Meeting (and both prior to and subsequent to the obtaining of the Sanction Order), the Applicants, in consultation with the Monitor, may at any time and from time to time vary, amend, modify or supplement the CCAA Plan without the need for obtaining an Order or providing notice to the Affected Unsecured Creditors if the Monitor determines that such variation, amendment, modification or supplement would not be materially prejudicial to the interests of the Affected Unsecured Creditors under the CCAA Plan or the Sanction Order and is necessary in order to give effect to the substance of the CCAA Plan or the Sanction Order. The Monitor shall post on the Monitor's Website, as soon as possible, any such amendment, modification or supplement to the CCAA Plan.

Failure to Implement the CCAA Plan

The Applicants are insolvent and unable to meet their debt and other obligations as they become due. If the CCAA Plan is not approved by the Required Majorities, subject to the terms of the current Stay of Proceedings under the CCAA, creditors of the Applicants would have the right to take steps to exercise their respective rights and remedies against the assets and property of the Applicants.

G. ARRANGEMENT WITH UNIONS

A significant number of ABH's Collective Bargaining Agreements with respect to its paper operations in Eastern Canada expired at the end of April 2009, as have those for the Calhoun, Tennessee and the Catawba, South Carolina facilities. At the beginning of March 2010, ABH reached an agreement in principle with the CEP and the CSN, subject to the resolution of multi-party pension deficit discussions that are continuing between the Applicants and Québec and Ontario pension authorities, as further described below. Ratification of these agreements is completed in all locations.

On April 29, 2010, a coalition of U.S. labor unions led by the United Steelworkers International ratified a new master bargaining agreement covering mills in Calhoun, Catawba, Coosa Pines and Augusta. The individual mill Collective Bargaining Agreements adopted in connection therewith will extend through April 27, 2014 in the case of Calhoun and Catawba and April 27, 2015 in the case of Coosa Pines and Augusta.

In May and June 2010, the Company reached an agreement with most of the Unions representing trades and office employees in its four Ontario paper mills. The Company is still negotiating the renewal of Collective Bargaining Agreements with other Unions also representing trades and office employees in these mills.

In May 2010, the Company reached an agreement with sawmills and woodland workers in the Mauricie region represented by CSN. These agreements have been ratified.

During the same period, the Company and the CEP reached a tentative agreement for the renewal of the collective bargaining agreements of Girardville, Mistassini, Saint-Thomas and La Doré sawmills (the "**CEP Union Agreement**"). A vote was held on May 30, 2010 by which the CEP union locals of Girardville, Mistassini and Saint-Thomas approved the CEP Union Agreement, however the CEP union local of La Doré rejected said agreement. Faced with this situation, on June 9, 2010, the Applicants presented a motion requesting an order of the Court in connection with a second vote to be held by the members of the La Doré local. On June 11, 2010, the Court issued an order authorizing the CEP union locals of Girardville, Mistassini, Saint-Thomas and La Doré to proceed to a second vote in view of approving the CEP Union Agreement before June 27, 2010. If ratified, this agreement will serve as a model agreement for other sawmills and woodlands operations.

H. PENSION PLAN ARRANGEMENTS

It is a condition precedent to the implementation of the CCAA Plan that the following regulations be adopted in form and substance satisfactory to the Applicants: (i) a special funding relief regulation pursuant to the *Supplemental Pension Plans Act (Québec)* for the benefit of ABH and its subsidiaries with respect to the funding of their defined benefit registered pension plans; and (ii) a special funding relief regulation pursuant to the *Pension Benefits Act (Ontario)* for the benefit of ABH and its subsidiaries with respect to the funding of their defined benefit registered pension plans.

VI. EXIT LOAN FACILITIES

It is a condition precedent to the CCAA Plan becoming effective that the Exit Loan Facilities, being the ABL Exit Financing Facility and the Term Loan Exit Financing Facility, be established.

It is expected that the Reorganized Debtors will enter into definitive documentation, in a form and in substance satisfactory to the Applicants, with respect to the Exit Loan Facilities in an aggregate amount up to (A) \$2.3 billion, less (B) cash on hand and proceeds from the Rights Offering. The Applicants will borrow funds under the Exit Loan Facilities in amounts which, together with such other Cash as is then available to the Applicants, will be sufficient to make all Cash distributions to be made under the CCAA Plan and the U.S Plan.

VII. RIGHTS OFFERING

The Plans provide that the Company may conduct a Rights Offering, the proceeds of which will be used to fund distributions under the Plans and ongoing business operations after emergence. Pursuant to the Rights Offering, Eligible Holders will receive Subscription Rights entitling such Eligible Holders to purchase up to US\$500 million of convertible unsecured subordinated notes (the "**Rights Offering Notes**") issued by Reorganized ABH.

The key terms of the Rights Offering, including the procedures through which an Eligible Holder participates in the Rights Offering (a "**Rights Offering Participant**"), are set forth in the Backstop Agreement that the Company has entered into with the Backstop Parties and are summarized below.

Withdrawal or Reduction of Rights Offering

The Company may choose, in its sole discretion, to reduce the total amount of the Rights Offering, or cancel it entirely, at any time until the Implementation Date.

The number of Rights Offering Notes for which any Rights Offering Participant may subscribe in the Rights Offering is subject to adjustment under certain circumstances, depending on, among other things, the Company's claims resolution process and requirements that must be satisfied for the Rights Offering to be exempt from registration under the U.S. Securities Act pursuant to Section 1145 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code (the "**BCA Cutback**"). Any Rights Offering Notes excluded from the Rights Offering as a result of a BCA Cutback will be offered to the Backstop Parties for purchase under the Backstop Agreement as Unsubscribed Notes in the Rights Offering. Any determination by the Company that a BCA Cutback is necessary shall be made by the Company as soon as practicable following the Subsequent Rights Offering Expiration Date.

Subscription Period

The subscription period shall begin when the Subscription Agent, or the Monitor, distributes subscription forms by mail to each Rights Offering Participant, together with appropriate instructions for the proper completion, due execution, and timely delivery of the subscription form and the payment of the purchase price (the "**Subscription Forms**"). The Rights Offering Participants will also receive a notice of the commencement of the Rights Offering which, among other things, sets out a list of key dates for the Plans and the Rights Offering. The subscription period shall expire at 4:00 p.m. (New York City time) on August 27, 2010, (the "**Rights Offering Expiration Date**"), or such later date as the Company may specify by notice provided to Eligible Holders before 9:00 a.m. (New York City time) on the Business Day before the then effective Rights Offering Expiration Date.

Entitlement to Subscription Rights

Each Eligible Holder shall receive Subscription Rights to purchase Rights Offering Notes at a purchase price of US\$1.00 per Rights Offering Note. Subscription Rights will be allocated to Eligible Holders as of June 30, 2010 (the "**Rights Offering Record Date**") based on an Eligible Holder's proportionate share of New ABH Common Stock to be distributed under the Plans on account of such Eligible Holder's Claim. The allocation will be determined as follows:

- (a) first, the Company will determine the New ABH Common Stock allocable to each Applicant under the CCAA Plan and Debtor under the U.S. Plan; and
- (b) second, the Company will determine the expected proportionate share of such New ABH Common Stock expected to be distributed under the Plans to each Eligible Holder on account of its Claim against each Applicant and Debtor as of the Rights Offering Record Date; and
- (c) third, the amount of an Eligible Holder's Claim for purposes of distribution of Subscription Rights shall be the amount of such Claim allowed for voting purposes under the Plans.

The amount of Subscription Rights offered to Eligible Holders per [US\$1.00] of eligible Claims of such holder shall be referred to herein as the "**Initial Rights Ratio**".

Subscription Procedures

Rights Offering Participants will receive a Subscription Form which identifies the Initial Rights Ratio and their Pro Rata share of Rights Offering Notes as of the Rights Offering Record Date. Rights Offering Participants who disagree with their Pro Rata share of the Rights Offering Notes shall **[contact the Monitor, or any claims officer appointed by the Court for that purpose,]** and follow the procedures established by the Monitor or such claims officer to resolve such disagreement. See "Increase or Reduction of Eligible Claim" below.

To exercise Subscription Rights, each Rights Offering Participant must (i) return a duly completed Subscription Form to the Subscription Agent and (ii) pay, or arrange for payment, to the Escrow Agent, in cash, by wire transfer in immediately available funds in valid US currency, an amount equal to the full purchase price for the number of Rights Offering Notes elected to be purchased by such Rights Offering Participant. Such completed Subscription Form and the full purchase price shall be received by the Subscription Agent and the Escrow Agent on or before the Rights Offering Expiration Date (or Subsequent Rights Offering Expiration Date as applicable). Payment of the full purchase price can be made only through wire transfer to the Escrow Agent in accordance with the instructions included with the Subscription Form.

For securities held through CDS or DTC by banks or brokerage firms on behalf of beneficial holders who qualify as Eligible Holders, the Company will distribute Subscription Forms to the banks or brokerage firms holding such securities, which banks or brokerage firms will be required to forward information with respect to the Rights Offering to such beneficial holders of those securities and to effect any exercise of Subscription Rights on their behalf through DTC's Automated Subscription Offer Program. The banks or brokerage firms may use the Subscription Forms provided or such other form as they may customarily use for the purpose of obtaining instructions with respect to a subscription on account of a beneficial holder of securities. Rights Offering Participants are advised to follow their bank's or brokerage firm's instructions with respect to submitting subscription instructions in the Rights Offering with sufficient time for the subscription to be effected through CDS or DTC on the Rights Offering Expiration Date (or Subsequent Rights Offering Expiration Date as applicable) in accordance with CDS's or DTC's established procedures. No separate Rights Offering Expiration Date or Subsequent Rights Offering Expiration Date exists for Rights Offering Participants who exercise their Subscription Rights through CDS and/or DTC. If Subscription Rights are exercised other than pursuant to the Subscription Forms, each beneficial holder exercising Subscription Rights will be deemed to have made the same certification regarding the transferability of the Subscription Rights as provided in the Subscription Forms.

If either (i) the duly completed Subscription Form, or (ii) the wire transfer for the full amount of the purchase price for the Subscription Rights that a Rights Offering Participant chooses to exercise is not received by the Subscription Agent or the Escrow Agent, as applicable, on or prior to the Rights Offering Expiration Date (or Subsequent Rights Offering Expiration Date as applicable), then the Rights Offering Participant is deemed to have forever and irrevocably relinquished and waived its right to participate in the Rights Offering.

The Company and the Subscription Agent must be able to match each Rights Offering Participant's Subscription Forms with the corresponding purchase price for the Rights Offering Notes. As such, the Company reserves the right to cancel the Subscription Rights of a Rights Offering Participant if such participant, among other things, submits a purchase price for Rights Offering Notes without reference to the coded Claim provided in the Subscription Form such that the Company and the Subscription Agent are unable to reasonably reconcile the Subscription Form with the purchase price, or reasonably determines that reconciling such discrepancy or omission would result in an undue administrative burden.

The Escrow Agent shall hold the payments for the exercise of Subscription Rights in a separate non-interest bearing escrow account pending consummation of the Plans and the Rights Offering on the Implementation Date. In the event that payments must, for any reason, be returned to the Rights Offering Participant, such payments shall be returned, without accrual or payment of any interest thereon, to the applicable Rights Offering Participant, without reduction, offset or counter-claim.

Increase or Reduction of Eligible Claim

If during the period after the Rights Offering Record Date but on or before ●, 2010 (the "**Second Rights Offering Record Date**"), pursuant to an order of the Court or pursuant to a Claims modification accepted or revised by the Monitor, or a decision of a claims officer appointed by the Court:

- (a) a Rights Offering Participant's eligible Claim is increased, the Subscription Agent shall deliver to such Rights Offering Participant a new subscription form, in form and substance substantially similar to the Subscription Form, permitting such participant to exercise a number of incremental Subscription Rights as determined by applying the Initial Rights Ratio to the revised amount of eligible Claim held by such participant, as reduced by the number of Subscription Rights previously offered to such participant; or
- (b) a Rights Offering Participant's eligible Claim is reduced, then the number of Subscription Rights to which the Rights Offering Participant is entitled shall be reduced accordingly by applying the Initial Rights Ratio to the reduced eligible Claim and withdrawing any Subscription Rights previously issued to such participant in excess of the resulting amount (the "**Rights Entitlement Reduction**");

[provided however that no such increase or reduction will be made if the increase or reduction represents less than 5% of the amount of the Claim.]

Additional Subscription Rights awarded to a Rights Offering Participant as of the Second Rights Offering Record Date shall be exercised before **[4:00 p.m. (New York City time)]** on ●, 2010 (the "**Subsequent Rights Offering Expiration Date**"). Such Subscription Rights shall be exercised in the manner set out above under "Subscription Procedures".

The Rights Offering Notes associated with Subscription Rights withdrawn under a Rights Entitlement Reduction shall become Unsubscribed Notes for the purpose of the Backstop Agreement and purchased by the Backstop Parties. The Subscription Agent will provide a written notice to the Rights Offering Participant setting out the revised number of Subscription Rights allocated to such Rights Offering Participant as soon as practicable following the Subsequent Rights Offering Expiration Date and will return any funds paid on account of the withdrawn Subscription Rights previously exercised by the Rights Offering Participant.

Adjustment to Number of Rights Offering Notes to be Purchased by Rights Offering Participant

If the sum of all Subscription Rights timely exercised by all Rights Offering Participants exceeds the amount of the Rights Offering, as such amount may be reduced by the Company at any time until the Implementation Date as a result of a BCA Cutback or otherwise, the aggregate principal amount of Rights Offering Notes to be purchased by each Rights Offering Participant shall be adjusted to be the product of (i) the principal amount of Rights Offering Notes requested to be purchased by the exercise of Subscription Rights by such participant and (ii) the ratio of the amount of the Rights Offering divided by the sum of all Subscription Rights exercised.

As soon as reasonably practicable after the Subsequent Rights Offering Expiration Date, the Company shall deliver to each Rights Offering Participant that has sought to exercise Subscription Rights a written notice specifying the portion of the Subscription Rights that was validly and effectively exercised by such participant, taking into account any adjustment as described above or any reduction required by a BCA Cutback or otherwise.

As soon as practicable following the Subsequent Rights Offering Expiration Date, the Subscription Agent shall return to each Rights Offering Participant an amount equal to the difference between the purchase price of the Subscription Rights to which the Rights Offering Participant is entitled and the purchase price previously received by the Subscription Agent from such Rights Offering Participant.

No Transfer; Detachment Restrictions; No Revocation

The Subscription Rights are not transferable or detachable from the underlying Claim on account of which the Rights Offering Participant is receiving the Subscription Rights. Any such transfer, assignment, sale, or conveyance, hypothecation, license, lease, partition, pledge or grant of a security interest in the Subscription Rights or detachment, or attempted transfer or detachment, will be null and void and the Company will not treat any purported transferee of the Subscription Rights separate from the associated Claims as the holder of any Subscription Rights. The Subscription Forms require the Rights Offering Participant to certify, among other things, that such participant (i) understands that the Subscription Rights are not transferable from the associated Claim, and (ii) has not entered into, and shall not enter into, prior to the Implementation Date, any transaction involving a direct or indirect transfer of Subscription Rights.

Once a Rights Offering Participant has exercised any of its Subscription Rights by properly executing and delivering a Subscription Form to the Company or other Person specified in the Subscription Form, such exercise may only be revoked, rescinded or annulled in the sole discretion of the Company.

Undersubscription; Backstop Agreement

To guarantee that the Rights Offering raises the funds the Company requires, the Company has entered into the Backstop Agreement pursuant to which the Backstop Parties have agreed to, among other things, purchase, on the Implementation Date, any Rights Offering Notes that remain unsubscribed for by the Rights Offering Participants. In exchange for this commitment, the Company has agreed to pay the Backstop Parties an amount equal to the greater of US\$15 million and 6% of the total amount of the Rights Offering on the Implementation Date of the Plans (the "**Backstop Commitment Payment**"). The Backstop Parties may elect to receive the full amount of the Backstop Commitment Payment in New ABH Common Stock. The Company also has agreed to reimburse certain expenses of the Backstop Parties incurred in connection with the transaction.

Each Backstop Investor will purchase, severally and not jointly, its pre-determined percentage of Unsubscribed Notes. Reorganized ABH shall pay to each such Backstop Investor the Upfront Payment in respect of all such Rights Offering Notes purchased by the Backstop Investor.

Under the terms of the Backstop Agreement, the consent of the Backstop Parties is required with respect to certain events, including, without limitation, certain changes to the Plans. The obligations of the Backstop Parties are subject to the satisfaction or waiver of specified closing conditions, including, without limitation, entry of the Sanction

Order in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Backstop Parties, the satisfaction or waiver of the conditions to effectiveness of the Plans and the consummation of the Exit Loan Facilities.

The Backstop Agreement is terminable if the Rights Offering is not consummated by an outside date of October 15, 2010 (or such later date as set forth in the Backstop Agreement) and upon certain other events. If the Backstop Agreement terminates, then, upon certain termination events, the Backstop Parties will be entitled to receive a termination payment, the amount of which depends on the timing of the termination, but which is, in any event, no more than the commitment payment.

Distribution of Rights Offering Notes

On, or as soon as reasonably practicable after, the Implementation Date, Reorganized ABH or other applicable Disbursing Agent shall distribute the Rights Offering Notes purchased by each Rights Offering Participant. If the exercise of Subscription Rights would result in the issuance of Rights Offering Notes in denominations of less than US\$1.00 and integral multiples thereof, then the number of Rights offering Notes to be issued will be rounded down to the nearest US\$1.00. Reorganized ABH shall also concurrently cause an amount in cash equal to US\$0.04 per Rights Offering Note purchased to be paid back to such Rights Offering Participant from the proceeds of the sale of the Rights Offering Notes (the "**Upfront Payment**").

Rights Offering Notes

For information on the terms of the Rights Offering Notes, see Appendix I – "*Terms of the Rights Offering Notes*".

VIII. REORGANIZED ABH

Reorganized ABH

As part of the implementation of the CCAA Plan, Reorganized ABH will be organized under the laws of Canada or the United States and will emerge as the parent holding company under which the Reorganized Debtors will be held directly or indirectly. Reorganized ABH will also be the parent holding company under which the reorganized U.S. Debtors will be held directly or indirectly.

Corporate Governance

As of the Implementation Date, the directors and officers of each Applicant that is not a Reorganized Debtor will be removed from office and terminated in their capacities as such.

A search committee (the "**Search Committee**"), consisting of three members of the Unsecured Creditors' Committee, three members of the Ad Hoc Unsecured Noteholders Committee, and one representative of the Company has been formed to select the Board of Reorganized ABH and shall be responsible for selecting the Board, determining the number of directors (including the number of independent directors, if any) comprising the Board, and defining the terms and other qualifications for such directors. The Search Committee has hired an independent search firm in connection with that process.

The names of the directors and officers of Reorganized ABH as of the Implementation Date will be posted on the Monitor's website at www.ey.com/ca/abitibibowater, and will also be announced by way of press release concurrently with such posting.

Management and Director Compensation and Incentive Plans and Programs

The CCAA Plan provides that on or as soon as practicable after the Implementation Date, Reorganized ABH shall adopt and assume (as applicable) the Management Incentive Plans substantially as described herein. The Affected Unsecured Creditors shall be deemed to have approved all such Management Incentive Plans, including the LTIP and the STIPs. The Management Incentive Plans of Reorganized ABH as of the Implementation Date will

be posted on the Monitor's and/or the Applicants website(s), at www.ey.com/ca/abitibibowater, and will also be announced by way of press release concurrently with such posting.

Long-Term Equity Incentive Plan

On or as soon as practicable after the Implementation Date, Reorganized ABH shall adopt and implement the 2010 Long-Term Equity Incentive Plan (the "**LTIP**"). Reorganized ABH shall reserve 8.5% on a fully diluted basis of the shares of New ABH Common Stock for issuance under the LTIP. Pursuant to the LTIP, the Reorganized Debtors shall deliver certain stock options and restricted stock units to senior executives and certain other management employees on and after the Implementation Date, in such amounts and pursuant to such terms as set forth in the LTIP. Up to 4% of the shares of New ABH Common Stock may be granted on the Implementation Date. The form and substance of the LTIP will be set forth in a CCAA Plan Supplement.

Short-Term Incentive Plans

On or as soon as practicable after the Implementation Date, Reorganized ABH shall adopt and implement the 2010 Short-Term Incentive Plan (the "**2010 STIP**") and the 2011 Short-Term Incentive Plan (the "**2011 STIP**") and together with the 2010 STIP, the "**STIPs**") pursuant to which participants are eligible for a target incentive award expressed as a percentage of the individual's base salary. Approximately 556 management employees will be eligible for participation in the STIPs, including the Company's top six senior executives. Senior executive participants will be eligible for a target incentive award of 50% of the executive's base salary under the 2010 STIP and 100% of base salary under the 2011 STIP. The incentive payments for remaining participants under the STIPs will be at a lower percentage level of payment. The STIPs are entirely performance-based, and actual earned incentive awards will vary depending on the Company's and Reorganized Debtors' ability to achieve the established targets. Under the 2010 STIP, the Company will base performance targets on the Company's actual cash flow against its forecast for the third and fourth quarters of 2010. The Board will determine the Company's performance targets under the 2011 STIP. The form and substance of the STIPs will be set forth in a CCAA Plan Supplement.

Employee Compensation and Benefit Programs

The CCAA Plan provides that as of the Implementation Date, the Applicants' existing welfare benefit plans, severance policies and other employee-related plans and programs set forth in a CCAA Plan Supplement, shall remain in effect, as amended, and the plans and programs set forth in a CCAA Plan Supplement. Plan (collectively referred to herein as the "**Terminated Employee Plans**") shall be terminated, without compensation, in accordance with their terms. After the Implementation Date, the Reorganized Debtors shall have the sole authority to terminate, amend or implement pension plans, retirement income plans, welfare benefit plans and other plans and programs for employees in accordance with the terms of such plans and applicable Law.

The Applicants' or Reorganized Debtors' performance of any employment agreement, plan or policy that is not a Terminated Employee Plan will not entitle any Person to any benefit or alleged entitlement under any policy, program, or plan that has expired or been terminated before the Implementation Date, or restore, reinstate, or revive any such benefit or alleged entitlement under any such policy, program or plan. Nothing in the CCAA Plan and the U.S. Plan shall limit, diminish, or otherwise alter the Reorganized Debtors' defenses, claims, causes of action, or other rights with respect to any such contracts, agreements, policies, programs, and plans. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, on and after the Implementation Date, all retiree benefits (as that term is defined in Section 1114 of the Bankruptcy Code), if any, shall continue to be paid in accordance with applicable Law.

IX. RISK FACTORS

IN ADDITION TO THE OTHER INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THIS CIRCULAR, AFFECTED UNSECURED CREDITORS SHOULD CAREFULLY CONSIDER THE FOLLOWING RISKS BEFORE DECIDING WHETHER TO VOTE TO ACCEPT OR REJECT THE CCAA PLAN AND PRIOR TO DETERMINING WHETHER TO SUBSCRIBE FOR NEW RIGHTS OFFERING NOTES AS PART OF THE RIGHTS OFFERING. THESE RISK FACTORS SHOULD NOT, HOWEVER, BE REGARDED AS THE ONLY RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THE COMPANY, ABH, REORGANIZED ABH, THE APPLICANTS, THE

PARTNERSHIPS, THE REORGANIZED DEBTORS, THE CCAA PLAN OR ITS IMPLEMENTATION OR THE RIGHTS OFFERING IN CONNECTION THEREWITH.

Risks Relating to the CCAA Plan and its Implementation

Consummation of the CCAA Plan is subject to creditor acceptance and court approval.

The Applicants have operated their business and managed their assets under the supervision of the Court since the beginning of the CCAA Proceedings. Before it can be consummated, the CCAA Plan must have been approved by the Required Majorities and sanctioned, after notice and a hearing on any objection, by the Court in form and substance satisfactory to the Applicants. The consummation of the CCAA Plan is also subject to the Bankruptcy Court's confirmation of the U.S. Plan, which that court will grant, after notice and a hearing, only if all the statutory requirements for confirmation have been met, including the acceptance by the required vote of affected creditors. For more information on the plan voting, sanctioning and confirmation, see "*Creditors' Meetings and Voting Instructions*" and "*The CCAA Plan*".

There can be no assurance that the CCAA Plan will be approved by the Required Majorities, and that even if approved, the Court will sanction the CCAA Plan. Furthermore, the U.S. Plan is subject to a similar process in the Chapter 11 Proceedings and there can no assurance that the affected creditors will approve the U.S. Plan and that, even if so approved, the Bankruptcy Court will confirm the U.S. Plan. The failure of any of these conditions will delay the consummation of the CCAA Plan.

The Implementation of the CCAA Plan is subject to a number of other significant conditions.

Although the Company believes that the Implementation Date may occur as soon as ● (●) Business Days after the Sanction Order, there can be no assurance as to such timing. The occurrence of the Implementation Date is subject to certain conditions precedent as described in the CCAA Plan, including, among others, the effectiveness of the Exit Loan Facilities, the Backstop Agreement not having been terminated, the receipt or filing or all applicable approvals or applications with applicable Government Entities, certain agreements with Unions having been executed and ratified and regulations for funding relief in respect of certain of the Company's pension plans in Ontario and Québec shall have been adopted to the satisfaction of the Applicants. Failure to meet any of these conditions could result in the CCAA Plan not being consummated or the Sanction Order being vacated.

If the CCAA Plan is not consummated, any settlement, compromise or release embodied in the CCAA Plan (including the fixing or limiting to an amount certain any Claim), the assumption or rejection of executory contracts or unexpired leases affected by the CCAA Plan, and any document or agreement executed pursuant to the CCAA Plan, shall be null and void.

If any of the conditions to consummation are not satisfied or an alternative plan is not approved, the Applicants may be forced to liquidate.

If any of the conditions precedent as described in the CCAA Plan, including Court sanction, Bankruptcy Court confirmation and the satisfaction of the implementation conditions, are not satisfied and the CCAA Plan is not consummated, or an alternative plan is not approved, there can be no assurance that the CCAA Proceedings and the Chapter 11 Cases will continue, or that an alternative plan of reorganization, if any, would be on comparable terms for the Affected Unsecured Creditors. The most likely alternative to a continuation of the CCAA Proceedings and the Chapter 11 Cases, which itself could be protracted, is liquidation. For more information on the potential risks involved in a protracted reorganization, please see "*Undue delay in confirmation may significantly disrupt the operations of the Company.*" below. In the event of the Applicants' liquidation, there is a substantial risk that there would be very little recovery for the Affected Unsecured Creditors. For additional information, see Appendix F – "*Liquidation Analysis*" attached to this Circular for a hypothetical liquidation analysis of the Applicants.

The actual Proven Claims may differ from the estimated Affected Claims and adversely affect the percentage recovery of Affected Claims.

The estimated Claims set forth in the Circular are based on various assumptions, and the actual allowed amounts of Claims may significantly differ from the estimates. Should one or more of the underlying assumptions ultimately prove to be incorrect, the actual allowed amounts of Claims may vary from the estimated Claims contained in the Circular. Such differences may materially and adversely affect, among other things: the percentage recoveries to holders of Proven Claims under the CCAA Plan; a Rights Offering Participant's Initial Rights Ratio under the Rights Offering; the Applicants' ability to consummate the CCAA Plan; the Company's ability to realize the Financial Projections; and the Company's need to raise additional debt or equity financing.

Undue delay in confirmation may significantly disrupt the operations of the Company.

Although the CCAA Plan and the U.S. Plan are designed to minimize the length of these proceedings, it is not possible to predict the amount of time the Company may spend in the CCAA Proceedings or to provide any assurance as to whether or not the Plans will be confirmed or sanctioned, as further described above. The continuation of the CCAA Proceedings or the Chapter 11 Cases, particularly if the CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan are not approved or confirmed in the time frame currently contemplated, could materially and adversely affect the Company's operations and relationships with its customers, vendors, service providers, employees, regulators and partners. Also, transactions outside the ordinary course of business are subject to the prior approval of the Court and/or the Bankruptcy Court, which may limit the Company's ability to respond timely to certain events or take advantage of certain opportunities. In addition, if confirmation and consummation of the CCAA Plan do not occur expeditiously, the CCAA Proceedings could result in, among other things, increased costs, professional fees, and similar expenses. Prolonged CCAA Proceedings or Chapter 11 Cases may also make it more difficult to retain and attract management and other key personnel, and would require senior management to continue to spend a significant amount of time and effort dealing with the Company's financial reorganization instead of focusing on the operation of the Company's businesses.

The Company may not achieve the financial performance projected in the CCAA Plan.

The Financial Projections attached as Appendix G to this Circular are the projection of future performance of the Company operations on a consolidated basis through fiscal year 2014, after giving effect to the CCAA Plan and do not purport to represent what the Company's actual financial position will be upon emergence from the CCAA Proceedings and Chapter 11 Cases or represent what the fair value of the Company's assets and liabilities will be at the Implementation Date. These Financial Projections are based on numerous estimates of values and assumptions including the timing, confirmation and consummation of the CCAA Plan and the U.S. Plan in accordance with their respective terms, the anticipated future performance of the Company, industry performance, general business and economic conditions and other matters, many of which are beyond the control of the Company and some or all of which may not materialize. These estimates and assumptions are based on management's judgment based on facts available and determinations made at the time the Financial Projections were prepared, and may turn out to have been incorrect over time, which could have a material effect on the Company's ability to meet the Financial Projections. It is also not possible to predict with certainty that the actions taken in connection with the restructuring based on the estimates and assumptions will result in an improved financial and operating condition that ensures the long-term viability of the enterprise.

In addition, unanticipated events and circumstances occurring subsequent to the date hereto may affect the actual financial results of the Company's operations and its ability to realize the Financial Projections. Among other things, see "*Risk Factors – Risks Relating to the Company's Financial Condition*" and "*Risks Related to the Company's Business*".

Except as otherwise specifically and expressly stated herein, this Circular does not reflect any events that may occur subsequent to the date hereof and that may have a material impact on the information contained in this Circular. The Applicants do not intend to update the Financial Projections; thus, the Financial Projections will not reflect the impact of any subsequent events not already accounted for in the assumptions underlying the Financial Projections.

Certain liabilities will not be fully extinguished as a result of the sanction of the CCAA Plan by the Court.

While a significant amount of the Applicants' current liabilities will be discharged upon exit from the CCAA Proceedings, a number of obligations may remain in effect following implementation of the CCAA Plan. Various agreements and liabilities will remain in place, such as certain employee benefit and pension obligations, potential environmental liabilities related to sites in operation or formerly operated by the Company and other contracts that, even if modified during the CCAA Proceedings, will still subject the Applicants to substantial obligations and liabilities.

Risks Relating to the Company's Financial Condition

The Company will require significant financing in order to emerge from creditor protection and thereafter.

The establishment of the Exit Loan Facilities, including the ABL Exit Financing Facility and the Term Loan Exit Financing Facility and the Rights Offering, is a condition to consummation of the CCAA Plan. There can be no assurance at this time that this financing will be available, or that it will be available but on terms that are not favorable to the Company, in which case the Company's emergence from creditor protection could be delayed indefinitely or the Company may be forced to accept unfavorable terms that could affect its ability to succeed in the future. As described above under "*Undue delay in confirmation may significantly disrupt the operations of the Company.*", such a delay could have important consequences for the extent of the recovery, if any, available for Affected Creditors and the Company's ability to meet the Financial Projections.

The Company cannot provide any assurance that it will be able to obtain financing in the future if and when required, or that it will be able to obtain financing on favorable terms. The Company's profitability and ability to generate cash flow will likely depend upon its ability to successfully implement its business strategy and meet or exceed the results forecasted in the Financial Projections, but the Company cannot ensure that it will be able to accomplish these results if it does not have the appropriate financing to do so.

The Company expects that its future sources of financing, including the Exit Loan Facilities, will include covenants and other provisions that will restrict the Company's ability to engage in certain financing transactions and operating activities.

The Company's degree of leverage upon emergence may limit its financial and operating activities.

The Company's substantial indebtedness upon emergence from creditor protection could adversely affect its financial health and limit its operations. Its historical capital requirements have been considerable and its future capital requirements could vary significantly and may be affected by general economic conditions, industry trends, performance, and many other factors that are not within its control. The Company's substantial level of indebtedness has, in the past, had important consequences, including: limiting its ability to borrow additional amounts for working capital, capital expenditures, debt service requirements, execution of its growth strategy, or other purposes; limiting its ability to use operating cash flow in other areas of its business because they must dedicate a substantial portion of these funds to service the debt; increasing its vulnerability to general adverse economic and industry conditions; limiting its ability to capitalize on business opportunities and to react to competitive pressures and adverse changes in government regulation; limiting its ability or increasing the costs to refinance indebtedness; and limiting its ability to enter into marketing, hedging, optimization, and trading transactions by reducing the number of counterparties with whom they can transact as well as the volume of those transactions. These consequences, and others, could similarly impact the Company's business and operations after the Implementation Date.

The Company's financial results may be volatile and may not reflect historical trends.

Following the Company's emergence from the CCAA Proceedings and the Chapter 11 Cases, it expects that its financial results may continue to be volatile as asset impairments, asset dispositions and restructuring activities (including mill and paper machines closures and idlings), as well as continuing global economic uncertainty, may significantly impact the Financial Projections. As a result, the Company's historical financial performance is likely not indicative of its financial performance post-consummation. In addition, upon emergence from the CCAA

Proceedings and the Chapter 11 Cases, the amounts reported in the Company's subsequent financial statements may materially change relative to its historical financial statements, including as a result of revisions to its operating plans pursuant to the CCAA Plan and the U.S. Plan.

The Company will be required to adopt fresh start accounting.

As part of the Company's emergence from the CCAA Proceedings and the Chapter 11 Cases, it will be required to adopt fresh start accounting. Accordingly, the Company's assets and liabilities will be recorded at fair value as of the fresh start reporting date. The fair value of the Company's assets and liabilities may differ materially from the recorded values of assets and liabilities in the Financial Projections. The Company's financial results after the application of fresh start accounting may also be different from historical trends.

Risks Related to the Company's Business

Developments in alternative media could continue to adversely affect the demand for the Company's products, especially in North America, and the Company's responses to these developments may not be successful.

Trends in advertising, electronic data transmission and storage and the Internet could have further adverse effects on traditional print media, including the company's products and those of its customers, but neither the timing nor the extent of those trends can be predicted with certainty. The Company's newspaper, magazine and catalog publishing customers may increasingly use, and compete with businesses that use, other forms of media and advertising and electronic data transmission and storage, including television and the Internet, instead of newsprint, coated papers, uncoated specialty papers or other products made by it. The demand for certain of the Company's products weakened significantly over the last several years. For example, industry statistics indicate that North American newsprint demand has been in decline for several years and has experienced annual declines of 5.6% in 2005, 6.1% in 2006, 10.3% in 2007, 11.2% in 2008 and 25.3% in 2009. Third-party forecasters indicate that these declines in newsprint demand could continue in 2010 or beyond due to conservation measures taken by publishers, reduced North American newspaper circulation, less space devoted to advertising and substitution to other uncoated mechanical grades.

One of the Company's responses to the declining demand for its products has been to curtail its production capacity. It may become necessary to curtail even more production or permanently shut down even more machines or facilities. Such further curtailments and shutdowns would become increasingly likely as North American newsprint demand continues to decline or if market conditions otherwise worsen. Curtailments or shutdowns could result in goodwill or asset impairments and additional costs at the affected facilities, and could negatively impact the Company's cash flows and materially affect its results of operations and financial condition.

Bankruptcy of a significant customer could have a material adverse effect on the Company's liquidity, financial position and results of operations.

Trends discussed in the immediately preceding risk factor continue to impact the operations of the Company's newsprint customers. If a customer is forced into bankruptcy as a result of these trends, any receivables related to that customer prior to the date of filing of such customer may not be realized. In addition, such a customer may choose to reject its contracts with the Company, which could result in a larger claim arising prior to the date of filing of such customer.

Currency fluctuations may adversely affect the Company's results of operations and financial condition, and changes in foreign currency exchange rates can affect the Company's competitive position, selling prices and manufacturing costs.

The Company competes with North American, European and Asian producers in most of its product lines. The Company's products are sold and denominated in U.S. dollars, Canadian dollars and selected foreign currencies. A substantial portion of the Company's manufacturing costs are denominated in Canadian dollars. In addition to the impact of product supply and demand, changes in the relative strength or weakness of such currencies, and particularly the U.S. dollar, may also affect international trade flows of these products. A stronger U.S. dollar may

attract imports into North America from foreign producers, increase supply and have a downward effect on prices, while a weaker U.S. dollar may encourage U.S. exports and increase manufacturing costs that are in Canadian dollars or other foreign currencies. Variations in the exchange rates between the U.S. dollar and other currencies, particularly the Euro and the currencies of Canada, Sweden and certain Asian countries, will significantly affect the Company's competitive position compared to many of its competitors.

The Company is particularly sensitive to changes in the value of the Canadian dollar versus the U.S. dollar. The impact of these changes depends primarily on the Company's production and sales volume, the proportion of its production and sales that occur in Canada, the proportion of its financial assets and liabilities denominated in Canadian dollars, its hedging levels and the magnitude, direction and duration of changes in the exchange rate. The Company expects exchange rate fluctuations to continue to impact costs and revenues; however, it cannot predict the magnitude or direction of this effect for any quarter, and there can be no assurance of any future effects. During the last two years, the relative value of the Canadian dollar ranged from US\$1.02 in March 2008 to US\$0.77 in October 2008 and back to US\$0.95 as of December 31, 2009. Based on exchange rates and operating conditions projected for 2010, and prior to the impact of the Company's plan or plans of reorganization, the Company projects that a one-cent increase in the Canadian-U.S. dollar exchange rate would decrease its pre-tax income (loss) for 2010 by approximately \$22 million.

If the Canadian dollar continues to remain strong versus the U.S. dollar, it could influence the foreign exchange rate assumptions that are used in the Company's evaluation of long-lived assets for impairment and, consequently, result in asset impairment charges.

The Company may not be successful in its strategy of increasing its share of coated and specialty papers and competing in growth markets with higher returns.

One of the components of the Company's long-term strategy is to improve its portfolio of businesses by focusing on coated and specialty papers and competing more aggressively in growth markets with higher returns. There are risks associated with the implementation of this strategy, which is complicated and involves a substantial number of mills, machines and personnel. To the extent the Company is unsuccessful in achieving this strategy, its results of operations may be adversely affected.

The Company faces intense competition in the forest products industry and the failure to compete effectively would have a material adverse effect on its business, financial condition or results of operations.

The Company competes with numerous forest products companies, many of which have greater financial resources than it does. There has been a continued trend toward consolidation in the forest products industry, leading to new global producers. These global producers are typically large, well-capitalized companies that may have greater flexibility in pricing and financial resources for marketing, investment and expansion than the Company. The markets for the Company's products are all highly competitive. Actions by competitors can affect the Company's ability to sell products and can affect the volatility of the prices at which products are sold. While the principal basis for competition is price, the Company also competes on the basis of customer service, quality and product type. There has also been an increasing trend toward consolidation among its customers. With fewer customers in the market for the Company's products, its negotiation position with these customers could be weakened. In addition, the CCAA Proceedings and the Chapter 11 Cases may be used by the Company's competitors in an attempt to divert existing customers or may discourage future customers from purchasing the Company's products under long-term agreements.

In addition, the Company's industry is capital intensive, which leads to high fixed costs. Some of the Company's competitors may be lower-cost producers in some of the businesses in which the Company operates. Global newsprint capacity, particularly Chinese and European newsprint capacity, has been increasing, which is expected to result in lower prices, volumes or both for the Company's exported products. The Company believes that new hardwood pulp capacity at South American pulp mills has unit costs that are significantly below those of its hardwood kraft pulp mills. Other actions by competitors, such as reducing costs or adding low-cost capacity, may adversely affect the Company's competitive position in the products it manufactures and, consequently, its sales, operating income and cash flows. The Company may not be able to compete effectively and achieve adequate levels

of sales and product margins. Failure to compete effectively would have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition or results of operations.

The forest products industry is highly cyclical. Fluctuations in the prices of, and the demand for, the Company's products could result in small or negative profit margins, lower sales volumes and curtailment or closure of operations.

The forest products industry is highly cyclical. Historically, economic and market shifts, fluctuations in capacity and changes in foreign currency exchange rates have created cyclical changes in prices, sales volume and margins for the Company's products. Most of its paper and wood products are commodities that are widely available from other producers and even its coated and specialty paper are susceptible to these fluctuations. Because the Company's commodity products have few distinguishing qualities from producer to producer, competition for these products is based primarily on price, which is determined by supply relative to demand. The overall levels of demand for the products the Company manufactures and distributes and, consequently, its sales and profitability, reflect fluctuations in levels of end-user demand, which depend in part on general economic conditions in North America and worldwide. In 2008 and 2009, the Company experienced lower demand and decreased pricing for its wood products due to a weaker U.S. housing market. As a result, during 2008, the Company announced the curtailment of annualized capacity of approximately 1.3 billion board feet of lumber in the provinces of Québec and British Columbia and during 2009, the Company continued its wood products' operating rate at extremely low levels. The Company is not expecting any significant improvements in the U.S. housing market in 2010, but transaction prices have shown some improvement in early 2010. As such, the Company is continuing to conduct an in-depth review of its wood products business with the objective of selling non-core assets, consolidating facilities, and curtailing or closing non-contributing operations. Curtailments or shutdowns could result in asset impairments at the affected facilities and could materially affect the results of operations or financial condition.

The Company's manufacturing businesses may have difficulty obtaining wood fiber at favorable prices, or at all.

Wood fiber is the principal raw material used in the Company's business. The Company uses both virgin fiber (wood chips and logs) and recycled fiber (old newspapers and magazines) as fiber sources for its paper mills. The primary source for wood fiber is timber. Environmental litigation and regulatory developments have caused, and may cause in the future, significant reductions in the amount of timber available for commercial harvest in Canada and the United States. In addition, future domestic or foreign legislation, litigation advanced by Aboriginal groups and litigation concerning the use of timberlands, the protection of endangered species, the promotion of forest biodiversity and the response to and prevention of catastrophic wildfires could also affect timber supplies. Availability of harvested timber may further be limited by factors such as fire and fire prevention, insect infestation, disease, ice storms, wind storms, drought, flooding and other natural and man-made causes, thereby reducing supply and increasing prices. As is typical in the industry, the Company does not maintain insurance for any loss to its outstanding timber from natural disasters or other causes. Wood fiber is a commodity and prices historically have been cyclical, are subject to market influences and may increase in particular regions due to market shifts.

Pricing of recycled fiber is also subject to market influences and has experienced significant fluctuations. During the last two years, the prices of old newspapers have ranged from a high of \$195 average per ton during the third quarter of 2008 to a low of \$76 average per ton during the first quarter of 2009 and averaged \$131 per ton during the fourth quarter of 2009. There can be no assurance that prices of recycled fiber will remain at their current level. Any sustained increase in fiber prices would increase the Company's operating costs and it may be unable to increase prices for its products in response.

Although the Company believes that the balance of fiber supply between its internal sources and the open market is adequate to support its current wood products and paper and pulp production requirements, there can be no assurance that access to fiber will continue at the same levels achieved in the past. The cost of softwood fiber and the availability of wood chips may be affected. If the Company's cutting rights pursuant to the forest licenses or forest management agreements are reduced or if any third-party supplier of wood fiber stops selling or is unable to sell wood fiber to the Company, its financial condition or operating results could suffer.

An increase in the cost of the Company's purchased energy, chemicals and other raw materials would lead to higher manufacturing costs, thereby reducing the Company's margins.

The Company's operations consume substantial amounts of energy, such as electricity, natural gas, fuel oil, coal and wood waste. The Company buys energy and raw materials, including chemicals, wood, recovered paper and other raw materials, primarily on the open market.

The prices for raw materials and energy are volatile and may change rapidly, directly affecting the Company's results of operations. The availability of raw materials and energy may also be disrupted by many factors outside the Company's control, adversely affecting its operations. Energy prices, particularly for electricity, natural gas and fuel oil, have been volatile in recent years and prices every year since 2005 have exceeded long-term historical averages. As a result, fluctuations in energy prices will impact the Company's manufacturing costs and contribute to earnings volatility.

The Company is a major user of renewable natural resources such as water and wood. Accordingly, significant changes in climate and forest diseases or infestation could affect the Company's financial condition or results of operations. The volume and value of timber that it can harvest or purchase may be limited by factors such as fire and fire prevention, insect infestation, disease, ice storms, wind storms, drought, flooding and other natural and man-made causes, thereby reducing supply and increasing prices. As is typical in the industry, the Company does not maintain insurance for any loss to its standing timber from natural disasters or other causes. Also, the Company can provide no assurance that it will be able to maintain its rights to utilize water or to renew them at conditions comparable to those currently in effect.

For the Company's commodity products, the relationship between industry supply and demand for these products, rather than changes in the cost of raw materials, will determine the Company's ability to increase prices. Consequently, the Company may be unable to pass along increases in its operating costs to its customers. Any sustained increase in energy, chemical or raw material prices without any corresponding increase in product pricing would reduce the Company's operating margins and potentially require it to limit or cease operations of one or more of its machines.

The Company could experience disruptions in operations or increased labor costs due to labor disputes.

The Company believes it is the largest employer in the Canadian forest products sector and has the sector's largest representation by Unions. A significant number of ABH's Collective Bargaining Agreements with respect to its paper operations in Eastern Canada expired at the end of April 2009, as have those for the Calhoun, Tennessee and the Catawba, South Carolina facilities. At the beginning of March 2010, ABH reached an agreement in principle with the CEP and the CSN, subject to the resolution of multi-party pension deficit discussions that are continuing between the CCAA filers and Québec and Ontario pension authorities, as further described below. Ratification of these agreements is completed in all locations.

On April 29, 2010, a coalition of U.S. labor unions led by the United Steelworkers International ratified a new master bargaining agreement covering mills in Calhoun, Catawba, Coosa Pines and Augusta. The individual mill Collective Bargaining Agreements adopted in connection therewith will extend through April 27, 2014 in the case of Calhoun and Catawba and April 27, 2015 in the case of Coosa Pines and Augusta.

During the same period, the Company and the CEP reached the CEP Union Agreement, a tentative agreement for the renewal of the Collective Bargaining Agreements of Girardville, Mistassini, Saint-Thomas and La Doré sawmills. A vote was held on May 30, 2010 by which the CEP union locals of Girardville, Mistassini and Saint-Thomas approved the CEP Union Agreement, however the CEP union local of La Doré rejected said agreement. Face with this situation, on June 9, 2010, the Applicants presented a motion requesting an order of the Court in connection with a second vote to be held by the members of the La Doré local. On June 11, 2010, the Court issued an order authorizing the CEP union locals of Girardville, Mistassini, Saint-Thomas and La Doré to proceed to a second vote in view of approving the CEP Union Agreement before June 27, 2010. If ratified, this agreement will serve as a model agreement for other sawmills and woodlands operations.

While negotiations with Unions have in the past resulted in collective bargaining agreements, as is the case with any negotiation, we may not be able to reach satisfactory agreements which would result in the Company not being able to achieve the required cost savings which could affect our business, financial condition or results of operations and our emergence from creditor protection.

The Company's operations require substantial capital and it may not have adequate capital resources to provide for all of its capital requirements.

The Company's businesses are capital intensive and require that it regularly incurs capital expenditures in order to maintain its equipment, increase its operating efficiency and comply with environmental laws. In addition, significant amounts of capital may be required to modify its equipment to produce alternative grades with better demand characteristics or to make significant improvements in the characteristics of its current products. If the Company's available cash resources and cash generated from operations are not sufficient to fund its operating needs and capital expenditures, it would have to obtain additional funds from borrowings or other available sources or reduce or delay its capital expenditures. Current global credit conditions and the downturn in the global economy have resulted in a significant decline in the credit markets and the overall availability of credit. The Company may not be able to obtain additional funds on favorable terms or at all. If the Company cannot maintain or upgrade its equipment as it requires, it may become unable to manufacture products that compete effectively. At this time, the Company cannot predict the impact of the CCAA Proceedings and the Chapter 11 Cases on its capital expenditure program.

Changes in laws and regulations could adversely affect the Company's results of operations.

The Company is subject to a variety of foreign, federal, state, provincial and local laws and regulations dealing with trade, employees, transportation, Taxes, timber and water rights and the environment. Changes in these laws or regulations or their interpretations or enforcement have required in the past, and could require in the future, substantial expenditures by the Company and adversely affect its results of operations. For example, changes in environmental laws and regulations have in the past, and could in the future, require the Company to spend substantial amounts to comply with restrictions on air emissions, wastewater discharge, waste management and landfill sites, including remediation costs. Environmental laws are becoming increasingly stringent. Consequently, the Company's compliance and remediation costs could increase materially.

Changes in the political or economic conditions in Canada, the United States or other countries in which the Company's products are manufactured or sold could adversely affect the Company's results of operations.

The Company manufactures products in Canada, the United States and South Korea and sells products throughout the world. Paper prices are tied to the health of the economies of North and South America, Asia and Europe, as well as to paper inventory levels in these regions. The economic and political climate of each region has a significant impact on the Company's costs and the prices of, and demand for, its products. Changes in regional economies or political instability, including acts of war or terrorist activities, can affect the cost of manufacturing and distributing the Company's products, pricing and sales volume, directly affecting the results of operations. Such changes could also affect the availability or cost of insurance.

The Company may be required to record additional environmental liabilities.

The Company is subject to a wide range of general and industry-specific laws and regulations relating to the protection of the environment, including those governing air emissions, wastewater discharges, timber harvesting, the storage, management and disposal of hazardous substances and waste, the clean-up of contaminated sites, landfill operation and closure, forestry operations, endangered species habitat, and health and safety. As an owner and operator of real estate and manufacturing and processing facilities, the Company may be liable under environmental laws for cleanup and other costs and damages, including tort liability and damages to natural resources, resulting from past or present spills or releases of hazardous or toxic substances on or from its current or former properties. The Company may incur liability under these laws without regard to whether the Company knew of, was responsible for, or owned the property at the time of, any spill or release of hazardous or toxic substances on or from its property, or at properties where the Company arranged for the disposal of regulated materials. Claims

may arise out of currently unknown environmental conditions or aggressive enforcement efforts by governmental or private parties. As a result of the above, the Company may be required to record additional environmental liabilities.

The Company is subject to physical and financial risks associated with climate change.

The Company's operations are subject to climate variations, which impact the productivity of forests, the distribution and abundance of species and the spread of disease or insect epidemics, which may adversely or positively affect timber production. Over the past several years, changing weather patterns and climatic conditions have added to the unpredictability and frequency of natural disasters such as hurricanes, earthquakes, hailstorms, wildfires, snow and ice storms, which could also affect the Company's woodlands or cause variations in the cost for raw materials such as fiber. Changes in precipitation resulting in droughts could adversely affect the Company's hydroelectric facilities' production, increasing its energy costs, while increased precipitation may generally have positive effects.

To the extent climate change impacts raw material availability or the Company's electricity production, it may also impact costs and revenues. Furthermore, should financial markets view climate change as a financial risk, the Company's ability to access capital markets or to receive acceptable terms and conditions could be affected.

The Company may be required to record additional long-lived asset impairment charges.

Losses related to impairment of long-lived assets are recognized when circumstances indicate the carrying values of the assets may not be recoverable, such as continuing losses in certain locations. When certain indicators that the carrying value of a long-lived asset may not be recoverable are triggered, the Company evaluates the carrying value of the asset group in relation to its expected undiscounted future cash flows. If the carrying value of the asset group is greater than the expected undiscounted future cash flows, an impairment charge is recorded based on the excess of the long-lived asset group's carrying value over its fair value.

It is possible that the Company could record additional non-cash long-lived asset impairment charges in future periods when there is a triggering event.

The Company has net liabilities with respect to its pension plans and the actual cost of its pension plan obligations could exceed current provisions.

As of December 31, 2009, the Company's defined benefit pension plans were under-funded by an aggregate of approximately \$424 million on a financial accounting basis. The Company's future funding obligations for the defined benefit pension plans depend upon changes to the level of benefits provided by the plans, the future performance of assets set aside in trusts for these plans, the level of interest rates used to determine minimum funding levels, actuarial data and demographic experience (e.g., mortality and retirement rates) and any changes in government laws and regulations. Any adverse change to any of these factors may require the Company to increase its cash contributions to its pension plans and those additional contributions could have a material adverse effect on the Company's cash flows and results of operations.

We obtained an order from the Court on May 8, 2009 specifying that the payment of special contributions for past service to Canadian pension plans maintained by Abitibi and Bowater could be suspended. Abitibi and Bowater continue to make their respective Canadian pension plan contributions for current service costs.

The determination of projected benefit obligations and the recognition of expenses related to the Company's pension plan obligations are dependent on assumptions used in calculating these amounts. These assumptions include, among other things, expected rates of return on plan assets, which are developed using the Company's historical experience applied to our target allocation of investments in conjunction with market-related data for each individual country in which such plans exist. All assumptions are reviewed periodically with third-party actuarial consultants and adjusted as necessary. Any deterioration in the global securities markets could impact the value of the assets included in the Company's defined benefit pension plans, which could materially impact future minimum cash contributions.

It is a condition to the consummation of the CCAA Plan that the following regulations be adopted in form and substance satisfactory to the Applicants: (i) a special funding relief regulation pursuant to the *Supplemental Pension Plans Act (Québec)* for the benefit of ABH and its subsidiaries with respect to the funding of their defined benefit registered pension plans; and (ii) a special funding relief regulation pursuant to the *Pension Benefits Act (Ontario)* for the benefit of ABH and its subsidiaries with respect to the funding of their defined benefit registered pension plans. The Company cannot predict if those conditions will be satisfied. For additional information on the conditions to emergence, see above under "*The CCAA Plan - Description of the CCAA Plan - Conditions Precedent to Implementation of CCAA Plan*".

The Company may not be compensated for the expropriation of certain assets by the Government of Newfoundland.

On December 16, 2008, following the Company's December 4, 2008 announcement of the permanent closure of its Grand Falls newsprint mill, Newfoundland passed legislation under Bill 75 to expropriate, among other things, all of the Company's timber rights, water rights, leases and hydroelectric assets in Newfoundland, whether partially or wholly owned through its Subsidiaries and affiliated entities. Newfoundland also announced that it does not plan to compensate the Company for the loss of the water and timber rights, but has indicated that it may compensate the Company for certain of its hydroelectric assets. However, it has made no commitment to ensure that such compensation would represent the fair market value of such assets.

On February 25, 2010, the Company filed a Notice of Arbitration under NAFTA, which asserts that the expropriation was arbitrary, discriminatory and illegal. The Company's claim seeks direct compensation for damages of approximately Cdn\$500 million, plus additional costs and relief. Although the Company believes that the Government of Canada will be required to compensate it for the fair market value of the expropriated assets, there can be no assurance that it will and the Company has not recognized an asset for such claim in its Consolidated Financial Statements. The Company continues to reach out to the Government of Canada in an effort to come to a negotiated settlement and avoid protracted NAFTA proceedings.

The Company could be compelled to remediate certain sites it formerly owned and/or operated in Newfoundland.

On March 31, 2010, the Court dismissed a motion for declaratory judgment brought by Newfoundland, awarding costs in favor of the Company, and thus confirmed its position that the five orders the province issued under section 99 of its EPA on November 12, 2009 are subject to the Stay of Proceedings pursuant to the CCAA Proceedings. Newfoundland's orders could have required the Company to proceed immediately with the environmental remediation of various sites it formerly owned or operated, some of which the province expropriated in December 2008 with Bill 75. If Newfoundland requests an extension to the applicable court-imposed deadline by which its claim had to be filed in order to receive any distribution in the CCAA Proceedings, a request the Company can contest, and if the Court grants the request, the province's claim based on the environmental orders would be subject to the existing claims process and would be subject to compromise. Newfoundland sought leave to appeal the Court's judgment to the Québec Court of Appeal, which was denied on May 18, 2010.

The continued decline in the global economy may significantly inhibit the Company's ability to sell assets.

Non-core asset sales have been and may continue to be a source of additional liquidity, subject to the approval of the Court, the Bankruptcy Court and the Monitor, as applicable, until such time as the Company emerges from the CCAA Proceedings. The Company periodically reviews timberlands and other assets and sells such assets as a source of additional liquidity. However, as a result of the current global economy and credit conditions, it may be difficult for potential purchasers to obtain the financing necessary to buy such assets. As a result, the Company may be forced to sell the assets for significantly lower amounts than planned or may not be able to sell them at all. No assurances can be provided that the Court, the Bankruptcy Court and the Monitor, as applicable, will approve such sales or as to the timing of any such approvals.

The Company could lose any or all of its equity interest in Augusta Newsprint Company.

On June 15, 2009, the Company filed a motion with the Bankruptcy Court to reject the Call Agreement in respect of ANI, an indirect subsidiary of Woodbridge and the Company's partner in ANC. ANC is the partnership that owns and operates the Augusta newsprint mill. The Call Agreement obligated ACSC to either buy out ANC at a price well above market, or risk losing all of its equity in the joint venture pursuant to forced sale provisions. The Bankruptcy Court granted the Company's motion on October 27, 2009 and approved its rejection of the Call Agreement. The Company's counterparties to the Call Agreement filed a notice of appeal with the Bankruptcy Court on November 3, 2009. If the Bankruptcy Court does not uphold the Bankruptcy Court's judgment and a forced sale is consummated, there can be no assurance that the Company would be able to recover any or all of its 52.5% equity interest in the Augusta Newsprint Company, which as of December 31, 2009, was approximately \$42 million.

Also, on March 9, 2010, Woodbridge filed a motion in the Bankruptcy Court to force ACSC to reject the partnership agreement governing the Augusta Newsprint Company. If ACSC were forced to reject the partnership agreement, the future of the Augusta mill would be uncertain. The U.S. Debtors filed an objection to the motion on April 9, 2010. The matter was heard on May 26, 2010 but the hearing was not dispositive. The motion thus remains pending before the Bankruptcy Court.

Risks Relating to the New ABH Common Stock

The CCAA Plan exchanges senior securities for equity.

If the CCAA Plan is implemented, Affected Unsecured Creditors with Proven Claims will receive New ABH Common Stock. Thus, in agreeing to the CCAA Plan, certain of such holders will be consenting to the exchange of their interests in senior debt, which has, among other things, a stated interest rate, a maturity date, and a liquidation preference over equity securities, for New ABH Common Stock, which will be subordinated to all future creditor and non-equity based Claims.

There is no existing trading market for the New ABH Common Stock.

There is no existing trading market for the New ABH Common Stock nor is it known with certainty whether or when a trading market will develop. Although the Applicants anticipate that the New ABH Common Stock will be listed or quoted on the New York Stock Exchange, the NASDAQ Global Market or NASDAQ Global Select Market and/or the TSX, there can be no assurance that such shares will be accepted for listing by the relevant governing body. The lack of liquidity for the New ABH Common Stock may make it more difficult for Reorganized ABH to raise additional capital, if necessary, and it may affect the price volatility of the New ABH Common Stock. There can also be no assurance that a holder will be able to sell its New ABH Common Stock at a particular time or that the prices such holder receives when it sells will be favorable. Future trading prices of the New ABH Common Stock will depend on many factors, including the operating performance and financial condition of Reorganized ABH.

Reorganized ABH does not intend to pay dividends with respect to the New ABH Common Stock in the foreseeable future

For the foreseeable future, Reorganized ABH does not anticipate paying any dividends with respect to the New ABH Common Stock. Any future determination to pay dividends will be at the discretion of the board of directors of Reorganized ABH and will be dependent on then-existing conditions, including the financial condition, results of operations, capital requirements, contractual restrictions, business prospects and other factors that the board of directors of Reorganized ABH considers relevant.

The trading price for the New ABH Common Stock may be depressed following the Implementation Date.

Following the Implementation Date, recipients of New ABH Common Stock under the CCAA Plan may seek to dispose of such securities to obtain liquidity, which could cause the initial trading prices for these securities to be depressed, particularly in light of the lack of established trading markets for these securities. Further, the

possibility that recipients of New ABH Common Stock may determine to sell all or a large portion of their shares in a short period of time may adversely affect the market price of the New ABH Common Stock.

Upon consummation of the Plan, there may be significant holders of the New ABH Common Stock.

Upon consummation of the CCAA Plan, certain holders of Claims will receive distributions of the New ABH Common Stock representing a substantial percentage of the outstanding shares of the New ABH Common Stock. If certain holders of Claims obtain a sufficiently sizeable position of New ABH Common Stock, such holders could be in a position to influence the outcome of actions requiring shareholder approval, including, among other things, the election of Reorganized ABH board members. This concentration of ownership could also facilitate or hinder a negotiated change of control of Reorganized ABH and, consequently, impact the value of the New ABH Common Stock. Furthermore, the possibility that one or more holders of a significant number of shares of the New ABH Common Stock may sell all or a large portion of its shares of the New ABH Common Stock in a short period of time may adversely affect the trading prices of the New ABH Common Stock.

The Discussion of Enterprise Valuation of the estimated range of going concern enterprise value, and the estimated recoveries to holders of Affected Claims, are not intended to represent the trading value of the New ABH Common Stock.

The Discussion of Enterprise Valuation is based on the Financial Projections developed by the Applicants with the assistance of their financial advisors and investment bankers and on certain generally accepted valuation principles. It is not intended to represent the trading values of the Company's securities in public or private markets. The Discussion of Estimated Valuation of Company upon Reorganization is based on numerous assumptions (the realization of many of which are beyond the Company's control), including the Company's successful reorganization, an assumed Implementation Date on or about ●, the Company's ability to achieve the operating and financial results included in the Financial Projections, the Company's ability to maintain adequate liquidity to fund operations and the assumption that capital and equity markets remain consistent with current conditions. Even if the Company realizes the Financial Projections, the trading market values for the New ABH Common Stock could be adversely impacted by the lack of trading liquidity for these securities, lack of institutional research coverage, and concentrated selling by recipients of these securities.

The New ABH Common Stock may be issued in odd lots.

Holders of Proven Claims may receive odd lot distributions (*i.e.*, less than 100 shares or units) of New ABH Common Stock under the CCAA Plan or under the U.S. Plan. Holders may find it more difficult to dispose of odd lots in the marketplace and may face increased brokerage charges in connection with any such disposition.

Restrictions on transfer.

Holders of New ABH Common Stock issued pursuant to the CCAA Plan who are deemed to be "underwriters" as defined in Section 1145(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, and those holders who are deemed to be "affiliates" or "control persons" within the meaning of the U.S. Securities Act and the rules promulgated thereunder, will be unable to freely transfer or to sell their New ABH Common Stock except pursuant to (a) "ordinary trading transactions" by a holder that is not an "issuer" within the meaning of Section 1145(b), (b) an effective registration of such securities under the U.S. Securities Act and under equivalent state securities or "blue sky" Laws, or (c) pursuant to the provisions of Rule 144 or Regulation S under the U.S. Securities Act or another available exemption from the registration requirements of the U.S. Securities Act. Similarly, under Canadian securities Laws, New ABH Common Stock held by "control persons" will generally not be freely tradable in Canada and will be subject to resale restrictions.

Risk Factors Relating to the Rights Offering – Generally

Features of the Subscription Rights are distinct from a conventional rights offering

The Subscription Rights offered to Eligible Holders pursuant to the Rights Offering have a number of features that are different from those characteristic of more conventional rights offerings. The Subscription Rights are non-transferable and non-assignable by Eligible Holders separately from the related Claims and will only be exercisable during the period which begins on the first date Subscription Forms are mailed to Eligible Holders and which ends on the Rights Offering Expiration Date or the Subsequent Rights Offering Expiration Date, as applicable. There will be no market through which the Subscription Rights may be sold, and the Eligible Holders will be unable to resell the Subscription Rights received under the Rights Offering independently of the related Claims they hold. The Subscription Rights and the related Claims will not be listed on any stock exchange.

Holders of Class 6 Claims and Affected Unsecured Creditors that are not Eligible Holders will not be entitled to participate in the Rights Offering. At this time, the Debtors do not anticipate that such Eligible Holders will receive any alternative consideration or compensation for such inability to participate.

The full entitlement of an Eligible Holder to receive Subscription Rights is uncertain

Eligible Holders will be offered Subscription Rights to purchase Rights Offering Notes for up to a number of Rights Offering Notes determined on the basis of such Eligible Holder's proportionate share of New ABH Common Stock to be issued on account of all Eligible Claims as of the Rights Offering Record Date. An Eligible Holder may subscribe for additional Subscription Rights upon the resolution of any Disputed Claim during the period after the Rights Offering Record Date but on or before [●], 2010, pursuant to an order of the Court or pursuant to a claims modification determined by the Monitor or a claims officer appointed by the Court. Unless such Disputed Claim is resolved before [●], 2010, the Eligible Holder with a Disputed Claim shall not be entitled to receive additional Subscription Rights to purchase Rights Offering Notes in addition to its entitlement as determined on the Rights Offering Record Date.

Furthermore, the Company may, in its sole discretion, reduce the size of the Rights Offering or cancel it entirely at any time. The aggregate amount of the Rights Offering may also be reduced by the Company to the extent required to ensure that the Rights Offering will be exempt from registration under the Securities Act pursuant to Section 1145 of the Bankruptcy Code.

As a result, it is not possible for Eligible Holders to calculate with certainty the extent of their full entitlement to Subscription Rights as of the Subscription Rights Record Date.

The exercise price in escrow will not generate interest

All monies paid into escrow on account of the exercise price for the Subscription Rights will be deposited by the Escrow Agent in a non-interest bearing account. In no circumstance will an Eligible Holder be paid any interest or yield in respect of the exercise price held in escrow, regardless of whether or not the Rights Offering Notes are ultimately subscribed for or any part of the escrow money is returned to the Eligible Holder if any or all of the Rights Offering Notes subscribed by the Eligible Holder are not issued by Reorganized ABH.

Holders of New ABH Common Stock will be subject to dilution resulting from the conversion of the Rights Offering Notes, which dilution may be significant

The issuance of shares of New ABH Common Stock upon conversion of some or all of the Rights Offering Notes will dilute the ownership interests of holders of New ABH Common Stock, including holders who have previously received shares of New ABH Common Stock upon conversion of the Rights Offering Notes. Because the Conversion Price of the Rights Offering Notes will be fixed as of the Implementation Date (subject to customary anti-dilution adjustments), any Eligible Holder that fails to exercise the full extent of its Subscription Rights may suffer dilution with respect to its shares of New ABH Common Stock as a result of the exercise of Subscription

Rights by other Eligible Holders or the purchase of Rights Offering Notes by the Backstop Parties and the conversion of the Rights Offering Notes by them.

The Closing of the Rights Offering is subject to a number of significant conditions

The closing of the Rights Offering is subject to the satisfaction or waiver of each condition to effectiveness of the Plans before [●], 2010. There can be no assurance that each of those conditions will be satisfied or waived before such date, if at all, or that the Plans will receive sanctions from the Bankruptcy Court and the Court, respectively.

In the event that the Rights Offering is not successfully completed as contemplated herein, the Subscription Rights will be cancelled and the exercise price paid to subscribe for Rights Offering Notes will be returned to the respective Eligible Holders without accrual or any payment of interest thereon.

Eligible Holders must act promptly and follow instructions carefully if they want to exercise their Subscription Rights

Eligible Holders are not obligated to exercise their Subscription Rights. However, the failure to validly exercise such rights prior to the Rights Offering Expiration Date or the Subsequent Rights Offering Expiration Date, as applicable, will result in the permanent loss of the Subscription Rights. Eligible Holders and, if applicable, brokers, banks or other nominees acting on their behalf, who desire to purchase Rights Offering Notes in the Rights Offering must act promptly to ensure that all required certificates and payments are actually received by the Subscription Agent before the Rights Offering Expiration Date or the Subscription Rights Offering Expiration Date, as applicable. The time period to exercise Subscription Rights is limited. If an Eligible Holder or its broker, bank or other nominee, as applicable, fails to complete and sign the required Subscription Forms, sends an incorrect payment amount or otherwise fails to follow the procedures that apply to the exercise of the Subscription Rights, the Company may, depending on the circumstances, reject the exercise of Subscription Rights or accept it only to the extent of the payment received.

Eligible Holders are responsible for the accuracy and completeness of Subscriptions Forms before the Rights Offering Expiration Date or the Subsequent Rights Offering Expiration Date, as applicable

Eligible Holders who wish to exercise their Subscription Rights to purchase Rights Offering Notes must ensure that the Subscription Form, and the payment of the applicable exercise price, are received by the Subscription Agent before the Rights Offering Expiration Date or the Subsequent Rights Offering Expiration Date, as applicable. The Subscription Agent will reject any Subscription Forms received after the Rights Offering Expiration Date or the Subsequent Rights Offering Expiration Date, as applicable. The Subscription Agent will not contact any Eligible Holder to seek clarification, correct or complete an incomplete or incorrect Subscription Form or to obtain complete payment of an incomplete payment of the exercise price. The Subscription Agent and the Company have the sole discretion to determine whether an exercise of Subscription Rights properly follows the exercise procedures.

A small number of holders may control Reorganized ABH

Votes in respect of New ABH Common Stock may be controlled by a small number of holders. Following emergence, the Backstop Parties will own an aggregate of approximately [●] shares of New ABH Common Stock. The Backstop Investor's ownership positions could be substantially higher in the event of purchasing unsubscribed Rights Offering Notes under the Backstop Agreement. Accordingly, assuming the conversion of all Rights Offering Notes (particularly upon the purchase of unsubscribed Rights Offering Notes under the Backstop Agreement of the Backstop Parties in full), the Backstop Parties may be in a position to materially impact control of Reorganized ABH, including the power to elect directors, approve significant mergers or other material corporate transactions or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of Reorganized ABH, and to otherwise pass or block votes of holders of New ABH Common Stock. The interests of purchasers of Rights Offering Notes pursuant to this Rights Offering may not align with the interests of certain other holders, including the Backstop Parties, participating in this Rights Offering.

Risk Factors Relating to the Rights Offering Notes

The substantial indebtedness of Reorganized ABH could prevent it from fulfilling its obligations under the Rights Offering Notes and may otherwise restrict its activities

Reorganized ABH will have a significant amount of indebtedness. At the Implementation Date, assuming all of the Rights Offering Notes are issued, it is expected that Reorganized ABH would have a total of approximately \$[1.7] billion of consolidated indebtedness outstanding, consisting of \$[500] million of the Rights Offering Notes and \$[1.2] billion of borrowings outstanding under the Exit Loan Facilities as well as other indebtedness.

The outstanding indebtedness of Reorganized ABH, including under the Rights Offering Notes, could have important consequences. For example, it could:

- make it more difficult for Reorganized ABH to satisfy its obligations with respect to the Rights Offering Notes;
- limit Reorganized ABH's ability to obtain additional financing for funding its business strategy, capital expenditures, acquisitions, working capital or other purposes, or require it to agree to additional restrictions and limitations on its business operations and capital structure to obtain additional financing;
- limit Reorganized ABH's ability to refinance its debt;
- require Reorganized ABH to dedicate a substantial portion of its operating cash flow to service its debt, thereby reducing funds available for its business strategy, capital expenditures, acquisitions, working capital and other purposes;
- increase Reorganized ABH's vulnerability to adverse economic, regulatory and industry conditions and to interest rate fluctuations;
- limit Reorganized ABH's flexibility in planning for, or responding to, changing business and economic conditions, including reacting to the current global economic recession;
- place Reorganized ABH at a competitive disadvantage relative to its competitors with less indebtedness; and
- subject Reorganized ABH to financial and other restrictive covenants, which may cause an event of default and an acceleration of its indebtedness if Reorganized ABH fails to comply with those covenants and fails to cure the resulting event of default.

Also, a portion of the debt of Reorganized ABH is expected to be at variable interest rates, and if interest rates rise, its debt obligations could increase. If variable interest rates were to increase significantly, they could have a material adverse impact on the earnings and financial condition of Reorganized ABH.

Reorganized ABH also expects that it will be required to refinance its indebtedness. The ability of Reorganized ABH to refinance its indebtedness will depend on, among other things, its financial condition at the time, its financial performance, credit market conditions and the availability of financing. The ability of Reorganized ABH to refinance its indebtedness could be impaired if debt holders develop a negative perception of its long-term or short-term financial prospects. Such negative perceptions could result if Reorganized ABH suffers a decline in the level of its business activity, among other reasons. In addition, because of disruptions in the worldwide credit markets, the economic downturn and its impact on the business of Reorganized ABH or for other reasons, Reorganized ABH may not be able to obtain refinancing on commercially reasonable terms or at all. Failure to refinance its indebtedness could have a material adverse effect on Reorganized ABH and could require it to dispose of assets if it cannot refinance its indebtedness. In such a case, Reorganized ABH may be unable to sell some of its

assets, or it may have to sell assets at a substantial discount from market value, either of which could materially adversely affect the results of operations and business of Reorganized ABH.

Covenant restrictions under Reorganized ABH's indebtedness may limit its ability to operate its business

The agreements that govern the terms of Reorganized ABH's debt, including the Exit Loan Facilities, are expected to contain covenants that will restrict its ability and the ability of its subsidiaries to:

- incur and guarantee indebtedness or issue equity interests of restricted subsidiaries;
- repay subordinated indebtedness prior to its stated maturity;
- pay dividends or make other distributions on or redeem or repurchase its stock;
- issue capital stock;
- make certain investments or acquisitions;
- create liens;
- sell certain assets or merge with or into other companies;
- enter into certain transactions with stockholders and affiliates;
- make capital expenditures; and
- restrict dividends, distributions or other payments from its subsidiaries.

In addition, some or all of the agreements governing the Exit Loan Facilities or other indebtedness of Reorganized ABH may require Reorganized ABH to satisfy and maintain various financial maintenance covenants, such as minimum fixed charge coverage ratios, minimum EBITDA, maximum total leverage ratios and other similar covenants. Reorganized ABH's ability to meet the required financial ratios may be affected by events beyond its control, and Reorganized ABH may not be able to meet these ratios. A breach of these covenants could result in defaults under the applicable Exit Loan Facilities.

A breach of the covenants under the Exit Loan Facilities or other Reorganized ABH indebtedness could result in an event of default under the applicable indebtedness. Such default may allow the creditors to accelerate the related debt and may result in the acceleration of any other debt to which a cross-acceleration or cross-default provision applies. In addition, an event of default under a debt agreement would likely permit the lenders under the agreement to terminate all commitments to extend further credit under that the agreement. Furthermore, if Reorganized ABH were unable to repay the amounts due and payable under the Exit Loan Facilities or other indebtedness, those lenders could proceed against any collateral granted to them to secure that indebtedness. In the event the lenders accelerate the repayment of the borrowings, Reorganized ABH cannot assure that it and its subsidiaries would have sufficient assets to repay such indebtedness.

As a result of the restrictions in its indebtedness, Reorganized ABH may be:

- limited in how it conducts its business;
- unable to raise additional debt or equity financing to operate during general economic or business downturns; or
- unable to compete effectively or to take advantage of new business opportunities.

These restrictions may affect Reorganized ABH's ability to grow in accordance with its plans or adapt to changing business or economic conditions.

Despite the expected post-emergence indebtedness levels of Reorganized ABH, it may still be able to incur substantially more debt, and additional indebtedness could exacerbate the risks associated with the substantial leverage of Reorganized ABH

Reorganized ABH and its subsidiaries may be able to incur substantial additional indebtedness, including additional secured indebtedness, in the future. The terms of the Exit Loan Facilities and the other indebtedness of Reorganized ABH will likely restrict, but will not completely prohibit, Reorganized ABH from doing so. Further, the indenture governing the Rights Offering Notes will not prohibit Reorganized ABH or its subsidiaries from incurring additional senior debt or secured debt, nor does it prohibit any of its subsidiaries from incurring additional liabilities. If new debt or other liabilities are added to Reorganized ABH's post-emergence debt levels, the related risks that it faces could intensify.

Reorganized ABH will depend on its subsidiaries to distribute available cash to it, which it will need to service the Rights Offering Notes

Since Reorganized ABH will conduct a significant portion of its operations through its subsidiaries, its cash flow and its consequent ability to meet its debt service obligations, including its obligations under the Rights Offering Notes and its other indebtedness, depend in part upon the earnings of its subsidiaries and the distribution of those earnings, or upon intercompany credits, loans or other payments of funds by the subsidiaries to Reorganized ABH. None of the subsidiaries of Reorganized ABH that is not a guarantor of the Rights Offering Notes is obligated to make funds available to Reorganized ABH for payment of the Rights Offering Notes. Furthermore, agreements governing the indebtedness of the subsidiaries of Reorganized ABH may prohibit the payment of dividends or other transfers of cash or other assets from those subsidiaries to Reorganized ABH, so the ability of Reorganized ABH to access funds and assets in its subsidiaries to satisfy its debt service requirements may be limited. As a result, this structure may significantly limit the ability of Reorganized ABH to repay any interest and principal it owes on the Rights Offering Notes and the ability of Reorganized ABH and its subsidiaries to respond to changing business and economic conditions.

The Rights Offering Notes and the guarantees will be subordinated in right of payment to the Exit Loan Facilities and up to \$200 million of additional indebtedness of Reorganized ABH and the Guarantors

The Rights Offering Notes and the guarantees provided by the wholly-owned U.S. subsidiaries of Reorganized ABH (the "Guarantors") will be subordinated in right of payment to Reorganized ABH's and the Guarantors' obligations under the Exit Loan Facilities, which may include unsecured financings (and any replacement or refinancing thereof), and any other unsecured or secured senior debt issued thereafter in an amount not to exceed \$200 million in the aggregate. Accordingly, if Reorganized ABH or a Guarantor is involved in a bankruptcy, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or similar proceeding or upon a default in payment on, or the acceleration of, any indebtedness under the Exit Loan Facilities, the assets of Reorganized ABH and the Guarantors will not be available to pay obligations on the Rights Offering Notes until all indebtedness under the Exit Loan Facilities and up to \$200 million of additional senior debt that may be issued has been paid in full. Reorganized ABH and the Guarantors may not have sufficient assets remaining to pay amounts due on any or all of the Rights Offering Notes then outstanding. In addition, the subordination provisions of the Rights Offering Notes will limit the exercise of remedies by holders of the Rights Offering Notes during the existence of a default or event of default under the Exit Loan Facilities.

The Rights Offering Notes and the guarantees will be effectively subordinated to any secured indebtedness of Reorganized ABH and the Guarantors to the extent of the assets securing such indebtedness

Holders of Reorganized ABH's and the Guarantors' existing and future secured indebtedness, including any secured indebtedness under the Exit Loan Facilities, will have claims that are prior to claims of the holders of the Rights Offering Notes to the extent of the value of the assets securing that other indebtedness. Certain indebtedness under the Exit Loan Facilities is expected to be secured by substantially all of Reorganized ABH's and the Guarantors' assets and is expected to be further collateralized by a pledge of all or a portion of the equity of various

subsidiaries of Reorganized ABH that are not Guarantors. In the event of any distribution or payment of the assets of Reorganized ABH or the Guarantors in any foreclosure, dissolution, winding up, liquidation, reorganization, or other bankruptcy proceeding, holders of secured indebtedness will have claims to those of assets of Reorganized ABH and the Guarantors that constitute their collateral that are prior to those of holders of the Rights Offering Notes. Holders of the Rights Offering Notes will participate ratably with all holders of Reorganized ABH's and the Guarantors' other unsecured and senior indebtedness, and potentially with all of Reorganized ABH's other general creditors, based upon the respective amounts owed to each holder or creditor, in Reorganized ABH's remaining assets. In any of the circumstances described in the preceding sentences, Reorganized ABH may not have sufficient assets to pay amounts due on the Rights Offering Notes. As a result, holders of Rights Offering Notes may receive less, ratably, than holders of secured indebtedness.

It is expected that upon emergence Reorganized ABH will have approximately \$[1.2] billion of secured indebtedness, consisting of borrowings outstanding under the Exit Loan Facilities. Reorganized ABH and the Guarantors will be permitted to borrow additional indebtedness, including senior debt and secured debt, under the terms of the indenture governing the Rights Offering Notes, and the Exit Loan Facilities and other indebtedness of Reorganized ABH will likely restrict, but will not completely prohibit, Reorganized ABH and the Guarantors from incurring additional indebtedness. Any additional secured debt may have a further negative effect on the ability of the holders of Rights Offering Notes to receive principal and interest on such Rights Offering Notes.

The Rights Offering Notes are structurally subordinated to the liabilities and preferred stock of the subsidiaries of Reorganized ABH that do not Guarantee the Rights Offering Notes

Not all of Reorganized ABH's subsidiaries will guarantee the Rights Offering Notes. The Canadian subsidiaries and other non-U.S. subsidiaries of Reorganized ABH will not guarantee the Rights Offering Notes. As a result, the Rights Offering Notes will be structurally subordinated to all existing and future obligations, including indebtedness, and any preferred stock of the subsidiaries that do not guarantee the Rights Offering Notes, and the claims of such creditors of these subsidiaries, including trade creditors, and holders of preferred stock will have effective priority as to the assets of these subsidiaries over the holders of the Rights Offering Notes. In the event of a bankruptcy, liquidation or reorganization of any non-Guarantor subsidiaries, holders of such effectively prior claims will generally be entitled to payment of such claims from the assets of those subsidiaries before any assets are made available for distribution to Reorganized ABH as an equity holder in those subsidiaries and in turn to Reorganized ABH's creditors.

The Conversion Price does not necessarily reflect Reorganized ABH's value

The Conversion Price is not necessarily an indication of the value of Reorganized ABH or the value of the New ABH Common Stock at the time of conversion. The Conversion Price is a function of an equity value of Reorganized ABH on a pro forma basis after giving effect to the consummation of the Plans (excluding New ABH Common Stock issuable upon conversion of Rights Offering Notes or issued as part of the Backstop Payment) and does not necessarily bear any relationship to the book value of Reorganized ABH's assets, past operations, cash flows, losses, financial condition or any other established criteria for value. After the Implementation Date, the New ABH Common Stock will trade at prices above or below the Conversion Price depending on various factors, including those described above.

The Rights Offering Notes will not be protected by restrictive covenants

The indenture governing the Rights Offering Notes will not contain any financial or operating covenants or restrictions on the payment of dividends (other than anti-dilution adjustments), the incurrence of indebtedness, the disposition of assets, the incurrence of liens, affiliate transactions, the incurrence of limitations on the ability of subsidiaries to transfer property or make payments to Reorganized ABH or other subsidiaries or the issuance or repurchase of securities by Reorganized ABH or any of its subsidiaries. The indenture governing the Rights Offering Notes will contain no covenants or other provisions to afford protection to holders of the Rights Offering Notes in the event of a Fundamental Change involving Reorganized ABH, except to the extent the holders may require Reorganized ABH to repurchase the Rights Offering Notes. As a result, Reorganized ABH may take actions that are permitted under the indenture governing the Rights Offering Notes that may be materially disadvantageous to holders of the Rights Offering Notes.

Reorganized ABH may not have sufficient cash to repurchase the Rights Offering Notes following a Fundamental Change or at maturity or to otherwise redeem the Rights Offering Notes

Upon a Fundamental Change, the holders of Rights Offering Notes will have the right to require Reorganized ABH to repurchase their Rights Offering Notes, in whole or in part, at a price equal to the accreted value of the principal amount of the Rights Offering Notes based on the original issue price (less the Upfront Payment) plus accrued and unpaid interest thereon to such repurchase date.

In addition, in the event of an asset sale resulting in more than \$100 million of net cash proceeds to Reorganized ABH occurring within six months after the Issue Date, Reorganized ABH will be required to apply such net cash proceeds to redeem Rights Offering Notes at a price equal to 105% of the par value of the Rights Offering Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date, provided that (i) in the case of each such asset sale, Reorganized ABH has minimum liquidity, after giving effect to such sale and application of the net cash proceeds thereof, of at least \$600 million, and (ii) Reorganized ABH is permitted to make such redemption by the agreements governing its outstanding indebtedness.

Reorganized ABH may not have sufficient funds to pay the cash amounts required to redeem or repurchase the Rights Offering Notes, or pay the Rights Offering Notes at maturity and, in such circumstances, may not be able to arrange the necessary financing on favorable terms.

Even if Reorganized ABH is able to make such payments or repurchases, such action may adversely affect its financial condition and operating results. In addition, Reorganized ABH could be required under applicable accounting rules to reclassify all or a portion of the outstanding principal amount of the Rights Offering Notes as a current rather than long-term liability, which would result in a material reduction of its net working capital. Lastly, Reorganized ABH's ability to repurchase the Rights Offering Notes may be limited by law, by regulatory authority or by the agreements governing its future indebtedness. Reorganized ABH's failure to pay any cash amounts to make the required repurchase would constitute an event of default under the indenture governing the Rights Offering Notes, which, in turn, could constitute an event of default under the Exit Loan Facilities and Reorganized ABH's other debt agreements or securities, thereby resulting in their acceleration and required prepayment, and further restrict Reorganized ABH's ability to make such payments and repurchases.

The definition of a Fundamental Change is limited and, therefore, the market price of the Rights Offering Notes may decline if Reorganized ABH enters into a transaction that is not a Fundamental Change under the indenture governing the Rights Offering Notes

The term Fundamental Change, as will be used in the indenture governing the Rights Offering Notes, will be limited and may not include every event that might cause the market price of the Rights Offering Notes to decline. As a result, the obligation of Reorganized ABH to repurchase the Rights Offering Notes upon a Fundamental Change may not preserve the value of the Rights Offering Notes in the event of a highly leveraged transaction, merger, acquisition, refinancing, restructuring, reorganization or similar transaction to the extent it does not constitute a Fundamental Change. In the event of any such transaction, the holders would not have the right to require Reorganized ABH to repurchase the Rights Offering Notes even though each of these transactions could increase the amount of its indebtedness, or otherwise adversely affect its capital structure or any credit ratings, and adversely affect the market price of the Rights Offering Notes. Furthermore, the repurchase right in the Rights Offering Notes triggered by a Fundamental Change could discourage a potential acquiror.

The Rights Offering Notes may not be converted until six months after the Issue Date

The Rights Offering Notes are convertible at any time on or after the date that is six months following the Issue Date. As a result, holders of the Rights Offering Notes will not be able to convert their Rights Offering Notes until after this period of time has elapsed, and therefore, may not be able to receive the value of the consideration into which their Rights Offering Notes would otherwise be convertible.

There is currently no trading market for the Rights Offering Notes, and an active liquid trading market for the Rights Offering Notes may not develop or, if it develops, be maintained

Prior to the Rights Offering, there has been no trading market for the Rights Offering Notes. Reorganized ABH does not intend to apply for listing of the Rights Offering Notes on any securities exchange or to arrange for quotation on any interdealer quotation system. Reorganized ABH cannot assure holders that an active trading market will develop for the Rights Offering Notes. If an active trading market does not develop or is not maintained, the market price and liquidity of the Rights Offering Notes may be adversely affected. In that case a holder may not be able to sell its Rights Offering Notes at a particular time, at a favorable price, or both. In addition, the liquidity of the trading market in the Rights Offering Notes, and the market price quoted for the Rights Offering Notes, may be adversely affected by changes in the overall market for this type of security and by changes in the financial performance or prospects of Reorganized ABH or in the prospects for companies in its industry generally.

Any adverse rating of the Rights Offering Notes may cause their trading price to fall

Reorganized ABH does not intend to seek a rating on the Rights Offering Notes. Nevertheless, if a rating service were to rate the Rights Offering Notes and if such rating service were to lower its rating on the Rights Offering Notes below the rating initially assigned to the Rights Offering Notes or otherwise announces its intention to put the Rights Offering Notes on credit watch, the trading price of the Rights Offering Notes could decline. Any rating so assigned may not remain for any given period of time, and any such rating may be lowered or withdrawn entirely by a rating agency if, in that rating agency's judgment, future circumstances relating to the basis of the rating, such as adverse changes in the business of Reorganized ABH, so warrant. Such changes in ratings in turn could cause the liquidity or market value of the Rights Offering Notes to decline significantly.

Volatility in the market price and trading volume of New ABH Common Stock and sales of New ABH Common Stock and the anticipated conversion of the Rights Offering Notes into shares of New ABH Common Stock could adversely impact the trading price of the Rights Offering Notes and the New ABH Common Stock

The stock market in recent years has experienced significant price and volume fluctuations that have often been unrelated to the operating performance of companies. The market price of the New ABH Common Stock could fluctuate significantly for many reasons, including in response to the risks described in this section, or for reasons unrelated to the operations of Reorganized ABH, such as reports by industry analysts, investor perceptions or negative announcements by its customers, competitors or suppliers regarding their own performance, as well as industry conditions and general financial, economic and political instability. A decrease in the market price of the New ABH Common Stock would likely adversely impact the trading price of the Rights Offering Notes. The price of New ABH Common Stock could also be affected by possible sales of New ABH Common Stock by investors who view the Rights Offering Notes as a more attractive means of equity participation in Reorganized ABH and by hedging or arbitrage trading activity that may develop involving the New ABH Common Stock. This trading activity could, in turn, affect the trading price of the Rights Offering Notes.

In addition, any sales in the public market of any of the New ABH Common Stock issuable upon conversion of the Rights Offering Notes could adversely affect prevailing market prices of New ABH Common Stock. Further, the anticipated conversion of the Rights Offering Notes into shares of New ABH Common Stock could depress the price of New ABH Common Stock. The market price of New ABH Common Stock could also decline as a result of sales of shares of New ABH Common Stock made after the Rights Offering or the perception that such sales could occur.

Holders of Rights Offering Notes will not be entitled to any rights with respect to New ABH Common Stock but will be subject to all changes made with respect to New ABH Common Stock

Holders of Rights Offering Notes will not be entitled to any rights with respect to New ABH Common Stock (including, without limitation, voting rights and rights to receive any dividends or other distributions on New ABH Common Stock), but holders of Rights Offering Notes will be subject to all changes affecting New ABH Common Stock. Holders of Rights Offering Notes will be entitled to the rights afforded New ABH Common Stock only if and when shares of New ABH Common Stock are delivered to them upon the conversion of their Rights Offering Notes. For example, in the event that an amendment is proposed to Reorganized ABH's charter requiring

stockholder approval and the record date for determining the stockholders of record entitled to vote on the amendment occurs prior to a holder's receipt of shares of New ABH Common Stock upon the conversion of the Rights Offering Notes, such holder will not be entitled to vote on the amendment, although such holder will nevertheless be subject to any changes affecting New ABH Common Stock.

The Conversion Price of the Rights Offering Notes may not be adjusted for all dilutive events

The Conversion Price of the Rights Offering Notes is subject to adjustment for certain events, including, but not limited to, certain dividends on New ABH Common Stock, the issuance of certain rights, options or warrants to holders of New ABH Common Stock, subdivisions or combinations of New ABH Common Stock, certain distributions of assets, indebtedness, capital stock or cash to holders of New ABH Common Stock and certain issuer tender or exchange offers. The Conversion Price will not be adjusted for other events, such as a third-party tender or exchange offer or an issuance of shares of New ABH Common Stock for cash, that may adversely affect the trading price of the Rights Offering Notes and the New ABH Common Stock. A future event may occur that is adverse to the interests of the holders of the Rights Offering Notes and their value but does not result in an adjustment to the Conversion Price.

The Rights Offering Notes may contain a number of "embedded derivatives" for purposes of applicable accounting guidance under U.S. GAAP, which may result in additional volatility in the reported earnings of Reorganized ABH

The optional redemption and mandatory redemption features of the Rights Offering Notes may give rise to "embedded derivatives" for purposes of applicable accounting guidance under U.S. GAAP that will require separate accounting of those embedded derivatives at fair value. The change in fair value of the embedded derivatives will be reported in Reorganized ABH's consolidated statements of operations each quarter as operating gains or losses. The estimated fair value of the embedded derivatives will be affected by fluctuations in the price of the New ABH Common Stock and other factors that will be beyond the control of Reorganized ABH. As a result, changes in the fair value of the embedded derivatives may significantly affect the reported financial results of Reorganized ABH (without any underlying change in the business performance of Reorganized ABH) and increase the volatility of its reported results of operations.

Reorganized ABH may issue additional equity securities, which would lead to dilution of the issued and outstanding New ABH Common Stock

The issuance of additional equity securities or securities convertible into equity securities would result in dilution of stockholders' equity interests in Reorganized ABH. Reorganized ABH will likely be authorized to issue, without further stockholder approval, a significant number of shares of preferred stock in one or more series, which may give other stockholders dividend, conversion, voting, and liquidation rights, among other rights, which may be superior to the rights of holders of the New ABH Common Stock. In addition, Reorganized ABH will likely be authorized to issue, without further stockholder approval, a significant number of additional shares of New ABH Common Stock. In addition, a substantial number of shares of New ABH Common Stock will be reserved for issuance upon the exercise of stock options and upon conversion of the Rights Offering Notes. Reorganized ABH will also be authorized to issue, without further stockholder approval, securities convertible into either New ABH Common Stock or preferred stock. Reorganized ABH cannot predict the size of future issuances or the effect, if any, that they may have on the market price for the New ABH Common Stock. The issuance and sale of substantial amounts of equity securities or securities convertible into equity securities, or the perception that such issuances and sales may occur, could adversely affect the trading price of the Rights Offering Notes and the market price of the New ABH Common Stock and impair the ability of Reorganized ABH to raise capital through the sale of additional equity securities.

[Holders may be subject to tax upon an adjustment to the Conversion Price of the Rights Offering Notes even though such holder does not receive a corresponding cash distribution]

The Conversion Price of the Rights Offering Notes is subject to adjustment in certain circumstances, including upon the payment by Reorganized ABH of certain cash distributions. An increase in the Conversion Price of the Rights Offering Notes may, depending on the circumstances, be deemed to be a

distribution to a U.S. Holder. Any such deemed distribution will be taxed in the same manner as an actual distribution and may result in a Holder being deemed to receive a taxable dividend (without the receipt of cash), which would be subject to U.S. federal income tax for a U.S. Holder, and, for a Non-U.S. Holder, would be subject to U.S. federal withholding tax (currently at a 30% rate, or such lower rate as may be specified under an applicable income tax treaty), which may be set off against subsequent payments on the Rights Offering Notes.]

X. INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

THE FOLLOWING SUMMARIES ARE OF A GENERAL NATURE ONLY AND ARE NOT INTENDED TO BE, NOR SHOULD THEY BE CONSTRUED TO BE, LEGAL OR TAX ADVICE TO ANY PARTICULAR HOLDER. CONSEQUENTLY, HOLDERS ARE URGED TO CONSULT THEIR OWN TAX ADVISORS FOR ADVICE AS TO THE TAX CONSIDERATIONS IN RESPECT OF THE CCAA PLAN HAVING REGARD TO THEIR PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES

A. CERTAIN CANADIAN FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following is a summary of the principal Canadian federal income tax consequences of the CCAA Plan to an Affected Unsecured Creditor who, at all relevant times for purposes of the ITA, deals at arm's length with and is not affiliated with ABH, the Subsidiaries and Reorganized ABH, holds its Affected Unsecured Claims as capital property and will hold its New ABH Common Stock, the Subscription Rights and the Rights Offering Notes as capital property. The Affected Unsecured Claims, the New ABH Common Stock, the Subscription Rights and the Rights Offering Notes will generally be considered to be capital property to an Affected Unsecured Creditor unless either the Affected Unsecured Creditor holds (or will hold) such securities in the course of carrying on a business, or the Affected Unsecured Creditor has acquired (or will acquire) such securities in a transaction or transactions considered to be an adventure in the nature of trade. This summary does not address the Canadian federal income tax consequences of the receipt of any fees or payments including the Backstop Commitment Payment by the Backstop Parties in connection with the Backstop Agreement.

This summary does not apply to (i) an Affected Unsecured Creditor an interest in which is a "tax shelter investment" as defined in the ITA, (ii) an Affected Unsecured Creditor that is a "financial institution" for purposes of the "mark-to-market" rules as defined in the ITA, (iii) an Affected Unsecured Creditor that is a "specified financial institution" as defined in the ITA, (iv) an Affected Unsecured Creditor that has made the "functional currency" reporting election, or (v) a Canadian Holder (as defined below) in relation to which ABH or Reorganized ABH is a "foreign affiliate" as defined in the ITA. Such Affected Unsecured Creditors should consult with their own tax advisors.

This summary is based on the current provisions of the ITA, the regulations thereunder (the "**Regulations**") and the understanding of the current published administrative policies and assessing practices of the CRA publicly available prior to the date hereof. The summary also takes into account all specific proposals to amend the ITA and Regulations publicly announced by or on behalf of the Minister of Finance (Canada) prior to the date hereof (the "**Tax Proposals**"), and assumes that all such Tax Proposals will be enacted in the form proposed. No assurance can be given that the Tax Proposals will be enacted in the form proposed or at all. This summary does not take into account or anticipate any changes in law or administrative policies or assessing practices of the CRA, whether by way of judicial, governmental or legislative action or decisions, nor does it address any provincial, territorial or foreign tax legislation or considerations.

This summary is of a general nature only, is not exhaustive of all Canadian federal income tax consequences and is not intended to be, nor should it be construed as, legal or tax advice to any particular Affected Unsecured Creditor. Affected Unsecured Creditors are urged to consult their own tax advisors as to the tax consequences to them of the CCAA Plan in their particular circumstances.

For purpose of the ITA, all amounts, including cost, proceeds of disposition, interest or dividends received and accrued must be determined in Canadian currency at applicable exchange rates as determined in accordance with the ITA. The amount of interest and any capital gain or capital loss of an Affected Unsecured Creditor may be affected by fluctuations in Canadian dollar exchange rates.

Residents of Canada

This portion of the summary applies to an Affected Unsecured Creditor who, for the purposes of the ITA and any applicable income tax treaty or convention, and at all relevant times, is or is deemed to be resident of Canada ("**Canadian Holder**"). Certain Canadian Holders whose Affected Unsecured Claims might not otherwise qualify as capital property may, in certain circumstances, treat such Affected Unsecured Claims as capital property by making an irrevocable election pursuant to subsection 39(4) of the ITA. However, the New ABH Common Stock, the Subscription Rights and the Rights Offering Notes are not "Canadian securities" as defined in the ITA for the purpose of the irrevocable election under subsection 39(4) of the ITA and, therefore, this election will not apply to the New ABH Common Stock, the Subscription Rights and the Rights Offering Notes.

Exchange of the Affected Unsecured Claims

A Canadian Holder will be considered to have disposed of Affected Unsecured Claims upon the exchange of such Affected Unsecured Claims for (i) Cash or (ii) New ABH Common Stock and the Subscription Rights, as the case may be. Under the CCAA Plan, the (i) Cash or (ii) New ABH Common Stock and the Subscription Rights, as the case may be, will be allocated first to the principal amount of the Affected Unsecured Claims, and the balance, if any, to the accrued interest with respect to the Affected Unsecured Claims.

A Canadian Holder that is a corporation, partnership, unit trust or any trust of which a corporation or partnership is a beneficiary will generally be required to include in income the amount of interest accrued or deemed to accrue on the Affected Unsecured Claims up to the date on which the Affected Unsecured Claims are settled under the CCAA Plan (including the Restructuring Transactions) or that became receivable or was received on or before such date, to the extent that such amounts have not otherwise been included in the Canadian Holder's income for the taxation year or a preceding taxation year. Any other Canadian Holder, including an individual, will be required to include in income for a taxation year any interest on the Affected Unsecured Claims received or receivable by such Canadian Holder in the taxation year (depending upon the method regularly followed by the Canadian Holder in computing income) except to the extent that such amount was otherwise included in its income for the taxation year or a preceding taxation year. In addition, if such Canadian Holder has not otherwise included interest on the Affected Unsecured Claims in computing the Canadian Holder's income at periodic intervals of not more than one year, such Canadian Holder will be required to include in computing income for a taxation year any interest that accrues to the Canadian Holder on the Affected Unsecured Claims up to the end of any "anniversary day" (as defined in the ITA) in that taxation year to the extent such interest was not otherwise included in computing the Canadian Holder's income for that taxation year or a preceding taxation year. Generally, a Canadian Holder should be entitled to deduct in computing income for the year of disposition, amounts that were included in computing the Canadian Holder's income for the year of disposition or a preceding taxation year as interest in respect of the Affected Unsecured Claims, to the extent that such amounts were not received or receivable by the Canadian Holder and were not deducted by the Canadian Holder in computing income for the year of disposition or a preceding taxation year.

In general, a Canadian Holder will realize a capital gain (or capital loss) on the exchange of the Affected Unsecured Claims equal to the amount by which, in the case of a distribution in Cash, such amount of Cash received or in the case of the New ABH Common Stock and the Subscription Rights, the amount equal to the aggregate of the fair market value at the time of the exchange of a distribution in New ABH Common Stock and Subscription Rights received, and in both cases, net of any amount included in the Canadian Holder's income as interest, exceeds (or is exceeded by) the adjusted cost base to the Canadian Holder of such Affected Unsecured Claims, plus any reasonable costs of disposition. The tax treatment of any capital gain (or capital loss) realized is described below under the heading "*Taxation of Capital Gains and Capital Losses*".

The adjusted cost base of the New ABH Common Stock and the Subscription Rights to the Canadian Holder will be equal to the fair market value at the time of the exchange of such New ABH Common Stock and the Subscription Rights.

Dividends on New ABH Common Stock

Any dividends received or deemed to be received on the New ABH Common Stock by a Canadian Holder that is an individual (including a trust) will be included in the individual's income and will not be subject to the gross-up and dividend tax credit rules in the ITA. Dividends received or deemed to be received on the New ABH Common Stock by a Canadian Holder that is a corporation will be included in computing the corporation's income and generally will not be deductible in computing the corporation's taxable income.

U.S. tax, if any, payable by a Canadian Holder in respect of dividends received on the New ABH Common Stock may be eligible for a foreign tax credit or deduction under the ITA to the extent and under the circumstances described in the ITA. Canadian Holders should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the availability of a foreign tax credit or deduction, having regard to their own particular circumstances.

Disposition of New ABH Common Stock

A Canadian Holder will realize a capital gain (or capital loss) on a disposition or deemed disposition of New ABH Common Stock equal to the amount by which the proceeds of disposition exceed (or are exceeded by) the adjusted cost base to the Canadian Holder of such New ABH Common Stock, plus any reasonable costs of disposition. The tax treatment of any such capital gain (or capital loss) is described below under the heading "*Taxation of Capital Gains and Capital Losses*".

Exercise of the Subscription Rights under the Rights Offering

No gain or loss will be realized on the exercise of the Subscription Rights under the Rights Offering. The cost to a Canadian Holder of the Rights Offering Notes acquired on the exercise of the Subscription Rights will be equal to the aggregate of the adjusted cost base of the Subscription Rights, if any, and the price paid to acquire the Rights Offering Notes under the Rights Offering.

On the subscription of the Rights Offering Notes, by a Canadian Holder, Reorganized ABH shall cause the Upfront Payment to be made to the Canadian Holder. The Canadian federal income tax consequences to a Canadian Holder of the receipt of the Upfront Payment are unclear and, consequently, Canadian Holders should consult their own tax advisors.

Taxation of Interest on the Rights Offering Notes

A Canadian Holder that is a corporation, partnership, unit trust or any trust of which a corporation or a partnership is a beneficiary will generally be required to include in income for a taxation year the amount of interest (including interest paid by issuing PIK Notes) accrued or deemed to accrue on the Rights Offering Notes to the end of the taxation year or that became receivable or was received by it before the end of that taxation year, to the extent such amounts have not otherwise been included in such Canadian Holder's income for the year or a preceding taxation year. Any other Canadian Holder, including an individual, will be required to include in income for a taxation year any interest (including interest paid by issuing PIK Notes) on the Rights Offering Notes received or receivable by such Canadian Holder in that taxation year (depending upon the method regularly followed by the Canadian Holder in computing income) except to the extent that such amount was otherwise included in its income for that taxation year or a preceding taxation year. In addition, if such Canadian Holder has not otherwise included interest on the Rights Offering Notes in computing the Canadian Holder's income at periodic intervals of not more than one year, such Canadian Holder will be required to include in computing income for a taxation year any interest that accrues to the Canadian Holder on the Rights Offering Notes up to the end of any "anniversary day" (as defined in the ITA) in that year to the extent such interest was not otherwise included in computing the Canadian Holder's income for that taxation year or a preceding taxation year.

Sale, Redemption or Repayment of the Rights Offering Notes

On a disposition or a deemed disposition of the Rights Offering Notes (otherwise than on a conversion described under the heading "*Exercise of Conversion Rights under the Rights Offering Notes*"), including repayment

or redemption by Reorganized ABH, a Canadian Holder will generally be required to include in income the amount of interest accrued or deemed to accrue to the date of disposition or that became receivable or was received on or before the date of disposition, to the extent that such amounts have not otherwise been included in the Canadian Holder's income for the taxation year or a preceding taxation year.

Any amount paid to a Canadian Holder as a penalty or bonus because of the redemption or repayment of all or part of the principal amount of the Rights Offering Notes will be deemed to be received by the Canadian Holder as interest on the Rights Offering Notes and will be required to be included in computing the Canadian Holder's income as described above, to the extent such amount can reasonably be considered to relate to, and does not exceed the value at the time of payment of, interest that would otherwise have been paid or payable by Reorganized ABH on the Rights Offering Notes for periods ending after the payment of such amount.

In general, a disposition or a deemed disposition of the Rights Offering Notes will give rise to a capital gain (or a capital loss) to the extent that the proceeds of disposition, net of any amount included in the Canadian Holder's income as interest, exceed (or are exceeded by) the adjusted cost base to the Canadian Holder of the Rights Offering Notes, plus any reasonable costs of disposition. Any such capital gain (or capital loss) will be subject to the treatment described below under the heading "*Taxation of Capital Gains and Capital Losses*".

Exercise of Conversion Rights under the Rights Offering Notes

Upon the conversion of a Rights Offering Note pursuant to the Conversion Rights under the Rights Offering Notes, the Canadian Holder will be deemed not to have disposed of the Rights Offering Note and, accordingly, will not be considered to realize a capital gain (or capital loss) on such conversion.

On the conversion of a Rights Offering Note, a Canadian Holder will generally be required to include in computing its income for the taxation year in which the conversion occurs all interest that accrued on the Rights Offering Note to the date of conversion (including interest paid by issuing PIK Notes), except to the extent that such interest has otherwise been included in the Canadian Holder's income for that taxation year or a preceding taxation year.

The adjusted cost base to a Canadian Holder of the New ABH Common Stock acquired on the conversion of a Rights Offering Note will generally be equal to the adjusted cost base to the Canadian Holder of the Rights Offering Note immediately before the conversion. The adjusted cost base of New ABH Common Stock so acquired must be averaged with the adjusted cost base to the Canadian Holder of all New ABH Common Stock then held as capital property by the Canadian Holder for the purpose of calculating the adjusted cost base of such New ABH Common Stock.

Taxation of Capital Gains and Capital Losses

Generally, one-half of any capital gain (a "**Taxable Capital Gain**") realized by a Canadian Holder for a taxation year must be included in the Canadian Holder's income in the year. A Canadian Holder is required to deduct one-half of any capital loss (an "**Allowable Capital Loss**") realized in the taxation year from Taxable Capital Gains realized in that year, and Allowable Capital Losses in excess of Taxable Capital Gains may be carried back and deducted in any of the three preceding taxation years or carried forward and deducted in any subsequent year, from net Taxable Capital Gains realized in such years to the extent and under the circumstances described in the ITA.

Alternative Minimum Tax

Individuals (other than certain trusts) may be subject to an alternative minimum tax under the ITA upon realizing net capital gains.

Additional Refundable Tax

A Canadian Holder that is throughout the year a "Canadian-controlled private corporation" (as defined in the ITA) may be liable to pay an additional refundable tax of 6⅔% on certain investment income, including amounts in respect of interest, certain dividends and Taxable Capital Gains.

Foreign Investment Entity and Offshore Investment Fund Property Rules

Former Bill C-10 contained proposed amendments to the ITA that would have introduced new rules regarding the taxation of certain interests in non-resident entities that constitute "foreign investment entities" and repealed certain existing tax rules with respect to "offshore investment fund property" (as defined in the ITA). However, Bill C-10 was not passed into law. As part of the March 4, 2010 Federal Budget (the "**2010 Federal Budget**"), the Minister of Finance (Canada) announced that, rather than implementing the previously proposed rules regarding foreign investment entities, it would retain existing tax rules with respect to "offshore investment fund property", with certain limited enhancements. Based on counsel's understanding of the facts, including certain representations made to counsel by ABH, New ABH Common Stock, the Subscription Rights and the Rights Offering Notes should not be an offshore investment fund property. Provided the New ABH Common Stock, the Subscription Rights and the Rights Offering Notes are not an offshore investment fund property at any relevant time in the future, an investment by a Canadian Holder in the New ABH Common Stock, the Subscription Rights and the Rights Offering Notes will not be subject to the provisions in the ITA relating to investments in offshore investment fund property.

Even if the New ABH Common Stock, the Subscription Rights and the Rights Offering Notes were an offshore investment fund property, the existing offshore investment fund property rules would not apply to a particular Canadian Holder provided that none of the main reasons for the Canadian Holder acquiring the New ABH Common Stock, the Subscription Rights and the Rights Offering Notes was to derive a benefit from portfolio interests in assets in such a way that the income, profits and gains from such assets would be significantly less than the tax under Part I of the ITA that would have been payable by the Canadian Holder if the Canadian Holder had acquired the assets directly. Canadian Holders should consult their own advisors with respect to whether they satisfy this test.

Foreign Property Reporting

The ITA and the Regulations require a "specified Canadian entity" as defined in the ITA to file an information return disclosing prescribed information where, at any time in a taxation year, the total cost amount of "specified foreign property" as defined in the ITA of the entity exceeds \$100,000. For these purposes, a "specified Canadian entity" includes, with some exceptions, a taxpayer resident in Canada, other than a corporation or trust exempt from tax under Part I of the ITA. The New ABH Common Stock, the Subscription Rights and the Rights Offering Notes will be "specified foreign property" to a specified Canadian entity. In the 2010 Federal Budget, the Canadian Minister of Finance proposed that the existing reporting requirements with respect to "specified foreign property" be expanded so that more detailed information be available for audit use. Revised legislation reflecting such proposal has not yet been released. The reporting rules in the ITA are complex and this summary does not purport to explain all circumstances in which reporting may be required by any Canadian Holder. Accordingly, Canadian Holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding these reporting requirements including any expansion thereof pursuant to the afore-mentioned 2010 Federal Budget proposal.

Eligibility for Investments

Provided the New ABH Common Stock are listed on a "designated stock exchange" as defined in the ITA (which currently includes the NASDAQ, the NYSE and the TSX) at all relevant times, the New ABH Common Stock would be qualified investments under the ITA and the Regulations for trusts governed by registered retirement savings plans, registered education savings plans, registered retirement income funds, deferred profit sharing plans, registered disability savings plans and tax-free savings accounts ("**TFSAs**") (collectively, the "**Investment Plans**"). The Rights Offering Notes would be qualified investments under the ITA and the Regulations for Investment Plans (other than a deferred profit sharing plan for which an employer is Reorganized ABH, or is an employer with whom Reorganized ABH does not deal at arms' length within the meaning of the ITA) provided that the New ABH

Common Stock are at all relevant times listed on a designated stock exchange. The Subscription Rights would be qualified investments under the ITA and the Regulations for Investment Plans if the Rights Offering Notes are qualified investments and if Reorganized ABH is not an annuitant, a beneficiary, an employer or a subscriber under, or a holder of, the governing Investment Plan and Reorganized ABH deals at arm's length with each person who is an annuitant, a beneficiary, an employer or a subscriber under, or a holder of, the governing Investment Plan.

Should any particular New ABH Common Stock, Rights Offering Note or Subscription Right not meet the conditions hereabove mentioned in order to be considered a qualified investment, Canadian Holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding the application of those rules under the ITA and the Regulations in their particular circumstances.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the New ABH Common Stock, the Subscription Rights and the Rights Offering Notes are "prohibited investments" for purposes of a TFSA, or if an "advantage" (as defined in the ITA) in relation to a TFSA is extended to the Canadian Holder or a person who does not deal at arm's length with the Canadian Holder, the Canadian Holder of such account will be subject to penalty Taxes as set out in the ITA, and, based on Tax Proposals, other tax consequences may result. Generally, the New ABH Common Stock, the Subscription Rights and the Rights Offering Notes will not be a "prohibited investment" for a trust governed by a TFSA provided that the Canadian Holder of the TFSA deals at arm's length with Reorganized ABH for purposes of the ITA and does not have a "significant interest" (within the meaning of the ITA) in Reorganized ABH or in any corporation, partnership or trust that does not deal at arm's length with Reorganized ABH for purposes of the ITA. Canadian Holders of a TFSA are advised to consult their own tax advisors in this regard.

On April 30, 2010, the Minister released Tax Proposals that may impact TFSAs. Canadian Holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding the impact of these Tax Proposals.

Non-Residents of Canada

This portion of the summary applies to an Affected Unsecured Creditor that, for the purposes of the ITA and any applicable income tax treaty or convention and at all relevant times, is not and will not be deemed to be resident in Canada and does not use or hold the Affected Unsecured Claims and will not use or hold the New ABH Common Stock, the Subscription Rights and the Rights Offering Notes in carrying on a business in Canada (a "**Non-Resident Holder**"). In addition, this summary does not apply to an insurer who carries on an insurance business in Canada and elsewhere or an authorized foreign bank that carries on a Canadian banking business.

Exchange of the Affected Unsecured Claims

Upon the exchange by a Non-Resident Holder of the Affected Unsecured Claims for (i) Cash or (ii) New ABH Common Stock and the Subscription Rights, as the case may be, no Taxes will be payable under the ITA by such Non-Resident Holder.

Disposition of New ABH Common Stock

A disposition by a Non-Resident Holder of New ABH Common Stock will not be subject to Canadian Tax unless such New ABH Common Stock constitute "taxable Canadian property" to the Non-Resident Holder at the time of the disposition and relief from taxation is not available under an applicable income tax treaty or convention.

Based on Bill C-9 *An Act to implement certain provisions of the budget tabled in Parliament on March 4, 2010* and other measures introduced for first reading by the Minister of Finance in the House of Commons on March 29, 2010, the New ABH Common Stock will generally not be considered to be taxable Canadian property to a Non-Resident Holder unless at any time during the sixty-month period immediately preceding the time of disposition, (1) not less than 25% of the issued shares of any class of shares of Reorganized ABH were owned by or belonged to the Non-Resident Holder, persons with whom the Non-Resident Holder did not deal at arm's length or any combination thereof, and (2) more than 50% of the fair market value of issued shares of Reorganized ABH was derived directly or indirectly from one or any combination of: (i) real or immovable properties situated in Canada, (ii) "Canadian resource properties" (as defined in the ITA), (iii) "timber resource properties" (as defined in the ITA),

and (iv) options in respect of, or interests in, or for civil law rights in, property in any of the foregoing whether or not the property exists.

Consequences relating to the Subscription Rights and the Rights Offering Notes

No Canadian Tax consequences should arise in relation to the Subscription Rights and to the Rights Offering Notes, unless the Subscription Rights and the Rights Offering Notes constitute taxable Canadian property to the Non-Resident Holder and relief from taxation is not available under applicable tax treaty or convention. The Subscription Rights and the Rights Offering Notes will constitute taxable Canadian property to a Non-Resident Holder only if the New ABH Common Stock constitute taxable Canadian property to a Non-Resident Holder. Non-Resident Holders should consult their own tax advisors as to the Canadian Tax consequences relating to the Subscription Rights and the Rights Offering Notes.

Consequences to the Company

The exchange of Affected Unsecured Claims for Cash or for New ABH Common Stock and the Subscription Rights, as the case may be, will result in the settlement or extinguishment of the Affected Unsecured Claims. The "forgiven amount", as defined in the ITA, arising from the settlement or extinguishment will reduce, in prescribed order, certain tax attributes of the relevant Subsidiaries that are resident in Canada for purposes of the ITA ("**Canadian Subsidiaries**"), including non-capital losses, net capital losses, cumulative eligible capital, undepreciated capital cost of depreciable property and the adjusted cost base of certain capital property (the "**Tax Shield**"). Generally, one half of the amount by which the forgiven amount exceeds the Tax Shield (such amount, the "**Excess**") will be required to be included in the relevant Canadian Subsidiaries income for the taxation year in which the Affected Unsecured Claims are settled under the CCAA Plan (including Restructuring Transactions), unless the Excess was otherwise assigned by such relevant Canadian Subsidiaries to other Canadian Subsidiaries that are "eligible transferees" as defined in the ITA for reduction of such other Canadian Subsidiaries' Tax Shield.

B. CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following discussion summarizes certain significant United States federal income tax consequences of the Plans to the Company and certain Holders of Affected Unsecured Claims. This description is for informational purposes only and, due to a lack of certain facts and of definitive judicial or administrative authority or interpretation, uncertainties exist with respect to various U.S. tax consequences of the Plans, as discussed herein. Only the principal consequences of the Plans for the Company and Holders are described below.

This summary is based upon the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "**Tax Code**"), U.S. judicial decisions, administrative pronouncements and existing and proposed Treasury regulations, all as in effect as of the date hereof. All of the preceding authorities are subject to change, possibly with retroactive effect, which may result in U.S. federal income tax consequences different from those discussed below. No opinion of counsel has been sought or obtained with respect to any tax consequences of the Plans. No rulings or determinations of the U.S. Internal Revenue Service (the "**IRS**") or any other tax authorities have been sought or obtained with respect to any tax consequences of the Plans and the discussion below is not binding on the IRS or such other authorities. In addition, a significant amount of time may elapse between the date of this Circular and the consummation of the Plans. Events occurring after the date of the Circular, including changes in law and changes in administrative positions, could affect the U.S. federal income tax consequences of the Plans. No representations are being made regarding the particular tax consequences of the confirmation and consummation of the Plans to the Company or any Holder. No assurance can be given that the IRS would not assert, or that a court would not sustain, a different position from any discussed herein.

Except as otherwise specifically stated herein, this summary does not address any estate, gift, state, local, or foreign law tax consequences of the Plans. Furthermore, this discussion does not address all tax considerations that might be relevant to particular Holders in light of their personal circumstances or to persons that are subject to special tax rules. In addition, this description of the material U.S. federal income tax consequences does not address the tax treatment of special classes of Holders, such as financial institutions, regulated investment companies, real estate investment trusts, tax-exempt entities, insurance companies, persons holding Claims as part of a hedging,

integrated or conversion transaction, constructive sale or "straddle", U.S. expatriates, persons subject to the alternative minimum tax, and dealers or traders in securities or currencies.

For purposes of this discussion, a "U.S. Holder" is a Holder that is: (i) an individual citizen or resident of the U.S. for U.S. federal income tax purposes; (ii) a corporation (or other entity treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes) created or organized under the laws of the U.S. or any state thereof or the District of Columbia; (iii) an estate the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source; or (iv) a trust (a) if a court within the U.S. is able to exercise primary jurisdiction over its administration and one or more U.S. persons have authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust, or (b) that has a valid election in effect under applicable Treasury regulations to be treated as a U.S. person.

For purposes of this discussion, a "Non-U.S. Holder" is a Holder that is: (1) a nonresident alien individual; (2) a corporation (or other entity treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes) that is not created or organized under the laws of the United States or any state thereof or the District of Columbia; or (3) a trust or estate other than a trust or estate described in the immediately preceding paragraph.

If a partnership or other pass-through entity is a Holder, the tax treatment of a partner or other owner generally will depend upon the status of the partner (or other owner) and the activities of the entity. Partners (or other owners) of pass-through entities that are Holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding the tax consequences of the Plans.

THE U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLANS ARE COMPLEX. THE FOLLOWING DISCUSSION IS FOR GENERAL INFORMATION ONLY, DOES NOT DISCUSS ALL ASPECTS OF U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAXATION THAT MAY BE RELEVANT TO A PARTICULAR HOLDER IN LIGHT OF SUCH HOLDER'S CIRCUMSTANCES AND INCOME TAX SITUATION, AND IS NOT INTENDED TO BE, NOR SHOULD IT BE CONSTRUED TO BE, LEGAL OR TAX ADVICE TO ANY HOLDER. NO OPINION OR REPRESENTATION WITH RESPECT TO THE U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES TO ANY SUCH HOLDER IS MADE. EACH HOLDER IS URGED TO CONSULT THE HOLDER'S OWN TAX ADVISOR REGARDING THE PARTICULAR TAX CONSEQUENCES TO IT OF THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED BY THE PLANS, INCLUDING THE APPLICATION OF U.S. FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL TAX LAWS, AS WELL AS ANY APPLICABLE FOREIGN TAX LAWS, TO A HOLDER'S PARTICULAR SITUATION, AND OF ANY CHANGE IN APPLICABLE TAX LAWS.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT CIRCULAR 230. TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH TREASURY DEPARTMENT CIRCULAR 230, EACH HOLDER IS HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT: (A) ANY DISCUSSION OF TAX ISSUES HEREIN IS NOT INTENDED OR WRITTEN TO BE RELIED UPON, AND CANNOT BE RELIED UPON, BY A HOLDER FOR THE PURPOSE OF AVOIDING PENALTIES THAT MAY BE IMPOSED ON SUCH HOLDER UNDER APPLICABLE TAX LAW; (B) SUCH DISCUSSION IS INCLUDED HEREIN IN CONNECTION WITH THE PROMOTION OR MARKETING (WITHIN THE MEANING OF CIRCULAR 230) OF THE TRANSACTIONS DESCRIBED HEREIN; AND (C) EACH HOLDER SHOULD SEEK ADVICE BASED ON ITS PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES FROM AN INDEPENDENT ADVISOR.

U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences to the Company

Generally, absent an exception, to the extent U.S. indebtedness is compromised or satisfied for less than its adjusted issue price, a U.S. corporation will realize cancellation of debt ("**COD**") income. However, a debtor is not required to include any amount of COD income in gross income if such debtor is under the jurisdiction of a court in a title 11 bankruptcy proceeding and the discharge of debt occurs pursuant to that proceeding (the "**Bankruptcy Exception**"). Instead, as the price for the exclusion of COD income under the foregoing rule, the Tax Code requires the debtor to reduce its tax attributes by the amount of COD income which is excluded from gross income as of the first day of the taxable year following the taxable year in which the discharge of indebtedness occurs.

As a result of consummation of the U.S. Plan, the Company's aggregate outstanding indebtedness will be substantially reduced. The Company expects to realize substantial COD income in connection with the U.S. Plan. The amount of such COD income realized by the Company will depend on the value of the New ABH Common Stock and Subscription Rights. The Company expects to rely on the Bankruptcy Exception to exclude any COD

income realized as the discharge of indebtedness would occur pursuant to the U.S. Plan. The Company's tax attributes will be reduced by the amount of COD income realized pursuant to complex ordering rules that apply to consolidated groups.

Applicable High-Yield Discount Obligations

It is expected that the Rights Offering Notes issued pursuant to the terms of the Rights Offering will be issued with significant original issue discount ("OID") and will be considered "applicable high yield discount obligations" ("AHYDOs"). If the Rights Offering Notes are AHYDOs, the Company will not be allowed a deduction for interest (including OID) accrued on the Rights Offering Notes for U.S. federal income tax purposes until such time as the Company actually pays such interest (including OID) in cash or in other property (other than stock or debt issued by the Company or by a person deemed to be related to the Company under Section 453(f)(1) of the Tax Code, which are considered paid only when the stock or debt is redeemed for cash or property other than such stock or debt). In addition, depending upon the yield to maturity on the Rights Offering Notes, the Company may not be entitled to deduct the portion of the OID corresponding to the disqualified yield at any time. The deferral or disallowance of deductions for payments of interest or OID on the Rights Offering Notes may reduce the amount of cash available to the Company to meet its obligations under the Rights Offering Notes.

U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations for U.S. Holders

The following discussion describes certain U.S. federal income tax consequences of the transactions contemplated by the Plans to U.S. Holders of Affected Unsecured Claims and to U.S. Holders of New ABH Common Stock, Subscription Rights and Rights Offering Notes issued upon the exercise of any Subscription Rights. U.S. Holders should consult their own tax advisors for information that may be relevant to their particular situation and circumstances and the particular tax consequences of the transactions contemplated by the Plans.

The U.S. federal income tax consequences to a U.S. Holder (including the character, timing and amount of income, gain or loss recognized) will depend on, among other factors: (a) the manner in which the Holder acquired the Claim; (b) the length of time the Holder has held the Claim; (c) whether the Holder acquired the Claim at a discount; (d) whether the Holder has taken a bad debt deduction with respect to the Claim (or any portion thereof) in current or prior years; (e) whether the Holder has previously included in taxable income accrued but unpaid interest with respect to the Claim; (f) the treatment of the Rights Offering; and (g) the Holder's method of accounting.

Tax Consequences to U.S. Holders of Affected Unsecured Claims that Receive Cash

In general, a Holder that receives Cash will recognize gain or loss in an amount equal to the difference between (a) the amount of any Cash received by such Holder in satisfaction of such Claim (other than any Claim for accrued but unpaid interest) and (b) the Holder's adjusted tax basis in such Claim (other than any Claim for accrued but unpaid interest). Where gain or loss is recognized by a Holder, the character of such gain or loss as long-term or short-term capital gain or loss or as ordinary income or loss will be determined by a number of factors, including the tax status of the Holder, whether the Claim constitutes a capital asset in the hands of the Holder and how long it has been held, whether the Claim was acquired at a market discount and whether and to what extent the Holder had previously claimed a bad debt deduction.

To the extent that any amount of Cash received by a Holder is received in satisfaction of accrued interest during its holding period, such amount will be taxable to the Holder as interest income (to the extent not previously included in the Holder's gross income).

Tax Consequences to U.S. Holders of Affected Unsecured Claims that Receive New ABH Common Stock and Subscription Rights

Reorganized ABH will contribute shares of New ABH Common Stock and Subscription Rights to each of the Debtors in an amount which will enable the Debtors to satisfy the Affected Unsecured Claims directly. Each Debtor will then transfer to each of its Holders of Affected Unsecured Claims the shares of New ABH Common Stock and Subscription Rights in satisfaction of the Affected Unsecured Claims. In general (with the possible exception of Affected Unsecured Claims of ABH, discussed below), the exchange will be fully taxable to each

Holder of Affected Unsecured Claims and each Holder will recognize gain or loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes in an amount equal to the difference between the amount realized by such Holder in the exchange and such Holder's adjusted tax basis in the Claims surrendered in the exchange. The amount that a Holder realizes in the exchange will equal the fair market value of the shares of New ABH Common Stock and Subscription Rights at the time of the exchange. A Holder's adjusted tax basis in the Claims surrendered in the exchange will be equal to the amount paid therefor, increased by any accrued OID and any market discount and reduced by any amortizable bond premium previously taken into account. A Holder's adjusted tax basis in the shares of New ABH Common Stock and Subscription Rights will be equal to their relative fair market values. A Holder's holding period in the New ABH Common Stock and Subscription Rights will begin on the day after the exchange. Any gain or loss realized will generally be capital gain or loss (except, as described below, to the extent of market discount) and will be long-term capital gain or loss if a Holder's holding period in the Claims at the time of the exchange exceeds one year.

With respect to Affected Unsecured Claims of ABH, if such Claims constitute securities for U.S. federal income tax purposes, the exchange of the Affected Unsecured Claims for New ABH Common Stock and Subscription Rights should qualify as a recapitalization under Section 368(a)(1)(E) of the Tax Code. In general, debt instruments with an initial term of less than five years are not treated as securities, whereas debt instruments with initial terms of greater than ten years are treated as securities. Debt instruments with terms between five years and ten years raise more complex issues. There are numerous other factors that could be taken into account in determining whether a debt instrument is a security.

If the exchange does qualify as a recapitalization with respect to a Holder of Affected Unsecured Claims, such Holder generally should not recognize gain and will not be permitted to recognize loss with respect to the exchange. Holders may, however, recognize gain, but not loss, with respect to the Subscription Rights received, as applicable, in an amount equal to the lesser of (x) the excess of the fair market value of the New ABH Common Stock and Subscription Rights received by the Holder over the Holder's adjusted tax basis in its Affected Unsecured Claims surrendered, and (y) the fair market value of the Subscription Rights received by the Holder. Holders generally will take a basis in New ABH Common Stock and Subscription Rights equal to the sum of (i) the adjusted basis Holders had in the Affected Unsecured Claims that were exchanged and (ii) any gain recognized with respect to the receipt of the Subscription Rights. The aggregate basis should initially be allocated among the New ABH Common Stock and Subscription Rights based on their relative fair market values. The holding period of the New ABH Common Stock received should generally be the same as the holding period of the Affected Unsecured Claims exchanged therefor. The exchange of Affected Unsecured Claims that do not constitute securities for New ABH Common Stock will be taxable to a Holder in the same manner as described above. Holders of Affected Unsecured Claims of ABH are urged to consult their own tax advisors regarding the particular United States federal income tax consequences to them of the exchange of Affected Unsecured Claims for New ABH Common Stock and Subscription Rights, including whether such exchange would qualify as a recapitalization.

(a) Accrued Interest

A portion of the consideration (whether stock or other consideration) received by Holders of the Claims may be attributable to accrued but unpaid interest with respect to such Claims. Such amount should be taxable to a Holder as ordinary interest income if the accrued interest has not been previously included in the Holder's gross income for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Conversely, a Holder generally recognizes a deductible loss to the extent that any accrued interest was previously included in income and is not paid in full. If the fair value of the consideration received by Holders of the Claims is not sufficient to satisfy fully all principal and interest on the Claims, the extent to which such consideration will be attributable to accrued but untaxed interest is unclear.

The Company will allocate for U.S. federal income tax purposes all distributions in respect of any Claim first to the principal amount of such Claim, and thereafter to accrued but unpaid interest, pursuant to the Plans. Certain legislative history indicates that an allocation of consideration between principal and interest provided for in a bankruptcy plan of reorganization is binding for U.S. federal income tax purposes. However, no assurance can be given that the IRS will not challenge such allocation. If a distribution with respect to a Claim is allocated entirely to the principal amount of such Claim, a Holder may be entitled to claim a loss to the extent of any accrued but unpaid interest on the Claim that was previously included in the Holder's gross income. Holders of Claims should consult their tax advisors regarding the proper allocation of the consideration received by them under the Plans, as well as the character of any loss claimed with respect to accrued but unpaid interest previously included in gross income.

(b) Market Discount

The market discount provisions of the Tax Code may apply to certain Holders. In general, a debt obligation other than a debt obligation with a fixed maturity of one year or less that is acquired by a holder in the secondary market (or, in certain circumstances, upon original issuance) is a "market discount bond" as to that holder if its stated redemption price at maturity (or, in the case of a debt obligation having OID, its revised issue price) exceeds the holder's adjusted tax basis in the debt obligation immediately after such holder's acquisition of the debt obligation by more than a statutory *de minimis* amount. Gain recognized by a holder upon a disposition of a "market discount bond" generally will be treated as ordinary interest income to the extent of the market discount accrued on such bond during the holder's period of ownership, unless the holder elected to include accrued market discount in taxable income currently. Absent such an election, a holder of a market discount bond is required under the market discount rules of the Tax Code to defer deduction of all or a portion of the interest on indebtedness incurred or maintained to acquire or carry the bond. In such circumstances, the holder will be allowed to deduct such interest, in whole or in part, on the disposition of such bond.

To the extent the debt instruments of ABH held by a Holder had been acquired with market discount and are exchanged for New ABH Common Stock in a recapitalization, any market discount that accrued on such debt instruments but was not recognized by the Holder may cause any gain recognized on the subsequent sale, exchange, redemption or other disposition of the New ABH Common Stock to be treated as ordinary income to the extent of the accrued but unrecognized market discount with respect to the exchanged debt instruments.

Ownership and Disposition of New ABH Common Stock

(a) Distributions of Cash or Property on New ABH Common Stock

Generally, the gross amount of any distribution of Cash or property made with respect to New ABH Common Stock will be includible by a Holder in gross income as dividend income to the extent that such distributions are paid out of the current or accumulated "earnings and profits" of ABH as determined under U.S. federal income tax principles. A distribution that is treated as a dividend for U.S. federal income tax purposes may qualify for the seventy percent (70%) dividends-received deduction if such amount is distributed to a Holder that is a corporation and that satisfies certain holding period and taxable income requirements, and may qualify for an eighty percent (80%) dividend-received deduction if such corporate Holder holds twenty percent (20%) or more of the outstanding stock (by voting power and value) of the distributing corporation.

A distribution in excess of ABH's current and accumulated earnings and profits will first be treated as a return of capital to the extent of a Holder's adjusted tax basis in New ABH Common Stock and will be applied against and reduce such basis dollar-for-dollar (thereby increasing the amount of gain and decreasing the amount of loss recognized on a subsequent taxable disposition of the New ABH Common Stock). To the extent that such distribution exceeds a Holder's adjusted tax basis in New ABH Common Stock the distribution generally will be treated as capital gain, subject to the "*Market Discount*" rules discussed above, and will be treated as long-term capital gain if the Holder's holding period in such stock exceeds one year as of the date of the distribution. Dividends received by non-corporate holders in taxable years beginning before January 1, 2011 may qualify for a reduced rate of taxation if certain holding period and other requirements are met.

(b) Sale, Exchange or Other Taxable Disposition of New ABH Common Stock

Upon the sale, retirement or other taxable disposition of a share of New ABH Common Stock, a Holder generally will recognize gain or loss in an amount equal to the difference between the sum of cash plus the fair market value of any property received and the Holder's adjusted tax basis in such New ABH Common Stock, subject to the "*Market Discount*" rules discussed above. Such gain or loss generally will constitute capital gain or loss, and will be long-term capital gain or loss if at the time of the sale, exchange, retirement or other taxable disposition, the Holder held the share of New ABH Common Stock, for more than one year. Long-term capital gains of an individual taxpayer generally are taxed at preferential rates. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to certain limitations, as discussed below in "*Limitations on Use of Capital Losses*".

Limitations on Use of Capital Losses

A Holder who recognizes capital losses as a result of consummation of the Plans or upon a subsequent disposition of New ABH Common Stock, will be subject to limitations on the use of such capital losses. For a non-corporate taxpayer, capital losses may be used to offset any capital gains (without regard to holding periods), and also to offset ordinary income to the extent of the lesser of (1) \$3,000 (\$1,500 for married individuals filing separate returns), or (2) the excess of the capital losses over the capital gains. A non-corporate taxpayer may carry over unused capital losses and apply them against future capital gains and, as set forth in the preceding sentence, a portion of such taxpayer's ordinary income for an unlimited number of years. For corporate holders, capital losses may only be used to offset capital gains. A corporate holder that has more capital losses than may be used in a tax year may carry back unused capital losses to the three years preceding the capital loss year, and may carry over unused capital losses for the five years following the capital loss year.

Exercise or Expiration of the Subscription Rights

A U.S. Holder generally will not recognize gain or loss upon the exercise of Subscription Rights. Rights Offering Notes that a U.S. Holder acquires pursuant to the exercise of the Subscription Rights will have a tax basis equal to the Holder's adjusted basis in the Subscription Rights so exercised, increased by any amount paid to exercise the Subscription Rights. The holding period for the Rights Offering Notes that a U.S. Holder acquires pursuant to the exercise of the Subscription Rights will commence on the date following the date of exercise (or possibly on the date of exercise). If the Subscription Rights are allowed to lapse unexercised, a U.S. Holder will have a capital loss equal to such holder's adjusted basis in the Subscription Rights, which will be treated as a long-term capital loss if the Holder's holding period in the Subscription Rights exceeds one year as of the date of the expiration. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to certain limitations, as discussed above in "*Limitations on Use of Capital Losses*".

Treatment of Upfront Payment under Backstop Agreement

At the time the Rights Offering Notes are issued, pursuant to the Backstop Agreement, the Company shall cause the Upfront Payment to be made to Eligible Holders from the proceeds of the sale of such Rights Offering Notes. The tax treatment of this Upfront Payment is not entirely clear, and the amount of the Upfront Payment received may be treated as fee income to an Eligible Holder.

Ownership, Conversion and Disposition of Rights Offering Notes received upon Exercise of Subscription Rights

(a) Payments of Interest on Rights Offering Notes

Each payment of qualified stated interest (as defined below) on a New Note (including any amount withheld as backup withholding tax) will be taxable to a U.S. Holder as ordinary interest income at the time it accrues or is received, in accordance with such U.S. Holder's method of accounting for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

(b) Original Issue Discount

(i) Generally

A note with a term that exceeds one year will be treated as issued with OID if it has a term of more than one year and the "stated redemption price at maturity" of the note exceeds its "issue price" by more than the *de minimis* amount of $\frac{1}{4}$ of 1 percent of the "stated redemption price at maturity" multiplied by the number of complete years from the issue date of the note to its maturity.

The "stated redemption price at maturity" of the Rights Offering Notes will exceed the "issue price" of the Rights Offering Notes by more than a *de minimis* amount, and the Rights Offering Notes will therefore constitute discount notes issued with OID. Following is a summary of the OID rules and their application to the Rights Offering Notes.

The "issue price" of a note generally is the first price at which a substantial amount of the issue of which the note is a part is sold to persons other than bond houses, brokers or similar persons acting in the capacity of underwriters, placement agents or wholesalers.

The "stated redemption price at maturity" of a note generally is the total amount of payments provided by the note other than "qualified stated interest" payments. Generally, an interest payment on a note is "qualified stated interest" if it is paid in cash (or property of the issuer other than debt) and is one of a series of stated interest payments on a note that are unconditionally payable at least annually at a single fixed rate, with certain exceptions for lower rates paid during some periods, applied to the outstanding principal amount of the note. Qualified stated interest payable on the Rights Offering Notes will be taxable to a U.S. Holder when accrued or received in accordance with such holder's normal method of accounting.

Interest is considered unconditionally payable only if reasonable legal remedies exist to compel timely payment or the note otherwise provides terms and conditions that make the likelihood of late payment (other than a late payment within a reasonable grace period) or non-payment a remote contingency. Interest is payable at a single fixed rate only if the rate appropriately takes into account the length of the interval between stated interest payments. Thus, if the interval between payments varies during the term of a note, the value of the fixed rate on which payment is based generally must be adjusted to reflect a compounding assumption consistent with the length of the interval between payments.

Because the Rights Offering Notes will be issued with OID, a U.S. Holder will be required to include OID in gross income for U.S. federal income tax purposes as it accrues (regardless of a holder's method of accounting), which may be in advance of receipt of the cash attributable to that income. OID accrues under the constant-yield method, based on a compounded yield to maturity, as described below. Accordingly, a U.S. Holder generally will be required to include in income increasingly greater amounts of OID in successive accrual periods.

The annual amounts of OID includible in income by a U.S. Holder will equal the sum of the "daily portions" of the OID with respect to the Rights Offering Notes for each day on which a U.S. Holder owns the Rights Offering Notes during the taxable year. Generally, a U.S. Holder determines the daily portions of OID by allocating to each day in an "accrual period" a pro rata portion of the OID that is allocable to that accrual period. The term "accrual period" means an interval of time with respect to which the accrual of OID is measured and which may vary in length over the term of a note provided that each accrual period is no longer than one year and each scheduled payment of principal or interest occurs on either the first or last day of an accrual period.

The amount of OID allocable to an accrual period will be the excess of:

- the product of the "adjusted issue price" of the Rights Offering Note at the beginning of the accrual period and its "yield to maturity"

over

- the aggregate amount of any qualified stated interest payments allocable to the accrual period.

The adjusted issue price of a Rights Offering Note at the beginning of the first accrual period is its issue price, and, on any day thereafter, it is the sum of the issue price and the amount of OID previously included in gross income, reduced by the amount of any payment (other than a payment of qualified stated interest) previously made on the Rights Offering Notes. If an interval between payments of qualified stated interest on a Rights Offering Note contains more than one accrual period, then, when a U.S. Holder determines the amount of OID allocable to an accrual period, such U.S. Holder must allocate the amount of qualified stated interest payable at the end of the interval, including any qualified stated interest that is payable on the first day of the accrual period immediately following the interval, pro rata to each accrual period in the interval based on their relative lengths. In addition, a U.S. Holder must increase the adjusted issue price at the beginning of each accrual period in the interval by the amount of any qualified stated interest that has accrued prior to the first day of the accrual period but that is not payable until the end of the interval. If all accrual periods are of equal length except for a shorter initial and/or final accrual period, a U.S. Holder can compute the amount of OID allocable to the initial period using any reasonable

method; however, the OID allocable to the final accrual period will always be the difference between the amount payable at maturity (other than a payment of qualified stated interest) and the adjusted issue price at the beginning of the final accrual period.

OID will be calculated based on the assumption that interest on the Rights Offering Notes will be paid in Cash. It is not entirely clear what adjustments would be required if the Company were to pay interest in kind instead of in Cash.

(ii) Election to Treat All Interest as OID (Constant Yield Method)

A U.S. Holder may elect to include in gross income all interest that accrues on a Rights Offering Note using the constant-yield method described above, with the modifications described below. For purposes of this election, interest will include stated interest, OID, *de minimis* OID, market discount, *de minimis* market discount and unstated interest. If a U.S. Holder makes this election in respect of its Rights Offering Notes, when such holder applies the constant-yield method:

- the issue price of a Rights Offering Note will equal its cost;
- the issue date of a Rights Offering Note will be the date it is acquired; and
- no payments on a Rights Offering Note will be treated as payments of qualified stated interest.

Generally, this election will apply only to the Rights Offering Note for which it is made. A U.S. Holder may not revoke an election to apply the constant-yield method to all interest on a Rights Offering Note without IRS consent.

(iii) Applicable High Yield Discount Obligations

As indicated above, the Company expects that the Rights Offering Notes will constitute AHYDOs for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Consequently, to the extent the Company has current or accumulated earnings and profits, the disqualified portion of OID, as defined above, generally will be treated as a dividend to a U.S. Holder that may be subject to a dividends received deduction for corporate U.S. Holders. The dividends-received deduction is subject to a number of complex limitations. U.S. Holders are urged to consult their own tax advisor regarding the U.S. federal income tax consequences of holding Rights Offering Notes that are considered AHYDOs.

(c) Treatment of New Rights Offering Notes issued in respect of Rights Offering Notes

A newly distributed Rights Offering Note received in lieu of Cash interest on the existing Rights Offering Note is aggregated with the existing Rights Offering Note and will be treated as part of the existing Rights Offering Note with respect to which it was issued. Thus, the initial issue price of a newly distributed Rights Offering Note issued in respect of an existing Rights Offering Note likely will be determined by allocating the adjusted issue price, at the time of distribution, of the underlying Rights Offering Note between the newly distributed Rights Offering Note and the underlying Rights Offering Note in proportion to their respective principal amounts. A portion of the basis of such Rights Offering Note will be allocated to such newly issued Rights Offering Note and OID on such newly issued Rights Offering Note will accrue in the same manner as described above in the case of such Rights Offering Note. A U.S. Holder's holding period for any newly issued Rights Offering Notes issued with respect to an original Rights Offering Note will likely be identical to its holding period for the original Rights Offering Note.

(d) Conversion of Rights Offering Notes

In general, a U.S. Holder will not recognize income, gain or loss upon conversion of Rights Offering Notes into shares of New ABH Common Stock, except that the receipt of cash in lieu of a fractional share of New ABH Common Stock will result in capital gain or loss (as described below).

A U.S. Holder's tax basis in New ABH Common Stock received upon conversion of Rights Offering Notes (other than in respect of accrued interest) will equal its adjusted basis in the Rights Offering Notes so converted, less any portion of such holder's tax basis allocable to Cash received in lieu of a fractional share. The holding period will include the period during which a U.S. Holder held the Rights Offering Notes prior to conversion. Cash received in lieu of a fractional share of New ABH Common Stock should be treated as a payment in exchange for the fractional share, and a U.S. Holder generally will recognize taxable gain or loss on the receipt of Cash in lieu of a fractional share in an amount equal to the difference between the amount of Cash received and such holder's tax basis in the fractional share.

(e) Constructive Dividends

An increase in the conversion rate of the Rights Offering Notes may, depending on the circumstances, be deemed to be a distribution to a U.S. Holder. Any deemed distribution will be taxed in the same manner as an actual distribution. A U.S. Holder may be deemed to receive a taxable dividend if the conversion rate of the Rights Offering Notes is adjusted as described under the terms of the Rights Offering. A U.S. Holder's tax basis in a Note would be increased by the amount of any such deemed dividend.

(f) Sale, Exchange or Retirement of the Rights Offering Notes

Upon the sale, exchange, retirement or other disposition of a Note, a U.S. Holder generally will recognize capital gain or loss in an amount equal to the difference between the sum of cash plus the fair market value of any property received (other than any amount received that is attributable to accrued but unpaid interest not previously included in income, which will be taxable as ordinary interest income) and its adjusted tax basis in the Note. A U.S. Holder's tax basis in a Note generally will be the amount that such holder paid for the Subscription Rights, increased by the amount of the price paid to convert the Subscription Rights and any OID previously included in income, decreased by the amount of any payments (other than payments of qualified stated interest) on the Note. Any capital gain or loss will be long-term capital gain or loss if at the time of the sale, exchange, retirement or other taxable disposition of the Note, a holder held the Note for more than one year. Long-term capital gains of an individual taxpayer for taxable dispositions prior to January 1, 2011 will be taxed at a maximum rate of 15%. For taxable dispositions on or after January 1, 2011, such long-term capital gains will be taxed at a maximum rate of 20%. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to certain limitations, as discussed above in "*Limitations on Use of Capital Losses*".

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Certain payments ("**Reportable Payments**") generally are subject to information reporting by the payor to the IRS. Moreover, Reportable Payments are subject to backup withholding (currently at a rate of twenty eight percent (28%)) under certain circumstances. Under the backup withholding rules set forth in the Tax Code, a Holder receiving a payment or distribution of cash or other property pursuant to the Plans, pursuant to distributions on New ABH Common Stock or certain payments of principal of, and interest on, a Note, and the proceeds of disposition of a Note before maturity may be subject to backup withholding with respect to such payment or distribution unless it: (i) is an exempt recipient, such as a corporation, and when required, demonstrates this exemption, or (ii) timely provides a correct U.S. taxpayer identification number and makes certain certifications under penalties of perjury.

Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules may be credited against the Holder's U.S. federal income tax liability, and it may obtain a refund of excess amounts withheld under the backup withholding tax rules by timely filing an appropriate claim for refund with the IRS.

U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations for Non-U.S. Holders

This subsection applies to a Holder who is a Non-U.S. Holder. The rules governing U.S. federal income taxation of Non-U.S. Holders are complex. Each non-U.S. Holder should consult with its own tax advisor to determine the effect of U.S. federal, state, local and foreign income tax laws, as well as treaties, with regard to its participation in the transactions contemplated by the Plans and its ownership of New ABH Common Stock,

Subscription Rights and any Rights Offering Notes issued upon the exercise of the Subscription Rights, including any reporting requirements.

Tax Consequences of Exchange of Affected Unsecured Claims for Cash

Subject to the discussion below in "Information Reporting and Backup Withholding", any gain or loss realized by a Non-U.S. Holder in connection with the receipt of the Cash Payment that is not effectively connected with the conduct of a U.S. trade or business should not be subject to U.S. federal income tax, except possibly to the extent the Cash Payment is received in respect of any accrued and unpaid interest on the Affected Unsecured Claims. With respect to any portion of the Cash Payment received in respect of such accrued and unpaid interest, a Non-U.S. Holder will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax if:

- The Non-U.S. Holder did not own, actually or constructively, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, 10% or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of the Company's voting stock;
- The Non-U.S. Holder is not, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, a controlled foreign corporation related, directly or indirectly, to the Company through stock ownership under applicable rules of the Tax Code;
- The Non-U.S. Holder is not a bank receiving interest described in Section 881(c)(3)(A) of the Tax Code; and
- the certification requirement, as described below, is fulfilled with respect to the beneficial owner of the Affected Unsecured Claim.

The certification requirement described above will be fulfilled if either (A) a Non-U.S. Holder provides to the Company or its paying agent an IRS Form W-8BEN (or successor form), signed under penalties of perjury, that includes such holder's name and address and a certification as to such holder's non-U.S. status, or (B) a securities clearing organization, bank or other financial institution that holds customers' securities in the ordinary course of its trade or business holds the Affected Unsecured Claim on behalf of the beneficial owner and provides a statement to the Company or its paying agent, signed under penalties of perjury, in which the organization, bank or financial institution certifies that it has received an IRS Form W-8BEN (or successor form) from the non-U.S. beneficial owner or from another financial institution acting on behalf of such beneficial owner and furnishes the Company or its paying agent with a copy thereof and otherwise complies with the applicable IRS requirements. Other methods might be available to satisfy the certification requirements described above, depending on a holder's particular circumstances.

The gross amount of payments of interest that do not qualify for the exception from withholding described above (the "portfolio interest exemption") will be subject to United States withholding tax at a rate of 30% unless (A) a Non-U.S. Holder provides a properly completed IRS Form W-8BEN (or successor form) claiming an exemption from or reduction in withholding under an applicable tax treaty, or (B) such interest is effectively connected with such Non U.S. Holder's conduct of a United States trade or business and such holder provides a properly completed IRS Form W-8ECI (or successor form).

Tax Consequences of Exchange of Affected Unsecured Claim for the New ABH Common Stock and Subscription Rights.

Subject to the discussion below in "Information Reporting and Backup Withholding," any gain or loss realized by a Non-U.S. Holder in connection with the assignment of an Affected Unsecured Claim to a debtor and the receipt of New ABH Common Stock and Subscription Rights, as applicable, pursuant to the Plans should not be subject to U.S. federal income tax unless:

- the gain or loss is effectively connected with such Non-U.S. Holder's conduct of a trade or business in the U.S. (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, is attributable to a U.S.

permanent establishment that such Non-U.S. Holder maintains within the U.S.), in which case the gain or loss will be treated in the manner described below in "*Effectively Connected Income and Loss*;"

- the Non-U.S. Holder is an individual who is present in the U.S. for 183 days or more during the taxable year that includes the date of the assignment of the Claim to the Debtors, and certain other conditions are met, in which case the gain (reduced by any U.S.-source capital losses) will be subject to thirty percent (30%) tax (subject to possible reduction if provided by treaty); or
- the Non-U.S. Holder is subject to the Tax Code provisions applicable to certain former citizens or residents.

Distributions on New ABH Common Stock

Distributions of cash and property that ABH makes in respect of New ABH Common Stock will constitute dividends for U.S. federal income tax purposes to the extent of its current or accumulated earnings and profits (as determined under U.S. federal income tax principles). Distributions of cash and property that constitute dividends for U.S. federal income tax purposes generally will be subject to U.S. federal withholding at a thirty percent (30%) rate unless a reduced rate is prescribed by an applicable income tax treaty. If the amount of a distribution exceeds ABH's current and accumulated earnings and profits, such excess first will be treated as a return of capital to the extent of a Non-U.S. Holder's tax basis in the New ABH Common Stock and thereafter will be treated as gain from the disposition of such share of New ABH Common Stock, subject to tax as described below in "*Sale, Exchange or Disposition of New ABH Common Stock, Subscription Rights and Rights Offering Notes*".

In order to obtain a reduced rate of U.S. withholding tax under an applicable income tax treaty, a Non-U.S. Holder will be required to provide a properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN certifying its entitlement to benefits under the treaty. If a Non-U.S. Holder is eligible for a reduced rate of U.S. withholding tax under a treaty, the Non-U.S. Holder may obtain a refund or credit of any excess amounts withheld by filing an appropriate claim for a refund with the IRS. Each Non-U.S. Holder should consult its own tax advisor regarding its possible entitlement to benefits under a treaty.

The U.S. federal withholding tax described above will not apply to dividends paid to a Non-U.S. Holder if such dividends represent U.S. trade or business income for the Non-U.S. Holder and the Non-U.S. Holder provides a properly executed IRS Form W-8ECI certifying that the dividends are effectively connected with the Non-U.S. Holder's conduct of a trade or business within the U.S., as the dividends will be subject to tax as described below under "*Effectively Connected Income and Loss*".

Ownership of the Rights Offering Notes Issued upon Exercise of the Subscription Rights

Subject to the discussion below in "*Information Reporting and Backup Withholding*," payments of interest on a Note (including OID) to a Non-U.S. Holder that are not effectively connected with the conduct of a U.S. trade or business generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax if:

- the Non-U.S. Holder does not own, actually or constructively, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, 10% or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of the Company's voting stock;
- the Non-U.S. Holder is not, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, a controlled foreign corporation related, directly or indirectly, to the Company through stock ownership under applicable rules of the Tax Code;
- the Non-U.S. Holder is not a bank receiving interest described in Section 881(c)(3)(A) of the Tax Code; and

- the certification requirement, as described below, is fulfilled with respect to the beneficial owner of the Note.

The certification requirement described above will be fulfilled if either (A) a Non-U.S. Holder provides to the Company or its paying agent an IRS Form W-8BEN (or successor form), signed under penalties of perjury, that includes such holder's name and address and a certification as to such holder's non-U.S. status, or (B) a securities clearing organization, bank or other financial institution that holds customers' securities in the ordinary course of its trade or business holds the Note on behalf of the beneficial owner and provides a statement to the Company or its paying agent, signed under penalties of perjury, in which the organization, bank or financial institution certifies that it has received an IRS Form W-8BEN (or successor form) from the non-U.S. beneficial owner or from another financial institution acting on behalf of such beneficial owner and furnishes the Company or its paying agent with a copy thereof and otherwise complies with the applicable IRS requirements. Other methods might be available to satisfy the certification requirements described above, depending on a holder's particular circumstances.

The gross amount of payments of interest that do not qualify for the exception from withholding described above (the "portfolio interest exemption") will be subject to United States withholding tax at a rate of 30% unless (A) a Non-U.S. Holder provides a properly completed IRS Form W-8BEN (or successor form) claiming an exemption from or reduction in withholding under an applicable tax treaty, or (B) such interest is effectively connected with such Non U.S. Holder's conduct of a United States trade or business and such holder provides a properly completed IRS Form W-8ECI (or successor form).

Effectively Connected Income and Loss

If a Non-U.S. Holder is engaged in a trade or business in the U.S. and if dividends received in respect of New ABH Common Stock; gain or loss realized on the disposition of a share of New ABH Common Stock, Subscription Rights or Rights Offering Notes; or fee income received for participating in the Rights Offering are "effectively connected" with the conduct of such U.S. trade or business, any such dividends, gain or loss realized by a Non-U.S. Holder will be subject to full net-basis U.S. federal income tax in the same manner as if the Non-U.S. Holder were a U.S. Holder, unless an applicable income tax treaty provides otherwise. In addition, if the Non-U.S. Holder is a foreign corporation, the Non-U.S. Holder may also be subject to a "branch profits tax" on earnings and profits effectively connected with such U.S. trade or business (subject to certain adjustments) at a rate of thirty percent (30%), unless the branch profits tax is reduced or eliminated by an applicable income tax treaty. Even though any such effectively connected income would be subject to income tax, and might also be subject to branch profits tax, it would not be subject to withholding tax if the Non-U.S. Holder satisfied the applicable certification requirements described above. Non-U.S. Holders should discuss the applicability of the "effectively connected" rules with their tax advisors.

Sale, Exchange or Disposition of New ABH Common Stock, Subscription Rights and Rights Offering Notes

Subject to the discussion below concerning backup withholding, if a Non-U.S. Holder owns New ABH Common Stock and Subscription Rights (or Rights Offering Notes issued upon conversion of Subscription Rights), the Non-U.S. Holder generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax with respect to any gain or loss realized on the sale, exchange or other taxable disposition of such New ABH Common Stock and Subscription Rights (or Rights Offering Notes), unless:

- the Non-U.S. Holder is an individual who is present in the U.S. for 183 days or more in the taxable year of disposition, and certain other conditions are met;
- such gain represents accrued but unpaid interest not previously included in income, in which case the rules regarding interest would apply; or
- such gain is effectively connected with the Non-U.S. Holder's conduct of a trade or business in the U.S. (see "*Effectively Connected Income and Loss*").

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Unless certain exceptions apply, the Company must report annually to the IRS and to each Non-U.S. Holder the amount of any dividends and interest paid to the Non-U.S. Holder (whether such dividend income is subject to U.S. withholding tax or is exempt from such tax pursuant to an income tax treaty). Copies of these information returns may also be made available under the provisions of a specific treaty or other agreement to the tax authorities of the country in which a Non-U.S. Holder resides.

Under current U.S. federal income tax law, backup withholding tax will not apply to payments of dividends and interest by the Company or its paying agent if the Non-U.S. Holder provides a properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN (or successor form), or otherwise establishes its eligibility for an exemption, provided that the Company or its paying agent, as the case may be, does not have actual knowledge or reason to know that the payee Non-U.S. Holder is a U.S. person.

Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Any amounts withheld from a payment to a Non-U.S. Holder under the backup withholding rules will be allowed as a credit against such holder's U.S. federal income tax liability and may entitle the holder to a refund, provided that the holder furnishes the required information to the IRS. A Non-U.S. Holder should consult its tax advisor regarding the application of information reporting and backup withholding in such holder's particular situation, the availability of an exemption from backup withholding and the procedure for obtaining such an exemption, if available.

XI. OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

A. NEW ABH COMMON STOCK AND RIGHTS OFFERING NOTES

The definitive terms of the Rights Offering Notes and the New ABH Common Stock will be posted on the Monitor's website, at www.ey.com/ca/abitibowater, no later than ●, 2010. The Applicants will announce by way of press release the posting of such documents on the website maintained by the Monitor concurrently with such posting.

B. CANADIAN SECURITIES LAW CONSIDERATIONS

Canadian securities Laws provide for a specific statutory exemption from the prospectus requirements when securities are issued or distributed in connection with either (i) a reorganization or arrangement that is under a statutory procedure, or (ii) a reorganization or arrangement that (a) is described in an information circular made pursuant to applicable regulations or in a similar disclosure record and the information circular or similar disclosure record is delivered to each security holder whose approval of the reorganization or arrangement is required before it can proceed and (b) is approved by the security holders referred to in (a). The Applicants believe that the issuance and distribution of the New ABH Common Stock under the CCAA Plan to any Canadian resident and of Subscription Rights to Rights Offering Participants and to the Backstop Parties pursuant to the Rights Offering fall within one of the statutory exemptions under Canadian securities Laws described in this paragraph and are thus exempt from the prospectus requirements under Canadian securities Laws.

The issuance and distribution of Rights Offering Notes upon the exercise of the Subscription Rights by the Rights Offering Participants and the Backstop Parties and of New ABH Common Stock upon the conversion of such Rights Offering Notes in accordance with their respective terms also fall within statutory exemptions under Canadian securities Laws and are thus exempt from the prospectus requirements. For the purposes herein, the New ABH Common Stock (including the New ABH Common Stock issuable upon the conversion of Rights Offering Notes) and the Rights Offering Notes issuable upon the exercise of the Subscription Rights are referred to as the "New Securities".

Under Canadian securities Laws, once issued, the New Securities will, except for "control distributions" described below, be generally freely tradeable in Canada without the need for the holder of such New Securities to prepare and file a prospectus or rely on an exemption from the prospectus requirements, provided (i) the issuer is and has been a reporting issuer in a jurisdiction of Canada for the four months immediately preceding the trade,

(ii) no unusual effort is made to prepare the market or to create a demand for the security that is the subject of the trade, (iii) no extraordinary commission or consideration is paid to a person or company in respect of the trade, and (iv) if the selling security holder is an insider or officer of the issuer, the selling security holder has no reasonable grounds to believe that the issuer is in default of securities legislation. Reorganized ABH will not have been a reporting issuer for any period prior to the Implementation Date. However, ABH is currently a reporting issuer in each of the provinces of Canada and it is currently anticipated that, at the Implementation Date, it will remain a reporting issuer and will have been a reporting issuer for the four months preceding the Implementation Date in each of the provinces of Canada. Under Canadian securities Laws, a holder of New Securities may include the period of time that ABH was a reporting issuer in a jurisdiction of Canada immediately prior to the Implementation Date in determining the period of time that Reorganized ABH was a reporting issuer in a jurisdiction of Canada immediately preceding the trade by such holder.

If the resale or trade of the New Securities constitutes a "control distribution", then any resale or trade of the New Securities would require either (i) the preparation and filing of a prospectus in the relevant Canadian jurisdiction(s) in order to qualify such resale or trade for public distribution in Canada and render the subject New Securities freely tradeable in such Canadian jurisdiction(s), (ii) in the absence of a Canadian prospectus, the reliance on a separate statutory or discretionary exemption from the applicable prospectus requirements for the resale or trade of the New Securities, or (iii) the giving of notice and filing of a prescribed form with the CSA at least seven days before the first resale or trade that is part of the control distribution indicating the selling security holder's intention to distribute securities and particulars of the proposed trade, including the number and class of securities proposed to be sold and whether the sale will occur privately or on an exchange or market.

In general terms, a "control distribution" is a distribution effected by a "control person", being (i) a person or company who holds a sufficient number of the voting rights attached to all outstanding voting securities of an issuer to affect materially the control of the issuer, and, if a person or company holds more than 20% of the voting rights attached to all outstanding voting securities of an issuer, the person or company is deemed, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, to hold a sufficient number of the voting rights to affect materially the control of the issuer, or (ii) each person or company in a combination of persons or companies, acting in concert by virtue of an agreement, arrangement, commitment or understanding, which holds in total a sufficient number of the voting rights attached to all outstanding voting securities of an issuer to affect materially the control of the issuer, and, if a combination of persons or companies holds more than 20% of the voting rights attached to all outstanding voting securities of an issuer, the combination of persons or companies is deemed, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, to hold a sufficient number of the voting rights to affect materially the control of the issuer.

Given the complex and subjective nature of the question of whether a particular holder may be a "control person" under Canadian securities Laws, the Applicants make no representation concerning the right of any Person to trade in the New Securities in Canada. The Applicants recommend that potential recipients of the New Securities consult their own counsel concerning whether they may freely trade the New Securities in Canada in compliance with applicable Canadian securities Laws.

C. UNITED STATES SECURITIES LAW CONSIDERATIONS

Federal

The New ABH Common Stock to be issued under the CCAA Plan to any person subject to the U.S. securities laws and the exercise of the Subscription Rights by Eligible Holders as provided in the CCAA Plan but not the Unsubscribed Notes, Excluded Rights Offering Notes or Rights Offering Notes received by Persons deemed to be "underwriters", as defined in Section 1145(b) of the Bankruptcy Code will be issued in reliance upon Section 3(a)(10) of the U.S. Securities Act which, among other things, exempts from the registration requirements thereof securities issued in exchange for one or more outstanding securities, claims or property interests where the terms and conditions of the issuance and exchange have been approved by a court of competent jurisdiction, after a hearing upon the fairness of the terms and conditions of the issuance and exchange at which all persons to whom such securities will be issued have the right to appear. The Court is required by the CCAA to conduct a hearing to determine the fairness of the terms and conditions of the CCAA Plan, including the proposed issuance of securities thereunder. The Court has granted the Creditors' Meeting Order, as set out in Appendix D to this Circular, and

subject to the approval of the CCAA Plan by the Affected Unsecured Creditors, the Court will hold a hearing on the fairness of the CCAA Plan on or about ●, 2010 prior to entering the Sanction Order.

The New ABH Common Stock received under the CCAA Plan and the exercise of the Subscription Rights by Eligible Holders as provided in the CCAA Plan, but not the Unsubscribed Notes or Excluded Rights Offering Notes, will be freely transferable under United States federal securities Laws, except that the New ABH Common Stock and the Rights Offering Notes received by Persons who are deemed to be "underwriters", including holders who are deemed to be "affiliates" (as such terms are defined under the U.S. Securities Act) of ABH within 90 days before, or after, the Implementation Date, or "control persons" may be resold by them only in transactions permitted by the resale provisions of Rule 144 or Regulation S promulgated under the U.S. Securities Act or as otherwise permitted under the U.S. Securities Act. Sales under Rule 144 require compliance, during prescribed periods following the acquisition of securities as a result of the implementation of the CCAA Plan, with certain holding periods, volume limitations and current public information and manner of sale requirements. Persons whom may be deemed to be "affiliates" of an issuer generally include individuals or entities that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, are controlled by, or are under common control with, such issuer and may include officers and directors of such issuer as well as principal shareholders of such issuer. Parties who believe they may be statutory underwriters as defined in Section 1145 of the Bankruptcy Code are advised to consult with their own counsel concerning the availability of the exemptions provided by Rule 144 or Regulation S.

The Backstop Parties will also receive securities of Reorganized ABH. Reorganized ABH will rely on Section 4(2) of the U.S. Securities Act and, to the extent applicable, Regulation D promulgated thereunder, to exempt the offering, sale and issuance of the Rights Offering Notes to the Backstop Parties. Section 4(2) exempts from the registration requirements of the U.S. Securities Act any offering by an issuer not involving any public offering. Regulation D similarly exempts from the registration requirements of the U.S. Securities Act private offerings by an issuer of securities to "accredited investors", as such term is defined under Regulation D, and to certain other qualified investors.

State

The issuance and delivery of the New ABH Common Stock, pursuant to the CCAA Plan, the exercise of the Subscription Rights by Eligible Holders as provided by the CCAA Plan and the issuance of the Rights Offering Notes to the Backstop Parties will not be registered under the securities Laws of any state of the United States. Such securities will be issued in reliance upon applicable exemptions under state securities Laws. Affected Unsecured Creditors are advised that the resale of the New ABH Common Stock and the Rights Offering Notes may be subject to certain registration requirements or other restrictions imposed by various states' "blue sky" Laws. ABH does not provide any advice with respect to the applicability of, or compliance with, any such blue sky Laws and urges all Affected Unsecured Creditors to consult their own advisors concerning whether they may freely trade the New ABH Common Stock and the Rights Offering Notes in compliance with the blue sky Laws of the state in which they reside.

D. STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

Reorganized ABH and the Applicants shall use their reasonable best efforts to cause the New ABH Common Stock to be listed on the New York Stock Exchange, the NASDAQ Global Market or NASDAQ Global Select Market and/or the Toronto Stock Exchange. See *"The CCAA Plan – Description of the CCAA Plan – Implementation of the CCAA Plan"*.

Any such listing will be conditional upon Reorganized ABH fulfilling all the initial requirements of these exchanges, including distribution of these securities to a minimum number of public holders. There can be no assurance that listing will be achieved and, if achieved, that such listing will continue or that a trading market will develop or be sustained for the listed securities.

XII. RECOMMENDATION OF THE MONITOR

The Monitor has assisted the Applicants in the development of the CCAA Plan. Pursuant to the CCAA Plan, the Affected Unsecured Creditors are, for voting and distribution purposes, grouped in 20 classes based on their Affected Claims against the CCAA Plan Applicants. If the CCAA Plan Applicants are unable to implement the CCAA Plan then the stay of proceedings granted by the Court in the Initial Order may be lifted, in which case substantially all of the CCAA Plan Applicants' stayed debt obligations would become due and owing. The CCAA Plan Applicants do not have sufficient financial resources to meet these obligations. Accordingly, the Monitor is of the view that this would likely result in applications, by the CCAA Plan Applicants or their creditors, under the CCAA, the BIA or other statutes to allow the creditors to realize upon the CCAA Plan Applicants' assets and their operations (the "**Assets**") for the general benefit of the creditors.

Liquidation Analysis

The Monitor, with the assistance of the CCAA Plan Applicants, has prepared an illustrative estimate of the net realizable value of the Assets for each of the CCAA Plan Applicants assuming liquidation proceedings, based on the assets and liabilities as they appear in the CCAA Plan Applicants' financial records as at March 31, 2010 (the "**Liquidation Analysis**"). The Liquidation Analysis, including the key assumptions related thereto, is attached as Appendix F – "*Liquidation Analysis*" to this Circular. In the Monitor's view, such realization proceedings would likely result in the sale of a limited number of the CCAA Plan Applicants' select operations on a going concern basis, an orderly wind down of the remaining operations and the liquidation of the remaining Assets as described in greater detail in Appendix F – "*Liquidation Analysis*".

The table set forth below summarizes the estimated range of recoveries for Affected Unsecured Creditors for each of the CCAA Plan Applicants in the event of a liquidation process.

The CCAA Plan Illustrative Recoveries for Affected Unsecured Creditors

The U.S. Plan and the CCAA Plan contemplate that the ABH Existing Shares and the Exchangeable Shares will be cancelled and that, upon emergence from the CCAA Proceedings, the Affected Unsecured Creditors of the CCAA Plan Applicants will receive their pro rata share of the New ABH Common Stock as set out in Article 2 of the CCAA Plan, with the exception of those Affected Unsecured Creditors who receive a cash distribution for Claims less than \$6,073 (US\$5,000 equivalent) or who elect to reduce their Claim to \$6,073 (US\$5,000 equivalent) for distribution purposes only.

The Section "*The CCAA Plan - Illustrative Recoveries*" provides a table of "Illustrative Recoveries" for the Affected Unsecured Creditors of each of the CCAA Plan Applicants. The illustrative recoveries have been estimated by the CCAA Plan Applicants based on a number of assumptions, including in the Monitor's view, the following key items:

- (a) A mid-point estimated going concern enterprise value of the Reorganized ABH of US\$3.675 billion and an estimated mid-point equity value for the New ABH Common Stock (the "**Equity Value**") of US\$2.425 billion as determined by ABH with the assistance of The Blackstone Group ("**Blackstone**"), its financial advisor, as summarized in Appendix H – "*Enterprise Valuation*" to this Circular.
- (b) The allocation of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock to the Affected Unsecured Creditors of each of the CCAA Plan Applicants as set out in Schedules B and C of the CCAA Plan relative to the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock of the Reorganized ABH to be allocated to the compromised creditors of the CCAA Plan Applicants and the U.S. Debtors. Such allocation will determine the amount of the estimated Equity Value of the Reorganized ABH that will be available to be shared amongst the Affected Unsecured Creditors of each of the CCAA Plan Applicants.

- (c) The preliminary estimate of allowed claims of each the Affected Unsecured Creditors, an estimate of which is provided in "*The CCAA Plan - Illustrative Recoveries*", which estimated claims will share on a pro rata basis in the shares of New ABH Common Stock allocated to each specific CCAA Plan Applicant. Because the New ABH Common Stock to be allocated to all of the Affected Unsecured Creditors of each of the CCAA Plan Applicants is a fixed number of shares as set out in Schedules B and C of the CCAA Plan, the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock to be received by individual Affected Unsecured Creditors of each of the CCAA Plan Applicants will be determined on a pro rata basis by the final quantification of the allowed claims for each of the CCAA Plan Applicants. The final determination of the amount of the allowed claims is subject to the claims determination process set out in the Claims Procedure Orders and the Cross-border Claims Protocol, and will likely differ from the preliminary estimates contained in "*The CCAA Plan - Illustrative Recoveries*" once the claims determination process is complete. As such, the preliminary estimates of allowed claims contained in "*The CCAA Plan - Illustrative Recoveries*" are for illustrative purposes only.

The table below summarizes the Illustrative Recoveries under the CCAA Plan for the Affected Unsecured Creditors of each of the CCAA Plan Applicants as set out in "*The CCAA Plan - Illustrative Recoveries*" compared to the illustrative recovery for Affected Unsecured Creditors from the liquidation of the Assets of each of the CCAA Plan Applicants as detailed in Appendix F – "*Liquidation Analysis*":

Applicant	Estimated Recovery for Affected Unsecured Creditors Under the CCAA Plan	Illustrative Percentage Recoveries for Unsecured Claims	
		Low	High
Abitibi-Consolidated Inc.	3.4%	1.0%	3.0%
Abitibi-Consolidated Company of Canada	17.1%	1.3%	14.2%
15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Creditor Classes in respect of each of the following:			
3224112 Nova Scotia Limited	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Marketing Donohue Inc.	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Abitibi-Consolidated Canadian Office Products Holding Inc.	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
3834328 Canada Inc.	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
6169678 Canada Inc.	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
4042140 Canada Inc.	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Donohue Recycling Inc.	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
1508756 Ontario Inc.	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
La Tuque Forest Products Inc.	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
The Jonquière Pulp Company	100%	0.0%	0.0%
The International Bridge and Terminal Company	1.3%	0.7%	1.3%
Abitibi-Consolidated (U.K.) Inc.	12.9%	3.7%	4.3%
Scramble Mining Ltd.	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Terra Nova Explorations Ltd.	43.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Saguenay Forest Products Inc.	4.2%	2.3%	3.9%
Bowater Canadian Forest Products Inc.	36.5%	7.5%	21.2%
Bowater Canada Finance Corporation	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%
AbitibiBowater Canada Inc.	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Bowater Maritimes Inc.	20.8%	4.0%	9.4%
Abitibi-Consolidated Nova Scotia Incorporated	43.0%	0.1%	0.1%

For a number of the CCAA Plan Applicants the illustrative recoveries under the CCAA Plan and the Liquidation Analysis are nil, as these entities have nominal assets. Most of these entities are included in the entities comprising the 15.5% Guarantor Applicants. As such, they have only one creditor group, the 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Claims, which is receiving distributions from multiple CCAA Plan Applicants.

As illustrated in the table above, the recovery to the Affected Unsecured Creditors under the CCAA Plan is estimated to be greater than their recovery in a liquidation scenario assuming the value of the shares of New ABH Common Stock to be issued under the CCAA Plan is consistent with that assumed by the Company and Blackstone as summarized in Appendix H – "*Enterprise Valuation*" hereto and assuming that the final quantification of the Proven Claims pursuant to the claims determination process set out in the Claims Procedure Orders and Cross-border Claims Protocol is consistent with the estimated Proven Claims of each the Affected Unsecured Creditors as summarized in the Section "*The CCAA Plan - Illustrative Recoveries*".

The Monitor believes the CCAA Plan will produce a more favourable result for the Affected Unsecured Creditors as a whole than would a liquidation of the CCAA Plan Applicants' Assets in accordance with the assumptions set out in the Liquidation Analysis in Appendix F – "*Liquidation Analysis*". Accordingly, the Monitor recommends that Affected Unsecured Creditors vote FOR the Resolution in respect of each Affected Unsecured Creditor Class to which they belong to approve the CCAA Plan.

XIII. RECOMMENDATION OF THE CCAA PLAN APPLICANTS

The CCAA Plan Applicants have approved the CCAA Plan and have authorized its submission to the Affected Unsecured Creditors for their approval at the Creditors' Meetings and subject to that approval, to the Court for approval.

In making this recommendation, the CCAA Plan Applicants considered various factors, including the inability of the Applicants to repay their indebtedness, the necessity of restructuring their capital structure, and the impact on various stakeholders of the Applicants, particularly the Affected Unsecured Creditors, of a liquidation of the CCAA Plan Applicants' Assets. The CCAA Plan Applicants took into account and relied upon: advice received from their legal counsel and financial advisor; and the opinion and views of management. The CCAA Plan Applicants also took into account the opinion and views of the Monitor (set out above in "*Recommendation of the Monitor*") and the Liquidation Analysis attached hereto as Appendix F – "*Liquidation Analysis*". The CCAA Plan Applicants also considered the Company's Enterprise Valuation prepared by the Applicants, with the assistance of Blackstone, for the purpose of estimating the Company's consolidated value on a going concern basis. A discussion of the valuation methodology and a copy of the Company's Enterprise Valuation is attached to this Circular as XVII. Appendix H – "*Enterprise Valuation*".

Blackstone's estimate of Enterprise Value (as defined in the Enterprise Valuation) reflects the application of standard valuation techniques and does not purport to reflect or constitute appraisals, liquidation values or estimates of the actual market value that may be realized through the sale of any securities to be issued pursuant to the Plan and delivered under the CCAA Plan, which may be significantly different than the amounts set forth in the Enterprise Valuation.

The value of an operating business is subject to numerous uncertainties and contingencies which are difficult to predict and will fluctuate with changes in factors affecting the financial condition and prospects of such a business. As a result, the estimated Enterprise Value range of the Company set forth in the Enterprise Valuation is not necessarily indicative of actual outcomes, which may be significantly more or less favorable than those set forth herein.

Neither the Company, nor Blackstone, nor any other person assumes responsibility for any differences between the Enterprise Value range and such actual outcomes. Actual market prices of such securities at issuance will depend upon, among other things, the operating performance of the Company, prevailing interest rates, conditions in the financial markets, the anticipated holding period of securities received by prepetition creditors (some of whom may prefer to liquidate their investment rather than hold it on a long-term basis), developments in the Company's industry and economic conditions generally, and other factors which generally influence the prices of securities.

The CCAA Plan Applicants believe that the most likely alternative to the CCAA Plan would be a liquidation of the CCAA Plan Applicants' Assets under the CCAA, the BIA or other statutes and the distribution of the net proceeds of such liquidation to all creditors of the CCAA Plan Applicants in accordance with their respective priorities. The CCAA Plan Applicants also believe, based on the Liquidation Analysis attached as Appendix F hereto, that the recovery to the Affected Unsecured Creditors under the CCAA Plan would be greater than their recovery in a liquidation scenario assuming the value the New ABH Common Stock to be issued under the CCAA Plan is consistent with that assumed by the Company and Blackstone as summarized in Appendix H hereto and assuming that the final quantification of the Proven Claims pursuant to the claims determination process set out in the Claims Procedure Orders and Cross-border Claims Protocol is consistent with the estimated Proven Claims of each the Affected Unsecured Creditors as summarized in "*The CCAA Plan – Illustrative Recoveries*". The CCAA Plan Applicants believe the CCAA Plan will produce a more favourable result for the Affected Unsecured Creditors than would a liquidation of the CCAA Plan Applicants' Assets in accordance with the assumptions set out in the Liquidation Analysis in Appendix F – "*Liquidation Analysis*", while providing the CCAA Plan Applicants with an opportunity to continue as a viable going concern with a recapitalized balance sheet, and reduced expenses. Accordingly, the Applicants recommend that Affected Unsecured Creditors Vote FOR the Resolution in respect of each Affected Unsecured Creditors Class to which they belong to approve the CCAA Plan.

XIV. LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters in connection with the CCAA Plan will be passed upon on behalf of ABH and the Applicants by Stikeman Elliott LLP, as to matters of Canadian law. ABH and the Applicants have been represented by Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison LLP as to matters of U.S. law.

XV. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Except as otherwise explicitly provided, information provided in this Circular is accurate and up-to-date, as of the date hereof. Starting on or about the date hereof, any modifications, amendments or supplements to the information contained in the Circular as the Applicants may determine, shall be distributed by the Applicants by one or more of the following methods: (i) posting on the Monitor and/or the Applicants' website (www.ey.com/ca/abitibowater and/or www.abitibowater.com, respectively); (ii) news release; (iii) newspaper advertisement; (iv) pre-paid regular mail, email, fax or delivery (in person or by courier); (v) distribution at the Creditors' Meeting; or (vi) such other reasonably practicable method in the circumstances.

XVI. QUESTIONS AND FURTHER ASSISTANCE

If you have any questions about the information contained in this Circular, including the Rights Offering or require assistance in completing your Form of Proxy, please contact the [Monitor] at 800 René-Lévesque Blvd. West, Suite 2000, Montreal, Québec, H3B 1X9 Canada (Attention: the Monitor), facsimile number: 1-514-879-3992 and telephone number: 1-866-246-7889.

If you have any questions about the Subscription Form, please contact [Epiq Bankruptcy Solutions, LLC] at 757 Third Avenue, 3rd Floor New York, NY 10017, telephone numbers 1-888-266-9280 (for U.S. / Canada calls)(503) 597-7694 (for non-U.S. / Canada calls).

DATED at Montreal, this ● day of ●, 2010.

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XVII. AUDITORS AND REGISTRAR

The auditors of the Corporation are PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, 1250 René Lévesque Boulevard West Montreal, Québec H3B 2G4.

APPENDIX A APPLICANTS

Abitibi-Consolidated Inc.*
Abitibi-Consolidated Company of Canada*
3224112 Nova Scotia Limited*
Marketing Donohue Inc.*
Abitibi-Consolidated Canadian Office Products Holdings Inc.*
3834328 Canada Inc.*
6169678 Canada Inc.*
4042140 Canada Inc.
Donohue Recycling Inc.*
1508756 Ontario Inc.*
3217925 Nova Scotia Company
La Tuque Forest Products Inc.
Abitibi-Consolidated Nova Scotia Incorporated*
Saguenay Forest Products Inc.*
Terra Nova Explorations Ltd.*
The Jonquière Pulp Company*
The International Bridge and Terminal Company*
Scramble Mining Ltd.*
9150-3383 Québec Inc.
Abitibi-Consolidated (U.K.) Inc.*
Bowater Canadian Holdings Incorporated.
Bowater Canada Finance Corporation
Bowater Canadian Limited
3231378 Nova Scotia Company
AbitibiBowater Canada Inc.*
Bowater Canada Treasury Corporation*
Bowater Canadian Forest Products Inc.*
Bowater Shelburne Corporation
Bowater LaHave Corporation
St. Maurice River Drive Company Limited
Bowater Treated Wood Inc.
Canoxel Hardboard Inc.
9068-9050 Québec Inc.
Alliance Forest Products (2001) Inc.
Bowater Belledune Sawmill Inc.
Bowater Maritimes Inc.*
Bowater Mitis Inc.
Bowater Guérette Inc.
Bowater Couturier Inc.

* These Applicants are also referred to collectively as the "CCAA Plan Applicants".

APPENDIX B RESOLUTION

BE IT RESOLVED THAT:

1. The plan of reorganization and compromise (the "**CCAA Plan**") under the *Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act (Canada)*, the *Canada Business Corporations Act* and such other legislation set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice proposed by AbitibiBowater Inc. and certain of its subsidiaries listed in Appendix A – "Applicants" to the Circular (as defined below) (the "**Applicants**"), attached as Appendix C – "*Plan of Reorganization and Compromise*" to the notice of meeting and information circular of the Applicants dated ●, 2010 (the "**Circular**") (as such CCAA Plan may be amended, varied or supplemented by the Applicants from time to time in accordance with its terms, including by the Restructuring Transactions Notice and any CCAA Plan Supplement as provided for in the CCAA Plan) be and it is hereby accepted, approved, agreed to and authorized;
2. Notwithstanding the passing of this resolution by each Affected Unsecured Creditor Class (as defined in the Circular) or the passing of similar resolutions or approval of the Québec Superior Court (the "**Court**"), the board of directors or shareholders, as the case may be, of each of the Applicants, without further notice to, or approval of, the Affected Unsecured Creditors (as defined in the Circular) of the Applicants, subject to the terms of the CCAA Plan, may decide not to proceed with the CCAA Plan or may revoke this resolution at any time prior to the CCAA Plan becoming effective, provided that any such decision after the issue of a sanction order shall require the approval of the Monitor and the Court; and
3. Any director or officer of each of the Applicants be and is hereby authorized, for an on behalf of each of the Applicants, respectively, to execute and deliver, or cause to be executed and delivered, any and all documents and instruments and to take or cause to be taken such other actions as he or she may deem necessary or desirable to implement this resolution and the matters authorized hereby, including the transactions required by the CCAA Plan, such determination to be conclusively evidences by the execution and delivery of such documents or other instruments or taking of any such actions.

APPENDIX C
PLAN OF REORGANIZATION AND COMPROMISE

Draft for discussion purposes only dated June 25, 2010

Subject to revision and comments

**THIS CCAA PLAN IS NOT BEING FILED OR DISTRIBUTED FOR THE PURPOSE OF
SOLICITING VOTES – ANY SOLICITATION OF THIS CCAA PLAN SHALL BE IN
CONJUNCTION WITH A COURT-APPROVED INFORMATION CIRCULAR**

Court File No. 500-11-036133-094

IN THE MATTER OF THE *COMPANIES' CREDITORS ARRANGEMENT ACT* (CANADA)

AND IN THE MATTER OF A PLAN OF REORGANIZATION AND COMPROMISE

OF

ABITIBIBOWATER INC.,

AND CERTAIN OF ITS SUBSIDIARIES LISTED IN SCHEDULE "A" HERETO

APPLICATION UNDER THE *COMPANIES' CREDITORS ARRANGEMENT ACT* (CANADA),

SECTION 191 OF THE *CANADA BUSINESS CORPORATIONS ACT*,

AND SUCH OTHER SECTIONS AND LEGISLATION TO BE SET FORTH IN THE
RESTRUCTURING TRANSACTIONS NOTICE (AS DEFINED HEREIN)

●, 2010

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PLAN OF REORGANIZATION AND COMPROMISE

Plan of Reorganization and Compromise of AbitibiBowater Inc. and certain of its subsidiaries listed in Schedule "A" hereto pursuant to the *Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act* (Canada), Section 191 of the *Canada Business Corporations Act* and pursuant to such other Sections and legislation to be set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice (as defined herein).

ARTICLE 1 INTERPRETATION

1.1 Definitions

In this CCAA Plan (including the Schedules hereto), unless otherwise stated or the context otherwise requires:

"0% Unsecured Notes" means the 0% Unsecured Notes due 2012 issued by ACCC pursuant to the 0% Unsecured Notes Note Agreement;

"0% Unsecured Notes Note Agreement" means the note agreement dated as of May 28, 2004 between ACCC, as issuer, and Investissement Québec, as lender;

"2010 STIP" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Subsection 6.8(b);

"2011 STIP" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Subsection 6.8(b);

"6.00% Senior Notes" means the 6.00% Senior Notes due June 20, 2013 issued by ACCC pursuant to the 6.00% Senior Notes Indenture;

"6.00% Senior Notes Indenture" means the indenture dated as of December 11, 2001, as supplemented, between ACCC, as issuer, and the 6.00% Senior Notes Indenture Trustee;

"6.00% Senior Notes Indenture Trustee" means Deutsche Bank National Trust Company, as successor to The Bank of Nova Scotia Trust Company of New York and its successors and assigns, as indenture trustee under the 6.00% Senior Notes Indenture;

"7.40% Debentures" means the 7.40% Debentures due April 1, 2018 issued by ACI pursuant to the 7.40% Debentures Indenture;

"7.40% Debentures Indenture" means the indenture dated as of April 6, 1998, as supplemented, between ACI, as issuer, and the 7.40% Debentures Indenture Trustee;

"7.40% Debentures Indenture Trustee" means Computershare Trust Company of Canada, as successor trustee to Montreal Trust Company and its successors and assigns, as indenture trustee under the 7.40% Debentures Indenture;

"7.50% Debentures" means the 7.50% Debentures due April 1, 2028 issued by ACI pursuant to the 7.50% Debentures Indenture;

"7.50% Debentures Indenture" means the indenture dated as of April 6, 1998, as supplemented, between ACI, as issuer, and the 7.50% Debentures Indenture Trustee;

"7.50% Debentures Indenture Trustee" means Computershare Trust Company of Canada, as successor trustee to Montreal Trust Company and its successors and assigns, as indenture trustee under the 7.50% Debentures Indenture;

"7.75% Notes" means the 7.75% Notes due June 15, 2011 issued by ACCC pursuant to the 7.75% Notes Indenture;

"7.75% Notes Indenture" means the indenture dated as of June 15, 2004, as supplemented, among ACCC, as issuer, and the 7.75% Notes Indenture Trustee;

"7.75% Notes Indenture Trustee" means Deutsche Bank National Trust Company, as successor to The Bank of Nova Scotia Trust Company of New York and its successors and assigns, as indenture trustee under the 7.75% Notes Indenture;

"7.875% Notes" means the 7.875% Notes due August 1, 2009 issued by ACF LP pursuant to the 7.875% Notes Indenture;

"7.875% Notes Indenture" means the indenture dated as of July 26, 1999, as supplemented, between ACF LP and ACI, as issuers, and the 7.875% Notes Indenture Trustee;

"7.875% Notes Indenture Trustee" means Deutsche Bank National Trust Company, as successor to The Bank of Nova Scotia Trust Company of New York and its successors and assigns, as indenture trustee under the 7.875% Senior Notes Indenture;

"7.95% Notes" means the 7.95% Notes due November 15, 2011 issued by BCFC pursuant to the 7.95% Notes Indenture;

"7.95% Notes Indenture" means the indenture dated as of October 31, 2001, as supplemented, between BCFC, as issuer, and the 7.95% Notes Indenture Trustee;

"7.95% Notes Indenture Trustee" means The Bank of New York and its successors and assigns, as indenture trustee under the 7.95% Notes Indenture;

"8.375% Senior Notes" means the 8.375% Senior Notes due April 1, 2015 issued by ACCC pursuant to the 8.375% Senior Notes Indenture;

"8.375% Senior Notes Indenture" means the indenture dated as of December 11, 2001, as supplemented, between ACCC, as issuer, and the 8.375% Senior Notes Indenture Trustee;

"8.375% Senior Notes Indenture Trustee" means Deutsche Bank National Trust Company, as successor to The Bank of Nova Scotia Trust Company of New York and its successors and assigns, as indenture trustee under the 8.375% Senior Notes Indenture;

"8.50% Debentures" means the 8.50% Debentures due August 1, 2029 issued by ACI pursuant to the 8.50% Debentures Indenture;

"8.50% Debentures Indenture" means the indenture dated as of July 26, 1999, as supplemented, between ACI and ACF LP, as issuers, and the 8.50% Debentures Indenture Trustee;

"8.50% Debentures Indenture Trustee" means Deutsche Bank National Trust Company, as successor to The Bank of Nova Scotia Trust Company of New York and its successors and assigns, as indenture trustee under the 8.50% Debentures Indenture;

"8.55% Senior Notes" means the 8.55% Senior Notes due August 1, 2010 issued by ACI pursuant to the 8.55% Senior Notes Indenture;

"8.55% Senior Notes Indenture" means the indenture dated as of July 26, 1999, as supplemented, between ACI and ACF LP, as issuers, and the 8.55% Senior Notes Indenture Trustee;

"8.55% Senior Notes Indenture Trustee" means Deutsche Bank National Trust Company, as successor to The Bank of Nova Scotia Trust Company of New York and its successors and assigns, as indenture trustee under the 8.55% Senior Notes Indenture;

"8.85% Debentures" means the 8.85% Debentures due April 1, 2030 issued by ACI pursuant to the 8.85% Debentures Indenture;

"8.85% Debentures Indenture" means the indenture dated as of July 26, 1999, as supplemented, between ACI and ACF LP, as issuers, and the 8.85% Debentures Indenture Trustee;

"8.85% Debentures Indenture Trustee" means Deutsche Bank National Trust Company, as successor to The Bank of Nova Scotia Trust Company of New York and its successors and assigns, as indenture trustee under the 8.85% Debentures

"10.26% Senior Notes (Series D)" means the 10.26% Senior Notes (Series D) due January 15, 2011 issued by BCFPI (f/k/a Canadian Pacific Forest Products Limited) pursuant to the 10.26% Senior Notes (Series D) Note Agreement;

"10.26% Senior Notes (Series D) Note Agreement" means the note agreement dated as of November 1, 1990, as supplemented, between BCFPI, as issuer, and the parties thereto;

"10.50% Senior Notes (Series B)" means the 10.50% Senior Notes (Series B) due June 15, 2010 issued by BCFPI (f/k/a Canadian Pacific Forest Products Limited) pursuant to the 10.50% Senior Notes (Series B) Note Agreement;

"10.50% Senior Notes (Series B) Note Agreement" means the note agreement dated as of June 1, 1990, as supplemented, between BCFPI, as issuer, and the parties thereto;

"10.60% Senior Notes (Series C)" means the 10.60% Senior Notes (Series C) due January 15, 2011 issued by BCFPI (f/k/a Canadian Pacific Forest Products Limited) pursuant to the 10.60% Senior Notes (Series C) Note Agreement;

"10.60% Senior Notes (Series C) Note Agreement" means the note agreement dated as of November 1, 1990, as supplemented, between BCFPI, as issuer, and the parties thereto;

"10.625% Senior Notes (Series A)" means the 10.625% Senior Notes (Series A) due June 15, 2010 issued by BCFPI (f/k/a Canadian Pacific Forest Products Limited) pursuant to the 10.625% Senior Notes (Series A) Note Agreement;

"10.625% Senior Notes (Series A) Note Agreement" means the note agreement dated as of June 1, 1990, as supplemented, between BCFPI, as issuer, and the parties thereto;

"10.85% Debentures" means the 10.85% Debentures due November 30, 2014 issued by BCFPI (f/k/a Canadian Pacific Forest Products Limited) pursuant to the 10.85% Debentures Indenture;

"10.85% Debentures Indenture" means the trust indenture dated as of December 12, 1989, as supplemented, between BCFPI (f/k/a Canadian Pacific Forest Products Limited), as issuer, and the 10.85% Debentures Indenture Trustee;

"10.85% Debentures Indenture Trustee" means Computershare Trust Company of Canada, as successor trustee to Montreal Trust Company and its successors and assigns, as indenture trustee under the 10.85% Debentures Indenture;

"15.5% Guarantor Applicant" means any of 3224112 Nova Scotia Limited, Marketing Donohue Inc., Abitibi-Consolidated Canadian Office Products Holdings Inc., 3834328 Canada Inc., 6169678 Canada Inc., Donohue Recycling Inc., 1508756 Ontario Inc., The Jonquière Pulp Company, The International Bridge and Terminal Company, Scramble Mining Ltd., Terra Nova Explorations Ltd. and Abitibi-Consolidated (U.K.) Inc.;

"15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Claim" means any Affected Claim against a 15.5% Guarantor Applicant;

"15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Creditor" means any creditor that is the Holder of a 15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Claim;

"15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Creditor Class" means, in respect of each 15.5% Guarantor Applicant, the class of creditors grouped in accordance with their Affected Claims against such 15.5% Guarantor Applicant for the purpose of considering and voting on this CCAA Plan in accordance with the provisions of this CCAA Plan and receiving distributions hereunder, each class being comprised solely of the 15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Creditors that are Holders of an Affected Claim against such 15.5% Guarantor Applicant;

"15.5% Pro Rata" means, at any time, the proportion that the Face Amount of a 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Claim in a particular class bears to the aggregate Face Amount of all 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Claims in such class (including Disputed Claims but excluding any Disallowed Claims);

"15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes" means the 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes due July 15, 2010 issued by ACCC pursuant to the 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Indenture;

"15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Claim" means any Affected Claim against any 15.5% Guarantor Applicant, ACI, ACCC, Saguenay Forest Products or ACNSI pursuant to the 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes;

"15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Creditor" means any creditor that is the Holder of a 15.5% Senior Unsecured Note Claim;

"15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Indenture" means the indenture dated as of April 1, 2008, as supplemented, between ACCC, as issuer, and the 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Indenture Trustee;

"15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Indenture Trustee" means Wilmington Trust Company, as successor indenture trustee to Wells Fargo Bank, National Association under the 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Indenture;

"18.6 Petitioners" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Initial Order;

"ABH" means AbitibiBowater Inc.;

"Abitibi Administration Charge" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Initial Order;

"AbitibiBowater Canada" means AbitibiBowater Canada Inc.;

"AbitibiBowater Canada Affected Unsecured Claim" means any Affected Claim against AbitibiBowater Canada;

"AbitibiBowater Canada Affected Unsecured Creditor" means any creditor that is the Holder of an AbitibiBowater Canada Affected Unsecured Claim;

"AbitibiBowater Canada Affected Unsecured Creditor Class" means the class of creditors grouped in accordance with their Affected Claims against AbitibiBowater Canada for the purposes of considering and voting on this CCAA Plan in accordance with the provisions of this CCAA Plan and receiving distributions hereunder, such class being comprised solely of the AbitibiBowater Canada Affected Unsecured Creditors;

"Abitibi D&O Charge" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Initial Order;

"ABL Exit Financing Facility" means the senior secured asset-based revolving facility to be entered into by the Reorganized Debtors and the lender(s) thereunder as contemplated in Section 6.11 of the U.S. Plan, pursuant to such documentation, or a summary thereof, that shall (i) be set forth in a CCAA Plan Supplement, or (ii) be set forth in such other notice and in such form as determined by the U.S. Debtors and the Applicants;

"ACCC" means Abitibi-Consolidated Company of Canada;

"ACCC Administrative Agent" means Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. (as successor-in-interest to Goldman Sachs Credit Partners L.P.) in its capacity as administrative agent and collateral agent under the ACCC Term Loan Facility, and its successors and assigns;

"ACCC Affected Unsecured Claim" means any Affected Claim against ACCC, including any 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Claim against ACCC;

"ACCC Affected Unsecured Creditor" means any creditor that is the Holder of an ACCC Affected Unsecured Claim;

"ACCC Affected Unsecured Creditor Class" means the class of creditors grouped in accordance with their Affected Claims against ACCC for the purposes of considering and voting on this CCAA Plan in accordance with the provisions of this CCAA Plan and receiving distributions hereunder, such class being comprised solely of the ACCC Affected Unsecured Creditors;

"ACCC Term Lenders" means the lenders party from time to time to the ACCC Term Loan Documents;

"ACCC Term Loan Claim" means, subject to paragraphs 13 and 14 of the Third Claims Procedure Order, any Claim of any ACCC Term Lender, the ACCC Administrative Agent pursuant to the ACCC Term Loan Documents, and interest accrued thereon and any unpaid costs, fees and other amounts relating thereto as of the Implementation Date;

"ACCC Term Loan Documents" means that certain Credit and Guaranty Agreement, dated as of April 1, 2008 (as may have been amended, supplemented, restated, or otherwise modified from time to time), among ACCC in its capacity as a borrower, certain subsidiaries of ABH as guarantors, the lenders from time-to-time party thereto and the ACCC Administrative Agent, together with all other loan documents, guaranty, and security documents executed in connection therewith or which relate thereto;

"ACI" means Abitibi-Consolidated Inc.;

"ACI Affected Unsecured Claim" means any Affected Claim against ACI, including any 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Claim against ACI;

"ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor" means any creditor that is the Holder of an ACI Affected Unsecured Claim;

"ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class" means the class of creditors grouped in accordance with their Affected Claims against ACI for the purposes of considering and voting on this CCAA Plan in accordance with the provisions of this CCAA Plan and receiving distributions hereunder, such class being comprised solely of the ACI Affected Unsecured Creditors;

"ACI DIP Charge" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Initial Order;

"ACI Inter-company Advances Charge" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Initial Order;

"ACF LP" means Abitibi-Consolidated Finance L.P.;

"ACNSI" means Abitibi-Consolidated Nova Scotia Incorporated;

"ACNSI Affected Unsecured Claim" means any Affected Claim against ACNSI, including any 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Claim against ACNSI;

"ACNSI Affected Unsecured Creditor" means any creditor that is the Holder of an ACNSI Affected Unsecured Claim;

"ACNSI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class" means the class of creditors grouped in accordance with their Affected Claims against ACNSI for the purposes of considering and voting on this CCAA Plan in accordance with the provisions of this CCAA Plan and receiving distributions hereunder, such class being comprised solely of the ACNSI Affected Unsecured Creditors;

"Ad Hoc Unsecured Noteholders Committee" means the informal committee of certain Holders of Canadian Unsecured Notes Claims;

"Administrative Claim" means, in respect of any Cross-border Debtor, a Claim to the extent that it is of the kind described in Section 503(b) of the Bankruptcy Code and is entitled to priority under Section 507(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, including (i) any actual and necessary expenses of preserving the estate of such Cross-border Debtor, (ii) any actual and necessary expenses of operating the business of such Cross-border Debtor, (iii) all allowances of compensation or reimbursement of expenses to such Cross-border Debtor to the extent allowed by the Bankruptcy Court under Sections 330(a), 331 or 503(b)(2), (3), (4) or (5) of the Bankruptcy Code, (iv) Claims of such Cross-border Debtor arising under Section 503(b)(9) of the Bankruptcy Code, and (v) all fees and charges payable by such Cross-border Debtor pursuant to Section 1930 of title 28 of the United States Code;

"Affected Claims" means all Claims other than Excluded Claims;

"Affected Unsecured Claims" means the ACI Affected Unsecured Claims, the ACCC Affected Unsecured Claims, the 15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Claims, the Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Claims, the BCFPI Affected Unsecured Claims, the BCFC Affected Unsecured Claims, the AbitibiBowater Canada Affected Unsecured Claims, the Bowater Maritimes Affected Unsecured Claims and the ACNSI Affected Unsecured Claims;

"Affected Unsecured Creditor" means any creditor that is the Holder of an Affected Unsecured Claim and may, if the context requires, mean an assignee of an Affected Unsecured Claim or a trustee, interim receiver, receiver manager, or other Person acting on behalf of such Person, if such assignee or other Person has been recognized by the affected Applicant, the Disbursing Agent or the Servicer, as the case may be;

"Affected Unsecured Creditor Classes" means the ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, the ACCC Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, the 15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Creditor Classes, the Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, the BCFPI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, the BCFC Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, the AbitibiBowater Canada Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, the Bowater Maritimes Affected Unsecured Creditor Class and the ACNSI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class;

"Allowed Cross-border Claim" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 7.10;

"Allowed Insured Claim" means a Proven Claim in respect of an Insured Claim;

"Applicants" means the direct and indirect subsidiaries of ABH participating in the CCAA Proceedings listed in Schedule "A" hereto;

"Applicants Reserve" means the reserve to be established and maintained under this CCAA Plan by the Monitor, in its capacity as Disbursing Agent, by holding on account of Disputed Claims a number of shares of New ABH Common Stock equal to the amount of shares of New ABH Common Stock that the Holders of Disputed Claims would be entitled to receive if all such Disputed Claims had been Proven Claims in their entire amount on the Initial Distribution Record Date;

"Backstop Agreement" means the backstop commitment agreement entered into by ABH and the Backstop Parties in connection with the Rights Offering;

"Backstop Parties" means certain of the holders of Affected Unsecured Claims as of May 23, 2010 and any of their successors, assigns or replacements, in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the Backstop Agreement;

"Bankruptcy Code" means the United States Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. Sections 101 et seq., as amended from time to time;

"Bankruptcy Court" means the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware in which the Chapter 11 Cases were filed or any other United States court with jurisdiction over the Chapter 11 Cases;

"Bankruptcy Rules" means the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure and the local rules and standing orders of the Bankruptcy Court, as amended from time to time;

"BCFC" means Bowater Canada Finance Corporation;

"BCFC Affected Unsecured Claim" means any Affected Claim against BCFC;

"BCFC Affected Unsecured Creditor" means any creditor that is the Holder of a BCFC Affected Unsecured Claim;

"BCFC Affected Unsecured Creditor Class" means the class of creditors grouped in accordance with their Affected Claims against BCFC for the purposes of considering and voting on this CCAA Plan in accordance with the provisions of this CCAA Plan and receiving distributions hereunder, such class being comprised solely of the BCFC Affected Unsecured Creditors;

"BCFPI" means Bowater Canadian Forest Products Inc.;

"BCFPI Administrative Agent" means Bank of Nova Scotia in its capacity as administrative agent under the BCFPI Secured Bank Documents, and its successors and assigns;

"BCFPI Affected Unsecured Claim" means any Affected Claim against BCFPI;

"BCFPI Affected Unsecured Creditor" means any creditor that is the Holder of a BCFPI Affected Unsecured Claim;

"BCFPI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class" means the class of creditors grouped in accordance with their Affected Claims against BCFPI for the purposes of considering and voting on this CCAA Plan in accordance with the provisions of this CCAA Plan and receiving distributions hereunder, such class being comprised solely of the BCFPI Affected Unsecured Creditors;

"BCFPI Lenders" means the lenders party from time to time to the BCFPI Secured Bank Documents;

"BCFPI Secured Bank Claim" means any Claim of any BCFPI Lender or the BCFPI Administrative Agent pursuant to the BCFPI Secured Bank Documents, and interest accrued thereon and any unpaid costs, fees and other amounts relating thereto as of the Implementation Date;

"BCFPI Secured Bank Documents" means that certain Credit Agreement, dated as of May 31, 2006, as amended by that certain First Amendment dated as of July 20, 2007, that certain Second Amendment dated as of October 31, 2007, that certain Third Amendment and Waiver dated as of February 25, 2008, that certain Fourth Amendment dated as of March 31, 2008, that certain Fifth Amendment dated as of April 30, 2008, that certain Sixth Amendment dated as of May 28, 2008, that certain Seventh Amendment dated as of June 6, 2008, that certain Eighth Amendment dated as of June 30, 2008, that certain Ninth Amendment and Waiver dated as of August 7, 2008, that certain Tenth Amendment and Waiver dated as of November 12, 2008 and that certain Eleventh Amendment and Consent dated as of February 27, 2009; and as further modified by the letter agreements dated March 17, 2009, March 23, 2009, March 31, 2009 and April 6, 2009, among BCFPI, as the borrower, and Bowater, Bowater Alabama LLC, Bowater Newsprint South Operations LLC, Bowater Newsprint South LLC and certain of the U.S. Debtors and Applicants, as guarantors, the BCFPI Administrative Agent, together with all collateral, security and ancillary documents executed in connection therewith or which relate thereto;

"BCFPI Secured Bank Letters of Credit" means the letters of credit to be listed on a CCAA Plan Supplement that are issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Implementation Date under the BCFPI Secured Bank Documents;

"BCHI" means Bowater Canadian Holdings Incorporated;

"BI DIP Agent" means the administrative agent and collateral agent from time to time under the BI DIP Facility Documents;

"BI DIP Claim" means any Claim of any BI DIP Lender or the BI DIP Agent pursuant to the BI DIP Facility Documents or the Initial Order;

"BI DIP Facility Documents" means that certain Senior Secured Superpriority Debtor in Possession Credit Agreement dated as of April 21, 2009 (as amended, modified, or supplemented from time to time), by and among ABH, Bowater and BCFPI, as borrowers, the BI DIP Lenders from time to time party thereto (including Fairfax Financial Holdings Limited,

as initial lender and initial BI DIP Agent) and the BI DIP Agent from time to time party thereto together with any related collateral, loan, or security documents executed in connection therewith or which relate thereto;

"BI DIP Lenders" means the lenders and financial institutions party from time to time to the BI DIP Facility Documents;

"BI DIP Lenders Charge" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Initial Order;

"BI Inter-company Advances Charge" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Initial Order;

"Board" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 6.15;

"Bowater" means Bowater Incorporated;

"Bowater Administration Charge" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Initial Order;

"Bowater Adequate Protection Charge" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Initial Order;

"Bowater D&O Charge" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Initial Order;

"Bowater Maritimes" means Bowater Maritimes Inc.;

"Bowater Maritimes Affected Unsecured Claim" means any Affected Claim against Bowater Maritimes;

"Bowater Maritimes Affected Unsecured Creditor" means any creditor that is the Holder of a Bowater Maritimes Affected Unsecured Claim;

"Bowater Maritimes Affected Unsecured Creditor Class" means the class of creditors grouped in accordance with their Affected Claims against Bowater Maritimes for the purposes of considering and voting on this CCAA Plan in accordance with the provisions of this CCAA Plan and receiving distributions hereunder, such class being comprised solely of the Bowater Maritimes Affected Unsecured Creditors;

"Bridgewater Entities" means Bridgewater Paper Company Limited and Cheshire Recycling Ltd.;

"Business Day" means (i) any day, other than a Saturday or a Sunday, or a non-judicial day (as defined in Article 6 of the *Code of Civil Procedure* (Québec), as amended), on which commercial banks are generally open for business in Montreal, Québec, Canada and (ii) in respect of any Cross-border Debtor, any day other than a Saturday, a Sunday or a "legal holiday" (as such term is defined in Bankruptcy Rule 9006(a));

"Canadian Secured Notes" means the 13.75% Senior Secured Notes due April 1, 2011 issued by ACCC pursuant to the Canadian Secured Notes Indenture;

"Canadian Secured Notes Claims" means, subject to paragraphs 11 and 12 of the First Claims Procedure Order and paragraph 15 of the Third Claims Procedure Order, any Claim of any holder of Canadian Secured Notes and the Canadian Secured Notes Indenture Trustee pursuant to the Canadian Secured Notes and the Canadian Secured Notes Indenture, and interest accrued thereon and any unpaid costs, fees, and other amounts relating thereto as of the Implementation Date;

"Canadian Secured Notes Indenture" means the indenture dated as of April 1, 2008, as supplemented, between ACCC, as issuer, and the Canadian Secured Notes Indenture Trustee;

"Canadian Secured Notes Indenture Trustee" means Wells Fargo Bank, National Association and its successors and assigns, as indenture trustee under the Canadian Secured Notes Indenture;

"Canadian Unsecured Notes" means the 0% Unsecured Notes, 6.00% Senior Notes, 7.40% Debentures, 7.50% Debentures, 7.75% Notes, 7.875% Notes, 7.95% Notes, 8.375% Senior Notes, 8.50% Debentures, 8.55% Senior Notes, 8.85% Debentures, 10.26% Senior Notes (Series D), 10.50% Senior Notes (Series B), 10.60% Senior Notes (Series C), 10.625% Senior Notes (Series A), 10.85% Debentures, 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes and the Floating Rate Notes;

"Canadian Unsecured Notes Claims" means any Claim of any holder of a Canadian Unsecured Note;

"Canadian Unsecured Notes Indentures" means the 0% Unsecured Notes Note Agreement, 6.00% Senior Notes Indenture, 7.40% Debentures Indenture, 7.50% Debentures Indenture, 7.75% Notes Indenture, 7.875% Notes Indenture, 7.95% Notes Indenture, 8.375% Senior Notes Indenture, 8.50% Debentures Indenture, 8.55% Senior Notes Indenture, 8.85% Debentures Indenture, 10.26% Senior Notes (Series D) Note Agreement, 10.50% Senior Notes (Series B) Note Agreement, 10.60% Senior Notes (Series C) Note Agreement, 10.625% Senior Notes (Series A) Note Agreement, 10.85% Debentures Indenture, 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Indenture and the Floating Rate Notes;

"Cash" means cash and cash equivalents such as bank deposits, term deposits, guaranteed investment certificates, checks and other similar items or instruments denominated in legal tender of either Canada or the United States, as the context requires;

"CBCA" means the *Canada Business Corporations Act*;

"CCAA" means the *Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act* (Canada) as applicable to the CCAA Proceedings which, for greater certainty, does not include the amendments proclaimed into force on September 18, 2009;

"CCAA Charges" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Initial Order;

"CCAA Charge Claim" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 2.3;

"CCAA Plan" means this plan of reorganization and compromise jointly filed by the Applicants pursuant to the provisions of the CCAA, Section 191 of the CBCA and such other Sections and

legislation to be set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, as it may be amended, varied or supplemented by the Applicants from time to time in accordance with its terms, including by the Restructuring Transactions Notice and any CCAA Plan Supplement;

"CCAA Plan Supplement" means any supplement to this CCAA Plan that to be posted on the Monitor's website at least 14 days prior to the Creditors' Meeting Date, and thereafter modified in accordance with this CCAA Plan;

"CCAA Proceedings" means the proceedings in respect of the Applicants and the 18.6 Petitioners before the Court commenced pursuant to the CCAA;

"CCAA Vesting Order" means an Order of the Court approving and sanctioning the transfer and assignment of assets to the Applicants or Reorganized Debtors in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, free and clear of all Claims and Liens (except as otherwise set forth in such Order or in this CCAA Plan);

"Chair" means, in respect of any Creditors' Meeting, the chair of such Creditors' Meeting;

"Chapter 11 Cases" means the U.S. Debtors' Chapter 11 cases pending in front of the Bankruptcy Court, which are being jointly administered under Case No. 09-11296;

"Chapter 15 Proceedings" means the voluntary cases under Chapter 15 of the Bankruptcy Code commenced by ACI and ACCC in the Bankruptcy Court on April 17, 2009;

"Chief Restructuring Officer" means Bruce Robertson and 7088418 Canada Inc., a corporation the shares of which are held by Bruce Robertson;

"Circular" means the information circular relating to this CCAA Plan, including the notice of meeting and exhibits attached thereto and any written amendment, variation or supplement thereto;

"Claim" means any right or claim of any Person against one or more of the Applicants or Partnerships in connection with any indebtedness, liability or obligation of any kind whatsoever of one or more of the Applicants or Partnerships owed to such Person and any interest accrued thereon or costs, fees or other amounts in respect thereof, whether reduced to judgment, liquidated, unliquidated, fixed, contingent, matured, unmatured, disputed, undisputed, legal, equitable, secured, unsecured, present, future, known or unknown, by guarantee, surety or otherwise, and whether or not such right is executory or anticipatory in nature, including any Claim arising from or caused by the repudiation by an Applicant of any contract, lease or other agreement, whether written or oral, the commission of a tort (intentional or unintentional), any breach of duty (legal, statutory, equitable, fiduciary or otherwise), any right of ownership or title to property, employment, contract, a trust or deemed trust, howsoever created, any Claim made or asserted against any one or more of the Applicants or Partnerships through any affiliate, or any right or ability of any Person to advance a Claim for contribution or indemnity or otherwise with respect to any grievance, matter, action, cause or chose in action, whether existing at present or commenced in the future, in each case based in whole or in part on facts which existed on the Date of Filing, or which would have been together with any other Claims of any kind that, if unsecured, would constitute a debt provable

in bankruptcy within the meaning of the *Bankruptcy and Insolvency Act* (Canada) had the affected Applicant become bankrupt on the Date of Filing;

"Claims Bar Dates" means November 13, 2009 and April 7, 2010, the bar dates for filing Claims for voting purposes or distribution purposes as set out in the Claims Procedure Orders, with the exception of Restructuring Claims which have a rolling bar date subsequent to April 7, 2010;

"Claims Procedure Orders" means the First Claims Procedure Order, the Second Claims Procedure Order and the Third Claims Procedure Order;

"Collective Bargaining Agreements" means the collective bargaining agreements, as amended by the letters of understanding, letters of intent and other written communications with bargaining agents for employees;

"Company" means either ABH or Reorganized ABH, as the case may be, collectively with its Subsidiaries, either prior to the Implementation Date or on and after the Implementation Date, as reorganized under and pursuant to this CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan, as the case may be;

"Court" means the Québec Superior Court of Justice, Commercial Division, for the Judicial District of Montreal, Canada, or any Canadian court with appellate jurisdiction over the CCAA Proceedings;

"Creditors' Meeting" means, in respect of any Affected Unsecured Creditors Class, the meeting of the Affected Unsecured Creditors holding Voting Claims called pursuant to the Creditors' Meeting Order for the purposes of, among other things, considering and, if deemed appropriate, passing their respective Resolution and includes any adjournment, postponement or other rescheduling of such meeting;

"Creditors' Meeting Date" means the date fixed for the Creditors' Meetings under the Creditors' Meeting Order subject to any adjournment or postponement or further Order of the Court;

"Creditors' Meeting Order" means, the Order of the Court dated July ●, 2010 as amended or supplemented from time to time by further Orders of the Court which, among other things, sets the Creditors' Meeting Date and establishes meeting procedures for the Creditors' Meetings;

"Cross-border Claims Protocol" means the cross-border claims protocol that was approved by the Court on January 18, 2010 and the Bankruptcy Court on January 19, 2010, as amended, modified, or supplemented from time to time;

"Cross-border Convenience Claim" means any Proven Claim the aggregate Face Amount of which is (i) equal to or less than Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent, of US\$5,000) or (ii) reduced, for distribution purposes only, to Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent, of US\$5,000) pursuant to an election by the Holder made on the Election Notice, in respect of which its Holder has not made a valid election in accordance with Subsections 2.4(e)(i), 2.4(f)(i), 2.4(g)(i) or 2.4(h)(i);

"Cross-border Debtors" means BCFC, BCHI, AbitibiBowater Canada Inc., BCFPI, Bowater Maritimes, Bowater LaHave Corporation and Bowater Canadian Limited;

"Cross-border Voting Protocol" means the cross-border voting protocol governing the voting procedures of Claims against Cross-border Debtors that will be included in the solicitation materials implementing procedures for soliciting votes to accept or reject this CCAA Plan and that was filed with the Court on June 25, 2010 and the Bankruptcy Court on June 22, 2010, as amended, modified, or supplemented from time to time;

"Date of Filing" means April 17, 2009;

"Date of Filing Exchange Rate" means the Bank of Canada noon spot rate of exchange for exchanging currency to Canadian dollars on the Date of Filing, being, for U.S. dollars, US\$1=CDN\$1.2146;

"Dilution" means the dilution resulting from shares of New ABH Common Stock issued (i) pursuant to the management and director compensation and incentive programs set forth in Section 6.8 of this CCAA Plan, (ii) as a payment under the Backstop Agreement or any replacement backstop commitment obtained by the Company in connection therewith and approved by the Court and the Bankruptcy Court, and (iii) upon conversion of the convertible unsecured subordinated notes issued by Reorganized ABH in connection with the Rights Offering on the terms and conditions set forth in the Backstop Agreement;

"Disallowed Claim" means any Claim, including any portion thereof, that has been disallowed, denied, dismissed, or overruled pursuant to a final Order of the Court, the Bankruptcy Court, or any other court of competent jurisdiction;

"Disbursing Agent" means any Person in its capacity as a disbursing agent, including the Monitor, the Indenture Trustees and the ACCC Administration Agent in their capacities as disbursing agents;

"Disputed Claim" means an Affected Unsecured Claim or any portion thereof, that is subject to a Notice of Revision or Disallowance, or a Notice of Dispute, and in either case has become neither a Proven Claim nor a Disallowed Claim;

"Election Deadline" means the time specified in the Creditors' Meeting Order as the deadline for filing a form of proxy;

"Election Notice" means the election notice included in the form of proxy, which permits Affected Unsecured Creditors to make an election in accordance with Subsections 2.4(a)(i), 2.4(b)(i), 2.4(c)(i), 2.4(d)(i), 2.4(e)(i), 2.4(f)(i), 2.4(g)(i), 2.4(h)(i) or 2.4(i)(i);

"Eligible Employees" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 3.8;

"Eligible Holders" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Backstop Agreement;

"Exchangeable Shares" means the exchangeable shares of AbitibiBowater Canada issued and outstanding prior to the Final Restructuring Transactions Time;

"Excluded Claims" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 2.3;

"Exit Loan Facilities" means collectively, the ABL Exit Financing Facility and the Term Loan Exit Financing Facility;

"Face Amount" means, (i) when used in reference to a Disputed Claim or a Disallowed Claim, the full stated liquidated amount claimed by the Holder of such Claim in any Proof of Claim timely filed in accordance with the Claims Procedure Orders, and (ii) when used in reference to a Proven Claim, the amount of such Claim as agreed by the Applicants, or as otherwise finally determined, pursuant to the provisions of the Claims Procedure Orders;

"Final Distribution Date" means a date selected by the Reorganized Debtors that is not later than 30 days after the date on which the Monitor shall have certified to the Court that the last Disputed Claim in the CCAA Proceedings has been finally resolved;

"Final Restructuring Transactions Time" means such time or moment as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice;

"First Claims Procedure Order" means the Order of the Court dated August 26, 2009 establishing, among other things, procedures for proving Claims;

"Floating Rate Notes" means the Floating Rate Notes due June 15, 2011 issued by ACCC pursuant to the Floating Rate Notes Indenture;

"Floating Rate Notes Indenture" means the indenture dated as of June 15, 2004, as amended, between ACCC, as borrower, and The Bank of Nova Scotia Trust Company of New York, as indenture trustee;

"Floating Rate Notes Indenture Trustee" means Deutsche Bank National Trust Company, as successor to The Bank of Nova Scotia Trust Company of New York and its successors and assigns, as indenture trustee under the Floating Rate Notes Indenture;

"Government Priority Claims" means any Claim owing to Her Majesty the Queen in right of Canada or any Province as described in Section 18.2(1) of the CCAA;

"Governmental Entities" means any: (i) multinational, federal, provincial, territorial, state, regional, municipal, local or other government, governmental or public department, central bank, court, tribunal, arbitral body, commission, board, bureau or agency, domestic or foreign; (ii) subdivision, agent, commission, board, or authority of any of the foregoing; or (iii) quasi-governmental or private body exercising any regulatory, expropriation or taxing authority under or, for the account of, any of the foregoing;

"Holder" means a Person holding a Claim against one or more of the Applicants;

"Implementation Date" means the first Business Day this CCAA Plan becomes effective and is implemented in accordance with Sections 8.5 and 8.6, as confirmed by a certificate filed by the Monitor with the Court;

"Indenture Trustees" means, collectively, the 6.00% Senior Notes Indenture Trustee, 7.40% Debentures Indenture Trustee, 7.50% Debentures Indenture Trustee, 7.75% Notes Indenture Trustee, 7.875% Notes Indenture Trustee, 7.95% Notes Indenture Trustee, 8.375% Senior Notes Indenture Trustee, 8.50% Debentures Indenture Trustee, 8.55% Senior Notes Indenture Trustee, 8.85% Debentures Indenture Trustee, 10.85% Debentures Indenture Trustee, Canadian Secured Notes Trustee, 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Indenture Trustee and Floating Rate Notes Indenture Trustee;

"Initial Distribution Date" means the first Business Day that is ten (10) days (or such longer period as may reasonably be determined by the Reorganized Debtors in consultation with the Monitor) after the Implementation Date;

"Initial Distribution Record Date" means the applicable date designated in the Sanction Order;

"Initial Order" means the Order of the Court dated April 17, 2009, as amended and restated from time to time, pursuant to which, among other things, the Applicants were granted certain relief pursuant to the CCAA;

"Insurance Contract" means any policy of third party liability insurance under which the Applicants could have asserted or did assert, or may in the future assert, a right to coverage for any claim, together with any other contracts which pertain or relate to such policy;

"Insured Claim" means that portion of any Claim arising from an incident or occurrence alleged to have occurred prior to the Implementation Date: (i) as to which any Insurer is obligated pursuant to the terms, conditions, limitations and exclusions of its Insurance Contract(s), to pay any judgment, settlement, or contractual obligation with respect to the Applicants; or (ii) that any Insurer otherwise agrees to pay as part of a settlement or compromise of a claim made under the applicable Insurance Contract(s);

"Insured Claim Creditor" means any creditor that is the Holder of an Insured Claim;

"Insurer" means any Person that issued, or is responsible for, an Insurance Contract;

"Inter-company Claims" means any Claim by an Applicant, a Partnership or a U.S. Debtor against another Applicant, Partnership or U.S. Debtor;

"Interim Distribution Dates" means the first Business Day occurring sixty (60) days after the Initial Distribution Date, and subsequently, the first Business Day occurring sixty (60) days after the immediately preceding Interim Distribution Date (unless otherwise determined by the Monitor, in its capacity as Disbursing Agent);

"Interim Distribution Record Date" means, with respect to any Interim Distribution Date, the fifteenth (15th) day prior to such Interim Distribution Date;

"Laws" means all statutes, regulations, statutory rules, orders, judgments, decrees and terms and conditions of any grant of approval, permission, authority, permit or license of any court, Governmental Entity, statutory body or self-regulatory authority, and the term **"applicable"** with respect to such Laws and in any context that refers to one or more Persons, means that

such Laws apply to such Person or Persons or its or their business, undertaking, property or securities and emanate from a Governmental Entity having jurisdiction over the Person or Persons or its or their business, undertaking, property or securities;

"**Lien**" means, with respect to any interest in property, any mortgage, lien, pledge, charge, security interest, easement or encumbrance of any kind whatsoever, under United States, Canadian, or other applicable Law, affecting such interest in property;

"**LTIP**" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Subsection 6.8(a);

"**Monitor**" means Ernst & Young Inc. or any successor thereto appointed in accordance with the Initial Order or any further Order of the Court;

"**Monitor's Website**" means www.ey.com/ca/abitibowater;

"**New ABH Common Stock**" means the new common stock of Reorganized ABH which shall be issued on the Implementation Date or authorized to be issued by Reorganized ABH at any time from and after the Implementation Date;

"**No Vote Applicant**" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Subsection 2.5(b);

"**No Vote Investee Applicant**" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Subsection 2.5(b);

"**No Vote Occurrence**" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Subsection 2.5(a);

"**Notice of Dispute**" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Claims Procedure Orders;

"**Notice of Revision or Disallowance**" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Claims Procedure Orders;

"**Obligations**" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Subsection 6.10(a);

"**Order**" means any order of the Court or the Bankruptcy Court;

"**Original Currency**" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 7.10;

"**Partnership**" means the partnerships listed in Schedule "B" hereto;

"**Person**" means any person, including any individual, partnership, joint venture, venture capital fund, association, corporation, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, unlimited liability company, trust, trustee, executor, administrator, legal personal representative, estate, group, unincorporated association or organization, Governmental Entity, syndicate, the Monitor, the Office of the United States Trustee or other entity, whether or not having legal status;

"**Post-filing Claims**" means all valid claims, obligations, suits, judgments, damages, demands, debts, rights, causes of action and liabilities which are not Claims and arise from, or are in respect of, (i) any executory contract or unexpired lease which has been deemed ratified

pursuant to the CCAA Plan, or (ii) the supply of goods or services to any Applicant after the Date of Filing;

"Pro Rata" means, at any time, the proportion that (i) the Face Amount of an Affected Claim (including any Inter-company Claim deemed to be an Affected Unsecured Claim pursuant to Section 2.5(c)) in a particular class bears to (ii) the aggregate Face Amount of all Affected Claims (including any Inter-company Claim deemed to be an Affected Unsecured Claim pursuant to Section 2.5(c)) in such class less (x) the aggregate Face Amount of all Affected Claims settled, compromised, released or otherwise dealt with in accordance with Subsections 2.4(a)(i), 2.4(b)(i), 2.4(c)(i), 2.4(d)(i), 2.4(e)(i), 2.4(f)(i), 2.4(g)(i), 2.4(h)(i) and 2.4(i)(i), as the case may be, and (y) the aggregate Face Amount of all Affected Claims fully paid pursuant to Section 3.8 (including Disputed Claims, but excluding Disallowed Claims);

"Proof of Claim" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Claims Procedure Orders;

"Proven Claim" means, in respect of an Affected Unsecured Creditor, the amount or any portion of the amount of the Affected Claim of such Affected Unsecured Creditor as finally determined for distribution purposes in accordance with the provisions of the CCAA Plan, the CCAA, the Claims Procedure Orders and any other applicable Orders;

"Proven Secured Claim" means the amount of a Secured Claim as agreed by the Applicants or as finally determined in accordance with the provisions of the CCAA Plan, the CCAA, the Claims Procedure Orders and any other applicable Orders;

"Released Parties" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Subsection 6.10(b);

"Reorganized ABH" means, on and after the Implementation Date, ABH as reorganized under the U.S. Plan, or a new holding company created in contemplation of the Implementation Date that, on such date or immediately thereafter, owns 100% of the equity in ABH (as in existence prior to the Implementation Date);

"Reorganized Debtors" means, on or after the Final Restructuring Transactions Time, collectively, all of the Applicants and Partnerships (or their respective successors) remaining under and pursuant to this CCAA Plan, including the Restructuring Transactions;

"Required Majority" means, in respect of any Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, the affirmative vote of a majority in number in such Affected Unsecured Creditor Class having Voting Claims and voting on its Resolution (in person or by proxy) at the Creditors' Meeting in respect of such Affected Unsecured Creditor Class and representing not less than 66²/₃% in value of the Voting Claims voting (in person or by proxy) at such Creditors' Meeting;

"Resolution" means, in respect of an Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, the resolution for such Affected Unsecured Creditor Class substantially in the form attached as Appendix B to the Circular, providing for the approval of the CCAA Plan by the Affected Unsecured Creditors comprised in such Affected Unsecured Creditor Class;

"Restructuring Claim" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Third Claim Procedure Order;

"Restructuring Transactions" means those steps and transactions necessary or desirable to give effect to the transactions contemplated herein and in the Restructuring Transaction Notice, which steps and transactions may include one or more incorporations, mergers, amalgamations, consolidations, arrangements, continuations, restructurings, conversions, liquidations, windings-ups, dissolutions, transfers, reorganizations, repayments, redemptions, exchanges, cancellations, discharges or other transactions (including the release of certain funds that were set aside temporarily in 3239432 Nova Scotia Company);

"Restructuring Transactions Notice" means one or more notices setting out and detailing substantially all of the Restructuring Transactions to be posted on the Monitor's Website at least 14 days prior to the Creditors' Meeting Date, as thereafter modified or supplemented consistent with this CCAA Plan and the U.S. Plan, provided that a final restated Restructuring Transaction Notice will be posted on the Monitor's Website no later than on the Implementation Date;

"Rights Offering" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Subsection 6.1(a)(vi);

"Rights Offering Notes" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Subsection 6.1(a)(vi);

"Saguenay Forest Products" means Saguenay Forest Products Inc.;

"Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Claim" means any Affected Claim against Saguenay Forest Products, including any 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Claim against Saguenay Forest Products;

"Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Creditor" means any creditor that is the Holder of a Saguenay Forest Products Inc. Affected Unsecured Claim;

"Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Creditor Class" means the class of creditors grouped in accordance with their Affected Claims against Saguenay Forest Products for the purposes of considering and voting on this CCAA Plan in accordance with the provisions of this CCAA Plan and receiving distributions hereunder, such class being comprised solely of the Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Creditors;

"Sanction Order" means the Order by the Court sanctioning the CCAA Plan pursuant to the CCAA, Section 191 of the CBCA and such other Sections and legislation to be set forth in the Restructuring Transaction Notice as such Order may be amended, or supplemented from time to time;

"Search Committee" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 6.15;

"Second Claims Procedure Order" means the Order of the Court dated January 18, 2010 establishing, among other things, procedures for reviewing and determining Claims;

"Secured Claim" means any: (i) ACCC Term Loan Claim; (ii) BCFPI Secured Bank Claim; (iii) Canadian Secured Notes Claim; or (iv) Claim, other than a CCAA Charge, which is secured by a security interest in or a lien on the property of the Applicants, which security interest or lien is valid, perfected and enforceable pursuant to applicable Laws or by reason of an Order, to the extent of the value of such property, as of the Implementation Date or such other date as is

established by the Court, excluding, in each case any prepayment penalty or premium or any additional amount provided for in the contract or other arrangement giving rise to, or otherwise relating to, such Secured Claim;

"Securitization Claims" means any Claim arising under or relating to the Securitization Facility;

"Securitization Facility" means the receivables securitization facility made available to certain Subsidiaries of ABH pursuant to that certain Second Amended and Restated Receivables Purchase Agreement, dated as of June 16, 2009, as amended, among Abitibi-Consolidated U.S. Funding Corp., as the seller, ACI and Abitibi Consolidated Sales Corporation, as originators, Abitibi Consolidated Sales Corporation, as servicer, ACI, as subservicer, Citibank, N.A., as agent, and the banks named therein, and the other Transaction Documents (as defined therein);

"Servicer" means any indenture trustee, agent or servicer that administers any agreement that governs the rights of a Holder of an Affected Claim;

"Stay Termination Date" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Initial Order;

"STIPs" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Subsection 6.8(b);

"Supplemental Distribution" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 3.8;

"Section 1145 Cutback" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Subsection 6.1(a)(vi);

"Taxes" means any and all taxes, duties, fees, pending assessments, reassessments and other governmental charges, duties, impositions and liabilities of any kind whatsoever (including any Claims by Her Majesty the Queen in right of Canada, Her Majesty the Queen in right of any Province or Territory of Canada, the Canada Revenue Agency and any similar revenue or taxing authority, including any municipality, of any Province or Territory of Canada), including all interest, penalties, fines and additions with respect to such amounts;

"Term Loan Exit Financing Facility" means the senior secured term loan facility, that may take the form of a loan, high-yield notes, bridge facility or other loan arrangement, to be entered into by the Reorganized Debtors and the lender(s) thereunder as contemplated in Section 6.11 of the U.S. Plan, pursuant to such documentation, or a summary thereof, as shall be set forth in (i) a CCAA Plan Supplement, or (ii) such other notice and in such form as determined by the U.S. Debtors and the Applicants;

"Terminated Employee Plans" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 6.9;

"Third Claims Procedure Order" means the Order of the Court dated February 23, 2010 establishing, among other things, procedures for soliciting, reviewing and determining applicable claims and Restructuring Claims;

"TSX" means the Toronto Stock Exchange, a division of TSX Inc., through which the senior listing operations of TMX Group Inc. are conducted;

"ULC DIP Facility Documents" means that certain Letter Loan Agreement, dated as of December 9, 2009 (as amended, or supplemented from time to time) by and between ACI and 3239432 Nova Scotia Company together with any related collateral, loan, or security documents executed in connection therewith or which relate thereto;

"Unaffected Creditor" means any Creditor with Excluded Claims, in respect of and to the extent of those Excluded Claims;

"Unions" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Second Claims Procedure Order;

"Unionized Employees" means employees employed under Collective Bargaining Agreements with the Unions;

"Unsecured Creditors' Committee" means the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors appointed in the Chapter 11 Cases by the Office of the United States Trustee on or about April 28, 2009, pursuant to Section 1102 of the Bankruptcy Code, as reconstituted from time to time;

"Unsubscribed Notes" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Backstop Agreement;

"U.S. Debtors" means ABH, AbitibiBowater US Holding 1 Corp., AbitibiBowater US Holding LLC, AbitibiBowater Canada, Abitibi-Consolidated Alabama Corporation, Abitibi-Consolidated Corporation, ACF LP, Abitibi Consolidated Sales Corporation, Alabama River Newsprint Company, Augusta Woodlands, LLC, Bowater Alabama LLC, Bowater America Inc., BCFC, BCFPI, BCHI, Bowater Canadian Limited, Bowater Finance Company Inc., Bowater Finance II LLC, Bowater, Bowater LaHave Corporation, Bowater Maritimes, Bowater Newsprint South LLC, Bowater Newsprint South Operations LLC, Bowater Nuway Inc., Bowater Nuway Mid-States Inc., Bowater South American Holdings Incorporated, Bowater Ventures Inc., Catawba Property Holdings, LLC, Coosa Pines Golf Club Holdings LLC, Donohue Corp., Lake Superior Forest Products Inc. and Tenex Data Inc., ABH LLC 1 and ABH Holding Company LLC;

"U.S. Petition Date" means April 16, 2009;

"U.S. Plan" means the plan of reorganization of the U.S. Debtors dated May 24, 2010 as may be further amended, varied or supplemented from time to time in accordance with the terms thereof, which U.S. Plan and can be obtained through the Monitor's Website; and

"Voting Claim" means, in respect of an Affected Unsecured Creditor, the Canadian dollar amount of the Affected Claim of such Affected Unsecured Creditor accepted for purposes of voting at any Creditors' Meeting, in accordance with the provisions of the Creditors' Meeting Order and the Cross-border Voting Protocol.

1.2 Interpretation, etc.

For purposes of this CCAA Plan:

- (a) any reference in this CCAA Plan to a contract, instrument, release, indenture, agreement or other document being in a particular form or on particular terms

and conditions means that such document shall be substantially in such form or substantially on such terms and conditions;

- (b) any reference in this CCAA Plan to an existing document or exhibit filed or to be filed means such document or exhibit as it may have been or may be amended, modified or supplemented;
- (c) all references to (i) currency and to "\$" or "Cdn\$" are to Canadian dollars and (ii) to "US\$" are to United States dollars, except as otherwise indicated;
- (d) all references in this CCAA Plan to Articles, Sections, Subsections and Schedules are references to Articles, Sections, Subsections and Schedules of or to this CCAA Plan;
- (e) unless otherwise specified, the words "hereof", "herein" and "hereto" refer to this CCAA Plan in its entirety rather than to any particular portion of this CCAA Plan;
- (f) the division of this CCAA Plan into Articles, Sections, Subsections, Schedules, and paragraphs and the insertion of captions and headings to Articles, Sections, Subsections, Schedules and paragraphs are for convenience of reference only and are not intended to affect the interpretation of, or to be part of this CCAA Plan;
- (g) where the context requires, a word or words importing the singular shall include the plural and vice versa and a word or words importing one gender shall include all genders;
- (h) the deeming provisions are not rebuttable and are conclusive and irrevocable;
- (i) the words "includes" and "including" are not limiting; and
- (j) the word "or" is not exclusive.

1.3 Date for any Action

In the event that any date on which any action is required to be taken under this CCAA Plan by any of the parties is not a Business Day, that action shall be required to be taken on the next succeeding day which is a Business Day.

1.4 Time

All times expressed in this CCAA Plan are prevailing local time Montreal, Québec, Canada unless otherwise stipulated.

1.5 Statutory References

Unless otherwise specified, any reference in this CCAA Plan to a statute includes all regulations made thereunder and all amendments to such statute or regulations in force, from

time to time, or any statute or regulations that supplement or supersede such statute or regulations.

1.6 Schedules

The following are the schedules to this CCAA Plan, which are incorporated by reference into this CCAA Plan and form an integral part of it:

Schedule "A" – Applicants

Schedule "B" - Partnerships

Schedule "C" – Affected Unsecured Claims Share Allocation (other than 15.5% Unsecured Notes Claims Share Allocation)

Schedule "D" – 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Claims Share Allocation

ARTICLE 2 COMPROMISE AND ARRANGEMENT

2.1 Persons Affected

This CCAA Plan provides for a coordinated restructuring and compromise of Affected Claims against the Applicants. The U.S. Debtors are subject to the Chapter 11 Cases and have filed the U.S. Plan with the Bankruptcy Court. Under this CCAA Plan, the treatment of Affected Claims against the Cross-border Debtors is intended to be consistent with the treatment of Affected Claims against the Cross-border Debtors in the U.S. Plan, with the Holders of Claims or Affected Claims against any particular Cross-border Debtor receiving a single recovery on account of such Claims in this CCAA Plan and the U.S. Plan. This CCAA Plan will become effective on the Implementation Date in accordance with its terms and in the sequence set forth in Section 6.1. Each Affected Claim against the Applicants will be fully and finally compromised or otherwise assigned or transferred in the manner and the sequence as set forth in this CCAA Plan and the Restructuring Transactions Notice. This CCAA Plan shall be binding on and enure to the benefit of the Applicants, the Affected Unsecured Creditors of each Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, the Released Parties, any trustee, agent or other Person acting on behalf of any Affected Unsecured Creditor and such other Persons who have received the benefit of, or are bound by any compromises, waivers, releases or indemnities hereunder.

2.2 Classes of Affected Claims

Subject to Section 4.4, for the purpose of voting on, and distributions pursuant to, this CCAA Plan, the Affected Claims are divided into 20 classes as set out below:

- (a) the ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class;
- (b) the ACCC Affected Unsecured Creditor Class;
- (c) the 15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Creditor Classes, being 12 classes of Affected Unsecured Creditors grouped in accordance with their

Affected Claims against each of the 15.5% Guarantor Applicants, which Affected Claims only include 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Claims;

- (d) the Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Creditor Class;
- (e) the BCFPI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class;
- (f) the BCFC Affected Unsecured Creditor Class;
- (g) the AbitibiBowater Canada Affected Unsecured Creditor Class;
- (h) the Bowater Maritimes Affected Unsecured Creditor Class; and
- (i) the ACNSI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class.

2.3 Excluded Claims

This CCAA Plan does not affect the following (each, an "**Excluded Claim**"):

- (a) any Claim secured by the Abitibi Administration Charge, the Bowater Administration Charge, the Abitibi D&O Charge, the Bowater D&O Charge, the ACI DIP Charge, the BI DIP Lenders Charge and the Bowater Adequate Protection Charge (each, a "**CCAA Charge Claim**");
- (b) any Administrative Claim;
- (c) any Secured Claim;
- (d) any Securitization Claim;
- (e) subject to Subsection 2.5(c), any Inter-company Claim, including those secured by the ACI Inter-company Advances Charge and the BI Inter-company Advances Charge;
- (f) any Claim of an employee of any of the Applicants who was employed by that Applicant as of April 16, 2009, other than Claims by any such employee who was required to file its Proof of Claim prior to April 7, 2010 or any applicable subsequent Claim Bar Date, pursuant to and in accordance with the Third Claims Procedure Order;
- (g) any Post-filing Claim;
- (h) any Allowed Insured Claim, provided that the Insured Claim Creditor agrees to relinquish and waive any right to any portion of any Claim, other than the Allowed Insured Claim, arising from the same incident or occurrence alleged to have occurred prior to the Implementation Date; and
- (i) any Government Priority Claim.

Creditors with Excluded Claims will not be entitled to vote at any Creditors' Meeting or receive any distributions under this CCAA Plan in respect of the portion of their Claims which is an Excluded Claim. Nothing in this CCAA Plan shall affect the Applicants' rights and defences, both legal and equitable, with respect to any Excluded Claim including any rights with respect to legal and equitable defences or entitlements to set-offs or recoupments against such Excluded Claims.

2.4 Treatment of Affected Claims

(a) Compromise of ACI Affected Unsecured Claims.

- (i) Each ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor with Proven Claims the aggregate Face Amount of which is (A) equal to or less than Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent, of US\$5,000) or (B) reduced, for distribution purposes only, to Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent, of US\$5,000) pursuant to an election by the Holder made on the Election Notice, shall receive in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claims, a cash distribution in an amount equal to the lesser of 50% of the Face Amount of its Proven Claims and Cdn\$3,036.50 (being 50% of Cdn\$6,073), unless in the case of clause (A), such ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor files an Election Notice with the Monitor by the Election Deadline in which the ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor elects to receive, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against ACI, a distribution as set forth in Subsection 2.4(a)(ii). To be valid, an Election Notice must be received by the Monitor by the Election Deadline. Each Election Notice, once delivered to the Monitor, will be final and irrevocable and no ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor shall be entitled to change, revoke or withdraw its election to receive shares of New ABH Common Stock after the Election Deadline.
- (ii) In accordance with the other provisions of this CCAA Plan and in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, each ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Proven Claim who does not receive a Cash distribution pursuant to Subsection 2.4(a)(i) above will, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against ACI, ultimately receive its Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against ACI in Schedule "C" hereto, subject to Dilution, and, to the extent eligible, be entitled to participate in the portion of the Rights Offering, subject to the Section 1145 Cutback, allocated to ACI up to its Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against ACI in Schedule "C" hereto, provided, however, that each ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Proven Claim in respect of a 15.5% Senior Unsecured Note Claim against ACI will, in full and final satisfaction of such Proven Claim, ultimately

receive its 15.5% Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against the name of ACI in Schedule "D" hereto, subject to Dilution, and, to the extent eligible, be entitled to participate in the portion of the Rights Offering allocated to ACI up to its 15.5% Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against ACI in Schedule "D" hereto.

(b) Compromise of ACCC Affected Unsecured Claims.

- (i) Each ACCC Affected Unsecured Creditor with Proven Claims the aggregate Face Amount of which is (A) equal to or less than Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent, of US\$5,000) or (B) reduced, for distribution purposes only, to Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent, of US\$5,000) pursuant to an election by the Holder made on the Election Notice, shall receive in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claims, a cash distribution in an amount equal to the lesser of 50% of the Face Amount of its Proven Claims and Cdn\$3,036.50 (being 50% of Cdn\$6,073), unless in the case of clause (A), such ACCC Affected Unsecured Creditor files an Election Notice with the Monitor by the Election Deadline in which the ACCC Affected Unsecured Creditor elects to receive, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against ACCC, a distribution as set forth in Subsection 2.4(b)(ii). To be valid, an Election Notice must be received by the Monitor by the Election Deadline. Each Election Notice, once delivered to the Monitor, will be final and irrevocable and no ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor shall be entitled to change, revoke or withdraw its election to receive shares of New ABH Common Stock after receipt by the Monitor of such completed Election Notice.
- (ii) In accordance with the other provisions of this CCAA Plan and in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, each ACCC Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Proven Claim who does not receive a Cash distribution pursuant to Subsection 2.4(b)(i) above against ACCC will, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against ACCC, ultimately receive its Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against ACCC in Schedule "C" hereto, subject to Dilution, and, to the extent eligible, be entitled to participate in the portion of the Rights Offering, subject to the Section 1145 Cutback, allocated to ACCC up to its Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against ACCC in Schedule "C" hereto, provided, however, that each ACCC Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Proven Claim in respect of a 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Claim against ACCC will, in full and final satisfaction of such Proven Claim, ultimately receive its 15.5% Pro Rata Share of the

number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against the name of ACCC in Schedule "D" hereto, subject to Dilution, and, to the extent eligible, be entitled to participate in the portion of the Rights Offering allocated to ACCC up to its 15.5% Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against ACCC in Schedule "D" hereto.

(c) Compromise of 15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Claims.

- (i) Each 15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Creditor with Proven Claims the aggregate Face Amount of which is (A) equal to or less than Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent, of US\$5,000) or (B) reduced, for distribution purposes only, to Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate, and for the purposes hereof deemed conclusively to be the equivalent, of US\$5,000) pursuant to an election by the Holder made on the Election Notice, shall receive in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claims, a cash distribution in an amount equal to the lesser of 50% of the Face Amount of its Proven Claims and Cdn\$3,036.50 (being 50% of Cdn\$6,073), unless in the case of clause (A), such 15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Creditor files an Election Notice with the Monitor by the Election Deadline in which the 15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Creditor elects to receive, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against the 15.5% Guarantor Applicants, a distribution as set forth in Subsection 2.4(c)(ii). To be valid, an Election Notice must be received by the Monitor by the Election Deadline. Each Election Notice, once delivered to the Monitor, will be final and irrevocable and no ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor shall be entitled to change, revoke or withdraw its election to receive shares of New ABH Common Stock after receipt by the Monitor of such completed Election Notice.
- (ii) In accordance with the other provisions of this CCAA Plan and in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, each 15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Proven Claim who does not receive a Cash distribution pursuant to Section 2.4(c)(i) above against any 15.5% Guarantor Applicant will, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against such 15.5% Guarantor Applicant, ultimately receive its 15.5% Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against the name of such 15.5% Guarantor Applicant in Schedule "D" hereto, subject to Dilution, and, to the extent eligible, be entitled to participate in the portion of the Rights Offering, subject to the Section 1145 Cutback, allocated to each Guarantor Applicant up to its 15.5% Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against each Guarantor Applicant in Schedule "D" hereto.

(d) Compromise of Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Claims.

- (i) Each Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Creditor with Proven Claims the aggregate Face Amount of which is (A) equal to or less than Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent, of US\$5,000) or (B) reduced, for distribution purposes only, to Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent, of US\$5,000) pursuant to an election by the Holder made on the Election Notice, shall receive in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claims, a cash distribution in an amount equal to the lesser of 50% of the Face Amount of its Proven Claims and Cdn\$3,036.50 (being 50% of Cdn\$6,073), unless in the case of clause (A), such Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Creditor files an Election Notice with the Monitor by the Election Deadline in which the Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Creditor elects to receive, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against Saguenay Forest Products, a distribution as set forth in Subsection 2.4(d)(ii). To be valid, an Election Notice must be received by the Monitor by the Election Deadline. Each Election Notice, once delivered to the Monitor, will be final and irrevocable and no ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor shall be entitled to change, revoke or withdraw its election to receive shares of New ABH Common Stock after receipt by the Monitor of such completed Election Notice.
- (ii) In accordance with the other provisions of this CCAA Plan and in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, each Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Proven Claim who does not receive a Cash distribution pursuant to Subsection 2.4(d)(i) above will, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against Saguenay Forest Products, ultimately receive its Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against Saguenay Forest Products in Schedule "C" hereto, subject to Dilution, and, to the extent eligible, be entitled to participate in the portion of the Rights Offering, subject to the Section 1145 Cutback, allocated to Saguenay Forest Products up to its Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against Saguenay Forest Products in Schedule "C" hereto, provided, however, that each Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Proven Claim in respect of a 15.5% Senior Unsecured Note Claim against Saguenay Forest Products will, in full and final satisfaction of such Proven Claim, ultimately receive its 15.5% Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against the name of Saguenay Forest Products in Schedule "D" hereto, subject to Dilution, and, to the extent eligible, be entitled to participate in the portion of the Rights Offering allocated to Saguenay Forest Products up to its 15.5% Pro

Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against Saguenay Forest Products in Schedule "D" hereto.

(e) Compromise of BCFPI Affected Unsecured Claim.

- (i) Each BCFPI Affected Unsecured Creditor with Proven Claims the aggregate Face Amount of which is (A) equal to or less than Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent, of US\$5,000) or (B) reduced, for distribution purposes only, to Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent, of US\$5,000) pursuant to an election by the Holder made on the Election Notice, shall receive in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claims, a cash distribution in an amount equal to the lesser of 50% of the Face Amount of its Proven Claims and Cdn\$3,036.50 (being 50% of Cdn\$6,073), unless in the case of clause (A), such BCFPI Affected Unsecured Creditor files an Election Notice with the Monitor by the Election Deadline in which the BCFPI Affected Unsecured Creditor elects to receive, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against BCFPI, a distribution as set forth in Subsection 2.4(e)(ii). To be valid, an Election Notice must be received by the Monitor by the Election Deadline. Each Election Notice, once delivered to the Monitor, will be final and irrevocable and no ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor shall be entitled to change, revoke or withdraw its election to receive shares of New ABH Common Stock after receipt by the Monitor of such completed Election Notice.
- (ii) In accordance with the other provisions of this CCAA Plan and in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, each Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Proven Claim who does not receive a Cash distribution pursuant to Subsection 2.4(e)(i) above will, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against BCFPI, ultimately receive its Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against BCFPI in Schedule "C" hereto, subject to Dilution, and, to the extent eligible, be entitled to participate in the portion of the Rights Offering, subject to the Section 1145 Cutback, allocated to BCFPI up to its Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against BCFPI in Schedule "C" hereto.

(f) Compromise of BCFC Affected Unsecured Claims.

- (i) Each BCFC Affected Unsecured Creditor with Proven Claims the aggregate Face Amount of which is (A) equal to or less than Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent, of US\$5,000) or (B) reduced, for distribution purposes only, to Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the

Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent, of US\$5,000) pursuant to an election by the Holder made on the Election Notice, shall receive in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claims, a cash distribution in an amount equal to the lesser of 50% of the Face Amount of its Proven Claims and Cdn\$3,036.50 (being 50% of Cdn\$6,073), unless in the case of clause (A), unless such BCFC Affected Unsecured Creditor files an Election Notice with the Monitor by the Election Deadline in which the BCFC Affected Unsecured Creditor elects to receive, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against BCFC, a distribution as set forth in Subsection 2.4(f)(ii). To be valid, an Election Notice must be received by the Monitor by the Election Deadline. Each Election Notice, once delivered to the Monitor, will be final and irrevocable and no ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor shall be entitled to change, revoke or withdraw its election to receive shares of New ABH Common Stock after receipt by the Monitor of such completed Election Notice.

- (ii) In accordance with the other provisions of this CCAA Plan and in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, each BCFC Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Proven Claim who does not receive a Cash distribution pursuant to Subsection 2.4(f)(i) above will, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against BCFC, ultimately receive its Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against BCFC in Schedule "C" hereto, subject to Dilution, and, to the extent eligible, be entitled to participate in the portion of the Rights Offering, subject to the Section 1145 Cutback, allocated to BCFC up to its Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against BCFC in Schedule "C" hereto.

(g) Compromise of AbitibiBowater Canada Affected Unsecured Claims.

- (i) Each AbitibiBowater Canada Affected Unsecured Creditor with Proven Claims the aggregate Face Amount of which is (A) equal to or less than Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent, of US\$5,000) or (B) reduced, for distribution purposes only, to Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent, of US\$5,000) pursuant to an election by the Holder made on the Election Notice, shall receive in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claims, a cash distribution in an amount equal to the lesser of 50% of the Face Amount of its Proven Claims and Cdn\$3,036.50 (being 50% of Cdn\$6,073), unless in the case of clause (A), such AbitibiBowater Canada Affected Unsecured Creditor files an Election Notice with the Monitor by the Election Deadline in which the AbitibiBowater Canada Affected Unsecured Creditor elects to receive, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against AbitibiBowater

Canada, a distribution as set forth in Subsection 2.4(g)(ii). To be valid, an Election Notice must be received by the Monitor by the Election Deadline. Each Election Notice, once delivered to the Monitor, will be final and irrevocable and no ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor shall be entitled to change, revoke or withdraw its election to receive shares of New ABH Common Stock after receipt by the Monitor of such completed Election Notice.

- (ii) In accordance with the other provisions of this CCAA Plan and in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, each AbitibiBowater Canada Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Proven Claim who does not receive a Cash distribution pursuant to Subsection 2.4(g)(i) above will, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against AbitibiBowater Canada, ultimately receive its Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against AbitibiBowater Canada in Schedule "C" hereto, subject to Dilution, and, to the extent eligible, be entitled to participate in the portion of the Rights Offering, subject to the Section 1145 Cutback, allocated to AbitibiBowater Canada up to its Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against AbitibiBowater Canada in Schedule "C" hereto.

(h) Compromise of Bowater Maritimes Affected Unsecured Claims.

- (i) Each Bowater Maritimes Affected Unsecured Creditor with Proven Claims the aggregate Face Amount of which is (A) equal to or less than Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent, of US\$5,000) or (B) reduced, for distribution purposes only, to Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent, of US\$5,000) pursuant to an election by the Holder made on the Election Notice, shall receive in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claims, a cash distribution in an amount equal to the lesser of 50% of the Face Amount of its Proven Claims and Cdn\$3,036.50 (being 50% of Cdn\$6,073), unless in the case of clause (A) such Bowater Maritimes Affected Unsecured Creditor files an Election Notice with the Monitor by the Election Deadline in which the Bowater Maritimes Affected Unsecured Creditor elects to receive, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against Bowater Maritimes, a distribution as set forth in Subsection 2.4(h)(ii). To be valid, an Election Notice must be received by the Monitor by the Election Deadline. Each Election Notice, once delivered to the Monitor, will be final and irrevocable and no ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor shall be entitled to change, revoke or withdraw its election to receive shares of New ABH Common Stock after receipt by the Monitor of such completed Election Notice.

- (ii) In accordance with the other provisions of this CCAA Plan and in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, each Bowater Maritimes Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Proven Claim who does not receive a Cash distribution pursuant to Subsection 2.4(h)(i) above will, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against Bowater Maritimes, ultimately receive its Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against Bowater Maritimes in Schedule "C" hereto, subject to Dilution, and, to the extent eligible, be entitled to participate in the portion of the Rights Offering, subject to the Section 1145 Cutback, allocated to Bowater Maritimes up to its Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against Bowater Maritimes in Schedule "C" hereto.

(i) Compromise of ACNSI Affected Unsecured Claims.

- (i) Each ACNSI Affected Unsecured Creditor with Proven Claims the aggregate Face Amount of which is (A) equal to or less than Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent, of US\$5,000) or (B) reduced, for distribution purposes only, to Cdn\$6,073 (being the Canadian dollar equivalent based on the Date of Filing Exchange Rate and, for the purposes hereof, deemed conclusively to be the equivalent, of US\$5,000) pursuant to an election by the Holder made on the Election Notice, shall receive in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claims, a cash distribution in an amount equal to the lesser of 50% of the Face Amount of its Proven Claims and Cdn\$3,036.50 (being 50% of Cdn\$6,073), unless in the case of clause (A), unless such ACNSI Affected Unsecured Creditor files an Election Notice with the Monitor by the Election Deadline in which the ACNSI Affected Unsecured Creditor elects to receive, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against ACNSI, a distribution as set forth in Subsection 2.4(i)(ii). To be valid, an Election Notice must be received by the Monitor by the Election Deadline. Each Election Notice, once delivered to the Monitor, will be final and irrevocable and no ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor shall be entitled to change, revoke or withdraw its election to receive shares of New ABH Common Stock after receipt by the Monitor of such completed Election Notice.
- (ii) In accordance with the other provisions of this CCAA Plan and in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, each ACNSI Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Proven Claim who does not receive a Cash distribution pursuant to Subsection 2.4(i)(i) above will, in full and final satisfaction of its Proven Claim against ACNSI, ultimately receive its Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against ACNSI in Schedule "C" hereto, subject to Dilution, and be entitled to participate in the Rights

Offering, provided, however, that each ACNSI Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Proven Claim in respect of a 15.5% Senior Unsecured Note Claim against ACNSI will, in full and final satisfaction of such Proven Claim, ultimately receive its 15.5% Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against the name of ACNSI in Schedule "D" hereto, subject to Dilution, and, to the extent eligible, be entitled to participate in the portion of the Rights Offering, subject to the Section 1145 Cutback, allocated to ACNSI up to its 15.5% Pro Rata share of the number of shares of New ABH Common Stock set forth against ACNSI in Schedule "D" hereto.

2.5 No Vote Occurrence

- (a) Unless otherwise set forth herein, Affected Unsecured Creditors in any Affected Unsecured Creditor Class that fails to approve this CCAA Plan by the affirmative vote of the Required Majority or in respect of which this CCAA Plan is not sanctioned by the Court (each, a "**No Vote Occurrence**"), shall be deemed to be Unaffected Creditors in respect of their Claims against that No Vote Applicant for the purposes of this CCAA Plan.
- (b) In the event of a No Vote Occurrence, each Applicant affected by such No Vote Occurrence (each, a "**No Vote Applicant**") or any other Applicant or Partnership may undertake, at its sole and absolute discretion, any transactions necessary for such No Vote Applicant's equity or other interests in any other Applicant or Partnership (each, a "**No Vote Investee Applicant**") to be changed, exchanged, cancelled, redeemed, reorganized, transferred or otherwise dealt with, for NIL consideration.
- (c) In the event of a No Vote Occurrence, any Inter-company Claim held by a No Vote Applicant shall be deemed to be an Affected Unsecured Claim for the purposes of this CCAA Plan and shall be compromised pursuant to the applicable provisions of Section 2.4, even though such No Vote Applicant shall not have voted in respect of the CCAA Plan.

ARTICLE 3 TREATMENT OF UNAFFECTED CREDITORS

3.1 CCAA Charge and Administrative Claims

Except as provided in Section 3.4 in respect of the BI DIP Claims, Holders of CCAA Charge Claims shall receive full payment in Cash of such Claims at such times and in such amounts as may be determined by the Monitor or the Court from time to time. Except as otherwise specifically provided in this CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan, the Holders of Administrative Claims shall receive full payment in Cash of such Claims in accordance with the principles set out in the U.S. Plan. In addition, to the extent any obligation that would otherwise constitute an Administrative Claim is paid as a CCAA Charge under this CCAA Plan, such payment shall be the only payment to be made on account of such Administrative Claim in the CCAA Proceedings and the Chapter 11 Cases.

3.2 Secured Claims

On the Implementation Date, Holders of Secured Claims (a) shall receive full payment in Cash of their applicable Proven Secured Claims (other than their Proven Secured Claims in respect of any BCFPI Secured Bank Letter of Credit), and (b) in respect of any BCFPI Secured Bank Letter of Credit shall (i) receive on, or as soon as practicable after, but in any event not later than five (5) Business Days after, the Implementation Date, cash collateral in the aggregate face amount of the BCFPI Secured Bank Letter of Credit plus an amount sufficient to cover all fees for the term of each BCFPI Secured Bank Letter of Credit and in the currency of such BCFPI Secured Bank Letter of Credit, (ii) have returned undrawn to the BCFPI Administrative Agent the BCFPI Secured Bank Letters of Credit and such BCFPI Secured Bank Letters of Credit shall be extinguished, or (iii) receive treatment with respect to the BCFPI Secured Bank Letters of Credit on such other terms the Applicants and Holders of such Secured Claims may agree.

3.3 Securitization Claims

On the Implementation Date, in accordance with the U.S. Plan, all outstanding receivable interests purchased under the Securitization Facility will be repurchased in Cash for a price equal to the par amount thereof plus accrued and unpaid yield and fees and servicer fees payable under the Securitization Facility, and any unpaid fees and expenses or other amounts payable under the Securitization Facility whether by an Applicant or an affiliate of the Applicants, and any and all Securitization Claims shall be paid in full in Cash. On the Implementation Date, after all such receivable interests are repurchased and all such payments are made, the Securitization Facility shall be terminated, and all Securitization Claims shall be deemed fully satisfied and released.

3.4 BI DIP Lender Claims

On the Implementation Date, the BI DIP Lenders and the BI DIP Agent shall receive full payment in Cash of their applicable BI DIP Claims.

3.5 Inter-company Claims

Subject to Section 2.5(c), at the sole and absolute discretion of the Applicants, any and all Inter-company Claims may be ratified, in whole or in part, by the Applicants, and treated in the ordinary course of business, amended, repaid or cancelled and discharged, in whole or in part, in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, provided, however, that any such elections by the Applicants hereunder or under the Restructuring Transactions Notice shall not impact any recoveries under this CCAA Plan.

3.6 Allowed Insured Claims

Except as otherwise specifically provided for in this CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan and provided that the Insured Claim Creditor agrees to relinquish and waive any right to any portion of any Claim, other than the Allowed Insured Claim, arising from an incident or occurrence alleged to have occurred prior to the Implementation Date and having given rise to such Allowed Insured Claim, such Insured Claim Creditor shall receive, in full and final satisfaction of its Insurance Claim, a Cash distribution in an amount equal to the net payment

made by the Insurer to the Applicants in respect of such Allowed Insured Claim, less the amount of any payment made directly by the Insurer to such Insured Claim Creditor.

3.7 Deemed Unaffected Creditors

Affected Unsecured Creditors deemed to be Unaffected Creditors pursuant to Subsection 2.5(a) shall not be entitled to receive any distribution under this CCAA Plan.

3.8 Government Priority Claims

Within six (6) months after the Sanction Order, the Applicants will pay in full all Government Priority Claims.

3.9 Supplemental Distribution

The Applicants shall, as soon as practicable on or after the Implementation Date, make a supplemental distribution in Cash in a maximum individual amount to be determined by the Applicants, in consultation with the Monitor, to such present or former employees: (i) who were employed by the Applicants, other than the Cross-border Debtors, on or after the Date of Filing; and (ii) who are holding an Affected Unsecured Claim that is a Proven Claim (the "**Supplemental Distribution**"); provided, however, that the aggregate amount payable hereunder shall not exceed Cdn\$5 million. No later than ten (10) days prior to the Implementation Date, the Applicants, other than the Cross-border Debtors, shall determine, in consultation with the Monitor, the employees who shall be entitled to receive such Supplemental Distribution (the "**Eligible Employees**") and the pro rata amount of the Supplemental Distribution to be allocated to each Eligible Employee, provided, however, that (i) no Eligible Employee shall have a right of review or appeal in respect of such allocation which shall, for all purposes, be final and binding upon the Eligible Employees, and (ii) any Affected Claim of each Eligible Employee shall, for distribution purposes under this CCAA Plan, be reduced by the amount of such Eligible Employee's Supplemental Distribution.

3.10 Monitor's Fees and Expenses

The Monitor's fees and expenses, including the fees and disbursements of its counsel, shall be paid from time to time by the Applicants.

3.11 No Distribution of New ABH Common Stock to Unaffected Creditors

Under no circumstances, including under this CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan, shall Unaffected Creditors receive a distribution of shares of New ABH Common Stock.

3.12 Exchangeable Shares

The Exchangeable Shares together with all ancillary documents in connection therewith or which relate thereto, including the amended and restated support agreement among ABH, BCHI, AbitibiBowater Canada and Bowater and the amended and restated voting and exchange trust agreement among AbitibiBowater Canada, BCHI, ABI, Bowater and Computershare Trust Company of Canada, shall be cancelled and terminated, as the case may be, in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice and the holders of

Exchangeable Shares shall not be entitled to receive any distribution, consideration or other compensation on account thereof.

ARTICLE 4

VALUATION OF AFFECTED CLAIMS, CREDITORS' MEETINGS AND RELATED MATTERS

4.1 Conversion of Affected Claims into Canadian Currency

For purposes of determination of the value of Affected Claims denominated in currencies other than Canadian dollars for voting and distribution purposes:

- (a) any Affected Claim, other than those contemplated in Subsections 4.1(b) and 4.1(c), shall be converted by the Monitor to Canadian dollars at the Bank of Canada noon spot rate of exchange for exchanging currency to Canadian dollars on the Date of Filing, being, for U.S. dollars, US\$1=Cdn\$1.2146;
- (b) any Affected Claim against any Cross-border Debtor shall be converted by the Monitor to Canadian dollars at the Bank of Canada noon spot rate of exchange for exchanging currency to Canadian dollars on April 16, 2009, being, for U.S. dollars, US\$1=Cdn\$1.2062; and
- (c) any Affected Claim arising as a result of or in connection with the repudiation, termination or restructuring of the Applicants of any contract, lease or obligations shall be converted by the Monitor to Canadian dollars at the Bank of Canada noon spot rate of exchange for exchanging the relevant currency to Canadian dollars on the date of notice of the event which gave rise to such repudiation, termination or restructuring.

4.2 Affected Claims

Affected Unsecured Creditors shall be entitled to prove their respective Affected Claims, vote their Voting Claims in respect of the CCAA Plan, and if their Claims become Proven Claims receive the distributions provided for, pursuant to the Claims Procedure Orders, the Cross-border Claims Protocol, the Cross-border Voting Protocol, the Creditors' Meeting Order and this CCAA Plan.

4.3 Creditors' Meetings

The Creditors' Meeting in respect of each Affected Unsecured Creditors Class shall be held in accordance with this CCAA Plan, the Creditors' Meeting Order and any further Order which may be made from time to time for the purposes of, among other things, of considering and voting on the Resolution of such Affected Unsecured Creditor Class or other matters to be considered at such Creditors' Meeting.

4.4 Approval by each Affected Unsecured Creditor Class

The Applicants will seek approval of the CCAA Plan by the affirmative vote of the Required Majorities of the Affected Unsecured Creditors with Voting Claims in each Affected

Unsecured Creditor Class. Any resolution, including the Resolution in respect of each of the Affected Unsecured Creditors Classes, to be voted on at any Creditors' Meeting in respect of the CCAA Plan will be decided by the Required Majorities on a vote by ballot, and any other matter submitted for a vote at any Creditors' Meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes cast on a vote by a show of hands, unless the Chair decides, in his sole and absolute discretion, to hold such vote by way of ballot, provided, however, that each vote of a 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Creditor by way of ballot or show of hands in respect of the ACCC Affected Unsecured Creditor Class shall be deemed to be a vote in respect of such 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Creditor's 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Claims comprised in each of the ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, ACNSI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class and 15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Creditor Classes. The result of any vote will be binding on all Affected Unsecured Creditors in the relevant Affected Unsecured Creditor Class, whether or not any such Affected Unsecured Creditor is present and voting (in person or by proxy) at the Creditors' Meeting in respect of the Affected Unsecured Creditor Class to which it belongs.

4.5 Order to Establish Procedure for Valuing Affected Claims

The procedure for valuing Affected Claims for voting and distribution purposes, and resolving disputes in respect of any such valuation, is set forth in the Claims Procedure Orders, Cross-border Claims Protocol, Cross-border Voting Protocol and the Creditors' Meeting Order. The Applicants and the Monitor reserve the right to seek the assistance of the Court in valuing the Affected Claim of any Affected Unsecured Creditor, if deemed advisable, or in determining the result of any vote on any of the Resolutions or otherwise at any Creditors' Meeting, or the amount, if any, to be distributed to any Affected Unsecured Creditor under the CCAA Plan, as the case may be.

4.6 Affected Claims for Voting Purposes

Each Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Voting Claim shall be entitled to one (1) vote and the weight attributed to such vote (for the purposes of determining the Required Majorities) shall be equal to the aggregate Canadian dollar value of such Affected Unsecured Creditor's Voting Claim (if necessary, converted into Canadian dollars in accordance with Section 4.1).

If the amount of the Affected Claim of any Affected Unsecured Creditor is not resolved for voting purposes at least five (5) Business Days before the Creditors Meeting Date in accordance with the Claims Procedure Orders, the Cross-border Claims Protocol, the Cross-border Voting Protocol and the Creditors' Meeting Order, such Affected Unsecured Creditor shall be entitled to vote at the Creditors' Meeting in respect of the Affected Unsecured Creditor Class to which it belongs based on that portion of its Affected Claim which has been accepted for voting purposes by the Monitor, without prejudice to the rights of the Applicants, or the Affected Unsecured Creditor, with respect to the final determination of the Affected Unsecured Creditor's Affected Claim for distribution purposes in accordance with the terms of the Claims Procedure Orders, the Creditors' Meeting Order and this CCAA Plan.

Affected Unsecured Creditors whose Affected Claims have been revised or disallowed, in full or in part, which revision or disallowance remains in dispute or under appeal in

accordance with the Claims Procedure Orders and the Cross-border Claims Protocol, shall have their voting intentions with respect to such disputed or disallowed amounts recorded by the Monitor and reported to the Court.

4.7 Adjournments

If any Creditors' Meeting is adjourned or postponed by the Chair, in his sole and absolute discretion, or because quorum is not obtained, such Creditors' Meeting will be adjourned, postponed or otherwise rescheduled by the Monitor to such date, time and place as may be decided by the Chair, in his sole and absolute discretion.

4.8 Voting of Proxies

Any Affected Unsecured Creditor's proxy will be voted on any ballot in accordance with the Affected Unsecured Creditor's instruction to vote for or against the approval of such Affected Unsecured Creditor Class' Resolution and any other matters before the Creditors' Meeting in respect of such Affected Unsecured Creditors Class. In the absence of such instruction, the proxy will be voted for the approval of such Resolution.

Forms of proxy may confer discretionary authority on the individuals designated therein with respect to amendments or variations of matters identified in the notice of Creditors' Meeting and other matters that may properly come before any Creditors' Meeting.

All matters related to the solicitation of votes for any Creditors' Meeting, the mailing of materials to Affected Unsecured Creditors and the voting procedure and tabulation of votes cast with respect to any Creditors' Meeting shall be as set forth in the Creditors' Meeting Order.

4.9 Claims Bar Dates

If an Affected Unsecured Creditor has failed to file its Proof of Claim prior to the relevant Claims Bar Dates and has not been permitted to file a late Claim pursuant to the Claims Procedure Orders, that Affected Unsecured Creditor shall be forever barred from voting at the Creditors' Meeting in respect of the Affected Unsecured Creditor Class to which it belongs and from receiving a distribution, and the Applicants shall be released from the Affected Claims of such Affected Unsecured Creditor and Subsection 6.10(b) shall apply to all such Affected Claims.

ARTICLE 5 DISTRIBUTIONS IN RESPECT OF DISPUTED CLAIMS

5.1 No Distributions Pending Allowance

Notwithstanding any other provision of this CCAA Plan, no distributions shall be made with respect to a Disputed Claim unless and until it has become a Proven Claim. Prior to the Implementation Date, Disputed Claims shall be dealt with in accordance with the Claims Procedure Orders, the Cross-border Claims Protocol and the Cross-border Voting Protocol. Following the Implementation Date, Disputed Claims shall continue to be dealt with in

accordance with the Claims Procedure Orders, the Cross-border Claims Protocol and the Cross-border Voting Protocol.

5.2 Applicants Reserve

As of the Initial Distribution Date, the Monitor, in its capacity as Disbursing Agent, shall establish the Applicants Reserve by holding on account of Disputed Claims, a number of shares of New ABH Common Stock equal to the amount of shares of New ABH Common Stock that the Holders of Disputed Claims would be entitled to receive if all such Disputed Claims had been Proven Claims in their entire amount on the Initial Distribution Record Date. The shares of New ABH Common Stock deposited in the Applicants Reserve shall not be voted by the Monitor, in its capacity as Disbursing Agent and holder of record of such securities, except pursuant to, and in accordance with, an Order of the Court.

5.3 Distributions From Applicants Reserve Once Disputed Claims Resolved

The Monitor, in its capacity as Disbursing Agent, shall make allocations from the Applicants Reserve to Holders of Proven Claims following the Initial Distribution Date in accordance with this CCAA Plan. To the extent that Disputed Claims become Proven Claims after the Initial Distribution Record Date, the Monitor, in its capacity as Disbursing Agent, shall on the applicable Interim Distribution Date or the Final Distribution Date, distribute from the Applicants Reserve to the Holders of such Proven Claims, the shares of New ABH Common Stock which they would have been entitled to receive in respect of such Proven Claims had such Affected Claims been Proven Claims on the Initial Distribution Record Date. To the extent that any Disputed Claim or a portion thereof has become a Disallowed Claim after the Initial Distribution Record Date, then the Monitor, in its capacity as Disbursing Agent, shall distribute on the applicable Interim Distribution Date or the Final Distribution Date, to the Holders of Affected Unsecured Claims that have previously been adjudicated under this CCAA Plan to be Proven Claims, their Pro Rata share from the Applicants Reserve, of such additional shares of New ABH Common Stock kept in the Applicants Reserve on account of such Disallowed Claims. The Monitor, in its capacity as Disbursing Agent shall make its last distribution on the Final Distribution Date.

ARTICLE 6 IMPLEMENTATION OF THE CCAA PLAN

6.1 CCAA Plan Implementation

(a) CCAA Plan Transactions

Each of the following transactions contemplated by and provided for under this CCAA Plan, including the Restructuring Transactions, will be consummated and effected and shall for all purposes be deemed to occur on or after the Implementation Date, in the manner and the sequence as set forth below or in the Restructuring Transactions Notice. Accordingly, all of the actions, documents, agreements and funding necessary to implement all such transactions must be in place and be final and irrevocable prior to the Implementation Date to be held in

escrow until their release without any further act or formality, except as provided in the Sanction Order.

On or after the Implementation Date, each of the following transactions shall be consummated and effected:

- (i) **Restructuring Transactions.** Each of the steps and transactions comprising the Restructuring Transactions shall be effected in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice.
- (ii) **Exit Loan Facilities.** The Reorganized Debtors will enter into definitive documentation, in a form and in substance satisfactory to the Applicants, with respect to the Exit Loan Facilities in an aggregate amount up to (A) US\$2.3 billion, less (B) cash on hand and proceeds from the Rights Offering. The Applicants will borrow funds under the Exit Loan Facilities in amounts which, together with such other Cash as is then available to the Applicants, will be sufficient to make all Cash distributions to be made under this CCAA Plan and the U.S Plan.
- (iii) **Payment of Certain Excluded Claims.** The Excluded Claims that pursuant to this CCAA Plan are required to be paid on the Implementation Date shall be paid or provided for in full as set forth in this CCAA Plan.
- (iv) **New ABH Common Stock.** The shares of New ABH Common Stock to be distributed to Affected Unsecured Creditors will be delivered in accordance with this CCAA Plan, including the Restructuring Transactions.
- (v) **Compromise of Debt.** The Affected Claims will be settled, compromised, released or otherwise dealt with in accordance with this CCAA Plan and in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice.
- (vi) **Rights Offering.** The Applicants may implement a rights offering (the "**Rights Offering**") for the issuance of convertible unsecured subordinated notes (the "**Rights Offering Notes**"), on terms and in substance reasonably satisfactory to the Applicants and the Reorganized Debtors. The Rights Offering Notes will be (A) in an amount not to exceed US\$500 million in accordance with the terms of the Backstop Agreement, (B) made available to Affected Unsecured Creditors in the Chapter 11 Cases and the CCAA Proceedings, and (C) subject to Court and Bankruptcy Court approval. The number of Rights Offering Notes for which any Eligible Holder may subscribe in the Rights Offering may be decreased by the Applicants and the Reorganized Debtors to the extent required, as required by the Bankruptcy Court, to allow the Rights Offering to be exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 pursuant to Section 1145 of the Bankruptcy Code (the "**Section 1145**").

Cutback"). The Applicants shall be authorized to implement procedures, and amend, supplement, modify or enter into agreements and take such actions as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate and implement the provisions of the Rights Offering, and effectuate the distribution of the Rights Offering Notes, without any further Order. Any Rights Offering Notes excluded from the Rights Offering due to a Section 1145 Cutback will instead be offered to the Backstop Parties for purchase on or before the Implementation Date as Unsubscribed Notes.

- (vii) **Reserve for Disputed Claims.** The Applicants Reserve will be established.
- (viii) **CCAA Charges Cancelled.** The CCAA Charges will be cancelled, provided that the BI DIP Lenders Charge shall be cancelled on the condition that the BI DIP Claims are paid in full on the Implementation Date.
- (ix) **Expiry of the Stay Period.** The Stay Termination Date will occur.

6.2 Restructuring Transactions

The Applicants shall take actions as may be necessary or appropriate to effect the Restructuring Transactions as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, including all of the transactions described in this CCAA Plan and the U.S. Plan and the transactions necessary or appropriate to simplify the Applicants' and the Partnerships' structure and to effect a restructuring of their respective businesses. Such actions may include: (i) the execution and delivery of appropriate articles, agreements or other documents of incorporation, merger, amalgamation, consolidation, arrangement, continuation, restructuring, exchange, conversion, liquidation, winding-up, dissolution, transfer, reorganization, repayments, cancellations, discharges or other transaction containing terms that are consistent with the terms of this CCAA Plan and the U.S. Plan; (ii) the execution and delivery of appropriate instruments of transfer, assignment, assumption, including, where applicable, with respect to the assumption of liabilities upon the transfer or assignment of assets or liquidation or winding-up of the business of any Applicant or Partnerships, guarantee, or delegation of any property, right, privilege, liability, duty or obligation on terms consistent with the terms of this CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan in each case without the need to obtain any consent by any Person; (iii) the filing of appropriate articles, agreements or other documents of incorporation, merger, amalgamation, consolidation, arrangement, continuation, restructuring, conversion, liquidation, winding-up, dissolution, transfer, reorganization, repayments, cancellations, discharges or other transaction with the appropriate Governmental Entities under applicable Law; (iv) the manner and the sequence in which the Affected Claims are settled, compromised or otherwise dealt with, and (v) all other actions that the Applicants or the Partnerships determine are necessary or appropriate to give effect to the Restructuring Transactions, including the making of filings or recordings in connection with the relevant Restructuring Transactions. The form of each Restructuring Transaction shall, where applicable, be determined by each of the Applicants, the Partnerships and the U.S. Debtors and their successors party to any Restructuring Transaction, and shall be approved by the Monitor, provided, however, that the Applicants, the Partnerships and the U.S. Debtors reserve the right to undertake transactions in lieu of or in addition to such

Restructuring Transactions as the Applicants, the Partnerships and the U.S. Debtors may deem necessary or appropriate under the circumstances and as approved by the Monitor. The implementation of any of the Restructuring Transactions shall not affect the distributions under this CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan.

6.3 Corporate Action

On the Implementation Date and, where applicable, in the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, all corporate actions contemplated by this CCAA Plan, including the Restructuring Transactions, shall be deemed to have been authorized and approved in all respects (subject to the provisions of this CCAA Plan). All matters provided for in this CCAA Plan, including the Restructuring Transactions, shall be deemed to have timely occurred, including, where applicable, in the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, in accordance with applicable Law, and shall be effective, without any requirement of further action by the creditors, securityholders, directors, officers, managers or partners of any of the Applicants, the Partnerships or Reorganized Debtors. On the Implementation Date, and, where applicable, in the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, the appropriate directors and officers of the Applicants, the Partnerships or Reorganized Debtors shall be authorized and directed to issue, execute and deliver the agreements, documents, securities and instruments contemplated by this CCAA Plan, including the Restructuring Transactions, in the name of and on behalf thereof.

6.4 Continued Existence and Vesting of Assets in Reorganized Debtors

- (a) On and after the Final Restructuring Transactions Time, after giving effect to each of the Restructuring Transactions contemplated in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, each of the Reorganized Debtors shall continue to exist as a separate entity, with all the powers of a corporation, limited liability company, unlimited liability company, partnership or such other entity, as the case may be, in accordance with the applicable Law in the jurisdiction in which it is incorporated, organized or otherwise formed and pursuant to its constating documents in effect prior to the Implementation Date, except to the extent such Law or documents are amended or changed pursuant to this CCAA Plan, including the Restructuring Transactions, or the U.S. Plan, as applicable, without prejudice to any right to change such documents or Law or terminate such existence thereafter.
- (b) The continued existence, operation and ownership of those affiliates of, or entities related to, the Applicants that are neither Applicants in the CCAA Proceedings nor U.S. Debtors in the Chapter 11 Cases, each of which is a component of the Applicants' businesses, are unaffected, and all of the Applicants' equity or other interests in such non-Applicant and non-U.S. Debtor affiliates and related entities that are assigned or transferred in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice shall vest in the applicable Reorganized Debtor.
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in this CCAA Plan, , all property of the Applicants and the Partnerships assigned or transferred in the manner and the sequence as

set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, including all claims, privileges, rights (including all rights in any executory contracts, unexpired leases, Timber Supply and Forest Management Agreements (TSFMAs) or tenure agreements) and causes of action, shall vest in the applicable Reorganized Debtors free and clear of all Claims and Liens.

6.5 CCAA Vesting Order

The Applicants, the Partnerships and the Reorganized Debtors shall be entitled to request one or more CCAA Vesting Order(s) from the Court, which shall provide for the transfer and assignment to the Applicants, the Partnerships or Reorganized Debtors of assets in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice. The Order of the Bankruptcy Court confirming the U.S. Plan pursuant to Section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code shall constitute the Bankruptcy Court's approval of such transfers and assignments for purposes of the Chapter 11 Cases. The CCAA Vesting Order(s) shall constitute the Court's approval of such transfers and assignments for purposes of the CCAA Proceedings. The Affected Unsecured Creditors shall be deemed to have consented to such transfers and assignments.

6.6 Dissolution of Certain Applicants and the Partnerships

All Applicants and Partnerships to be dissolved pursuant to the Restructuring Transactions shall be deemed dissolved for all purposes without the necessity for any other or further action by or on behalf of any Person, including the Applicants or the Partnerships or their respective securityholders, directors, officers, managers or partners or for any payments to be made in connection therewith; provided, however, that the Applicants, the Partnerships and the Reorganized Debtors shall cause to be filed with the appropriate Governmental Entities articles, agreements or other documents of dissolution for the dissolved Applicants or Partnerships to the extent required by applicable Law. On and after the Implementation Date, the Applicants or Partnerships and the Reorganized Debtors shall not be required to file any document, or take any other action, to withdraw the business operations of any dissolved Applicants or Partnerships from any jurisdiction in which such Applicants or Partnerships previously conducted their business operations.

6.7 Listing of Shares of New ABH Common Stock

The Applicants shall use their reasonable best efforts to cause the shares of New ABH Common Stock to be listed on the TSX.

6.8 Management and Director Compensation and Incentive Plans and Programs

On or as soon as practicable after the Implementation Date, Reorganized ABH shall adopt and assume (as applicable) the Management Incentive Plans substantially as described herein. The Affected Unsecured Creditors shall be deemed to have approved all such Management Incentive Plans, including the LTIP and the STIPs.

(a) Long-Term Equity Incentive Plan

On or as soon as practicable after the Implementation Date, Reorganized ABH shall adopt and implement the 2010 Long-Term Equity Incentive Plan (the "**LTIP**"). Reorganized ABH shall reserve 8.5% on a fully diluted basis of the shares of New ABH Common Stock for issuance under the LTIP. Pursuant to the LTIP, the Reorganized Debtors shall deliver certain stock options and restricted stock units to senior executives and certain other management employees on and after the Implementation Date, in such amounts and pursuant to such terms as set forth in the LTIP. Up to 4% of the shares of New ABH Common Stock may be granted on the Implementation Date. The form and substance of the LTIP will be set forth in a CCAA Plan Supplement.

(b) Short-Term Incentive Plans

On or as soon as practicable after the Implementation Date, Reorganized ABH shall adopt and implement the 2010 Short-Term Incentive Plan (the "**2010 STIP**") and the 2011 Short-Term Incentive Plan (the "**2011 STIP**") and together with the 2010 STIP, the "**STIPs**") pursuant to which participants are eligible for a target incentive award expressed as a percentage of the individual's base salary. Approximately 556 management employees will be eligible for participation in the STIPs, including the Company's top six (6) senior executives. Senior executive participants will be eligible for a target incentive award of 50% of the executive's base salary under the 2010 STIP and 100% of base salary under the 2011 STIP. The incentive payments for remaining participants under the STIPs will be at a lower percentage level of payment. The STIPs are entirely performance-based, and actual earned incentive awards will vary depending on the Company's and Reorganized Debtors' ability to achieve the established targets. Under the 2010 STIP, the Company will base performance targets on the Company's actual cash flow against its forecast for the third and fourth quarters of 2010. The Board will determine the Company's performance targets under the 2011 STIP. The form and substance of the STIPs will be set forth in a CCAA Plan Supplement.

6.9 Employee Compensation and Benefit Programs

As of the Implementation Date, the Applicants' existing welfare benefit plans, severance policies and other employee-related plans and programs set forth in a CCAA Plan Supplement, shall remain in effect, as amended, and the plans and programs set forth in a CCAA Plan Supplement (collectively referred to herein as the "**Terminated Employee Plans**") shall be terminated, without compensation, in accordance with their terms. After the Implementation Date, the Reorganized Debtors shall have the sole authority to terminate, amend or implement pension plans, retirement income plans, welfare benefit plans and other plans and programs for employees in accordance with the terms of such plans and applicable Law.

The Applicants' or Reorganized Debtors' performance of any employment agreement, plan or policy that is not a Terminated Employee Plan will not entitle any Person to any benefit or alleged entitlement under any policy, program, or plan that has expired or been terminated before the Implementation Date, or restore, reinstate, or revive any such benefit or alleged entitlement under any such policy, program or plan. Nothing in this CCAA Plan and the U.S. Plan shall limit, diminish, or otherwise alter the Reorganized Debtors' defenses, claims, causes of action, or other rights with respect to any such contracts, agreements, policies, programs, and

plans. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, on and after the Implementation Date, all retiree benefits (as that term is defined in Section 1114 of the Bankruptcy Code), if any, shall continue to be paid in accordance with applicable Law.

6.10 CCAA Plan Releases

The following releases will become effective at the Final Restructuring Transactions Time:

(a) Releases by the Applicants

As at the Final Restructuring Transactions Time and subject to the provisions of Subsection 5.1(2) of the CCAA, each Applicant and each Partnership will be deemed to forever release, waive and discharge any and all demands, claims, actions, causes of action, counterclaims, suits, rights, obligations, debts, sums of money, accounts, covenants, damages, judgments, expenses, liabilities, executions, liens and other recoveries on account of any indebtedness, liability, obligation, demand or cause of action of whatever nature (including interest thereon and costs, fees or other amounts in respect thereof) (collectively, the "**Obligations**") (other than the rights of the Applicants and the Partnerships to enforce this CCAA Plan and the contracts, instruments, releases, indentures, and other agreements or documents delivered hereunder or pursuant hereto (including the Restructuring Transactions and the contracts, instruments, releases, indentures and other agreements or documents delivered under the Rights Offering or pursuant thereto) whether reduced to judgment, liquidated or unliquidated, fixed or contingent, matured or unmatured, known or unknown, direct, indirect or derivative, then existing or hereafter arising, in law, equity or otherwise that are based in whole or in part on any act, omission, transaction, event or other circumstance or occurrence existing or taking place on or prior to the Final Restructuring Transactions Time in any way relating to, arising out of or in connection with the business and affairs of the Applicants, the business and affairs of the Partnerships, the business and affairs of the U.S. Debtors, the subject matter of, or the transactions or events giving rise to any Claims, this CCAA Plan, including the Restructuring Transactions, the U.S. Plan, the Rights Offering, the CCAA Proceedings, the Chapter 15 Proceedings and the Chapter 11 Cases that could be asserted by or on behalf of the Applicants or the Partnerships against: (i) present or former directors, officers and employees of the Applicants and the Partnerships, including the Chief Restructuring Officer and any director, officer or employee of any Applicant or Partnership sitting on a committee constituted in connection with the CCAA Proceedings at the request of such Applicant or Partnership, in each case in their respective capacities as of the Implementation Date; (ii) the agents, legal counsel, financial advisors and other professionals of the Applicants and the Partnerships, in each case in their respective capacities as of the Implementation Date; (iii) the Monitor and, its legal counsel; (iv) the BI DIP Lenders and the BI DIP Agent, each in their capacities as such, and each of their respective counsel; (v) Citibank, N.A., Barclays Bank PLC and Barclays Capital Inc., in their respective capacities under

the Securitization Facility, (vi) the Ad Hoc Unsecured Noteholders Committee, (vii) the Unsecured Creditors' Committee, (viii) the Indenture Trustees, (ix) the ACCC Administrative Agent and the ACCC Collateral Agent pursuant to the ACCC Term Loan Documents, (x) the Backstop Parties, each in their capacities as such, and their respective legal counsel and financial advisors, and (xi) where applicable, with respect to each of the above named Persons, such Person present and former advisors, principals, employees, officers, directors, representatives, financial advisors, legal counsel, accountants, investment bankers, consultants, agents and other representatives or professionals (including the partners of any such professional firm).

(b) Releases by Others

As at the Final Restructuring Transactions Time, (i) the Applicants, (ii) the Partnerships, (iii) the subsidiaries of Reorganized ABH, (iv) the Monitor, (v) the Chief Restructuring Officer, (vi) the BI DIP Lenders and the BI DIP Agent, each in their capacity as such, (vii) Citibank, N.A., Barclays Bank PLC and Barclays Capital Inc., in their respective capacities under the Securitization Facility, (viii) the Ad Hoc Unsecured Noteholders Committee, (ix) the Unsecured Creditors' Committee, (x) the Indenture Trustees, (xi) the ACCC Administrative Agent and the ACCC Collateral Agent pursuant to the ACCC Term Loan Documents, and (xii) in each case, their respective present and former advisors, principals, employees, officers, directors, representatives, financial advisors, legal counsel, accountants, investment bankers, consultants, agents and other representatives or professionals (including the partners of any such professional firm) (collectively, the "**Released Parties**") will be released and discharged from any and all Obligations, whether reduced to judgment, liquidated or unliquidated, fixed or contingent, matured or unmatured, known or unknown, direct, indirect or derivative, then existing or hereafter arising, in law, equity or otherwise, that any Person (including the Holders, the Applicants and the U.S. Debtors, as applicable, and any Person who may claim contribution or indemnification against or from them) may be entitled to assert (including any and all Claims in respect of potential statutory liabilities of the Released Parties for which the Initial Order authorized the granting of a CCAA Charge or Claims for which Released Parties who are directors are by law liable in their capacity as directors for the payment of such Claims, but other than the rights of Persons to enforce this CCAA Plan and the contracts, instruments, releases, indentures and other agreements or documents delivered hereunder or pursuant hereto (including the Restructuring Transactions and the contracts, instruments, releases, indentures and other agreements or documents delivered under the Rights Offering or pursuant thereto) based in whole or in part on any act, omission, transaction, event or other circumstance or occurrence existing or taking place on or prior to the Final Restructuring Transactions Time in any way relating to, arising out of or in connection with the business and affairs of the Applicants, the business and affairs of the Partnerships, the business and affairs of the U.S. Debtors, the subject matter of, or the transactions or events giving rise to, any Claims, the CCAA Charges, this CCAA Plan, including the Restructuring

Transactions, the U.S. Plan, the Rights Offering, the CCAA Proceedings, the Chapter 15 Proceedings and the Chapter 11 Cases, provided, however, that nothing herein will release or discharge such Released Party if the Released Party is judged by the expressed terms of a judgment rendered on a final determination on the merits to have committed fraud or willful misconduct or to have been grossly negligent or, in the case of directors or officers, in respect of any claim referred to in Subsection 5.1(2) of the CCAA.

(c) Releases by the Bridgewater Entities

As at the Final Restructuring Transactions Time, each and every one of the Bridgewater Entities will be deemed to forever release, waive and discharge any and all Obligations (including any remedies to challenge transfers which may fall within the scope of any bulk sales, fraudulent conveyance or similar statute) against the Released Parties, whether reduced to judgment, liquidated or unliquidated, fixed or contingent, matured or unmatured, known or unknown, direct, indirect or derivative, then existing or hereafter arising, in law, equity or otherwise, that the Bridgewater Entities may be entitled to assert (including any and all Claims in respect of potential statutory liabilities of the Released Parties for which the Initial Order authorized the granting of a CCAA Charge or Claims for which Released Parties who are directors are by law liable in their capacity as directors for the payment of such Claims, but other than the rights of the Bridgewater Entities to enforce this CCAA Plan and the contracts, instruments, releases, indentures and other agreements or documents delivered hereunder or pursuant hereto) based in whole or in part on any act, omission, transaction, event or other circumstance or occurrence existing or taking place on or prior to the Final Restructuring Transactions Time in any way relating to, arising out of or in connection with the business and affairs of the Applicants, the business and affairs of the Partnerships, the business and affairs of the Bridgewater Entities, the business and affairs of the U.S. Debtors, the subject matter of, or the transactions or events giving rise to, any Claims, the CCAA Charges, this CCAA Plan, including the Restructuring Transactions, the U.S. Plan, the CCAA Proceedings, the Chapter 15 Proceedings and the Chapter 11 Cases, provided, however, that nothing herein will release or discharge such Released Party if the Released Party is judged by the expressed terms of a judgment rendered on a final determination on the merits to have committed fraud or willful misconduct or to have been grossly negligent or, in the case of directors or officers, in respect of any claim referred to in Subsection 5.1(2) of the CCAA.

(d) Releases by the 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Indenture Trustee

As at the Final Restructuring Transactions Time, the 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Indenture Trustee on behalf of each of the 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Creditors will be deemed to forever release, waive and discharge any and all Obligations (including any remedies to challenge transfers which may fall within the scope of any bulk sales, fraudulent conveyance or similar statute) against the Bridgewater Entities, whether reduced to judgment, liquidated or unliquidated,

fixed or contingent, matured or unmatured, known or unknown, direct, indirect or derivative, then existing or hereafter arising, in law, equity or otherwise, that the 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Creditors may be entitled to assert (other than the rights of the 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Indenture Trustee and the 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Creditors to enforce this CCAA Plan, including the Restructuring Transactions, and the contracts, instruments, releases, indentures and other agreements or documents delivered hereunder or pursuant hereto) based in whole or in part on any act, omission, transaction, event or other circumstance or occurrence existing or taking place on or prior to the Final Restructuring Transactions Time in any way relating to, arising out of or in connection with the business and affairs of the Bridgewater Entities, the subject matter of, or the transactions or events giving rise to, any Claims of any nature whatever with the 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Creditors that could be asserted by on behalf of the 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Creditors against the Bridgewater Entities, provided, however, that nothing herein will release or discharge such Bridgewater Entities if the Bridgewater Entities is judged by the expressed terms of a judgment rendered on a final determination on the merits to have committed fraud or willful misconduct or to have been grossly negligent.

6.11 Injunction Related to Releases

The Sanction Order will enjoin the prosecution, whether directly, derivatively or otherwise, of any claim, obligation, suit, judgment, damage, demand, debt, right, cause of action, liability or interest released, discharged or terminated pursuant to this CCAA Plan.

6.12 Waiver of Defaults

From and after the Final Restructuring Transactions Time, except in cases where this CCAA Plan requires that the Holders of the applicable Claims (including Proven Secured Claims) be paid in full on the Implementation Date, on condition that such Claims are paid in full on the Implementation Date, all Persons shall be deemed to have waived any and all defaults of the Applicants and the Partnerships (except for defaults under the securities, contracts, instruments, releases and other documents delivered under this CCAA Plan or entered into in connection herewith or pursuant hereto) then existing or previously committed by the Applicants or the Partnerships or caused by the Applicants or the Partnerships, directly or indirectly, or non-compliance with any covenant, positive or negative pledge, warranty, representation, term, provision, condition or obligation, express or implied, in any contract, credit document, agreement for sale, lease or other agreement, written or oral, and any and all amendments or supplements thereto, existing between such Person and the Applicants or the Partnerships arising from the filing by the Applicants under the CCAA or the transactions contemplated by this CCAA Plan, and any and all notices of default and demands for payment under any instrument, including any guarantee arising from such default, shall be deemed to have been rescinded.

6.13 Cancellation, Assignment, Transfer or Other Alienation of Canadian Unsecured Notes, Canadian Secured Notes, ACCC Term Loan Documents, BCFPI Secured Bank Documents and Agreements

As at the Final Restructuring Transactions Time, except as otherwise specifically provided for in this CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan, or as contemplated to be effected as part of the Restructuring Transactions and, in cases where this CCAA Plan requires that the Holders of the applicable Claims (including Proven Secured Claims) be paid in full on the Implementation Date on the condition that such Claims are paid in full on the Implementation Date:

- (a) the Canadian Unsecured Notes, the Canadian Secured Notes, the ACCC Term Loan Documents, the BCFPI Secured Bank Documents and any other note, bond, debenture, indenture, or other instrument or document evidencing or creating any indebtedness or obligation of the Applicants, shall be cancelled, assigned, transferred or otherwise alienated, as the case may be, in accordance with the Restructuring Transactions;
- (b) the obligations of, and Affected Claims and Secured Claims against, the Applicants and the Partnerships under, relating, or pertaining to any agreements, indentures, certificates of designation, bylaws, or certificate or articles of incorporation or similar documents governing the Canadian Unsecured Notes, the Canadian Secured Notes, the ACCC Term Loan Documents, the BCFPI Secured Bank Documents and any other note, bond, debenture, indenture, or other instrument or document evidencing or creating any indebtedness or obligation of the Applicants or the Partnerships, as the case may be, shall be released and discharged as between a Holder of an Affected Claim and Secured Claims and the Applicants or the Partnerships, provided, however, that the immediately preceding provision shall not affect the discharge of Claims against the Applicants or the Partnerships under this CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan, or result in any expense or liability to the Applicants or Partnerships;
- (c) any agreement (including the Canadian Unsecured Notes Indentures) that governs the rights of a Holder of a Claim and that is administered by a Servicer shall continue in effect solely for purposes of (i) allowing such Servicer to make the distributions on account of such Affected Claims under this CCAA Plan and (ii) permitting such Servicer to maintain any rights or liens it may have for fees, costs, expenses, indemnities or other amounts under such indenture or other agreement provided, however, that the immediately preceding provision shall not affect the discharge of Claims against the Applicants or the Partnerships under this CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan, or result in any expense or liability to the Applicants or the Partnerships;
- (d) the Applicants and the Partnerships shall not have any obligations to any Servicer (or to any Disbursing Agent replacing such Servicer, other than the Monitor) for any fees, costs, or expenses incurred on and after the Final Restructuring Transactions Time except as expressly provided in Section 7.14; and

- (e) nothing herein shall preclude any Servicer (or any Disbursing Agent replacing such Servicer) from being paid or reimbursed for fees, costs, and expenses from the distributions being made by such Servicer (or any Disbursing Agent replacing such Servicer) pursuant to such agreement in accordance with the provisions set forth therein, all without application to or approval by the Court.

6.14 Cancellation of Liens

Except as otherwise provided in the CCAA Plan and except in cases where this CCAA Plan requires that Holders of the applicable Proven Secured Claims be paid in full on the Implementation Date, on condition that such Proven Secured Claims are paid in full on the Implementation Date, as at the Final Restructuring Transactions Time, in consideration for the distributions to be made on the Implementation Date pursuant to this CCAA Plan, all Liens, and rights related to any Claim, including those existing under the Canadian Secured Notes, the ACCC Term Loan Documents, the BCFPI Secured Bank Documents, the Securitization Facility, the BI DIP Facility Documents and the ULC DIP Facility Documents, shall be terminated, null and void and of no effect.

6.15 Corporate Governance

As of the Implementation Date, the directors and officers of each Applicant that is not a Reorganized Debtor will be removed from office and terminated in their capacities as such. A search committee (the "**Search Committee**"), consisting of three (3) members of the Unsecured Creditors' Committee, three (3) members of the Ad Hoc Unsecured Noteholders Committee, and one (1) representative of the Company has been formed to select the board of directors for Reorganized ABH (the "**Board**") and shall be responsible for selecting the Board, determining the number of directors (including the number of independent directors, if any) comprising the Board, and defining the terms and other qualifications for such directors.

ARTICLE 7 PROVISIONS GOVERNING DISTRIBUTIONS

7.1 Distributions for Claims Allowed as at the Initial Distribution Date

Except as otherwise provided herein or as ordered by the Court, distributions to be made on account of Affected Claims that are Proven Claims as at the Initial Distribution Record Date shall be made on the Initial Distribution Date. Thereafter, distributions on account of Affected Claims that are determined to be Proven Claims after the Initial Distribution Record Date shall be made on the Interim Distribution Date or the Final Distribution Date and in accordance with Article 5 and Article 7.

7.2 Assignment of Claims

For purposes of determining entitlement to receive any distribution pursuant to this CCAA Plan, the Applicants, the Disbursing Agent and the Servicers, and each of their respective agents, successors and assigns, shall have no obligation to recognize any transfer or assignment of any Affected Claim unless and until notice of the transfer or assignment from either the transferor, assignor, transferee or assignee, together with evidence showing

ownership, in whole or in part, of such Affected Claim and that such transfer or assignment was valid at Law, has been received by the affected Applicants, the Disbursing Agent or the Servicer, as the case may be, at least ten (10) Business Days prior to the Initial Distribution Record Date, any Interim Distribution Record Date or the Final Distribution Date.

7.3 Interest on Affected Unsecured Claims

- (a) The amount of each Affected Unsecured Claim shall, for all purposes other than for voting and distribution purposes, include the interest accrued thereon, if any, as of the Implementation Date calculated in accordance with the contract or other arrangement giving rise to such Affected Unsecured Claim. The Face Amount of each Affected Unsecured Claim shall, for voting and distribution purposes, be valued as of the Date of Filing without regard to any interest accruing thereon thereafter and such interest accrual shall not in any way diminish or otherwise affect the operation and scope of the settlement or compromise of the Affected Claims nor the full and complete releases provided for in this CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan in respect of capital, interest or otherwise.
- (b) To the extent that any Proven Claim to which a distribution under this Plan relates is comprised of indebtedness and accrued but unpaid interest thereon, such distribution shall, to the extent permitted by applicable Law, be allocated to the principal amount of the Proven Claim first and then, to the extent that the consideration exceeds the principal amount of the Proven Claim, to the portion of such Proven Claim representing accrued but unpaid interest (including interest in respect of any secured portion of such Proven Claim).

7.4 Distributions by Disbursing Agent

The Disbursing Agent shall make all distributions required under this CCAA Plan subject to the provisions of Article 5 and Article 7. If the Disbursing Agent is an independent third party, then such Disbursing Agent shall receive, without further Court approval, reasonable compensation for distribution services rendered pursuant to the CCAA Plan and reimbursement of reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with such services from the Applicants on terms acceptable to the Applicants. No Disbursing Agent shall be required to give any bond or surety or other security for the performance of its duties unless otherwise ordered by the Court.

7.5 Disbursing Agent Shall Not Distribute Cash Below Cdn\$ 10

The Disbursing Agent shall not be required to, but may in its sole and absolute discretion: (a) make Cash distributions to Holders of Proven Claims in an amount less than Cdn\$10; or (b) make any distribution on account of any Proven Claim in the event that the costs of making such payment exceed the amount of such distribution.

7.6 Disbursing Agent Shall Not Distribute Fractional Shares

Notwithstanding any other provision of this CCAA Plan, only whole numbers of shares of New ABH Common Stock shall be distributed to Holders of Proven Claims. When any

distribution on account of any Proven Claim would otherwise result in the distribution of a number of shares of New ABH Common Stock that is not a whole number, the actual distribution of such shares shall be rounded to the next higher or lower whole number of shares as follows: (i) fractions equal to or greater than $\frac{1}{2}$ shall be rounded to the next higher whole number; and (ii) fractions less than $\frac{1}{2}$ shall be rounded to the next lower number. No consideration shall be provided in lieu of fractional shares of New ABH Common Stock that are rounded down.

7.7 Disbursing Agent Shall Not Distribute Fractional Cents

Notwithstanding any other provision of this CCAA Plan, no payment of fractional cents will be made. Whenever any payment of a fraction of a cent would otherwise be called for, the actual payment shall reflect a rounding down of such fraction to the nearest whole cent.

7.8 Delivery of Distributions

(a) Proven Claims.

Subject to Section 7.2, distributions to Holders of Proven Claims shall be made by the Disbursing Agent or the appropriate Servicer (i) at the addresses set forth on the Proofs of Claim filed by such Holders (or at the last known addresses of such Holders if no Proof of Claim is filed or if the Applicants or the Monitor has been notified in writing of a change of address), (ii) at the addresses set forth in any written notice of address change delivered to the Disbursing Agent after the date of any related Proof of Claim, and (iii) in the case of a Holder of an Affected Claim whose Affected Claim is governed by an agreement and administered by a Servicer, at the addresses contained in the official records of such Servicer.

(b) Undeliverable Distributions.

If any distribution to a Holder of a Proven Claim is returned as undeliverable, no further distributions to such Holder of such Claim shall be made unless and until the Disbursing Agent or the appropriate Servicer is notified of then-current address of such Holder, at which time all missed distributions shall be made to such Holder without interest. Undeliverable distributions shall be returned to the Reorganized Debtors until such distributions are claimed. The Applicants shall make reasonable efforts to locate Holders of Proven Claims for which distributions were undeliverable. Notwithstanding the foregoing, all claims for undeliverable distributions must be made on or before the date that is 90 days after the Initial Distribution Date, the applicable Interim Distribution Date or the Final Distribution Date as the case may be, after which date all unclaimed property shall revert to the Reorganized Debtors free of any restrictions or claims thereon and the Claim of any Holder or successor to such Holder with respect to such property shall be discharged and forever barred.

7.9 Withholding Taxes

In connection with this CCAA Plan, all distributions made hereunder by the Disbursing Agent shall be made net of all applicable Taxes. Notwithstanding any other provision of this CCAA Plan, each Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Proven Claim that is to receive a distribution pursuant to this CCAA Plan shall have sole and exclusive responsibility for the satisfaction and payment of any Tax obligations imposed by any Governmental Entity (including income, withholding and other Tax obligations on account of such distribution), and no distribution shall be made to or on behalf of such Affected Unsecured Creditor pursuant to this CCAA Plan unless and until such Affected Unsecured Creditor has made arrangements satisfactory to the Disbursing Agent and the Applicants for the payment and satisfaction of such Tax obligations. The Disbursing Agent shall be authorized to take any and all actions as may be necessary or appropriate to comply with such withholding and reporting requirements. All amounts withheld on account of Taxes shall be treated for all purposes as having been paid to the Affected Unsecured Creditor in respect of which such withholding was made, provided such withheld amounts are remitted to the appropriate Governmental Entity.

7.10 Multiple Affected Claims

Without limitation to the provisions of any Law prohibiting double recovery, subject to Section 4.4, for voting and distribution purposes, in respect of all Affected Creditors and their rights in respect of Affected Claims: (i) all guarantees of an Applicant of the payment or performance by another Applicant with respect to any Affected Claim will be recognized; (ii) each Affected Claim and all guarantees by an Applicant of such Affected Claim will be treated as multiple Affected Claims against the Applicants; and (iii) any joint obligation of any Applicant with another Applicant will be treated as two separate Affected Claims against the Applicants, provided, however, that the aggregate recovery on account of any Proven Claim or Allowed Claim (as defined under the U.S. Plan) from all sources, including distributions under this CCAA Plan, the U.S. Plan or a combination of both, regardless of whether on account of a theory of primary or secondary liability, by reason of guarantee, surety indemnity, joint and several obligations or otherwise, shall not exceed (A) 100% of the underlying indebtedness, liability or obligation giving rise to such Claim or, (B) where the underlying indebtedness, liability or obligation giving rise to such Claim is denominated in a currency (the "**Original Currency**") other than Canadian dollars, 100% of such underlying indebtedness, liability or obligation after conversion of the value of the distributions received in Canadian dollars back to the Original Currency at the Bank of Canada noon spot rate of exchange for exchanging Canadian dollars to the Original Currency on the date of applicable Initial Distribution Date, Interim Distribution Date or the Final Distribution Date.

7.11 No Double Recovery on Allowed Cross-border Claims

Without limitation to the provisions of any Law prohibiting double recovery, to the extent that any Claim is both a Proven Claim against a Cross-border Debtor under this CCAA Plan and an Allowed Claim (as defined in the U.S. Plan) against the same Cross-border Debtor under the U.S. Plan (each an "**Allowed Cross-border Claim**"), (i) there shall only be a single recovery on account of such Allowed Cross-border Claim under this CCAA Plan and the U.S. Plan, and (ii) the aggregate distribution which such Allowed Cross-border Claim shall receive, whether under this CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan or a combination of both, shall not exceed the

greatest distribution which such Allowed Cross-border Claim would be entitled to receive under this CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan.

7.12 Convenience Claims Against the Cross-border Debtors

The threshold under Subsections 2.4(e)(i), 2.4(f)(i), 2.4(g)(i), and 2.4(h)(i) of this CCAA Plan (Cdn\$6,073) and the Convenience Claim threshold of the U.S. Plan (US\$5,000) account for differences caused by the foreign exchange rate between the U.S. and Canadian dollars as of the Date of Filing. Only with respect to Cross-border Debtors, for purposes of determining whether a Claim is a Convenience Claim as defined in the U.S. Plan or a Cross-border Convenience Claims as defined in the CCAA Plan, (A) all eligible Claims will be valued in Canadian dollars using the Date of Filing Exchange Rate, (B) will be determined in reference to the dollar thresholds established for such treatment under this CCAA Plan (Cdn\$6,073), and (C) Cash distributions on account of such Claims, if proven, will be made in Canadian dollars.

7.13 Guarantees and Similar Covenants

No Person who has a Claim under any guarantee, surety, indemnity solidary or joint and several obligations or otherwise in respect of any Claim which is settled, compromised, released or otherwise dealt with under this CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan or who has any right in respect of, or to be subrogated to, the rights of any Person in respect of a Claim which is compromised under this CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan shall be entitled to any greater rights than the Affected Unsecured Creditor whose Claim is settled, compromised, released, or otherwise dealt with under this CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan.

7.14 Payment of Indenture Trustees Fees

The Applicants shall reimburse any Indenture Trustees for reasonable and necessary services performed by it (including reasonable attorneys' fees and documented out-of-pocket expenses) in connection with the CCAA and related proceedings and the making of distributions under this CCAA Plan to Holders of Proven Claims, without the need for approval by the Court. To the extent that there are any disputes that the Applicants are unable to resolve with the Indenture Trustees, the Applicants shall report to the Court as to whether there are any unresolved disputes regarding the reasonableness of the Indenture Trustees' (and their attorneys') fees and expenses. Any such unresolved disputes may be submitted to the Court for resolution.

7.15 Special Provisions Regarding Allowed Insured Claims

In the event an Insured Claim Creditor does not agree to relinquish and waive any right to any Claim, other than the Allowed Insured Claim, arising from an incident or occurrence alleged to have occurred prior to the Implementation Date and having given rise to such Allowed Insured Claim, the whole in accordance with Section 3.6, distributions under this CCAA Plan to such Insured Claim Creditor will be in accordance with the treatment provided under this CCAA Plan for the Affected Unsecured Creditor Class in which such Allowed Insured Claim is classified, but solely to the extent that such Allowed Insured Claim is not satisfied from proceeds payable to such Insured Claim Creditor thereof under any Insurance Contracts and applicable Law; provided, however, that (i) no distributions shall be made on

account of any Allowed Insured Claim that is payable pursuant to an Insurance Contract until the Insured Claim Creditor has exhausted all remedies with respect to such Insurance Contract; and (ii) distributions to Insured Claim Creditor by any Insurer shall be in accordance with the provisions of the applicable Insurance Contract. To the extent that one or more of the Insurers agrees to satisfy an Allowed Insured Claim (if and to the extent adjudicated by a court of competent jurisdiction), then immediately upon such Insurers' agreement, such Allowed Insured Claim will be expunged to the extent of any agreed upon amount.

ARTICLE 8 MISCELLANEOUS

8.1 Executory Contracts and Leases

Except as otherwise provided in this CCAA Plan, as of the Final Restructuring Transactions Time, each Reorganized Debtor shall be deemed to have ratified each executory contract and unexpired lease to which it is a party or which has been transferred or assigned to it, including in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice, as well as each obligation of the Applicants and the Partnerships to indemnify and reimburse directors, officers, managers or employees, whether pursuant to the constating documents of any Applicant or Partnership, applicable Law or specific agreement, and shall assume and perform all obligations of the Applicants and the Partnerships thereunder (other than in respect of Claims arising from such contract or lease which will be Affected Claims and, therefore, settled, compromised, released or otherwise dealt with pursuant to this CCAA Plan), unless in the case of any contract or lease, such contract or lease: (i) was previously repudiated or terminated by the Applicants; (ii) previously expired or terminated pursuant to its own terms; or (iii) was amended as evidenced by a written agreement with the Applicants or the Partnerships and in such case the amended contract or lease shall be deemed ratified.

8.2 Confirmation of CCAA Plan

Provided that this CCAA Plan is approved by the Required Majorities:

- (a) the Applicants shall seek the Sanction Order for the approval of this CCAA Plan; and
- (b) subject to the Sanction Order being made in form and substance acceptable to the Applicants and the satisfaction of the conditions to the implementation of this CCAA Plan set forth in Section 8.5, this CCAA Plan shall be implemented by the Applicants and shall be binding upon each of the Applicants and all Persons referred to in Section 2.1.

8.3 Paramountcy

From and after the Implementation Date, any conflict between (i) the CCAA Plan, and (ii) the covenants, warranties, representations, terms, conditions, provisions or obligations, express or implied, of any contract, mortgage, security agreement, indenture, trust indenture, loan or other agreement, commitment letter, by-laws of the Applicants or the Partnerships, lease or other arrangement or undertaking, written or oral (including any and all amendments or

supplements thereto) existing with between or among one or more of the Affected Unsecured Creditors and the Applicants or the Partnerships as at the Implementation Date will be deemed to be governed by the provisions of this CCAA Plan and the Sanction Order, which shall take precedence and priority. All Affected Unsecured Creditors shall be deemed irrevocably for all purposes to consent to all transactions contemplated in and by the CCAA Plan.

8.4 Modification of CCAA Plan

The Applicants, in consultation with the Monitor, reserve the right to file any modification of, or amendment or supplement to, this CCAA Plan by way of CCAA Plan Supplement or plans of reorganization, compromise or arrangement (or any one or more thereof) prior to the Creditors' Meeting Date or at or before any Creditors' Meeting, in which case any such CCAA Plan Supplement or plans of reorganization, compromise or arrangement (or any one or more thereof), shall, for all purposes, be and be deemed to form part of and be incorporated into this CCAA Plan. The Applicants shall give notice of any such modification, amendment or supplement at the Creditors' Meeting in respect of each Affected Unsecured Creditors Class prior to the vote being taken to approve this CCAA Plan. The Applicants may give notice of any such modification, amendment or supplement at or before any Creditors' Meeting by notice which shall be sufficient if given to those Affected Unsecured Creditors present at such meeting in person or by proxy, and the Monitor shall post on the Monitor's Website, as soon as possible, any such CCAA Plan Supplement and any such additional proposed amendments to the CCAA Plan. After each Creditors' Meeting (and both prior to and subsequent to the obtaining of the Sanction Order), the Applicants, in consultation with the Monitor, may at any time and from time to time vary, amend, modify or supplement this CCAA Plan without the need for obtaining an Order or providing notice to the Affected Unsecured Creditors if the Monitor determines that such variation, amendment, modification or supplement would not be materially prejudicial to the interests of the Affected Unsecured Creditors under this CCAA Plan or the Sanction Order and is necessary in order to give effect to the substance of this CCAA Plan or the Sanction Order. The Monitor shall post on the Monitor's Website, as soon as possible, any such amendment, modification or supplement to the CCAA Plan.

8.5 Conditions Precedent to Implementation of CCAA Plan

The implementation of this CCAA Plan by the Applicants is subject to the following conditions precedent which, except for Subsections 8.5(a), 8.5(b) and 8.5(m) below and as otherwise would be in violation of applicable Laws, may be waived in writing as provided in Section 8.6:

- (a) the approval of this CCAA Plan by the Required Majorities shall have been obtained;
- (b) the Sanction Order sanctioning this CCAA Plan, in form and substance satisfactory to the Applicants and the Monitor, shall have been made and entered and the operation and effect of the Sanction Order shall not have been stayed, reversed or amended, and shall among other things:

- (i) declare that: (i) this CCAA Plan has been approved by the Required Majorities of Affected Unsecured Creditors in conformity with the CCAA; (ii) the Applicants have complied with the provisions of the CCAA and the Orders made in the CCAA Proceedings in all respects; (iii) the Court is satisfied that each Applicant has neither done nor purported to do anything that is not authorized by the CCAA; and (iv) this CCAA Plan and the transactions contemplated hereby are fair and reasonable, and in the best interests of the Applicants, the Affected Unsecured Creditors and the other stakeholders of the Applicants (having considered, among other things, the composition of the vote, what creditors would receive in liquidation or sale as compared to this CCAA Plan, alternatives to this CCAA Plan or liquidation or sale, whether any oppression exists or has occurred, the treatment of shareholders and the public interest);
- (ii) order that this CCAA Plan (including the settlements, compromises, arrangements, reorganizations, corporate transactions and releases set out herein and the transactions, including the Restructuring Transactions and reorganization contemplated hereby) is sanctioned and approved pursuant to Section 6 of the CCAA and, as at the Implementation Date, will be effective and will enure to the benefit of and be binding upon the Applicants, the Partnerships, the Affected Unsecured Creditors and all other Persons stipulated in this CCAA Plan or in the Sanction Order, if any;
- (iii) declare that the Restructuring Transactions shall be effected, subject to Section 6.2, in the manner and the sequence as set forth in the Restructuring Transactions Notice;
- (iv) declare that all Proven Claims determined in accordance with the Claims Procedure Orders, the Cross-border Claims Protocol, the Cross-border Voting Protocol and the Creditors' Meeting Order are final and binding on the Applicants and all Affected Unsecured Creditors;
- (v) declare that, subject to the performance by the Applicants of their obligations under this CCAA Plan and in accordance with Section 8.1 of the CCAA Plan, all contracts, leases, agreements and other arrangements to which the Applicants or the Partnerships are a party and that have not been terminated or repudiated pursuant to the Initial Order will be and remain in full force and effect, unamended, as at the Implementation Date, and no Person who is a party to any such contract, lease, agreement or other arrangement may accelerate, terminate, rescind, refuse to perform or otherwise repudiate its obligations thereunder, or enforce or exercise any right (including any right of dilution or other remedy) or make any demand under or in respect of any such contract, lease, agreement or other arrangement and no automatic termination will have any validity or effect, by reason of:

- (A) any event that occurred on or prior to the Implementation Date and is not continuing that would have entitled such Person to enforce those rights or remedies (including defaults, events of default, or termination events arising as a result of the insolvency of the Applicants and the Partnerships);
 - (B) the insolvency of the Applicants, the Partnerships or any affiliate thereof or the fact that the Applicants, the Partnerships or any affiliate thereof sought or obtained relief under the CCAA, the CBCA or the Bankruptcy Code;
 - (C) any of the terms of this CCAA Plan, the U.S. Plan or any action contemplated therein, including the Restructuring Transactions Notice;
 - (D) any settlements, compromises or arrangements effected pursuant to this CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan or any action taken or transaction effected pursuant to this CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan; or
 - (E) any change in the control of the Applicants, the Partnerships or any affiliate thereof arising from the implementation of this CCAA Plan (including the Restructuring Transactions Notice) or the U.S. Plan and declare that any consent required under any such contracts, leases, agreements or other arrangements in respect of any such change of control be deemed satisfied;
- (vi) declare that the stay of proceedings under the Initial Order continues until the Implementation Date;
 - (vii) approve all conduct of the Chief Restructuring Officer and the Monitor in relation to the Applicants, the Partnerships and the U.S. Debtors and bar all Claims against them arising from or relating to the services provided to the Applicants, the Partnerships and the U.S. Debtors prior to the date of the Sanction Order, save and except any liability or obligation arising from a breach of its duties to act honestly, in good faith and with due diligence;
 - (viii) confirm the releases contemplated by Subsections 6.10(a), 6.10(b), 6.10(c) and 6.10(d);
 - (ix) enjoin the commencement or prosecution, whether directly, derivatively or otherwise, or any demands, claims, actions, causes of action, counterclaims, suits, or any indebtedness, liability, obligation or cause of action released and discharged pursuant to this CCAA Plan;
 - (x) order that the BI DIP Lenders Charge will be released and discharged as of the Implementation Date upon receipt of acknowledgements from each

of the BI DIP Lenders and the BI DIP Agent of payment in full of all BI DIP Claims; and

- (xi) order that all CCAA Charges, other than the BI DIP Lenders Charge, will be released and discharged as of the Implementation Date or earlier upon receipt of acknowledgements of payment in respect of the Claims secured thereby or adequate alternate arrangements satisfactory to the parties in whose favour such charges operate;
- (c) any other Order deemed necessary or desirable by ABH from the Bankruptcy Court, including an Order approving this CCAA Plan in the Chapter 15 Proceedings, or any other jurisdiction shall have been obtained;
- (d) all applicable appeal periods in respect of the Sanction Order and any other Order made by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to Subsection 8.5(c) shall have expired and any appeals therefrom shall have been finally disposed of by the applicable appellate tribunal;
- (e) the Exit Loan Facilities and all related agreements and other documents shall have become effective subject only to the implementation of this CCAA Plan;
- (f) the Backstop Agreement in connection with the Rights Offering shall not have been terminated;
- (g) the following agreements, or any subsequent amendments, shall have been executed and ratified by all Unions, in a form and substance satisfactory to the Applicants:
 - (i) Memorandum of Agreement between ABH and the Communications, Energy and Paperworkers Union of Canada dated March 7, 2010; and
 - (ii) Memorandum of Agreement between ABH and the *Syndicats affiliés à la FTFP/CSN des usines de Clermont, Alma, Kénogami et Laurentide* dated March 13, 2010;
- (h) the following regulations shall have been adopted into in a form and substance satisfactory to the Applicants:
 - (i) a special funding relief regulation pursuant to the *Supplemental Pension Plans Act* (Québec) for the benefit of ABH and its subsidiaries with respect to the funding of their defined benefit registered pension plans; and
 - (ii) a special funding relief regulation pursuant to the *Pension Benefits Act* (Ontario) for the benefit of ABH and its subsidiaries with respect to the funding of their defined benefit registered pension plans;

- (i) all relevant Persons shall have executed, delivered and filed all documents and other instruments that, in the opinion of the Applicants, acting reasonably, are necessary to implement the provisions of this CCAA Plan and/or the Sanction Order;
- (j) subject to Subsections 8.5(k) and 8.5(l), all applicable approvals, certificates, rulings, permits, consents, notices and orders of, and all applicable submissions and filings with any or all Governmental Entities and stock exchanges having jurisdiction for the completion of the transactions contemplated by this CCAA Plan (including the transactions contemplated in this Section 8.5 as conditions to the implementation of the CCAA Plan) shall have been obtained or made, as the case may be, by the Applicants, in each case to the extent deemed necessary or advisable by the Applicants in form and substance satisfactory to the Applicants;
- (k) the shares of New ABH Common Stock shall be generally freely tradable in Canada under applicable Canadian securities Laws, except for restrictions on resale or transfer imposed by the Canadian securities authorities or the TSX on "control distributions" (as such term is defined in National Instrument 45-102 – Resale of Securities) and provided that in respect of the first trade of such securities, such trade is effected with no unusual effort being made to prepare the market or to create a demand for the securities that are subject to the trade, no extraordinary commission or consideration paid to a person or company in respect of the trade and if the selling securityholder is an insider or officer of Reorganized ABH or any Reorganized Debtors, the selling securityholder has no reasonable grounds to believe that any of Reorganized ABH or the Reorganized Debtors is in default of Canadian securities Laws;
- (l) all applicable approvals or consents from Governmental Entities in relation to the issuance or the assignment of Timber Supply and Forest Management Agreements (TSFMAs) or tenure agreements, as the case may be, shall have been obtained by the Applicants or the Partnerships or waived by such Governmental Entity on terms satisfactory to the Applicants and the Partnerships; and
- (m) all conditions precedent to the implementation of the U.S. Plan but for the implementation of this CCAA Plan shall have been satisfied or waived.

8.6 Waiver of Conditions

Each of the conditions set forth in Section 8.5 above except for the conditions set forth in Subsections 8.5(a), 8.5(b) and 8.5(m), may be waived in whole or in part by the Applicants, or the other relevant parties to the documents and transactions referred to therein without any other notice to parties in interest or the Court and without a hearing. The failure to satisfy or waive any condition prior to the Implementation Date may be asserted by the Applicants regardless of the circumstances giving rise to the failure of such condition to be satisfied (including any action or inaction by the Applicants). The failure of the Applicants to exercise any of the foregoing rights shall not be deemed a waiver of any other rights, and each such right shall be deemed an ongoing right that may be asserted at any time.

8.7 Notices

Any notices or communication to be made or given hereunder to the Applicants or the Monitor shall be in writing and shall refer to this CCAA Plan and may, subject as hereinafter provided, be made or given by telecopier or e-mail addressed to the respective parties as follows:

(a) if to the Applicants:

Attention: Chief Financial Officer & Chief Legal Officer
Telecopier: (864) 282-9219 and (514) 394-3644

with a copy to Stikeman Elliott LLP

Attention: Marc Barbeau and Sean Dunphy
Telecopier: (514) 397- 3222
E-mail: mbarbeau@stikeman.com and sdunphy@stikeman.com

(b) if to the Monitor:

Attention: Alex F. Morrison
Telecopier: (416) 943-3300
E-mail: alex.f.morrison@ca.ey.com

with a copy to Thornton Grout Finnigan LLP

Attention: Robert Thornton and Rachelle F. Moncur
Telecopier: (416) 304-1313
E-mail: rthornton@tgf.ca and rmoncur@tgf.ca

or to such other telecopier or e-mail as any party may from time to time notify the others in accordance with this Section 8.7. All such notices and communications shall be deemed to have been received, in the case of notice by telecopier or e-mail prior to 5:00 p.m. (local time) on a Business Day, when received or if received after 5:00 p.m. (local time) on a Business Day or at any time on a non-Business Day, on the next following Business Day and, in the case of notice mailed as aforesaid. The unintentional failure by the Applicants to give any notice contemplated hereunder to any particular Affected Unsecured Creditor shall not invalidate this CCAA Plan or any action taken by any Person pursuant to this CCAA Plan.

Any notices or communications to be made or given hereunder by the Monitor or the Applicants to an Affected Unsecured Creditor may be sent by telecopier, e-mail, ordinary mail, registered mail, courier or telecopier transmission. An Affected Unsecured Creditor shall be deemed to have received any document sent pursuant to this CCAA Plan four (4) Business Days after the document is sent by ordinary or registered mail and on the Business Day immediately following the day on which the document is sent by courier, e-mail or telecopier transmission. Documents shall not be sent by ordinary or registered mail during a postal strike or work stoppage of general application.

Notices or communications may be mailed to an Affected Unsecured Creditor (i) to the address for such Affected Unsecured Creditor specified in the Notice of Dispute filed by an Affected Unsecured Creditor, or (ii) to the address listed in the Proof of Claim, or (iii) at the address set forth in any written notice of address changes delivered to the Disbursing Agent and the Monitor.

8.8 Severability of CCAA Plan Provisions

If, prior to the Implementation Date, any term or provision of this CCAA Plan is held by the Court to be invalid, void or unenforceable, the Court, at the request of the Applicants, which request shall be made in consultation with the Monitor, shall have the power to alter and interpret such term or provision to make it valid or enforceable to the maximum extent practicable, consistent with the original purpose of the term or provision held to be invalid, void or unenforceable, and such term or provision shall then be applicable as altered or interpreted. Notwithstanding any such holding, alteration or interpretation, the remainder of the terms and provisions of this CCAA Plan shall remain in full force and effect and shall in no way be Affected, impaired or invalidated by such holding, alteration or interpretation.

8.9 Revocation, Withdrawal or Non-consummation

The Applicants reserve the right to revoke or withdraw this CCAA Plan at any time prior to the Implementation Date and to file subsequent plans of reorganization or arrangement. If the Applicants revoke or withdraw this CCAA Plan, or if the Sanction Order is not issued, (a) this CCAA Plan shall be null and void in all respects, (b) any Claim, any settlement, compromise or release embodied in this CCAA Plan (including the fixing or limiting of any Claim to a certain amount), assumption or termination, repudiation of executory contracts or leases affected by this CCAA Plan, and any document or agreement executed pursuant to this CCAA Plan shall be deemed null and void, and (c) nothing contained in this CCAA Plan, and no act taken in preparation for consummation of this CCAA Plan, shall:

- (a) constitute or be deemed to constitute a waiver or release of any Claims by or against the Applicants or any other Person;
- (b) prejudice in any manner the rights of the Applicants or any Person in any further proceedings involving the Applicants; or
- (c) constitute an admission of any sort by the Applicants or any other Person.

8.10 Governing Law

This CCAA Plan shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the Province of Québec and the federal laws of Canada applicable therein. Any questions as to the interpretation or application of this CCAA Plan and all proceedings taken in connection with this CCAA Plan and its provisions shall be subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the Court.

8.11 Independence of Jurisdiction

Nothing contained herein shall be construed to increase, decrease or otherwise modify the independence, sovereignty or jurisdiction of the Court, the Bankruptcy Court or any other court or tribunal in Canada or the United States, including the ability of any such court or tribunal to provide appropriate relief under applicable law on an ex parte or "limited notice" basis.

8.12 Successors and Assigns

This CCAA Plan shall be binding upon and shall enure to the benefit of the heirs, administrators, executors, legal personal representatives, successors (including by merger, amalgamation, consolidation, conversion or reorganization or following any winding-up, liquidation or dissolution) and permitted assigns of any Person named or referred to in Section 2.1.

SCHEDULE A

Applicants

Abitibi-Consolidated Inc.
Abitibi-Consolidated Company of Canada
3224112 Nova Scotia Limited
Marketing Donohue Inc.
Abitibi-Consolidated Canadian Office Products Holdings Inc.
3834328 Canada Inc.
6169678 Canada Incorporated.
4042140 Canada Inc.
Donohue Recycling Inc.
1508756 Ontario Inc.
3217925 Nova Scotia Company
La Tuque Forest Products Inc.
Abitibi-Consolidated Nova Scotia Incorporated
Saguenay Forest Products Inc.
Terra Nova Explorations Ltd.
The Jonquière Pulp Company
The International Bridge and Terminal Company
Scramble Mining Ltd.
9150-3383 Québec Inc.
Abitibi-Consolidated (U.K.) Inc.
Bowater Canadian Holdings Incorporated.
Bowater Canada Finance Corporation
Bowater Canadian Limited
3231378 Nova Scotia Company
AbitibiBowater Canada Inc.
Bowater Canada Treasury Corporation
Bowater Canadian Forest Products Inc.
Bowater Shelburne Corporation
Bowater LaHave Corporation
St. Maurice River Drive Company Limited
Bowater Treated Wood Inc.
Canexel Hardboard Inc.
9068-9050 Québec Inc.
Alliance Forest Products (2001) Inc.
Bowater Belledune Sawmill Inc.
Bowater Maritimes Inc.
Bowater Mitis Inc.
Bowater Guérette Inc.
Bowater Couturier Inc.

SCHEDULE B
PARTNERSHIPS

Bowater Canada Finance Limited Partnership
Bowater Pulp and Paper Canada Holdings Limited Partnership
Abitibi-Consolidated Finance L.P.

SCHEDULE C
Affected Unsecured Claims Shares Allocation

Affected Unsecured Creditor Class	Shares of New ABH Common Stock⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	Percentage of New ABH Equity⁽¹⁾⁽⁴⁾
1. ACI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class	4,292,279	4.4%
2. ACCC Affected Unsecured Creditor Class	20,498,391	21.1%
3. Saguenay Forest Products Affected Unsecured Creditor Class	5,947	0.0%
4. BCFPI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class	6,845,106	7.0%
5. BCFC Affected Unsecured Creditor Class	233,714	0.2%
6. AbitibiBowater Canada Affected Unsecured Creditor Class	2	0.0%
7. Bowater Maritimes Affected Unsecured Creditor Class	44,806	0.0%
8. ACNSI Affected Unsecured Creditor Class	46,882	0.1%

⁽¹⁾ Claims estimates are subject to change due to ongoing claims resolution.

⁽²⁾ Subject to dilution from management incentive plan and Rights Offering.

⁽³⁾ Only includes shares of New ABH Common Stock allocated to Affected Unsecured Claims, other than the 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Claims.

⁽⁴⁾ Assumes no holder of Affected Unsecured Claims have elected to receive shares of New ABH Common Stock.

SCHEDULE D
15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Claims Share Allocation

Name of Applicants	Shares of New ABH Common Stock⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	Percentage of New ABH Equity⁽¹⁾⁽⁴⁾
1. Abitibi-Consolidated Inc.	409,436	0.4%
2. Abitibi-Consolidated Company of Canada	2,076,508	2.1%
3. Saguenay Forest Products	326,435	0.3%
4. 3224112 Nova Scotia Limited	0	0.0%
5. Marketing Donohue Inc.	0	0.0%
6. Abitibi-Consolidated Canadian Office Products Holdings Inc.	0	0.0%
7. 3834328 Canada Inc.	0	0.0%
8. 6169678 Canada Inc.	443	0.0%
9. Donohue Recycling Inc.	277	0.0%
10. 1508756 Ontario Inc.	0	0.0%
11. The Jonquière Pulp Company	6,203	0.0%
12. The International Bridge and Terminal Company	7,315	0.0%
13. Scramble Mining Ltd.	0	0.0%
14. Terra Nova Explorations Ltd.	1,933	0.0%
15. Abitibi-Consolidated (U.K.) Inc.	1,672,107	1.7%

⁽¹⁾ Claims estimates are subject to change due to ongoing claims resolution.

⁽²⁾ Subject to dilution from management incentive plan and Rights Offering.

⁽³⁾ Only includes shares of New ABH Common Stock allocated to the 15.5% Senior Unsecured Notes Claims.

⁽⁴⁾ Assumes no holder of Affected Unsecured Claims have elected to receive shares of New ABH Common Stock.

APPENDIX D
CREDITORS' MEETING ORDER AND CROSS-BORDER VOTING PROTOCOL

APPENDIX E
CLAIMS PROCEDURE ORDERS AND CROSS-BORDER CLAIMS PROTOCOL

APPENDIX F LIQUIDATION ANALYSIS

1. All capitalized terms used in this Appendix F shall have the meanings ascribed to such terms in the Circular unless otherwise specified.
2. On April 17, 2009, the Applicants filed for and obtained protection from their Creditors under the CCAA, pursuant to the Initial Order. Pursuant to such Initial Order, Ernst & Young Inc. was appointed as the Monitor of the Applicants.
3. On April 16, 2009, the U.S. Debtors filed voluntary petitions for relief under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code in the Bankruptcy Court.
4. BCHI, BCFC, Bowater Canadian Limited, AbitibiBowater Canada, BCFPI, Bowater LaHave Corporation and Bowater Maritimes have commenced both CCAA Proceedings and Chapter 11 Cases and are also included in the definition of "Applicants". The Applicants are all Subsidiaries of ABH. On April 21, 2009, the Court amended the Initial Order to extend the Stay of Proceedings to the Partnerships.
5. Pursuant to the CCAA Plan, the Affected Unsecured Creditors are, for voting and distribution purposes, grouped in 20 classes based on their Affected Claims against the Applicants listed in the table in paragraph 17 of this Liquidation Analysis (the "**CCAA Plan Applicants**"). The remaining Applicants and Partnerships have nominal assets or Claims and do not have Claims in the CCAA Plan.
6. If the CCAA Plan Applicants are unable to implement the CCAA Plan then the Stay of Proceedings granted by the Court in the Initial Order may be lifted, in which case substantially all of the CCAA Plan Applicants' stayed debt (as further detailed in Appendix F-2) obligations (the "**Stayed Obligation Claims**"), which are estimated to be in the total range of \$15 billion, would become due and owing, and which include common guarantor claims against a number of the Applicants. The Applicants do not have sufficient financial resources to meet the Stayed Obligation Claims. Accordingly, it is the Monitor's view that this would likely result in applications, by the CCAA Plan Applicants or their creditors, under the CCAA, the BIA or other statutes to allow their creditors to realize upon the CCAA Plan Applicants' assets and their operations (the "**Assets**") for the general benefit of their creditors.
7. The Monitor, with the assistance of the Applicants, has prepared an illustrative estimate of the net realizable value of the Assets for each of the CCAA Plan Applicants assuming liquidation proceedings, based on the assets and liabilities as they appear in the CCAA Plan Applicants' financial records as at March 31, 2010. The illustrative estimate of the realization value is referred to herein as the "**Liquidation Analysis**". In the Monitor's view, such realization proceedings would likely result in a sale of a limited number of the CCAA Plan Applicants' select operations on a going concern basis, an orderly wind down of the remaining operations and the liquidation of the remaining Assets as described in greater detail herein.
8. The Liquidation Analysis has been prepared assuming hypothetical scenarios in which the Assets are realized upon and the net proceeds are distributed to creditors in accordance with their respective priorities. Underlying the Liquidation Analysis are a number of estimates and assumptions that are subject to significant contingencies and uncertainties, including many that would be beyond the control of the Applicants. Each prospective user must rely on its own inspection and investigation as to the estimated liquidation value of the Assets and no representations or warranties are made by the Monitor in respect of any such matters. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that the values assumed in the Liquidation Analysis would be achieved if the Assets were, in fact, subject to realization. In addition, any realization that would be undertaken would necessarily take place in the future and under circumstances, including future forest product market conditions, that cannot be presently predicted with certainty. Furthermore, while the Liquidation Analysis is necessarily presented with numerical specificity, if the Assets were in fact realized upon, the actual proceeds of realization would vary from the amounts set out below. *Such actual proceeds of realization could be materially lower or higher than the amounts set forth below and no representation or warranty can be or is being made with respect to the actual proceeds that could be achieved in such realization proceedings. The Liquidation Analysis has been prepared solely for purposes*

of illustrating the estimated proceeds available from the hypothetical realization of the Assets and the estimated values contained therein do not represent values that may be appropriate for any other purpose. Nothing contained in the Liquidation Analysis is intended or may constitute a concession or admission of the Applicants for any other purpose.

9. The principal assumptions used in the Liquidation Analysis are outlined below.

Basis of Presentation

10. The Liquidation Analysis is based on the unaudited, non-consolidated book values of the CCAA Plan Applicants as at March 31, 2010, unless otherwise stated, and these book values are assumed to be representative of the assets and liabilities as at the commencement of the realization.
11. The Liquidation Analysis has been prepared on a legal entity basis for each of the Applicants and provides an illustrative range of potential recoveries for unsecured creditors for each of the Applicants.
12. ACCC and BCFPI, each of whom are CCAA Plan Applicants, are the primary operating entities of the CCAA Plan Applicants; as such, a significant portion of the Liquidation Analysis is focused on the illustrative estimates of value of the assets of ACCC and BCFPI. Specific assumptions related to these entities are further detailed in Appendix F-1 to this Liquidation Analysis, in addition to those set forth in paragraph 19.

Nature and Timing of the Realization Process

13. The Liquidation Analysis is prepared on the basis that due to the decline in demand for newsprint compared to historic levels, and the current cost structure of many of the CCAA Plan Applicants' mills as a result of the current high value of the Canadian dollar relative to the U.S. dollar, as well as the difficulty of funding operations in the context of a liquidation and the level of secured debt of the CCAA Plan Applicants, that many of the CCAA Plan Applicants' operations would be shut down immediately and their assets liquidated. However, certain of the CCAA Plan Applicants' mills could possibly be sold as going concerns to enhance realizations for creditors. Selling these operations on a going concern basis, which may take as long as nine to twelve months, are assumed to provide greater proceeds than could be achieved in a wind down of the operations and liquidation of the residual assets.
14. For the purposes of the Liquidation Analysis, it has been assumed that a limited number of select pulp and paper mills, and a number of sawmills, are sold as going concerns (the "**High Scenario**"), with the remaining mills of the Applicants sold for scrap, at values consistent with other similar assets liquidated by the Applicants during the CCAA Proceedings. Although certain facilities are assumed in the *High Scenario* to be sold as going concerns, it is possible that funding may not be available for this purpose or that the cooperation of the various secured creditors may not be obtained to continue operations while the mills are marketed for sale. As such, there is a risk that operations at all of the facilities would cease and no going concern sales may be effected (the "**Low Scenario**").
15. In addition, while the illustrative estimate of the net realizable value of the Assets in the Liquidation Analysis is based on the claims filed in the CCAA Proceedings pursuant to the Claims Procedure Orders, as outlined in the table in Appendix F-2, it is also assumed that in the event of a closure of the operations of the CCAA Plan Applicants, additional claims such as termination and severance claims for the approximately 7,300 current employees, claims in respect of the pension plan solvency deficit (estimated at Cdn\$1.3 billion), and other claims, which may arise as a result of the liquidation of the Assets, will share with the unsecured creditors on a pro rata basis. In effect, the impact of a liquidation of the Assets would be to increase the amount of the unsecured creditor claims by approximately Cdn\$1.7 billion to Cdn\$2.0 billion.
16. The Liquidation Analysis does not factor in the potential environmental remediation liabilities which may arise as a result of the closure and liquidation of many of the Applicants mill operations, other than claims

filed pursuant to the Claims Procedure Orders and a specific estimate related to properties previously owned that is assumed to be asserted in the *Low Scenario*. Given the size and the nature of the newsprint and paper machines and the nature of pulp operations carried out by the CCAA Plan Applicants, it is possible that the magnitude of the liabilities may impact the recoveries of other unsecured creditors in any liquidation scenario by substantially increasing the amount of claims asserted against the CCAA Plan Applicants.

Estimated Realization Proceeds

17. Based on the assumptions underlying the Liquidation Analysis, the Monitor has prepared illustrative estimates of the net realizable value of the Assets by each CCAA Plan Applicant, net of the repayment of the secured debt obligations and the payment of certain amounts which may have to be paid in priority to the unsecured creditors in accordance with the Initial Order, the CCAA or the BIA. The range of estimates of percentage recoveries for each CCAA Plan Applicant is summarized below. Copies of the detailed illustrative estimates of the net realizable value of certain Applicants are attached as Appendix F-1 to this Liquidation Analysis.

Applicant	<i>Illustrative Percentage Recoveries for Unsecured Claims</i>	
	<i>Low</i>	<i>High</i>
Abitibi-Consolidated Inc.	1.0%	3.0%
Abitibi-Consolidated Company of Canada	1.3%	14.2%
15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Creditor Classes in respect of each of the following:		
3224112 Nova Scotia Limited	0.0%	0.0%
Marketing Donohue Inc.	0.0%	0.0%
Abitibi-Consolidated Canadian Office Products Holding Inc.	0.0%	0.0%
3834328 Canada Inc.	0.0%	0.0%
6169678 Canada Inc.	0.0%	0.0%
Donohue Recycling Inc.	0.0%	0.0%
1508756 Ontario Inc.	0.0%	0.0%
The Jonquière Pulp Company	0.0%	0.0%
The International Bridge and Terminal Company	0.7%	1.3%
Abitibi-Consolidated (U.K.) Inc.	3.7%	4.3%
Scramble Mining Ltd.	0.0%	0.0%
Terra Nova Explorations Ltd.	0.0%	0.0%
Saguenay Forest Products Inc.	2.3%	3.9%
Bowater Canadian Forest Products Inc.	7.5%	21.2%
Bowater Canada Finance Corporation	0.0%	0.0%
AbitibiBowater Canada Inc.	0.0%	0.0%
Bowater Maritimes Inc.	4.0%	9.4%
Abitibi-Consolidated Nova Scotia Incorporated	0.1%	0.1%

Note:

- The illustrative recovery percentages are based on the estimated recoveries from the Assets as a percentage of the preliminary estimate of the Affected Unsecured Creditor Claims accepted by the Monitor or likely to be accepted by the Monitor pursuant to the Claims Procedure Orders as outlined in Appendix F-2 plus additional Claims that may arise in the event of a liquidation of the Assets.

18. The illustrative recoveries in the table above are subject to a number of assumptions (as outlined below) and any realization that would be undertaken would necessarily take place in the future and under circumstances, including future forest product market conditions, that cannot be presently predicted with certainty. Accordingly, the recovery percentages in the Liquidation Analysis are for illustrative purposes only and are subject to significant uncertainty and variation.
19. Key assumptions underlying the illustrative estimates of net realizable value of the Assets, if applicable to the specific Applicant, are as follows:
- c. the illustrative values for Cash include recovery at full value, except where third party claims to such Cash exist;
 - d. the illustrative estimate of values of the accounts receivable in the Liquidation Analysis was based on the book value of the accounts receivable, adjusted for certain potential Claims such as un-booked volume rebates, offsets claimed by the CCAA Plan Applicants' customers and other adjustments based on the aging of the accounts receivable, the geographic location of the customer, the extent of Export Development Corporation insurance, the size of the account and the experience of the Monitor in realizing on accounts receivable;
 - e. the illustrative estimate of values of the intercompany accounts receivable from other ABH affiliates were based on a distribution model prepared by the Blackstone Group, ABH's financial advisor, of the creditor recoveries for each of the ABH entities, including pre-filing intercompany accounts payable and receivables. The Liquidation Analysis assumes that all of the intercompany payables rank *pari passu* with the other Affected Unsecured Creditors. Any intercompany advances owed by BCFPI to Bowater arising from advances by Bowater to BCFPI pursuant to the BI DIP Facility Documents and the BCFPI Secured Bank Documents are assumed to rank ahead of other Affected Unsecured Creditors;
 - f. the illustrative estimate of the values of inventory in the *High Scenario* were based on the net orderly liquidation value of the inventory from an appraisal by an independent auctioneer familiar with this type of inventory. The *Low Scenario* represents a discount to the appraised value based on the Monitor's experience in realizing on inventory of this nature. The Monitor notes that a significant proportion of the Applicants' inventory is in the form of mill stores and, as a result, have lower recovery than inventory held for sale to customers;
 - g. the illustrative estimate of values of the property, plant and equipment were based on discounted cash flow models prepared for the paper mills, saw mills and hydroelectric generation stations and other equipment, including the real property, for which the Monitor and the Applicants believe may be sold as going concerns. More specifically, for ACCC, it is assumed that three pulp and paper mills and currently operating sawmills will be sold as going concerns. For BCFPI, it is assumed that its Thunder Bay facility (pulp and paper) and currently operating sawmills will be sold as going concerns. For the remaining mills, the estimated value is based on scrap value, consistent with values realized by the Applicants for the liquidation of mill and non-operating assets during these CCAA Proceedings;
 - h. prepaid expenses and other current assets are assumed to have no realizable value as it is assumed that they will be drawn down in the course of the liquidation proceedings;
 - i. the Liquidation Analysis includes as "Realization Costs" the estimated salaries, wages, benefits and other costs required to complete the liquidation of the Applicants' assets in both the *High* and *Low Scenarios*, as well as receiver or trustee fees and legal costs. Also included in this line item are cash flows while operating certain facilities in the *High Scenario*. Such operating cash flows would be net of secured lender interest costs;

- j. the Liquidation Analysis assumes certain employee and deemed trust obligations, including vacation pay, are paid in priority to unsecured creditors;
- k. the amount of the pension plan solvency deficiency claims are assumed to be Affected Unsecured Claims (based on the assumed wind-up of the CCAA Plan Applicants' pension plans in a liquidation proceeding) that rank on a *pari passu* basis with other Affected Unsecured Claims based on the actuarially determined solvency deficiency positions as at March 31, 2010; and
- l. claims for other employee obligations, including other post-employment benefits and severance and termination claims (based on the cessation of certain operations not sold on a going concern basis) are assumed to be unsecured and rank on a *pari passu* basis with general unsecured creditors.

Secured Creditors

- 20. Certain of the CCAA Plan Applicants' creditors hold secured claims against the Assets, the repayment of which is reflected in the illustrative estimate of the net realizable values of certain of the CCAA Plan Applicants in Appendix F-1. In particular:
 - a. Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, in its capacity as indenture and collateral trustee on behalf of the holders (the "**Canadian Secured Noteholders**") of Canadian Secured Notes holds security from each of ACI and its Subsidiaries (except for 4042140 Canada Inc., 3217925 Nova Scotia Company, La Tuque Forest Products Inc. and 9150-3383 Quebec Inc.), Bridgewater and Cheshire Recycling Limited over their respective assets that may be described, generally, as (i) equipment, (ii) intellectual property, (iii) fixed asset collateral accounts, insurance and claims, (iv) ACCC's 75 class A common shares of Abitibi-Consolidated Hydro Inc., (v) ACCC's 14,250,001 common LP units and 45,000 preferred LP units of ACH LP, and (vi) immovable property including, without limitation, pulp and paper mills located in Baie-Comeau, Quebec; Thorold, Ontario; Grand-Mère, Quebec (Laurentide); Alma, Quebec; Jonquière, Quebec (Kenogami); Fort Frances, Ontario; Grand Falls, Newfoundland; Amos, Quebec and Clermont, Quebec. In addition, the Canadian Secured Noteholders have security over the proceeds from the sale of the Belgo mill, the Beaupre mill, the Bridgewater mill and the St. Raymond sawmill. The balance currently outstanding in respect of the Canadian Secured Notes, after the repayment of Cdn\$200 million in December 2009, is approximately Cdn\$311 million.
 - b. Wells Fargo, National Association, in its capacity as administrative agent and collateral agent on behalf of the ACCC Term Lenders under the ACCC Term Loan Documents in respect of a senior secured term loan facility, holds security from each of ACI and its Subsidiaries (except for 4042140 Canada Inc., 3217925 Nova Scotia Company, La Tuque Forest Products Inc. and 9150-3383 Quebec Inc.), Donohue, ACSC, Abitibi-Consolidated Corp., Abitibi-Consolidated Alabama Corporation, Augusta Woodlands, LLC, Alabama River Newsprint Company, Bridgewater and Cheshire Recycling Limited over their respective assets that may be described, generally, as (i) inventory, (ii) accounts, (iii) chattel paper, (iv) goods, (v) general intangibles, (vi) instruments, (vii) insurance (except fixed asset collateral insurance), (viii) money and accounts receivable, (ix) letter of credit rights, (x) investment related property and (xi) commercial tort claims. The security specifically excludes fixed asset collateral, which may be described generally as the assets secured in favour of the Canadian Secured Noteholders as described above. The amount outstanding to the ACCC Term Lenders, excluding default interest, is approximately Cdn\$363 million.
 - c. The Bank of Nova Scotia, in its capacity as the administrative agent on behalf of the various lenders under the BCFPI Secured Bank Documents, holds security from each of BCFPI, Bowater, BCHI, Bowater Canada Finance Limited Partnership, Bowater Shelburne Corporation and Bowater LaHave Corporation over their respective assets that may be described, generally, as (i) accounts receivable, (ii) inventory, (iii) instruments in respect of accounts receivable and inventory, (iv) money, (v) intangibles, (vi) a mortgage granted by BCFPI over the property located

in Thunder Bay, Ontario, including all equipment thereon, and (vii) an equitable mortgage granted by BCFPI over all present and future real property to the extent that it is a fixed asset located in Canada owned by BCFPI or a Subsidiary thereof. The amount currently outstanding under this facility is approximately US\$141 million, excluding default interest.

APPENDIX F-1
ILLUSTRATIVE ESTIMATE OF THE NET REALIZABLE VALUE OF THE ASSETS FOR CERTAIN OF
THE CCAA PLAN APPLICANTS

The Monitor has prepared an illustrative estimate of the net realizable value of the Assets of each of the Applicants and the respective creditor recoveries based on a liquidation proceeding which are summarized herein.

Abitibi-Consolidated Inc.

	Notes	Book Value March 31, 2010	Low Scenario Cdn\$000	High Scenario Cdn\$000
Cash		\$ 73,475	\$ 73,475	\$ 73,475
Inventory		4,837	1,506	2,654
Other Current Assets		1,158	-	-
Fixed Assets, net	1	160,601	-	-
Intercompany Receivable		254,833	51,085	81,350
Proceeds of Realization		\$ 494,904	\$ 126,065	\$ 157,478
Less:				
Payment of Secured Debt Guarantee Claims	2		(73,383)	-
Amount Available for Affected Unsecured Creditors After Payment of Secured Claims		A	52,683	157,478
Claims from the Claims Process			4,229,000	4,229,000
Intercompany Claims			1,019,049	1,019,049
Total Affected Unsecured Claims		B	\$ 5,248,049	\$ 5,248,049
Recovery for Affected Unsecured Creditors		A/B	1.0%	3.0%
Note 1:	Realizations related to property, plant and equipment were estimated to be \$nil as the vast majority of the balance above relates to accounting entries in respect of the Combination with Bowater in 2007.			
Note 2:	Due to the fact that ACI has guaranteed the secured indebtedness of certain other Applicants, the Liquidation Analysis assumes that any shortfalls due to such secured creditors by other Applicants will be funded by ACI until such time as such secured creditors are fully paid.			

Abitibi-Consolidated Company of Canada

	Notes	Book Value March 31, 2010	Low Scenario Cdn\$000	High Scenario Cdn\$000
Cash in Bank		\$ 153,116	\$ 153,116	\$ 153,116
ULC Cash	1	183,100	117,300	183,100
Total Cash		336,216	270,416	336,216
Other Current Assets		29,613	-	-
Inventory		239,152	64,898	108,766
PP&E	2	1,293,602	393,935	1,121,642
Receipt of Secured Debt Guarantee Claims	3	N/A	146,765	-
Intercompany Receivable		343,584	20,414	50,171
Proceeds of Realization		\$ 2,242,167	\$ 896,428	\$ 1,616,795

	Notes	Book Value March 31, 2010	Low Scenario Cdn\$000	High Scenario Cdn\$000
Less:				
ACCC Term Lenders	4		(362,843)	(362,843))
Senior Secured Notes	4		(311,259)	(311,259)
Amount Available After Payment of Secured Creditors			222,325	942,692
Realization Costs			(66,640)	(59,829)
Amount Available After Payment of Realization Costs			155,685	882,863
<i>Less Priority Payables</i>				
Wages/WEPPA			(16,495)	(10,997)
Source Deductions			(10,997)	(7,331)
Construction Liens/Property Taxes			(8,163)	(25,521)
Vacation Pay			(44,200)	(44,200)
Total Priority Payables			(79,854)	(88,048)
Amounts Available for Unsecured Creditors After Payment of Priority Payables		A	75,831	794,815
Estimate of Affected Unsecured Claims per CCAA Claims Process			4,017,000	4,017,000
Additional Claims not Subject to the Claims Process				
Termination and Severance			312,778	186,596
Environmental	5		101,560	-
OPEBs			110,892	110,892
Pension Deficit			966,502	966,502
Total Claims not Submitted in Claims Process			1,491,732	1,263,990
Intercompany Claims			315,310	315,310
Total Affected Unsecured Claims		B	\$ 5,824,042	\$ 5,596,301
Recovery for Affected Unsecured Creditors		A/B	1.3%	14.2%

Note 1: As reported in the Sixteenth and Nineteenth reports of the Monitor, ACCC sold its 60% interest in MPCo to Hydro-Quebec with the sale closing in December 2009. As part of this transaction, a new unlimited liability company was incorporated to hold a portion of the funds due to ACCC (the "New ULC"). As part of the transaction, certain amounts were also held back by the purchaser to serve as security for potential liabilities. For the purposes of the Liquidation Analysis, realizations on cash held by the New ULC as well as the purchaser take into account certain potential holdbacks pursuant to the sale of the MPCo assets. As such, New ULC cash is assumed to be only partially available to the unsecured creditors of ACCC in the Low Scenario. The High Scenario assumes that all New ULC cash is fully available to the Applicant.

Note 2: In addition to the estimated realizable value of ACCC's property, plant and equipment, the Liquidation Analysis also includes assumed realizations for ACCC's hydro assets and certain ACCC assets which were expropriated by Newfoundland. ACCC has issued a claim pursuant to certain provisions of NAFTA.

Note 3: The Receipt of Secured Debt Guarantee Claims represents estimated recoveries by ACCC's secured lenders from guarantors under ACCC's various secured debt facilities due to the fact that there is a shortfall in the relevant secured lender's collateral at ACCC.

Note 4: Represents the payment by ACCC to secured lenders, namely the ACCC Term Lenders and the Canadian Secured Noteholders.

Note 5: Represents a provision for certain potential environmental claims on previously owned mill properties.

Bowater Canadian Forest Products Inc.

	Notes	Book Value March 31, 2010	Low Scenario Cdn\$000	High Scenario Cdn\$000
Cash	1	\$ 9,320	\$ 9,320	\$ 9,320
Other Long Term Assets	1	120,612	28,746	28,746
			38,066	38,066
Accounts Receivable		80,057	41,712	54,301
Inventory		108,447	33,982	51,777
Other - Current Assets		5,025	-	-
PP&E		505,643	70,471	292,475
Miscellaneous Assets		-	3,809	7,617
Intercompany Receivable, Net	2	281,357	251,158	332,812
Proceeds of Realization		\$ 1,110,460	\$ 439,197	\$ 777,047
Less:				
DIP Loan	3		(40,624)	(40,624)
Advances from Bowater Inc.	3		(29,452)	(29,452)
Secured Debt	3	-	(141,380)	(141,380)
Total Secured Payments			(211,456)	(211,456)
Amount Available After Payment of Secured Creditors			227,741	565,591
Realization Costs			(23,178)	(31,279)
Amount Available After Payment of Realization Costs			204,563	534,312
<i>Less Priority Payables</i>				
Wages/WEPPA			(5,126)	(3,417)
Vacation Pay			(9,043)	(9,043)
Property Taxes			(466)	(233)
Source Deductions			(3,417)	(2,278)
			(18,052)	(14,971)
Amounts Available for Affected Unsecured Creditors After Payment of Priority Payables		A	186,511	519,341
Estimate of Affected Unsecured Claims per CCAA Claims Process			569,000	569,000
Additional Claims not Subject to the Claims Process				
Termination and Severance			77,335	46,054
OPEBs			45,351	45,351
Pension Deficit			360,621	360,621
Total Claims not Submitted in CCAA Claims Process			483,306	452,025
Intercompany Claims			1,427,641	1,427,641
Total Affected Unsecured Claims		B	\$ 2,479,947	\$ 2,448,666
Recovery for Affected Unsecured Creditors		A/B	7.5%	21.2%

Note 1: Cash in the bank accounts of BCFPI are assumed to be recovered at full value. It is also assumed that funds held pursuant to the sale of certain timberlands formerly owned by BCFPI would become available for distribution to secured Creditors. Such cash is reflected in the above table under "Other Long Term Assets".

Note 2: The book value of intercompany receivables is net of liabilities to other affiliates.

Note 3: Represents payment to secured lenders including to the BI DIP Lenders and the BCFPI Pre-petition Secured Lenders, to Bowater for advances made pursuant to the BI DIP Facility Documents and the BCFPI Secured Bank Documents and to the agent of BCFPI's senior secured credit facility for amounts outstanding under such facility.

Abitibi-Consolidated (UK) Inc.

	Book Value March 31, 2010		Low Scenario Cdn\$000	High Scenario Cdn\$000
Cash	\$ 6,535		\$ 6,535	\$ 6,535
Accounts Receivable	25,898		7,029	9,537
Proceeds of Realization	\$ 32,433	A	\$ 13,565	\$ 16,073
Estimate of Claims per CCAA Claims Process			370,000	370,000
Total Affected Unsecured Claims		B	\$ 370,000	\$ 370,000
Recovery for Affected Unsecured Creditors		A/B	3.7%	4.3%

The International Bridge & Terminal Company

	Book Value March 31, 2010		Low Scenario Cdn\$000	High Scenario Cdn\$000
Accounts Receivable	\$ 1,097		\$ 648	\$ 972
PP&E	3,286		1,904	3,809
Proceeds of Realization	\$ 4,383	A	2,552	4,781
Estimate of Claims per CCAA Claims Process			370,000	370,000
Intercompany Claims			4,251	4,251
Total Affected Unsecured Claims		B	\$ 679,758	\$ 374,251
Recovery for Affected Unsecured Creditors		A/B	0.7%	1.3%

Note 1: The main asset of The International Bridge & Terminal Company is a toll bridge which connects the communities of Fort Frances and International Falls. The International Bridge company owns 50% of the toll bridge. The bridge has been previously marketed for sale and the High Scenario and the Low Scenario are based previous expressions of interest as described to the Monitor.

Saguenay Forest Products

	Book Value March 31, 2010		Low Scenario Cdn\$000	High Scenario Cdn\$000
Cash	\$ 2,720		\$ 2,720	\$ 2,720
Accounts Receivable	2,179		1,485	1,921
Inventory	4,926		1,035	2,296
PP&E	15,579		4,449	8,899
Proceeds of Realization	\$ 25,404	A	\$ 9,690	\$ 15,836
<i>Less Priority Payables</i>				
Wages			(63)	(42)
Source deductions			(34)	(23)
Vacation Pay			(138)	(138)
			(235)	(203)
Realization Costs			(500)	(500)
Amount Available for Affected Unsecured Creditors After Payment of Priority Payables and Realization Costs		A	8,955	15,133

	Book Value March 31, 2010	Low Scenario <i>Cdn\$000</i>	High Scenario <i>Cdn\$000</i>
Add: Claims not Submitted in the CCAA Claims Process			
Termination and Severance		5,189	5,189
Total Claims not Submitted in the CCAA Claims Process		5,189	5,189
Total Affected Unsecured Claims From Claims Process		379,000	379,000
Intercompany Claims		-	-
Total Affected Unsecured Claims	B	\$ 384,189	\$ 384,189
Recovery for Affected Unsecured Creditors	A/B	2.3%	3.9%

Bowater Maritimes Inc.

	Book Value March 31, 2010		Low Scenario <i>Cdn,\$000</i>	High Scenario <i>Cdn,\$000</i>
Cash	\$ 341		\$ 341	\$ 341
Accounts Receivable	52		31	47
Inventory	229		137	206
PP&E	5,150		3,000	6,000
Intercompany Receivable	10,400		10,562	26,710
Proceeds of Realization	\$ 16,172	A	\$ 14,072	\$ 33,304
Total Affected Unsecured Claims From CCAA Claims Process			6,559	6,559
Intercompany Claims			348,226	348,226
Total Affected Unsecured Claims		B	\$ 354,785	\$ 354,785
Recovery for Affected Unsecured Creditors		A/B	4.0%	9.4%

Note 1: Bowater Maritimes' primary asset is a water pipeline which is currently subject to a sale agreement.

APPENDIX F-2 SUMMARY OF CLAIMS

The chart below summarizes the expected amount of Affected Unsecured Claims against each of the Applicants. The amount of Affected Unsecured Claims will be finally determined through the Claims process as provided in the Claims Procedure Orders. As such, the amounts in the table below are only preliminary estimates and are subject to change.

CCAA Plan Applicant	<i>Estimate of the Claims to be Proven in the CCAA Claims Process (Cdn.\$000s)</i>
Abitibi-Consolidated Inc.	4,229,000
Abitibi-Consolidated Company of Canada	4,017,000
15.5% Guarantor Applicant Affected Unsecured Creditor Classes in respect of each of the following:	
3224112 Nova Scotia Limited	370,000
Marketing Donohue Inc.	370,000
Abitibi-Consolidated Canadian Office Products Holding Inc.	370,000
3834328 Canada Inc.	403,000
6169678 Canada Inc.	370,000
Donohue Recycling Inc.	370,000
1508756 Ontario Inc.	370,000
The Jonquière Pulp Company	370,000
The International Bridge and Terminal Company	370,000
Abitibi-Consolidated (U.K.) Inc.	370,000
Scramble Mining Ltd.	370,000
Terra Nova Explorations Ltd.	370,000
Saguenay Forest Products Inc.	379,000
Bowater Canadian Forest Products Inc.	569,000
Bowater Canada Finance Corporation	753,000
AbitibiBowater Canada Inc.	8,000
Bowater Maritimes Inc.	7,000
Abitibi-Consolidated Nova Scotia Incorporated	370,000

APPENDIX G FINANCIAL PROJECTIONS

Pursuant to section 1129(a)(11) of the Bankruptcy Code, among other things, the Bankruptcy Court must determine that confirmation of the First Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization Under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code dated May [24], 2010 (as may be amended and supplemented from time to time according to its terms, the "**Plan**") is not likely to be followed by the liquidation or need for further financial reorganization of the debtors or any successors to the debtors under the Plan. This condition is often referred to as the "feasibility" of the plan.

For purposes of determining whether the Plan meets this requirement, the financial advisors of the Company have analyzed the debtors' ability to meet their obligations under the Plan. As part of that analysis, the debtors have prepared consolidated projected financial results for each of the years ending December 31, 2010 through and including 2014. These financial projections, and the assumptions on which they are based, are annexed hereto for your reference. See "*Article VIII, Section B. Statutory Requirements for Confirmation of the Plan in Chapter 11 Cases – 3. Feasibility*" in the Plan.

The Financial Projections should be read in conjunction with the assumptions, qualifications, and explanations set forth in the Disclosure Statement and in the Plan in their entirety, and the historical consolidated financial statements (including the notes and schedules thereto) and other financial information set forth in ABH's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, as amended, and other reports filed by ABH with the SEC filed prior to the Bankruptcy Court's approval of the Disclosure Statement. These filings are available by visiting the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov>.

The debtors prepared the Financial Projections based upon, among other things, the anticipated future financial condition and results of operations of the Reorganized Debtors (as defined in the Plan and CCAA Plan). The debtors do not, as a matter of course, publish their business plans, strategies, projections, or their anticipated results of operations or financial condition. Accordingly, the debtors and the Reorganized Debtors do not intend to update or otherwise revise the Financial Projections, or to include such information in documents required to be filed with the SEC or otherwise make such information public to reflect events or circumstances existing or arising after the date of the Disclosure Statement or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events, even in the event that any or all of the underlying assumptions are shown to be in error.

THE FINANCIAL PROJECTIONS WERE NOT PREPARED TO COMPLY WITH THE GUIDELINES FOR PROSPECTIVE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PUBLISHED BY THE FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD. THE DEBTORS' INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS HAVE NEITHER EXAMINED NOR COMPILED THE ACCOMPANYING FINANCIAL PROJECTIONS AND ACCORDINGLY DO NOT EXPRESS AN OPINION OR ANY OTHER FORM OF ASSURANCE WITH RESPECT TO THE FINANCIAL PROJECTIONS, ASSUME NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL PROJECTIONS AND DISCLAIM ANY ASSOCIATION WITH THE FINANCIAL PROJECTIONS. EXCEPT FOR PURPOSES OF THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT, THE DEBTORS DO NOT PUBLISH FINANCIAL PROJECTIONS OF THEIR ANTICIPATED FINANCIAL POSITION OR RESULTS OF OPERATIONS. EXCEPT AS MAY OTHERWISE BE PROVIDED IN THE PLAN OR THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT, THE DEBTORS DO NOT INTEND TO UPDATE OR OTHERWISE REVISE THESE FINANCIAL PROJECTIONS TO REFLECT EVENTS OR CIRCUMSTANCES EXISTING OR ARISING AFTER THE DATE OF THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT OR TO REFLECT THE OCCURRENCE OF UNANTICIPATED EVENTS.

THE FINANCIAL PROJECTIONS, WHILE PRESENTED WITH NUMERICAL SPECIFICITY, ARE NECESSARILY BASED ON A VARIETY OF ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS THAT, THOUGH CONSIDERED REASONABLE BY THE DEBTORS, MAY NOT BE REALIZED, AND ARE INHERENTLY SUBJECT TO SIGNIFICANT BUSINESS, ECONOMIC, COMPETITIVE, INDUSTRY, REGULATORY, MARKET AND FINANCIAL UNCERTAINTIES AND CONTINGENCIES, MANY OF WHICH WILL BE BEYOND THE REORGANIZED DEBTORS' CONTROL. THE DEBTORS CAUTION THAT NO REPRESENTATIONS CAN BE OR ARE MADE AS TO THE ACCURACY OF THE FINANCIAL PROJECTIONS OR TO THE REORGANIZED DEBTORS' ABILITY TO ACHIEVE THE PROJECTED RESULTS. SOME ASSUMPTIONS INEVITABLY WILL BE INCORRECT. MOREOVER, EVENTS AND CIRCUMSTANCES OCCURRING SUBSEQUENT TO THE DATE ON WHICH THE FINANCIAL

PROJECTIONS WERE PREPARED MAY BE DIFFERENT FROM THOSE ASSUMED, OR, ALTERNATIVELY, MAY HAVE BEEN UNANTICIPATED, AND THUS MAY AFFECT FINANCIAL RESULTS IN A MATERIAL AND POSSIBLY ADVERSE MANNER. THE FINANCIAL PROJECTIONS, THEREFORE, MAY NOT BE RELIED UPON AS A GUARANTEE OR OTHER ASSURANCE OF THE ACTUAL RESULTS THAT WILL OCCUR. *SEE ARTICLE [X] OF THE PLAN "CERTAIN RISK FACTORS TO BE CONSIDERED" AND THE SECTION "RISK FACTORS" OF THIS CIRCULAR.*

IN DECIDING WHETHER TO VOTE TO ACCEPT OR REJECT THE PLAN AND THE CCAA PLAN, HOLDERS OF CLAIMS MUST MAKE THEIR OWN DETERMINATIONS AS TO THE REASONABLENESS OF SUCH ASSUMPTIONS AND THE RELIABILITY OF THE FINANCIAL PROJECTIONS AND SHOULD CONSULT WITH THEIR OWN ADVISORS.

Financial Projections

The Company¹ prepared the Reorganized ABH Pro Forma Balance Sheet, Reorganized ABH Projected Balance Sheet, Reorganized ABH Projected Income Statement, Reorganized ABH Projected Cash Flow Statement and ACI, Donohue (for the purposes of this Exhibit, "**D-Corp**"), Bowater (for the purposes of this Exhibit, "**BI**"), Bowater Newsprint South Operations LLC (for the purposes of this Exhibit, "**BNS**") and BCFPI Projected Financials (collectively, the "**Financial Projections**") for the years 2010 through 2014 (the "**Projection Period**"). The Financial Projections are based on a number of assumptions made by management with respect to the future performance of the Company's operations. Although management has prepared the Financial Projections in good faith and believes the assumptions to be reasonable, it is important to note that the Company can provide no assurance that such Financial Projections and assumptions will be realized. As described in detail in the Disclosure Statement, a variety of risk factors could affect the Company's actual financial results and must be considered. The Financial Projections should be reviewed in conjunction with a review of these assumptions, including the accompanying qualifications and footnotes. The Company did not prepare the Financial Projections with a view toward compliance with published guidelines of the Securities and Exchange Commission or guidelines established by the FASB, particularly for reorganization accounting.

All dollar amounts in the Financial Projections are U.S. dollars unless otherwise indicated and any reference to "**GAAP**" refers to the generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America.

1. Accounting Policies

a. The Financial Projections have been prepared using accounting policies that are materially consistent with those applied in the Debtors' historical financial statements (GAAP consolidated basis). The Financial Projections do not reflect the formal implementation of reorganization accounting pursuant to Financial Accounting Standards Board ("**FASB**") Accounting Standards Codification ("**ASC**") 852 Reorganizations ("**FASB ASC 852**"). In addition, for comparative presentation purposes, the operations and cash flows for 2010 combine the predecessor company (January 1, 2010 through the Effective Date / Implementation Date) and successor company (assumed Effective Date / Implementation Date through December 31, 2010) to allow for a full year presentation.

2. General Assumptions

a. Methodology - The Financial Projections are based upon the Company's detailed operating forecast for 2010 – 2014 for the consolidated enterprise. The Financial Projections include the impact of the Company's operating restructuring initiatives in 2010 both prior to and after the Effective Date and Implementation Date (as defined in the CCAA Plan). The Company's Financial Projections have been updated where noted to match the projected cash flows used by Blackstone in the Company's Enterprise Valuation.

¹ Capitalized terms used and not defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Disclosure Statement or the Plan, as applicable.

b. Plan Consummation - The operating assumptions assume that the Effective Date / Implementation Date will be October 1, 2010.

c. Macroeconomic and Industry Environment – The Financial Projections are based on management's view of North American and international market supply and demand, corresponding operating rates and pricing, and changes in the major cost inputs for the key pulp and paper grades in which it produces. Management's view generally aligns with current industry information including RISI, a leading information provider for the global forest products industry, as well as general Wall Street equity research consensus views for major macroeconomic and industry cost drivers.

d. Exchange Rate – The CAD / USD exchange rate is assumed to be \$.99 for the balance of 2010, falling to \$.98 in 2011, \$.96 in 2012, \$.93 in 2013 and \$.91 in 2014. These exchange rates projections are consistent with the assumptions used by Blackstone in the Company's Enterprise Valuation.

3. Adjusted September 30, 2010 Balance Sheet and Reorganized ABH Pro Forma Balance Sheet

The Adjusted September 30, 2010 Balance Sheet was developed based upon the December 31, 2009 audited balance sheet and projected results of operations and cash flows over the projected period to the assumed emergence date of October 1, 2010. On the Effective Date / Implementation Date, actual cash may vary from cash reflected in the Adjusted September 30, 2010 Balance Sheet because of variances in the Financial Projections and potential changes in cash needed to consummate the Plan and the CCAA Plan. The Reorganized ABH Pro Forma Balance Sheet contains certain pro forma adjustments as a result of consummation of the Plan and the CCAA Plan. The Reorganized ABH Pro Forma Balance Sheet also includes the debt (related to non-filed subsidiaries) and other obligations that will continue to remain outstanding after the Effective Date / Implementation Date and will be paid in the ordinary course of operations. The estimated pro forma adjustments regarding the reorganized equity value of the Company, its assets, or estimates of its liabilities as of the Effective Date / Implementation Date will be based upon the fair value of its assets and liabilities as of that date, which could be materially different than the values assumed in the foregoing estimates.

Reorganized ABH - Pro Forma Balance Sheet						
In US\$ million unless otherwise noted	Adjusted September 30, 2010	Exit Financing (A)	Cash Settlement (B)	Non-Cash Settlement (C)	Accounting Adjustments (D)	Pro Forma September 30, 2010
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$707	(\$419)	(\$138)	-	-	\$150
Accounts receivable	879	-	-	-	-	879
Inventories, net	588	-	-	-	-	588
Other current assets	121	-	-	-	-	121
Total current assets	\$2,296	(\$419)	(\$138)	-	-	\$1,738
Fixed assets, net	\$3,763	-	-	-	(\$896)	\$2,866
Goodwill	53	-	-	-	(53)	-
Intangible assets, net	311	-	-	-	(311)	-
Other non-current assets	353	70	-	-	(47)	376
Pension assets	149	-	-	-	-	149
Total assets	\$6,925	(\$349)	(\$138)	-	(\$1,307)	\$5,130
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities not subject to compromise:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$297	-	-	-	-	\$297
Short-term bank debt	496	(496)	-	-	-	-
Debtor-in-possession financing	206	(206)	-	-	-	-
Liabilities associated with assets held for sale	35	-	-	-	-	35
Administrative Claims	138	-	(138)	-	-	-
Total current liabilities not subject to compromise	\$1,173	(\$702)	(\$138)	-	-	\$332
Debt not subject to compromise	1,079	(837)	-	-	-	241
Pension and OPEB	-	-	-	391	-	391
Other long-term liabilities	55	-	-	-	-	55
Exit Financing Facilities	-	1,191	-	-	-	1,191
Liabilities Subject to Compromise (E)						
A/P Trade subject to compromise	251	-	-	(251)	-	-
Rejected Exec Contracts subject to comp.	646	-	-	(646)	-	-
Pension and OPEB subject to compromise	391	-	-	(391)	-	-
Employee Claims and other LSTC	663	-	-	(663)	-	-
3rd party debt subject to compromise	5,685	-	-	(5,685)	-	-
Total LSTC	\$7,636	-	-	(\$7,636)	-	-
Total liabilities	\$9,942	(\$349)	(\$138)	(\$7,245)	-	\$2,210
Shareholders' equity / (deficit)	(\$3,133)	-	-	\$7,245	(\$1,577)	\$2,534
Non-controlling interests	\$116	-	-	-	\$270	\$386
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$6,925	(\$349)	(\$138)	-	(\$1,307)	\$5,130

- A Represents the exit financing in connection with the Company's emergence from the Chapter 11 Cases and CCAA Proceedings and the associated repayment under the Plan and CCAA Plan, as applicable, of secured debt claims, including the Bowater Secured Bank Claims, BCFPI Secured Bank Claims, DIP Facility Claims, ACCC Term Loan Secured Claims, Canadian Secured Notes, Securitization Claims and Other Secured Claims. In connection with the Company's reorganization and new exit financing, we have estimated the related transaction costs for the exit financing and capitalized these costs in other non-current assets on the balance sheet. These estimated transaction costs will be amortized to interest expense over the term of the new exit financing. Any capitalized transaction costs associated with our repaid secured debt will be written off.
- B Cash settlement represents cash payments required pursuant to the Plan and the CCAA Plan, including payment of Administrative Claims which include professional fees and claims pursuant to section 503(b)(9) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- C Reflects the cancellation or reinstatement of remaining liabilities subject to compromise pursuant to the Plan and the CCAA Plan.
- D Represents illustrative adjustments to book value to reflect the pro forma Equity Value of the Company. The book value adjustments in connection with this Reorganized ABH Pro Forma Balance Sheet do not reflect the formal implementation of reorganization accounting pursuant to FASB ASC 852. The final adjustments will be based upon the fair value of the assets and liabilities as of the Effective Date / Implementation Date and could impact different balance sheet accounts or be materially different than the values assumed in the foregoing estimates.
- E Claims levels are as reflected in the Plan and CCAA Plan, as applicable.

4. Reorganized ABH Projected Income Statement

Reorganized ABH - Projected Income Statement						
	3 Months Ended December 31,	Projected Year Ending December 31				
	2010E	2010E Full-Year	2011E	2012E	2013E	2014E
<i>In US\$ million unless otherwise noted</i>						
Sales	\$1,222	\$4,663	\$5,341	\$5,480	\$5,416	\$5,474
Cost of sales, excluding depreciation, amortization and cost of timber harvested	(918)	(3,651)	(3,793)	(3,841)	(3,828)	(3,826)
Depreciation, amortization, and cost of timber harvested	(72)	(471)	(294)	(301)	(307)	(314)
Distribution costs	(140)	(544)	(563)	(568)	(570)	(572)
Selling and administrative expenses	(41)	(168)	(146)	(139)	(135)	(132)
Net gain on disposition of assets	-	55	-	-	-	-
Operating income / (loss)	\$52	(\$116)	\$546	\$631	\$575	\$631
Interest expense	(42)	(381)	(166)	(166)	(166)	(162)
Interest income	1	6	9	17	26	37
Partnership earnings (equity investments)	(0)	(2)	7	8	10	10
Income before reorganization items, income taxes and noncontrolling interests	\$11	(\$493)	\$396	\$489	\$445	\$516
Reorganization items, net	(4)	(141)	-	-	-	-
Income before income taxes and noncontrolling interests	\$7	(\$635)	\$396	\$489	\$445	\$516
Income tax benefit / (expense)	(31)	199	(89)	(91)	(51)	(62)
Net loss / (income) attributable to noncontrolling interests	(2)	3	(34)	(33)	(32)	(31)
Net (loss) income	(\$26)	(\$432)	\$273	\$364	\$361	\$423

a. **Sales** - Consolidated sales include sales from the Debtors' primary operating segments: coated and specialty papers ("**Commercial Printing Papers**", or "**CPP**"), market pulp, newsprint and wood products. The Financial Projections assume CPP demand is projected to increase over the next several years from its current low base, driving price increases from a cyclical trough in 2009. Pulp markets are assumed to remain volatile, with pricing rebounding to peak levels in 2012, then declining thereafter with global economic activity. Domestic newsprint demand is forecast to continue its secular decline over the projected period, partially mitigated by projected increases in export market demand. Newsprint prices are projected to improve from trough levels in 2009 and level off by 2012. Forecasted improvements in lumber demand assume a material recovery from trough levels in 2009 to peak levels in 2012 driven by a recovery in long-term U.S. housing starts.

b. **Cost of Sales** - Cost of Sales, including distribution costs, is projected to be approximately 89% of sales in 2010 and improve to approximately 80% of sales by 2014, driven primarily by the forecasted improvement in market demand and pricing as well as savings from negotiated labor cost reductions.

c. **Selling, General, & Administrative Expenses** - Selling, General & Administrative ("**SG&A**") expenses are projected to decline to \$132 million, or 2.4% of sales in 2014 from \$168 million, or 3.5% of sales in 2009. SG&A has declined substantially since the Merger in 2007 (\$332 million in 2008 and \$198 million in 2009), and further SG&A reductions will result from anticipated reductions in headcount and a simplification of the Company's organizational structure, amongst other efficiency gains.

d. **Net income (loss)** - The net income (loss) is expected to improve from a loss in 2010 to positive net income beginning in 2011. Improvements will be driven by the capital restructuring, which will result in lower interest expense, as well as cost reductions and improving market demand and pricing. These improvements will be partially offset by increased commodity inflation and expenses.

e. **Reorganization Items** - The 2010 Reorganization Items consist of actual and estimated postpetition fees for professional advisors, bank fees directly attributable to the bankruptcy filing and related capital restructuring. This amount excludes any gains or losses associated with the extinguishment of debt and revaluation of assets and liabilities under fresh-start reporting.

f. **Interest Expense** - For 4Q10 through 2014, interest expense projections are based on the Company's estimated post-emergence capital structure assumed to be effective on October 1, 2010. Interest expense in 2010 prior to the Effective Date / Implementation Date is based on interest as disclosed in the Company's financial

statements for the first fiscal quarter of 2010 and as estimated for the Predecessor Company debt in accordance with GAAP for the period from April 1 through the Effective Date.

g. Income Taxes - Income tax benefit / (expense) was calculated based on the projected applicable statutory tax rates in the countries in which the Company operates. For U.S. operations, the federal tax rate was assumed to be 35%. State taxes were deemed to not be material over the Projection Period. For Canadian operations, the federal tax rate was assumed to be 30% in 2010, stepping down to 28% in 2011 and 26% in each subsequent year of the Projection Period.

U.S. taxable income in each projected year is adjusted downwards for the use of available post-emergence tax attributes preserved by the Company's tax planning efforts. Post-emergence U.S. tax attributes such as net operating losses ("NOLs"), capital losses, tax credits, stock investments in subsidiaries and fixed assets take into account required attribute reduction due to discharge of indebtedness as a result of the chapter 11 restructuring proceedings. Projected taxable income after accounting for available tax shields is estimated to be approximately \$50-90 million per year over the projected period.

Canadian Taxable income in each projected year is projected to be zero after accounting for usage of available post-emergence tax attributes. Post-emergence Canadian Tax attributes take into account required attribute reduction due to discharge of indebtedness under the CCAA Plan. Post-emergence attributes are primarily comprised of undepreciated capital cost ("UCC"), and to a lesser extent, NOLs and Scientific Research and Experimental Development expenses.

All tax-related projections conform to the cash flows used by Blackstone in its Enterprise Valuation of the Company based upon consideration of tax attribute estimates provided by the Debtors and their tax advisors.

5. Reorganized ABH Projected Balance Sheets

The Reorganized ABH Projected Balance Sheets set forth the projected financial position of the Company, after giving effect to the Adjusted September 30, 2010 Balance Sheet, the proposed reorganization and related pro forma adjustments in Section 3. The Reorganized ABH Balance Sheets were developed based upon the projected results of operations and cash flows over the Projection Period.

Reorganized ABH - Projected Balance Sheet						
	Pro Forma September 30, 2010	Projected Year Ending December 31,				
		2010E	2011E	2012E	2013E	2014E
<i>In US\$ million unless otherwise noted</i>						
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$150	\$300	\$618	\$1,070	\$1,579	\$2,104
Accounts receivable	879	872	980	1,014	989	1,017
Inventories, net	588	608	621	620	618	617
Other current assets	121	115	115	115	115	115
Total current assets	\$1,738	\$1,895	\$2,335	\$2,820	\$3,301	\$3,854
Fixed assets, net	\$2,866	\$2,799	\$2,615	\$2,439	\$2,247	\$2,048
Unconsolidated Investments	66	65	65	66	70	75
Other non-current assets	311	306	269	260	250	244
Pension assets	149	159	227	297	377	453
Total assets	\$5,130	\$5,226	\$5,511	\$5,882	\$6,245	\$6,673
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities not subject to compromise:						
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$297	\$422	\$428	\$431	\$431	\$434
Liabilities associated with assets held for sale	35	35	35	35	35	35
Total current liabilities not subject to compromise	\$332	\$456	\$463	\$466	\$466	\$469
Debt	241	241	241	241	241	241
Pension and OPEB	391	391	391	391	391	391
Other long-term liabilities	55	55	55	55	55	55
Exit Financing Facilities	1,191	1,191	1,191	1,191	1,191	1,191
Total liabilities	\$2,210	\$2,334	\$2,341	\$2,344	\$2,344	\$2,346
Shareholders' equity / (deficit)	\$2,534	\$2,509	\$2,782	\$3,146	\$3,508	\$3,931
Non-controlling interests	\$386	\$383	\$388	\$392	\$393	\$396
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$5,130	\$5,226	\$5,511	\$5,882	\$6,245	\$6,673

6. Reorganized ABH Statement of Cash Flow

The Reorganized ABH Statement of Cash Flow sets forth the Company's forecasted changes in cash, after giving effect to the proposed reorganization.

Reorganized ABH - Projected Cash Flow Statement					
	3 Months Ended December 31,	Projected Year Ending December 31,			
	2010E	2011E	2012E	2013E	2014E
<i>In US\$ million unless otherwise noted</i>					
OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Net income / (loss)	(\$26)	\$273	\$364	\$361	\$423
Adjustments to reconcile to net cash provided by / (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation, amortization, and cost of timber harvested	72	294	301	307	314
Deferred income taxes	6	-	-	-	-
Net income / (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	2	34	33	32	31
Net pension contributions	8	(49)	(52)	(62)	(58)
Net OPEB contributions	(18)	(19)	(18)	(18)	(17)
Equity investments net income	0	(7)	(8)	(10)	(10)
Amortization of financing costs	4	18	18	18	13
Changes in working capital:					
Accounts receivable	6	(108)	(34)	25	(29)
Inventories	(19)	(13)	1	2	1
Accounts payable	124	7	3	(0)	3
Net cash provided by / (used in) operating activities	\$160	\$429	\$608	\$656	\$671
INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Cash invested in fixed assets	(24)	(110)	(125)	(116)	(115)
Dispositions of assets	20	-	-	-	-
Other investing activities, net	(0)	27	(1)	(2)	(2)
Net cash provided by / (used in) investing activities	(\$5)	(\$83)	(\$126)	(\$117)	(\$117)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Cash distributions attributable to non-controlling interests	(5)	(28)	(30)	(30)	(28)
Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities	(\$5)	(\$28)	(\$30)	(\$30)	(\$28)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$150	\$318	\$452	\$508	\$526
Cash and cash equivalents:					
Beginning of period	\$150	\$300	\$618	\$1,070	\$1,579
End of period	\$300	\$618	\$1,070	\$1,579	\$2,104

a. Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit ("OPEB") Contributions

i. Pension

The Company has multiple contributory and non-contributory defined benefit pension plans covering substantially all of its employees. On an accounting basis, as of December 31, 2009 the qualified defined benefit retirement plans maintained by the Company had a funded status of approximately 93% (90% on a Pension Protection Act, or "PPA", basis) and were under-funded by approximately \$424 million. This includes a deficit under Canadian defined benefit plans of approximately CDN\$ 1.4 billion as calculated on a solvency basis. Assuming that the Plan and CCAA Plan confirmed by the Bankruptcy Court and the Court, respectively, provide for the assumption of the qualified defined benefit retirement plans, the Company will likely be required to make significant cash contributions to these plans under applicable U.S. and Canadian laws over the next several years following emergence from bankruptcy in order to amortize the existing under-funding and satisfy current service obligations under the plans. Pension contributions will materially impact future cash flows that might otherwise be available for repayment of debt, capital expenditures, and other corporate purposes. All projected contributions referenced below are the amounts in excess of expense embedded in COGS and SG&A and appear in the Debtors' projected Reorganized Statement of Cash Flow.

The projected contributions stated hereafter were provided by the Company's pension advisors and conform to the cash flows used by Blackstone in its Enterprise Valuation of the Company. These contributions for United

States qualified plans are estimated to be approximately \$16-27 million per year from 2010-2014 reflecting payments for both current and past service. Projected contributions also appear net of associated tax savings.

In connection with the CCAA Proceedings, the Court approved certain restrictions on the required cash contributions for the Canadian pension plans such that only current service costs were funded. In the Financial Projections, suspended contributions for past service costs have been resumed at estimated levels currently being negotiated with the relevant government authorities. Projected contributions for Canadian qualified plans are estimated to be approximately \$35-44 million per year reflecting payments for both current and past service, net of associated tax savings.

The actual required amounts and timing of all such future cash contributions will be highly sensitive to changes in the applicable discount rates and returns on pension plan assets, and could also be impacted by future changes in the laws and regulations applicable to pension plan funding as well as the ultimate conclusion of negotiations with the relevant government authorities.

ii. **OPEB**

The Company also sponsors a number of OPEB plans for retirees.

Projected contributions for U.S. OPEB plans are estimated to be \$7-8 million per year from 2010-2014 for both current and past service. These contribution levels assume an annual health care cost increase of 7.2% and a rate of compensation increase of 2.9%.

Projected contributions for Canadian OPEB plans are estimated to be approximately \$8-9 million per year from 2010-2014 for both current and past service. These contribution levels assume a health care cost trend rate of 6.5% and a rate of compensation increase of 2.9%.

The actual required amounts and timing of all such future cash contributions will be highly sensitive to changes in the applicable discount rates and rates of compensation increase, among other factors.

b. **Capital Expenditures**

Capital expenditures are projected to range from \$110 to \$125 million per year. The projected capital plan is based on the Company's expectation for average capital requirements through the cycle. Capital expenditures in 2011 are slightly lower than subsequent years to preserve shorter term liquidity. Priorities for capital expenditure include critical government / business requirements, project returns, facility / business ranking, equipment reliability and business judgment. No spending has been budgeted for capacity increases in the newsprint and CPP segments.

c. **Working Capital**

i. Accounts receivable days sales outstanding ("DSOs") vary based upon product line and destination, averaging approximately 55-60 DSOs. Domestic newsprint, which is approximately 45% of total sales have DSOs range from 33-37 days, while export sales are longer at 120-130 days. Specialty and Pulp DSOs range from 40-57 days while Lumber has the shortest sales cycle at 12-15 days. Changes in trade accounts receivable at emergence reflect the assumption that ACI's accounts receivable securitization program is terminated at emergence and is not replaced.

ii. Accounts Payable: The current implied number of days for which trade accounts payable are outstanding is approximately 13 days. This is expected to rise gradually to approximately 30 days in the months after emergence from Chapter 11/ CCAA, as the Debtors begin to receive normalized trade terms from their trade creditors.

7. ACI and D-Corp Summary EBITDA and Unlevered Free Cash Flow

ACI - EBITDA and Unlevered Free Cash Flow					
(\$ in millions)					
	3 Mos. Ended:	Projected Year Ending December 31,			
	Dec. 31, 2010	2011E	2012E	2013E	2014E
Revenue	\$ 527	\$ 2,353	\$ 2,369	\$ 2,419	\$ 2,415
EBITDA	\$ 44	\$ 353	\$ 355	\$ 424	\$ 436
% Margin	8.4%	15.0%	15.0%	17.5%	18.1%
Capital Expenditures	(12)	(52)	(59)	(56)	(58)
Pension / OPEB Contributions	(6)	(32)	(34)	(39)	(38)
Change in Working Capital	(219)	(58)	(1)	(1)	(6)
Cash Dividends to Non-Controlling Interests	0	0	0	(4)	(4)
Interest Income	0	2	5	11	17
Taxes	0	0	0	0	0
Other Items	(2)	27	(1)	(1)	(1)
Unlevered Free Cash Flow	\$ (194)	\$ 239	\$ 265	\$ 335	\$ 347

D-Corp - EBITDA and Unlevered Free Cash Flow					
(\$ in millions)					
	3 Mos. Ended:	Projected Year Ending December 31,			
	Dec. 31, 2010	2011E	2012E	2013E	2014E
Revenue	\$ 64	\$ 290	\$ 290	\$ 287	\$ 286
EBITDA	\$ 9	\$ 82	\$ 74	\$ 76	\$ 81
% Margin	14.1%	28.3%	25.4%	26.6%	28.3%
Capital Expenditures	(1)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Pension / OPEB Contributions	6	(19)	(19)	(26)	(21)
Change in Working Capital	267	(23)	(2)	0	(2)
Cash Dividends to Non-Controlling Interests	(5)	(23)	(22)	(19)	(17)
Interest Income	1	7	7	8	9
Taxes	0	0	0	0	0
Other Items	(0)	0	0	0	0
Unlevered Free Cash Flow	\$ 277	\$ 21	\$ 34	\$ 33	\$ 43

8. BI, BNS and BCFPI Summary EBITDA and Unlevered Free Cash Flow

BI - EBITDA and Unlevered Free Cash Flow					
(\$ in millions)					
	3 Mos. Ended:	Projected Year Ending December 31,			
	Dec. 31, 2010	2011E	2012E	2013E	2014E
Revenue	\$ 346	\$ 1,491	\$ 1,514	\$ 1,473	\$ 1,495
EBITDA	\$ 51	\$ 290	\$ 287	\$ 233	\$ 245
% Margin	14.8%	19.4%	19.0%	15.8%	16.4%
Capital Expenditures	(5)	(29)	(32)	(26)	(28)
Pension / OPEB Contributions	(9)	(3)	(2)	0	(1)
Change in Working Capital	56	(31)	(12)	14	(7)
Cash Dividends to Non-Controlling Interests	0	(5)	(9)	(8)	(7)
Interest Income	0	4	7	11	14
Taxes	(21)	(71)	(66)	(42)	(49)
Other Items	(2)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Unlevered Free Cash Flow	\$ 71	\$ 153	\$ 173	\$ 182	\$ 166

BNS - EBITDA and Unlevered Free Cash Flow					
(\$ in millions)					
	3 Mos. Ended:	Projected Year Ending December 31,			
	Dec. 31, 2010	2011E	2012E	2013E	2014E
Revenue	\$ 114	\$ 456	\$ 487	\$ 446	\$ 465
EBITDA	\$ 12	\$ 69	\$ 98	\$ 51	\$ 62
% Margin	10.4%	15.0%	20.1%	11.5%	13.2%
Capital Expenditures	(3)	(14)	(16)	(12)	(8)
Pension / OPEB Contributions	(0)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Change in Working Capital	15	(2)	(8)	9	(5)
Cash Dividends to Non-Controlling Interests	0	0	0	0	0
Interest Income	0	1	1	2	3
Taxes	(9)	(18)	(26)	(9)	(13)
Other Items	0	0	0	0	0
Unlevered Free Cash Flow	\$ 15	\$ 33	\$ 47	\$ 37	\$ 36

BCFPI - EBITDA and Unlevered Free Cash Flow					
(\$ in millions)					
	3 Mos. Ended:	Projected Year Ending December 31,			
	Dec. 31, 2010	2011E	2012E	2013E	2014E
Revenue	\$ 174	\$ 751	\$ 820	\$ 791	\$ 813
EBITDA	\$ 15	\$ 73	\$ 145	\$ 123	\$ 147
% Margin	8.3%	9.7%	17.6%	15.6%	18.0%
Capital Expenditures	(3)	(10)	(13)	(15)	(15)
Pension / OPEB Contributions	(2)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(13)
Change in Working Capital	(5)	0	(8)	5	(5)
Cash Dividends to Non-Controlling Interests	0	0	0	0	0
Interest Income	0	1	1	2	3
Taxes	0	0	0	0	0
Other Items	(1)	0	0	0	0
Unlevered Free Cash Flow	\$ 4	\$ 53	\$ 113	\$ 103	\$ 117

APPENDIX H ENTERPRISE VALUATION

In conjunction with formulating the First Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization Under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code dated May [24], 2010 (as may be amended and supplemented from time to time according to its terms, the "**Plan**") and the CCAA Plan, the Company determined that it was necessary to estimate its consolidated value on a going-concern basis (the "**Enterprise Value**"). Accordingly, the Company, with the assistance of Blackstone, its financial advisors, has prepared the foregoing valuation.

In estimating the hypothetical range of the Enterprise Value of the Company, Blackstone:

- a. reviewed certain of the Company's recent historical financial information;
- b. reviewed certain of the Company's internal financial and operating data, which was prepared and provided to Blackstone by the Company's management and which relates to the Company's business and its prospects;
- c. met with the Company's senior management team and discussed the Company's operations and future prospects;
- d. considered certain economic and industry information relevant to the Company's operating business;
- e. conducted such other studies, analyses, inquiries and investigations as it deemed appropriate;
- f. reviewed certain publicly available financial data for, and considered the market value of, public companies that Blackstone deemed generally comparable to the operating business of the Company; and
- g. considered recent precedent transactions in the paper and forest products industry.

Although Blackstone reviewed the Company's business, operating assets and liabilities and business plan, Blackstone assumed that the Financial Projections prepared by the Company's management were reasonably prepared in good faith and on a basis reflecting the Company's most accurate currently available estimates and judgments as to the future operating and financial performance of the Company. In addition, Blackstone did not independently verify the Financial Projections in connection with preparing estimates of Enterprise Value, and no independent valuations or appraisals of the Debtors were sought or obtained in connection herewith. Such estimates were developed solely for purposes of the formulation and negotiation of the Plan and the analysis of implied relative recoveries to holders of Allowed Claims/Proven Claims (as defined in the CCAA Plan) thereunder.

Blackstone's estimated Enterprise Value of the Company does not constitute a recommendation to any holder of Allowed Claims / Proven Claims as to how such person should vote or otherwise act with respect to the Plan. Blackstone has not been asked to and does not express any view as to what the trading value of the Company's securities would be when issued pursuant to the Plan or the CCAA Plan or the prices at which they may trade in the future.

Blackstone's estimate of Enterprise Value reflects the application of standard valuation techniques and does not purport to reflect or constitute appraisals, liquidation values or estimates of the actual market value that may be realized through the sale of any securities to be issued pursuant to the Plan and delivered under the CCAA Plan, which may be significantly different than the amounts set forth herein. The value of an operating business is subject to numerous uncertainties and contingencies which are difficult to predict and will fluctuate with changes in factors affecting the financial condition and prospects of such a business. As a result, the estimated Enterprise Value range of the Company set forth herein is not necessarily indicative of actual outcomes, which may be significantly more or less favorable than those set forth herein. Neither the Company, nor Blackstone, nor any other person assumes responsibility for any differences between the Enterprise Value range and such actual outcomes. Actual market

prices of such securities at issuance will depend upon, among other things, the operating performance of the Company, prevailing interest rates, conditions in the financial markets, the anticipated holding period of securities received by prepetition creditors (some of whom may prefer to liquidate their investment rather than hold it on a long-term basis), developments in the Company's industry and economic conditions generally, and other factors which generally influence the prices of securities.

As noted above, the estimate of the hypothetical range of Enterprise Values was calculated on a going-concern basis. The Plan and CCAA Plan are premised upon complete deconsolidation of the Company's legal entities subject to those proceedings. As such, the values of the individual Debtors and Applicants (as defined in the CCAA Plan) and the Allowed Claims/Proven Claims against such Debtors and Applicants may affect what is available for distribution to the creditors of each such entity.

The following is a brief summary of certain financial analyses performed by Blackstone to arrive at its range of estimated Enterprise Values for the Company. Blackstone's valuation analysis must be considered as a whole. Reliance on only one of the methodologies used or portions of the analysis performed could create a misleading or incomplete conclusion as to Enterprise Value.

i. Discounted Cash Flow Analysis

The discounted cash flow ("**DCF**") analysis is a forward-looking enterprise valuation methodology that estimates the value of an asset or business by calculating the present value of expected future cash flows to be generated by that asset or business. Under this methodology, projected future cash flows are discounted by the business' weighted average cost of capital (the "**Discount Rate**"). The Discount Rate reflects the estimated blended rate of return that would be required by debt and equity investors to invest in the business based upon its capital structure. The Enterprise Value of the firm is determined by calculating the present value of the Company's unlevered after-tax free cash flows based on the Financial Projections (with certain adjustments noted in the Financial Projections section) plus an estimate for the value of the Company beyond the Projection Period, known as the terminal value. The terminal value is derived by applying a perpetuity growth rate to the average free cash flow generated over the Projection Period, discounted back to the assumed date of emergence by the Discount Rate.

ii. Comparable Company Analysis

The comparable company valuation analysis estimates the value of a company based on a relative comparison with other publicly traded companies with similar operating and financial characteristics. Under this methodology, the enterprise value for each selected public company was determined by examining the trading prices for the equity securities of such company in the public markets and adding the aggregate amount of outstanding net debt for such company (at book value) and minority interest. Those enterprise values are commonly expressed as multiples of various measures of operating statistics, most commonly EBITDA. Blackstone also examined enterprise values for each selected public company by including the pension underfunding of each company in enterprise value and then expressing those enterprise values as multiples of EBITDAP. In addition, each of the selected public company's operational performance, operating margins, profitability, leverage and business trends were examined. Based on these analyses, financial multiples and ratios are calculated to apply to the Company's actual and projected operational performance.

iii. Precedent Transactions Analysis

The precedent transactions analysis estimates value by examining public merger and acquisition transactions. The valuations paid in such acquisitions or implied in such mergers are analyzed as ratios of various financial results. These transaction multiples are calculated based on the purchase price (including any debt assumed) paid to acquire companies that are comparable to the Company. Since precedent transaction analysis reflects aspects of value other than the intrinsic value of a company, there are limitations as to its applicability in determining the Enterprise Value. Nonetheless, Blackstone reviewed recent merger and acquisition transactions involving paper and forest products companies. Many of the transactions analyzed occurred in fundamentally different industry and credit market conditions from those prevailing in the marketplace and therefore may not be the best indication of value.

The valuation analysis assumes an Effective Date / Implementation Date of October 1, 2010 and is based on the Financial Projections provided by the Debtors' management for 2010 – 2014, which are attached to this Disclosure Statement as Exhibit [B]. Based on these Financial Projections and solely for purposes of the Plan, Blackstone estimates that the Enterprise Value of the Company falls within a range of approximately \$3,500 to \$3,850 million with a mid-point estimate of \$3,675 million. The Enterprise Valuation includes the proportionate share of value of investments in non-consolidated affiliates and the value of other assets.

Based on an assumed pro forma debt balance of approximately \$1,250 million at the Effective Date / Implementation Date, including the Rights Offering at face value, the funded portion of the Exit Loan Facilities and the proportionate share of debt and long-term liabilities at the Company's affiliates, Blackstone's mid-point estimate of Enterprise Value implies a mid-point value for the New ABH Common Stock (the "**Equity Value**") of approximately \$2,425 million. The mid-point Equity Value assumes that there are no material differences between the face value and the fair value of the Rights Offering or other pro forma debt.

APPENDIX I

TERMS OF THE RIGHTS OFFERING NOTES

All terms used and not defined in this Appendix shall have the meaning ascribed to them in the backstop commitment agreement entered into by AbitibiBowater Inc. and the Backstop Parties set out therein as of May 23, 2010 in connection with the Rights Offering (as defined below) (the "**Backstop Agreement**"), which is attached as an exhibit to the Disclosure Statement and which is available on the Monitor's website at www.ey.com/ca/abitibibowater. In the event of any inconsistency between this Appendix and the Backstop Agreement, the Backstop Agreement shall prevail.

Issuer:	AbitibiBowater Inc., a holding company incorporated under the laws of the United States or Canada, as formed or reorganized pursuant to the Plans (the " Company ").
Form of Offering:	The Company will issue rights to purchase new notes (the " New Notes ") of the Company (the " Rights ") to Eligible Holders of Eligible Claims against the Company in connection with the Plans (the " Rights Offering "). The Rights Offering terms are described in the Backstop Commitment Agreement.
Issue Amount:	New Notes (which collectively shall consist of \$1145 Notes and Backstop Notes (each as hereinafter defined)) to be issued in an amount (the "Amount") not to exceed the lesser of: A) US\$500 million; and B) the sum of: (i) US\$325 million; and (ii) US\$1,400 million less the sum of the Available Cash (as defined below) of the Company as of the Effective Date and aggregate principal amount of term indebtedness outstanding under the Exit Financing Facilities (as described in the Plans) and any other available facilities at such time. The Amount is subject to further reduction by the amount of Liquidity (as defined below) of the Company at the Effective Date in excess of \$600 million. Any such reduction will be made as provided by the Backstop Commitment Agreement. Available Cash and Liquidity shall have the meaning set forth in the Backstop Commitment Agreement.
Purchase Price:	100% of the principal amount.
Upfront Payment:	The Company will pay to each Eligible Holder that subscribes to Rights to purchase New Notes an amount equal to 4% of the aggregate principal amount of such New Notes on the Effective Date, upon issuance of the New Notes.
Coupon:	10%, payable semi-annually in arrears commencing on the date that is six months after the Closing Date, computed on the basis of a 360-day year composed of twelve 30-day months. Subject to any required regulatory approval and provided no event of default has occurred and is continuing, with respect to any interest period, the Company shall have the option to pay half (i.e., 5%) of such interest by issuing additional New Notes ("PIK Notes"), <i>provided</i> that if the Company so elects to pay half of the coupon in PIK Notes, the portion of the coupon so payable with respect to such interest period shall be 6% rather than the 5% that would have been payable by the Company had it paid in cash.
Use of Proceeds:	The proceeds from the issuance and sale of the New Notes shall be used to fund the Company's cash needs in connection with consummation of the Plans.

Closing Date:	The date of the consummation of the Plans in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Investors and consistent with the Backstop Commitment Agreement, and this New Notes Term Sheet (the " Closing "), which date shall be the later to occur of (A) October 15, 2010 and (B) the date that is the earlier to occur of (x) December 31, 2010 and (y) the latest date on which any of the Company's commitments for Exit Financing Facilities are scheduled to expire so long as the Company's commitments for the Exit Financing Facilities are acceptable to Majority Investors (as defined in the Backstop Commitment Agreement).
Investors:	The Company shall offer New Notes to the Eligible Holders (such New Notes being collectively referred to as the "§1145 Notes"), with each of the Eligible Holders entitled to purchase up to its pro rata share of the New Notes (such purchasing Eligible Holders, collectively, the "New Notes Investors") on the terms set forth in the Backstop Commitment Agreement. The Investors shall enter into agreement(s) to subscribe, in accordance with <u>Schedule 1(h)</u> to the Backstop Commitment Agreement, for any portion of the New Notes not subscribed for by the Eligible Holders (the "Backstop Notes"). As consideration for their commitment to subscribe for such Backstop Notes, the Investors shall be entitled to receive the payments as set forth in, and in accordance with the terms of, the Backstop Commitment Agreement.
Exemptions / Transfer:	The issuance of Rights to the creditors and the exercise of the Rights are intended to be exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Securities Act") pursuant to Section 1145 of the Bankruptcy Code and exempt from any prospectus requirement under corresponding Canadian securities laws exemptions. The amount of New Rights that each Eligible Holder may subscribe for in the Rights Offering may be decreased by the Issuer to the extent required to allow the Rights Offering to be exempt from registration under the Securities Act pursuant to Section 1145 of the Bankruptcy Code. After the consummation of the Rights Offering, subject to applicable securities laws, the New Notes Investors and their respective permitted transferees shall have the right to transfer freely the §1145 Notes or the Common Shares received upon conversion of the §1145 Notes at any time. The issuance of Backstop Notes to the Investors pursuant to the Backstop Commitment Agreement is intended to be exempt from Securities Act registration under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act and exempt from any prospectus requirement under Canadian securities laws. After consummation of the Rights Offering, the Backstop Notes may not be offered or sold except pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act or any applicable state laws or pursuant to a registration statement.
Denomination:	New Notes shall be issued in a minimum denomination of US\$1.00 per New Note (and integral multiples thereof).
Conversion Price:	The New Notes shall be convertible as described below into the common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, of the Company (the "Common Shares") at the Conversion Price. The "Conversion Price" shall equal (x) \$1,800 million (plus any consideration to be received upon issuance of common shares outstanding on a fully-diluted basis on the Effective Date after giving effect to the consummation of the Plans, other than Common Shares issuable upon conversion of the New Notes and any Common Shares issued as part of the backstop payment) divided by (y) the number of Common Shares outstanding on a fully diluted basis on the Effective Date after giving effect to the consummation of the Plans, other than Common Shares issuable upon conversion of the New Notes and any Common Shares issued as part of the backstop payment, the issuance of which would be anti-dilutive as of the Effective Date.

Maturity Date:	The New Notes will mature seven (7) years from the date of Closing (the " Issue Date ").
Guarantees:	The New Notes will be guaranteed by the wholly-owned U.S. subsidiaries of the Company (the " Guarantees ").
Ranking:	The New Notes and the Guarantees shall be subordinated in right of payment to the Company's and the Guarantors' obligations under the Company's Exit Financing Facilities, which may include unsecured financings (or replacements or refinancings thereof), and any other unsecured or secured senior debt in an amount not to exceed \$200 million in the aggregate. Except as provided in the preceding sentence, the New Notes and the Guarantees shall be pari passu in right of payment with all senior unsecured obligations of the Company or the relevant Guarantor.
Conversion Rights:	The New Notes will be convertible at the option of the holder (i) in the event of a redemption at the option of the Company, and otherwise, (ii) after the 6-month period following the Issue Date, and in each case, prior to the close of business on the earlier of the Maturity Date and the last business day immediately preceding any date fixed for redemption, into a number of Common Shares based on the Conversion Price, as adjusted from time to time. Holders of the Backstop Notes will receive restricted Common Shares under U.S. securities laws upon conversion of the Backstop Notes and will not be able to convert unless they are eligible to receive the Common Shares in accordance with applicable law. Upon conversion, holders of New Notes will receive a separate payment for accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the date of conversion, except as described below. If New Notes are converted after a regular record date for the payment of interest, holders of record of such New Notes will receive all of the interest payable on such New Notes on the corresponding interest payment date notwithstanding the conversion. New Notes, upon surrender for conversion during the period beginning after any record date to the immediately following interest payment date, must be accompanied by funds equal to the amount of interest that would accrue from the date of conversion to, but excluding, the interest payment date, unless (i) such New Notes have been called for redemption by the Company or (ii) such interest payment date is the maturity date of the New Notes.
Conversion Adjustments:	The indenture will provide for the adjustment of the Conversion Price in certain events including, without limitation, (i) the subdivision or consolidation of the outstanding Common Shares; (ii) the issue of Common Shares or securities convertible into Common Shares by way of stock dividend or other distribution; (iii) the issue of rights, options or warrants with an exercise period of less than 60 days to all of the holders of Common Shares entitling them to acquire Common Shares or other securities convertible into Common Shares at less than 95% of the then market price; (iv) the distribution to all holders of Common Shares of any other securities or assets (including through a spin-off); (v) the payment to all holders of Common Shares in respect of an issuer tender offer or exchange offer for Common Shares by the Company to the extent that the market value of the payment exceeds the then market price of the Common Shares on the date of expiry of the bid; and (vi) the payment of cash dividends that exceed ordinary-course periodic dividends on the Common Shares.

Redemption:	<u>Mandatory:</u> In the event of an Asset Sale (to be defined) with more than \$100 million of net cash proceeds from such Asset Sale, occurring within six months after the Issue Date, the Company shall apply the net cash proceeds from such Asset Sale to redeem New Notes at a price equal to 105% of the par value of the New Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date; provided that (i) in the case of each such Asset Sale, the Company has minimum Liquidity, after giving effect to such Asset Sale and application of the net cash proceeds thereof, of at least \$600 million, and (ii) the Company is permitted to make such redemption by the agreements governing its outstanding indebtedness, which the Company will use commercially reasonable efforts to permit such redemption, subject to compliance with the foregoing liquidity requirement. <u>Optional:</u> During the period commencing on the 61st day following the Issue Date and ending on the first interest payment date, if US\$100 million or less of the New Notes are outstanding, the Company may, from time to time, optionally redeem such New Notes at a price of 105% of the par value of the New Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date. Otherwise, three-year non-call, callable at the greater of Market and 110% of par in year 4, 112% of par in year 5, 115% of par in year 6 and par thereafter, in each case, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date. "Market" means a value to be determined by the Board, which will retain a nationally recognized investment bank to make a reasonable determination of market value, which will assume, among other factors, a 35% volatility and a market price for the Common Share based on the trailing 20-day VWAP on the Primary Trading Market immediately prior to the date of the notice of the call.
Fundamental Change:	Upon a Fundamental Change (as defined below), holders of the New Notes will have the right to require the Company to repurchase their New Notes, in whole or in part, at a price equal to the accreted value of the principal amount of the New Notes based on the original issue price (less the Upfront Payment) plus accrued and unpaid interest thereon to such repurchase date. A "Fundamental Change" shall mean the occurrence of any of the following: (i) the acquisition of 50% or more of the Common Shares by any person or group, (ii) a merger, sale of all or substantially all of the Company's assets, share exchange or recapitalization the result of which less than 50% of common equity of the continuing entity is held by holders of the common equity of the Company immediately prior to such transaction, (iii) a majority of directors cease to be "continuing directors" as customarily defined, (iv) stockholders of the Company approve a plan of liquidation or dissolution of the Company, or (v) after the Common Shares are listed, they cease to be listed, <i>provided, however</i>, a Fundamental Change under clause (i) or (ii) shall not be deemed to have occurred if at least 90% of the consideration received or to be received by holders of Common Shares, excluding cash payments for fractional shares, in connection with the transaction or transactions constituting the Fundamental Change consists of shares of common stock, American Depositary Receipts, American Depositary Shares (or other similar instruments) traded on a national securities exchange in the United States or Canada or which will be so traded or quoted when issued or exchanged in connection with a Fundamental Change (these securities being referred to as "Publicly Traded Securities") and as a result of this transaction or transactions the debentures become convertible into such Publicly Traded Securities, excluding cash payments for fractional shares.
Covenants; Events of Default:	Will contain a customary SEC and SEDAR reporting covenant. Will contain events of default customary for market converts. Will permit the Company to elect that the sole remedy for a default caused by a failure to comply with the reporting covenant be the payment of additional interest on the Notes for up to 180 days, rather than acceleration.

Registration Rights:	With respect to the Backstop Notes and the Common Shares issuable upon conversion thereof, the Company will: • file with SEC within 30 days after the earlier of (i) the date the Company becomes S-3 eligible (and has filed the information required by Part III of Form 10-K) and (ii) April 30, 2011, and • use commercially reasonable efforts to cause to become effective within 75 days after the earlier of (i) the date the Company becomes S-3 eligible (and has filed the information required by Part III of Form 10-K) and (ii) April 30, 2011, a shelf registration statement with respect to the resale of the Backstop Notes and the underlying Common Shares upon conversion of the Backstop Notes. If the Company fails to file such shelf registration statement or register the Backstop Notes and the underlying Common Shares upon conversion of the Backstop Notes by the dates set forth above, the Company will be required to pay additional interest of 0.25% per annum to the holders of the Backstop Notes until such time as the registration statement becomes effective. The Company will keep the registration statement effective until the date that is two years from the date of effectiveness of the registration statement.
Documentation and Listing:	The terms of the indenture, the form of New Notes, and other applicable documentation related to the New Notes are to be proposed by and in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Company and the Investors. Company will make an application to list the Common Shares to be issued pursuant to the Plans and upon conversion or otherwise on (i) either the NASDAQ or the NYSE and (ii) the TSX.
Choice of Law:	New York

SUPERIOR COURT

Commercial Division

(Sitting as a court designated pursuant to the Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act)

Nº. 500-11-036133-094

CANADA

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC

DISTRICT OF MONTRÉAL

In the matter of Plan of Compromise or Arrangement
of:

ABITIBOWATER INC. and al

Petitioners

- and -

ERNST & YOUNG INC.

Monitor

BS0350

EXHIBIT R-2

ORIGINAL

Me Guv P. Martel

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STIKEMAN ELLIOTT

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EXHIBIT R-3

CROSS-BORDER VOTING PROTOCOL

This cross-border claims voting protocol (the “**Cross-Border Voting Protocol**”) is intended to set forth the procedures to be applied with respect to the voting of claims against the Cross-Border Debtors in the Insolvency Proceedings (each as defined below).

The Cross-Border Voting Protocol is also intended to supplement (i) the Order of the Superior Court of Quebec (the “**Canadian Court**”) dated ►, 2010 which, among other things, sets the Creditors’ Meeting Date and establishes the meeting procedures (the “**CCAA Meeting Order**”) and (ii) the Order of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the “**U.S. Court**”) dated ►, 2010 which, among other things, establishes procedures for the solicitation of votes to accept or reject the U.S. Debtors’ (as defined below) plan of reorganization (the “**U.S. Solicitation Order**”).

Capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings set forth in the CCAA Meeting Order and the U.S. Solicitation Order (each as defined herein).

Background

1. On April 16, 2009, AbitibiBowater Inc., Bowater Inc. and certain of their direct and indirect U.S. and Canadian subsidiaries listed in Appendix “A” hereto (collectively, the “**U.S. Debtors**”) filed voluntary petitions for relief under Chapter 11 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. §§ 101 et seq. in the U.S. Court (collectively, the “**Chapter 11 Cases**”). For purposes of this Cross-Border Voting Protocol, the meaning of “**U.S. Debtors**” does not include the Cross-Border Debtors (as defined below), but does include Abitibi Consolidated Finance, L.P. (“**ACFLP**”).
2. On April 17, 2009, Abitibi-Consolidated Inc. (“**ACI**”) and its subsidiaries listed in Appendix “B” hereto (collectively with ACI, the “**ACI Petitioners**”) and Bowater Canadian Holdings Inc. (“**BCHI**”) and its subsidiaries listed in Appendix “C” hereto (collectively with BCHI, the “**Bowater Petitioners**”) (the ACI Petitioners and the Bowater Petitioners are collectively referred to herein as the “**Canadian Petitioners**”) filed for and obtained protection from their creditors under the *Companies’ Creditors Arrangement Act* (the “**CCAA**” and the “**CCAA Proceedings**”) pursuant to an Order issued by the Canadian Court (the “**Initial Order**”).
3. The Canadian Petitioners include BCHI, Bowater Canada Finance Corporation, Bowater Canadian Limited, AbitibiBowater Canada Inc., Bowater Canadian Forest Products Inc., Bowater LaHave Corporation and Bowater Maritimes Inc., each of which filed for protection under the CCAA and commenced Chapter 11 Cases (collectively, the “**Cross-**

Border Debtors", and the Cross-Border Debtors together with the U.S. Debtors the **"Chapter 11 Debtors"**).

4. Pursuant to the Initial Order, Ernst & Young Inc. was appointed as Monitor of the Canadian Petitioners (the **"Monitor"**) under the CCAA.
5. The **"Partnerships"** include Bowater Canada Finance Limited Partnership, Bowater Pulp and Paper Canada Holdings Limited Partnership and ACFLP, but for the purposes of this Cross-Border Voting Protocol, the meaning of "Partnerships" shall not include ACFLP.
6. For convenience, the Chapter 11 Cases and the CCAA Proceedings shall be referred to herein collectively as the **"Insolvency Proceedings"**.
7. The Canadian Court has issued three claims procedure orders in the CCAA Proceedings (collectively referred to herein as the **"Canadian Claims Orders"**):
 - (a) the Canadian Court approved the procedures for proving claims in the CCAA Proceedings on August 26, 2009;
 - (b) the Canadian Court established the procedures for reviewing and determining claims in the CCAA Proceedings, including the review and determination of claims against the Cross-Border Debtors pursuant to a cross-border claims reconciliation protocol (the **"Claims Reconciliation Protocol"**), on January 18, 2010; and
 - (c) the Canadian Court established procedures for soliciting, reviewing and determining certain previously excluded claims on February 23, 2010.
8. The Canadian Claims Orders apply to claims filed against the Canadian Petitioners, including the Cross-Border Debtors, and the Partnerships.
9. The U.S. Court has issued three claims procedure orders in the Chapter 11 Cases (collectively referred to herein as the **"U.S. Claims Orders"** and, together with the Canadian Claims Orders, the **"Claims Orders"**):

- (a) on September 3, 2009, the U.S. Court approved the procedures for filing claims and established a claims bar date for filing proofs of claim;
 - (b) on January 19, 2010, the U.S. Court entered an order approving the Claims Reconciliation Protocol in the Chapter 11 Cases; and
 - (c) on February 18, 2010, the U.S. Court established procedures for soliciting, reviewing and determining certain previously excluded claims.
10. Pursuant to the Claims Orders, the claims bar dates in both Canada and the U.S. were November 13, 2009 and April 7, 2010 for voting and distribution purposes, with the exception of Restructuring Claims (as defined in the Canadian Claims Orders) which have a rolling bar date subsequent to April 7, 2010.
11. Pursuant to the Canadian Claims Orders, any claims asserted against the Canadian Petitioners or the Partnerships were to have been filed in the CCAA Proceedings in accordance with the procedures set forth therein. This includes any claims asserted against the Cross-Border Debtors.
12. Pursuant to the U.S. Claims Orders, subject to certain exceptions, any person or entity (including any governmental unit) asserting a claim against a debtor in the Chapter 11 Cases must have filed a proof of claim so that it was actually received by the U.S. claims agent on or before the relevant claims bar date; provided, however, that any person or entity asserting a claim against a Cross-Border Debtor in the Chapter 11 Cases was permitted to file a timely proof of claim pursuant to the Canadian Claims Orders so that it was actually received by the Monitor on or before the relevant claims bar date. The U.S. Claims Orders further provide that proofs of claim timely filed against any Cross-Border Debtor with the Monitor shall be deemed timely filed claims against the applicable Cross-Border Debtor(s) in the Chapter 11 Cases. Pursuant to the Claims Orders, the U.S. claims agent has assimilated the proofs of claim filed against the Cross-Border Debtors that were filed with the Monitor into the U.S. claims register.
13. The Canadian Claims Orders provide that a proof of claim timely filed against a Cross-Border Debtor in accordance with the U.S. Claims Orders is deemed to be a Canadian

proof of claim that has been timely delivered to the Monitor in accordance with the Canadian Claims Orders. If a Canadian proof of claim is delivered to the Monitor in accordance with the Canadian Claims Orders and a U.S. proof of claim is also filed in accordance with the U.S. Claims Orders in respect of the same claim against the same Cross-Border Debtor, the last timely filed claim shall govern.

Plans of Reorganization

14. The Canadian Petitioners, including the Cross-Border Debtors, and the Partnerships, have filed a Plan of Reorganization and Compromise dated ►, 2010, which may be amended or modified prior to final approval by the Canadian Court (the “**CCAA Plan**”).
15. The Chapter 11 Debtors have filed a Joint Plan of Reorganization dated ►, 2010, which may be amended or modified prior to confirmation by the U.S. Court (the “**U.S. Plan**”).
16. The purpose of this Cross-Border Voting Protocol is to establish efficient and consistent procedures with respect to the voting of claims in the Insolvency Proceedings against the Cross-Border Debtors only with respect to both the CCAA Plan and the U.S. Plan.

Classification of Creditors

17. For the purposes of voting on the CCAA Plan, the Affected Claims (as defined in the CCAA Plan) have been divided into 21 classes (collectively, the “**Affected Unsecured Creditors**”), which classes include holders of Claims against the Cross-Border Debtors. Holders of Excluded Claims in the CCAA Proceedings are classified as Unaffected Creditors (as both such terms are defined in the CCAA Plan) and are not entitled to vote on the CCAA Plan.
18. The U.S. Plan constitutes a separate plan for each of the Chapter 11 Debtors, including the Cross-Border Debtors. The Chapter 11 Debtors are seeking votes to accept or reject the U.S. Plan from the holders of Claims in Classes 6A-6HH and 7A-7HH. This includes holders of Claims against the Cross-Border Debtors. Holders of unimpaired claims in the Chapter 11 Cases are not entitled to vote on the U.S. Plan.

Voting of Claims against the Canadian Petitioners or the Partnerships

19. The meeting and voting procedures with respect to claims filed against the Canadian Petitioners (excluding the Cross-Border Debtors) or the Partnerships shall be subject to the CCAA Meeting Order. This Cross-Border Voting Protocol applies only to holders of Claims against the Cross-Border Debtors entitled to vote on both the CCAA Plan and U.S. Plan (such creditors, the “**Cross-Border Voting Creditors**”).

Voting of Claims against the U.S. Debtors

20. A separate voting and solicitation procedure will apply to holders of Claims against the U.S. Debtors entitled to vote on the U.S. Plan (the “**Chapter 11 Solicitation Materials**”). This Cross-Border Voting Protocol applies only to holders of Claims against the Cross-Border Debtors entitled to vote on both the U.S. Plan and the CCAA Plan.

Voting of Claims against the Cross-Border Debtors

21. Cross-Border Voting Creditors are entitled to vote to accept or reject the U.S. Plan and the CCAA Plan. Accordingly, to facilitate the voting and solicitation procedures with respect to these creditors, the Cross-Border Voting Protocol intends to provide Cross-Border Voting Creditors with a single form of combined ballot and proxy (the “**Proxy/Ballot**”) that will satisfy the voting and solicitation procedures in both the CCAA Proceeding and Chapter 11 Cases as set forth below. Holders of Claims against the Cross-Border Debtors who are not entitled to vote on the CCAA Plan but who are entitled to vote on the U.S. Plan, if any, will receive the Chapter 11 Solicitation Materials. A form of Proxy/Ballot is attached as Exhibit 1 hereto.

A. Notice to Creditors

22. The Monitor shall cause the Meeting Materials (defined below) to be sent to all Cross-Border Voting Creditors as of the record date (the “**Voting Record Date**”) established in and pursuant to the CCAA Meeting Order and the U.S. Solicitation Order by pre-paid first-class mail or courier to the address appearing on each Cross-Border Voting Creditor’s Proof of Claim or such other address subsequently provided to the Monitor.

The Monitor shall also publish copies of the Meeting Materials (defined below) on its website at www.ey.com/ca/abitibibowater.

23. The Meeting Materials shall include each of the following documents, any of which may be translated into French as the Monitor deems appropriate, and some of which may be distributed on a CD-Rom:

- (a) the CCAA Plan;
- (b) the U.S. Plan;
- (c) the Information Circular for the CCAA Plan;
- (d) the Disclosure Statement, Confirmation Hearing Notice, U.S. Solicitation Order and Committee statement of support for the U.S. Plan;
- (e) the CCAA Meeting Order;
- (f) a form of combined Proxy/Ballot and accompanying instructions which shall be deemed a ballot for purposes of soliciting votes from Cross-Border Voting Creditors to accept or reject the U.S. Plan and a proxy for purposes of soliciting votes from Cross-Border Voting Creditors to accept or reject the CCAA Plan;
- (g) a notice of rights offering; and
- (h) a subscription form (a “**Subscription Form**”) and accompanying instructions for those creditors who are eligible to participate in the Rights Offering.¹

B. The Creditors’ Meetings in the CCAA Proceedings

24. The Canadian Petitioners, including the Cross-Border Debtors, and the Partnerships shall call, hold and conduct a meeting in respect of each Affected Unsecured Creditors Class,

¹ The U.S. Solicitation Order and the CCAA Meeting Order provide that the Monitor shall distribute the Subscription Form to eligible holders of claims against the Cross-Border Debtors; provided, however, that all Subscription Forms must be returned to the Epiq, acting in its capacity as solicitation and subscription agent for the Rights Offering, as further described in the instruction letter accompanying the Subscription Forms.

for the purpose of considering and, if deemed advisable, adopting, with or without variation, a resolution in respect of each Affected Unsecured Creditors Class to approve the CCAA Plan (the “**CCAA Creditors Meetings**”).

25. The conduct of the CCAA Creditors’ Meetings and voting at the CCAA Creditors’ Meetings shall be governed by and in accordance with the CCAA Meeting Order and shall apply to voting by Cross-Border Voting Creditors, as modified by this Cross-Border Voting Protocol.
26. Affected Unsecured Creditors with Proven Claims or their Proxyholders are entitled to vote at the CCAA Creditors’ Meetings as provided in the CCAA Meeting Order. Each Affected Unsecured Creditor with a Proven Claim is entitled to one vote, which vote shall have the value of such Affected Unsecured Creditors Proven Claim as determined in accordance with the Canadian Claims Orders.

(i) Unresolved and Disputed Claims

27. If the amount of a Cross-Border Voting Creditor’s Claim has not been resolved and remains disputed by the Voting Record Date (“**Disputed Claims**”), it shall be temporarily allowed solely for the purposes of voting in accordance with the following:
 - (a) If the Disputed Claim has been valued in the notice of disallowance sent by the Monitor at \$0, then the Disputed Claim shall be allowed to vote to accept or reject the CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan in the amount of \$1.00;
 - (b) If the Disputed Claim has been valued in the notice of disallowance sent by the Monitor in any amount other than \$0 (the “**Valued Amount**”), then the Disputed Claim shall be allowed to vote to accept or reject the CCAA Plan or the U.S. Plan in the Valued Amount.
 - (c) The holder of a Disputed Claim may either (a) request that the Monitor refer, on an expedited basis, the Disputed Claim to a claims officer appointed under the Canadian Claims Orders to fix the amount of the Disputed Claim for voting purposes only, or (b) file a motion in the U.S. court under Rule 3018 of the U.S.

Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure seeking an estimation of the amount of the Disputed Claim for voting purposes only so as to be heard prior to the CCAA Creditors' Meetings. Any determination made by the Canadian claims officer or the U.S. Court pursuant to this paragraph shall be binding in both the CCAA Proceedings and the Chapter 11 Cases and shall be binding for voting purposes only.

- (d) Subject to the Monitor's review, Affected Claims scheduled by the Cross-Border Debtors in a liquidated or partially liquidated amount, or Affected Claims filed by Cross-Border Voting Creditors in a liquidated or partially liquidated amount, in both cases only if such claims are not Disputed Claims, shall be entitled to vote in such liquidated or partially liquidated amount (collectively, a "Partially Liquidated Claim").
- (e) For the avoidance of doubt, any timely filed proof of claim against a Cross-Border Debtor or any claim scheduled by a Cross-Border Debtor to which the Canadian Petitioners or the Monitor have not objected or filed a notice of disallowance, and which are not unliquidated and contingent by their nature, shall be allowed to vote in the liquidated face amount of such claim.

(ii) Unliquidated/Contingent Claims

- 28. Subject to the Monitor's review, any Claims against the Cross-Border Debtors that are filed as contingent, unliquidated, or undetermined on the face of the Claim, or that by their nature are unliquidated or contingent claims, shall vote in the amount of \$1.00 (such claims, "Unliquidated Claims") unless the Monitor and Debtors determine, after reasonable review, that such Unliquidated Claim should be allowed for voting purposes in a different amount, in which case the Monitor shall notify the holder of such Unliquidated Claim as to such different amount. The holder of an Unliquidated Claim may either (a) request that the Monitor refer, on an expedited basis, the Unliquidated Claim to a claims officer appointed under the Canadian Claims Orders to fix the amount of the Unliquidated Claim for voting purposes only, or (b) file a motion in the U.S. court under Rule 3018 of the U.S. Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure seeking an

estimation of the amount of the Unliquidated Claim for voting purposes only so as to be heard prior to the CCAA Creditors' Meetings. Any determination made by the Canadian claims officer or the U.S. Court pursuant to this paragraph shall be binding in both the CCAA Proceedings and the Chapter 11 Cases and shall be binding for voting purposes only.

29. With respect to proceedings for the determination of the value of Disputed Claims and/or Unliquidated Claims for voting purposes, the Monitor has standing to participate in any U.S. proceeding and the Unsecured Creditors Committee (the "**Unsecured Creditors Committee**") has standing to participate in any CCAA proceeding.

C. Convenience Class Election

30. The convenience claim threshold under the CCAA Plan (CDN\$6,073) and the U.S. Plan (US\$5,000) account for differences caused by the foreign exchange rate between the U.S. and Canadian dollars as of the petition date assuming a Petition Date conversion rate of CDN\$1.00:US\$0.892 as provided in the Claims Orders. For sake of administrative convenience, for purposes of determining whether a Claim is a Convenience Claim as defined in the U.S. Plan or a Cross-Border Convenience Claim as defined in the CCAA Plan, (a) all eligible Claims will be valued in Canadian dollars using the Petition Date conversion rate set forth in the Claims Orders; (b) will be determined in reference to the dollar thresholds established for such treatment under the CCAA Plan (CDN\$6,073); and (c) cash distributions on account of such Claims, once allowed, will be made in Canadian dollars. A classification or valid election to participate as a Convenience Claim as defined in the U.S. Plan or a Cross-Border Convenience Claim as defined in the CCAA Plan will be binding for purposes of voting and distributions under both Plans.

D. Proxy/Ballots

31. Any Proxy/Ballot that a Cross-Border Voting Creditor wishes to submit in respect of a CCAA Creditors' Meetings (or any adjournment, postponement or rescheduling thereof), must be complete and be substantially in the form of the Proxy/Ballot attached as Appendix "►" to the CCAA Meeting Order and shall be:

- (a) received by the Monitor prior to 4:00 p.m. (EST) on the Proxy/Voting Deadline;
 - (b) received by the Monitor prior to 5:00 p.m. (EST) on the business day immediately preceding any adjournment, postponement or any rescheduling of the CCAA Creditors' Meetings; or
 - (c) deposited with the Chair at the CCAA Creditors' Meetings (or any adjournment, postponement or rescheduling thereof) before the beginning of a CCAA Creditors' Meetings.
32. If a Cross-Border Voting Creditor submits a Proxy/Ballot to the Monitor in the CCAA Proceedings and to Epiq Bankruptcy Solutions LCC ("**Epiq**") in the Chapter 11 Cases, the last timely filed vote will govern.
33. Epiq shall provide to the Monitor a copy of each Proxy/Ballot that it receives in respect of a Cross-Border Debtor at or prior to the commencement of the CCAA Creditors' Meetings.

E. Results of the Vote at the CCAA Creditors Meetings

34. A vote to accept the CCAA Plan by a Cross-Border Voting Creditor shall be deemed to be a vote to accept the U.S. Plan with respect to such Cross-Border Debtor in the Chapter 11 Cases. A vote to reject the CCAA Plan by a Cross-Border Voting Creditor against a Cross-Border Debtor shall be deemed to be a vote to reject the U.S. Plan with respect to such Cross-Border Debtor in the Chapter 11 Cases.
35. A vote to accept the U.S. Plan by a Cross-Border Voting Creditor shall be deemed to be a vote to accept the CCAA Plan with respect to such Cross-Border Debtor in the CCAA Proceedings. A vote to reject the U.S. Plan by a Cross-Border Voting Creditor shall be deemed to be a vote to reject the CCAA Plan with respect to such Cross-Border Debtor in the CCAA Proceedings.
36. A Cross-Border Voting Creditor that submits a Proxy/Ballot for voting at the CCAA Creditors Meetings will be deemed to submit such Proxy/Ballot as a vote to accept or

reject both the U.S. Plan and the CCAA Plan and shall be bound by the results of such Proxy/Ballot for purposes of both plans.

37. The Canadian Petitioners and the Monitor shall have discretion to accept Proxy/Ballots not entirely consistent with the procedures set forth herein.
38. The results of the vote conducted at the CCAA Creditors' Meetings shall be binding on all Cross-Border Voting Creditors whether or not any particular Cross-Border Voting Creditor is present in person or by proxy while voting at the CCAA Creditors' Meetings.
39. Following the vote, the Monitor shall tally the votes and determine whether the CCAA Plan has been accepted by the requisite majority of each class of Affected Creditors.
40. On or before August 26, 2010 or as such date may be adjourned from time to time by the Canadian Court, the Monitor shall provide a certified report to Epiq with respect to the results of the vote with respect to the Cross-Border Debtors, including whether the CCAA Plan has been accepted by the requisite majorities in respect of claims against the Cross-Border Debtors. Such tabulation report will also detail any defective, irregular or otherwise invalid Ballots that were counted or not counted by the Monitor.
41. In addition to reporting the voting results to Epiq, the Monitor shall also report to the Canadian Court with respect to the results of the vote in accordance with the CCAA Meeting Order.

Amendments to the Cross-Border Voting Protocol

42. The Canadian Petitioners, including the Cross-Border Debtors, the Partnerships and the U.S. Debtors reserve the right to amend and revise the Cross-Border Voting Protocol.

Choice of Law

43. Nothing herein shall determine:
 - (a) the choice of law applicable to the determination and ultimate allowance of claims filed in the Insolvency Proceedings;

- (b) the priority to which such claims are entitled under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code and/or the CCAA; or
- (c) the distribution to which such claims shall be entitled under any plan of compromise, arrangement or reorganization approved in the Insolvency Proceedings.

Comity and Independence of the Courts

44. The approval and implementation of this Cross-Border Voting Protocol shall not divest or diminish the U.S. Courts' and the Canadian Courts' respective independent jurisdiction over the subject matter of the Chapter 11 Cases and the CCAA Proceedings, respectively. By approving and implementing this Cross-Border Voting Protocol, neither the U.S. Court, the Canadian Court, the Canadian Petitioners, the Partnerships, the U.S. Debtors, nor any creditor or any other interested party shall be deemed to have approved or engaged in any infringement on the sovereignty of the United States or Canada.

Effectiveness; Modification

45. This Cross-Border Voting Protocol shall become effective only upon its approval by both the U.S. Court and the Canadian Court
46. This Cross-Border Voting Protocol may not be supplemented, modified, terminated or replaced in any manner except upon the approval of both the U.S. Court and the Canadian Court after notice and a hearing. Notice of any legal proceeding to supplement, modify, terminate or replace this Cross-Border Voting Protocol shall be given in accordance with the cross-border insolvency protocol approved by the U.S. Court on July 27, 2009 and the Canadian Court on July 28, 2009 (the "**Court Cooperation Protocol**").
47. This Cross-Border Voting Protocol does not supersede, amend or modify the Court Cooperation Protocol or the Claims Reconciliation Protocol, both of which remain in place in full and all parties' rights thereunder remain unaffected by this Cross-Border Voting Protocol.

Procedure for Resolving Disputes under the Cross-Border Voting Protocol

48. Disputes relating to the terms, intent or application of this Cross-Border Voting Protocol may be addressed by interested parties to the U.S. Court, the Canadian Court or both Courts upon notice in accordance with the Court Cooperation Protocol.

Preservation of Rights

49. Nothing in this Cross-Border Voting Protocol shall prejudice the right of the Canadian Petitioners, the Partnerships, the U.S. Debtors, the Unsecured Creditors Committee or any other party in interest to dispute or assert offsets or defenses to any claim filed in the Insolvency Proceedings.
50. Nothing in this Cross-Border Voting Protocol shall prejudice the right of the Monitor to perform all of its responsibilities and obligations as required under the Canadian Proceedings, under applicable order of the Canadian Court or otherwise under applicable law, and the provisions of this Cross-Border Voting Protocol are intended by the parties and the Courts to facilitate the performance of such responsibilities and obligations by the Monitor.
51. Except as specifically provided herein, neither the terms of this Cross-Border Voting Protocol nor any actions taken under this Cross-Border Voting Protocol shall: (i) prejudice or affect the powers, rights, claims and defenses of the Canadian Petitioners, the Partnerships, the U.S. Debtors and their respective estates or creditors, the Unsecured Creditors Committee, the U.S. Trustee, the Monitor or any of the foregoing parties' representatives or professionals under applicable law, including, without limitation, the U.S. Bankruptcy Code, the CCAA and orders of the Courts, or require any of such foregoing parties to take any action or refrain from taking any action that would result in a breach of any duty imposed upon them by any applicable law; or (ii) preclude or prejudice the rights of any person to assert or pursue such person's substantive rights against any other person under the applicable laws of Canada or the United States.

SUPERIOR COURT
Commercial Division
(Sitting as a court designated pursuant to the *Companies'*
Creditors Arrangement Act)

N°. 500-11-036133-094

CANADA
PROVINCE OF QUEBEC
DISTRICT OF MONTRÉAL

In the matter of Plan of Compromise or Arrangement
of:

ABITIBOWATER INC. *and al*

Petitioners

- and -

ERNST & YOUNG INC.

Monitor

BS0350 n/dos.: 041053-1170

EXHIBIT R-3

ORIGINAL

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